# GIK2F7 Projektarbete

WebApi + WPF App

## WebApi

#### WebApi - DatabaseService.cs

- Hanterar förfrågningar till databasen
- Tar emot data och skickar tillbaks data

#### DatabaseService.Get(...)

- Två överlagrade metoder
- SqliteConnection
- QueryAsync

#### DatabaseService.AddGame(...)

- ExecuteAsync
- FirstOrDefault

### GameRepository

- Tar emot och skickar data till DatabaseService
- Skickar tillbaks det som kommer ifrån DatabaseService

```
0 references
              public GameRepository(DatabaseConfig DBConfig)
                 DBService = new DatabaseService(DBConfig);
              1 reference
              public Task<GameInfo> Add(GameInfo game)
23
25
                  return DBService.AddGame(game);
              2 references
              public Task<GameInfo> Update(GameInfo game)
27
29
                  return DBService.UpdateGame(game);
```

#### GameInfoController

- Innehåller routes
- CRUD operationer
- GetAll, GetGame, AddGame, UpdateGame, DeleteGame
- HttpPost/Get/Put/Delete

#### DatabaseService.UpdateGame(...)

- Använder sig av UpdateWhat(...)
- int 1000, 100, 10, 1 -> 1100, 1010, 1111...
- Kollar vad som ska uppdateras
- Endast det som ska uppdateras uppdateras

#### DatabaseService.UpdateWhat(...)

```
1 reference
              public async Task<GameInfo> UpdateGame(GameInfo game) ...
              private int UpdateWhat(GameInfo game)
104
                  //Wizardry Time! By doing this I basically create an int that can be interpreted as binary where 1 is true and 0 is false.
                  //I did this to be able to use a switch statement instead of a horrendous 2^4 if statements since you can't switch with an array of bools or
                  //1000 is update name, 0100 is update description, 0010 is update image, 0001 is update grade. Combine for full extent of changes.
                  int UpdateThis = 0;
                  if (game.Name != null && game.Name != "")
                      UpdateThis += 1000;
                     (game.Description != null && game.Description != "")
                      //Set Description
                      UpdateThis += 100;
                  if (game.Image != null && game.Image != "")
                      //Set Image
                      UpdateThis += 10;
                  if (game.Grade > -1)
                      //Set Grade
                      UpdateThis += 1;
                  return UpdateThis;
```

## WPF App

### WPF App - Visibility

- Visibility 0/2, Visible/Collapsed
- Flera element, samma plats

#### GameApiHandler.cs

- Hanterar förfrågningar mot WebApi
- Tar emot ifrån WebApi

```
3 references
class GameApiHandler
    private string BaseUrl;
    1 reference
    public GameApiHandler(string Url)
        BaseUrl = Url:
    1 reference
    public GameInfo GetGame(int Id)
        GameInfo Game = null;
        using (WebClient webClient = new WebClient())
            string GetGameUrl = BaseUrl + "GetGame/" + Id.ToString();
            var jsonData = webClient.DownloadString(GetGameUrl);
            Game = JsonSerializer.Deserialize<GameInfo>(jsonData);
        return Game;
```

#### GameApiHandler.AddGame/UpdateGame

- HttpClient
- StringContent
- PostAsync/PutAsync

```
1 reference
public async void AddGame(GameInfo game)
    using (HttpClient httpClient = new HttpClient())
        string AddGameUrl = BaseUrl + "AddGame";
        var dataToSend = new StringContent(JsonSerializer.Serialize(game), Encoding.UTF8, "Application/json");
        var jsonData = await httpClient.PostAsync(AddGameUrl, dataToSend);
1 reference
public async void UpdateGame(GameInfo game)
   using (HttpClient httpClient = new HttpClient())
        string UpdateGameUrl = BaseUrl + "UpdateGame";
       var dataToSend = new StringContent(JsonSerializer.Serialize(game), Encoding.UTF8, "Application/json");
       var jsonData = await httpClient.PutAsync(UpdateGameUrl, dataToSend);
```

#### MainWindow.xaml.cs

- Button\_Click(...)
- Game\_List\_SelectionChanged(...)

### Demo!