# Modelling Competition for Nutrients between Microbial Cultures Growing on Solid Agar Surfaces

Author: Daniel Boocock; Supervisor: Dr Conor Lawless

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#### **ABSTRACT**

Motivation: The fitness of microbial strains can be estimated from the growth of cultures inoculated onto solid agar. In high-throughput procedures, an array of cultures is grown on the same agar plate and competition for nutrients between cultures is likely to affect growth. However, analysis assumes that cultures grow independently. We test a model of nutrient dependent growth and diffusion and try to correct for competition to provide more accurate and reliable fitness estimates.

**Results:** What should we say?

**Availability and Implementation:** CANS, a Python2 package developed for the analysis in this paper, is freely available from github pypi.

Contact: daniel.boocock@protonmail.ch

# 2 METHODS

#### 2.1 Subsection

#### 1 INTRODUCTION

Dummy Lawless *et al.* (2010) citations (Heydari *et al.*, 2016) (Addinall *et al.*, 2008).

#### 1.1 Subsection

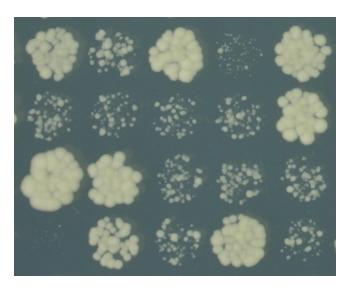


Figure 1: A section of a plate from a QFA experiment (Addinall et al., 2011).

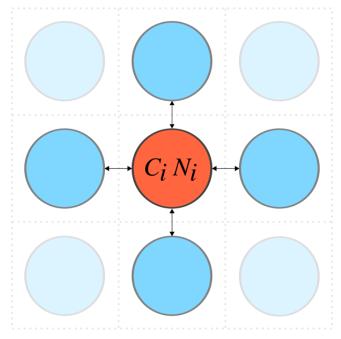


Figure 2: Schematic of the modelling approach. Each circle represents a culture, indexed i, on solid agar and arrows represent diffusion of nutrients.  $C_i$  - amount of cells;  $N_i$  - amount of nutrients; darker blue circles- neighbourhood  $\delta_i$ .

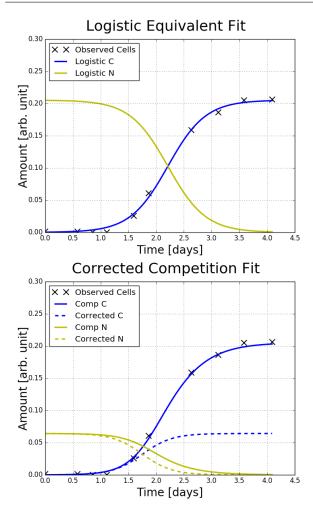


Figure 3: PUT KN VALUES (and r and K) ON THE PLOT. (Could even put obj fun values). Fits to culture (R10, C3) of P15 (Addinall et al., 2011) illustrating how the competition model can be seen as a correction to the logistic model. C-Cells; N - Nutrients. Top - Logistic Equivalent Fit; Bottom - Competition Fit (solid) and Corrected Logistic Equivalent Fit (dashed).

# **3 RESULTS**

(Palková et al., 1997)

## 3.1 Subsection

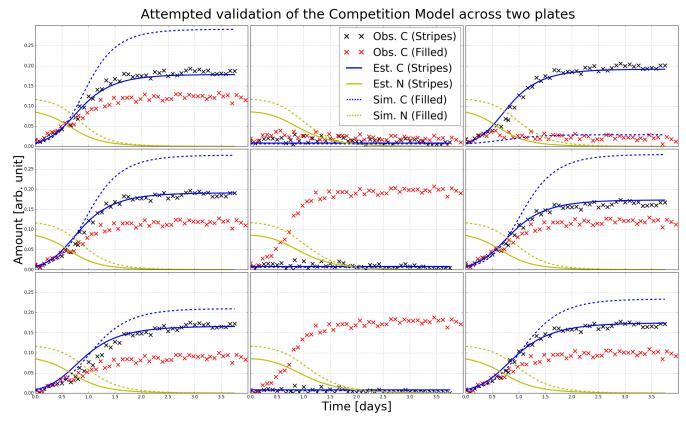


Figure 4: (R9, C10) top-right possible pinning mistake. Bottom-left not close to any such mistake.

## **4 DISCUSSION**

# 4.1 Subsection REFERENCES

Addinall, S.G. *et al.* (2008) A genomewide suppressor and enhancer analysis of cdc13-1 reveals varied cellular processes influencing telomere capping in saccharomyces cerevisiae. *Genetics*, **180**, 4, 2251–2266.

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