

Cody strange

1/27/2022

1.11.1(b): $p \leftrightarrow q$

$p \vee q$

$\therefore p$

p	q	$p \vee q$	$p \leftrightarrow q$
T	T	T	T
T	F	T	F
F	T	T	F
F	F	F	T

True

1.11.1(g):

$q \rightarrow p$

$\neg q$

$\therefore p$

p	q	$\neg p$	$q \rightarrow p$
T	T	F	T
T	F	F	T
F	T	T	F
F	F	T	T

False, $p = F$ $q = F$

Cody strange

1/27/2022

1.11.3(c)

The patient has high blood pressure or diabetes or both.

The patient has diabetes or high cholesterol or both.

∴ The patient has high blood pressure or high cholesterol.

P = The patient has high blood pressure, Q = The patient has diabetes, R = The patient has high cholesterol

P ∨ Q

Q ∨ R

∴ P ∨ R

P	Q	R	P ∨ R	Q ∨ R	P ∨ R
T	T	T	T	T	T
T	T	F	T	T	T
T	F	T	T	T	T
T	F	F	T	F	T
F	T	T	T	T	T
F	T	F	F	T	F
F	F	T	T	T	T
F	F	F	F	F	F

True

1.12.1(a)

Sally had a side effect or Sally took the medication.

Sally took the medication.

∴ Sally did not have side effects.

P = Sally had a side effect

Q = Sally took the medication

P ∨ Q

Q

∴ ¬P

Invalid, Sally had a side effect = T, Sally took the medication = T

Cody strange

1/27/2022

1.12.1(d)

If Sally had side effects, then she took the medication.

Sally did not take the medication.

\therefore Sally did not have side effects.

P = Sally had a side effect

Q = Sally took the medication

$P \rightarrow Q$

$\neg Q$

$\therefore \neg P$

Valid, modus tollens

1.12.2(f)

$p \rightarrow q$

$r \rightarrow u$

$p \wedge r$

$\therefore q \wedge u$

1. $p \wedge r$, hypothesis
2. r , simplification 2
3. $r \rightarrow u$, hypothesis
4. u , modus ponens 2&3
5. $p \rightarrow q$, hypothesis
6. $\neg p \vee q$, conditional identities 5
7. q , addition 6
8. $q \wedge u$, conjunction 4&7

Cody strange

1/27/2022

1.12.4(a)

If I drive on the freeway, I will see the fire.

I will drive on the freeway or take surface streets (or both).

I am not going to take surface streets.

\therefore I will see the fire.

p = drive on the freeway

q = see the fire

r = take surface streets

$p \rightarrow q$

$p \vee r$

$\neg r$

$\therefore q$

1. $p \vee r$, hypothesis
2. p, addition 1
3. $p \rightarrow q$, hypothesis
4. q, modus ponens 2&3
5. $\neg r$, hypothesis
6. q, simplification 4&5

1.13.1(a)

P(x) = practices hard

Q(x) = plays badly

$\forall x(P(x) \vee Q(x))$

$\exists x(\neg P(x))$

$\therefore Q(x)$

1. $\forall x(P(x) \vee Q(x))$, hypothesis
 2. $\forall xQ(x)$, addition 1
 3. Q(x), Universal instantiation 2
 4. $\exists x(\neg P(x))$, hypothesis
 5. Q(x), simplification 3&4
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Cody strange

1/27/2022

1.13.5(a)

Every student on the honor roll received an A.

No student who got a detention received an A.

No student who got a detention is on the honor roll.

$P(x)$ = x was on the honor roll

$Q(x)$ = x received an A

$R(x)$ = x got detention

$\forall x(P(x) \rightarrow Q(x))$

$\forall x(R(x) \rightarrow \neg Q(x))$

$\therefore \forall x(R(x) \rightarrow \neg P(x))$

Valid

1. $\forall x(P(x) \rightarrow Q(x))$, hypothesis
2. $P(x) \rightarrow Q(x)$, Universal instantiation 1
3. $\neg P(x) \vee Q(x)$, conditional identities 2
4. $\forall x(R(x) \rightarrow \neg Q(x))$, hypothesis
5. $R(x) \rightarrow \neg Q(x)$, Universal instantiation 4
6. $\neg R(x) \vee \neg Q(x)$, conditional identities 5
7. $\forall x(R(x) \rightarrow \neg P(x))$, hypothesis
8. $R(x) \rightarrow \neg P(x)$, Universal instantiation 7
9. $\neg R(x) \vee \neg P(x)$, conditional identities 8
10. $\neg R(x) \vee \neg P(x)$, Resolution 3&6

1.13.5(c)

Every student who missed class got a detention.

Penelope is a student in the class.

Penelope got a detention.

Penelope missed class.

$P(x)$ = x missed class

$Q(x)$ = x got detention

Invalid

P(F)

P(T)