2018-2019 Pr. M. LAKHS895I (G3)- Corrigé: Qui22 1 Resindre sur IR:  $y'' + 3y' = (-12n + 1) \cdot e^{-3x}$ Resorde sun R+: nezy4- 2y=x via t:=hre Equation Constehratione, -3 est vaine (e) din  $y_p = x(an4b)e^{-3x} = (an2+bx)e^{-3x}$ 

 $\int_{a}^{a} \int_{a}^{b} \left[ 2an + b - 3(an^{2} + bn) \right] e^{-3n}$   $= (-3an^{2} + (2a - 3b)n + b) e^{-3n}$ et  $y_p'' = (-6an + 2a - 3b)e^{-3n} - 3(-3an + (2a - 3b)n + b)e^{-3n}$  $= \left[ \frac{8ax^{2} + (6a - 6a + 9b)x + (2a - 3b - 3b)}{(9b - 12a)x + (2a - 6b)} \right] = \frac{3a}{5}$   $= \left[ \frac{9ax^{2} + (9b - 12a)x + (2a - 6b)}{(9a - 6a)x + (2a - 6b)} \right] = \frac{3a}{5}$ 

of  $y = 3y = (12n+1)e^{-3n}$   $\forall x \in I$  (I example solution)

(1)  $y = 3y = (12n+1)e^{-3n}$ (1)  $y = (12n+1)e^{-3n}$ Ine [9an2 + (96-12a)n + La-6b + (-9an2 + (6a-9b)n+3b)]e = (12n+1) =3k, Het? 2  $-6an+2a-3b=-12n+1, 4n \in \mathbb{Z}$ 1 mi  $\begin{cases} -6a = -12 \\ 2a - 3b = 1 \end{cases} \Leftrightarrow \begin{cases} a = 2 \\ b = 1 \end{cases}$  $3d^{(0)}$   $\forall p = ne(2n+1)e^{3n}$  $y = y_n + y_p = \lambda_{+n} e^{-3n} + (2n^2 + n^2) e^{-3n}; \lambda_{+n}$ 2 d'u  $y = 4n^2 + n + n$ )  $e^{2n} + \lambda$ ;  $\frac{1}{2}$   $\frac{1}$  $x^2y''-2y=x$  via t:=hx y = y(w) = y(et) = y - exp (t) = 3(t) = 3(hm) D (20) = 3(hn)  $\int_{\infty}^{\infty} y'(u) = \frac{1}{u} 3'(\ln u)$  of  $y''(u) = -\frac{1}{u^2} 3'(\ln u) + \frac{1}{u} \frac{1}{u} 3' \ln u$  $\int_{0}^{2\pi} x^{2}y'' - 2y = k \iff -3'(\ln x) + 3''(\ln x) - 23(\ln x) = k$   $\implies 3''(t) - 3'(t) - 23(t) = e^{t}$ L> EDL2 à coff constants

3) (SH) 2 3 h 1  $1 = \frac{1 \pm 3}{9} = 2 = -1$ Le d'in Bh = Det + met, Dy EIK (SP): slame et, 1 must pas raine de r2-r-2=0  $d'\tilde{a} = a \cdot e' \quad (f_{o(2)}, e')$ => 3%p=aet etzp aussi or 3% - 3p - 23p = et, olme - 2a et = et, Yt & Izanemble de validité

de la solution) EIK (Sa): Cofini 2 = 3n+3p = -et + Det + net , Dutik et 9,(2)= 3 (hu) d'ui!  $y(u) = -\frac{e^{hn}}{2} + \lambda e^{-hn} + \mu e^{2hn}$  $y(w) = -\frac{u}{2} + \frac{2}{n} + \mu x^2 + \frac{2}{n} + \mu x^2$ définie sur I = IR\* et déstrable 2 fois sur PR.