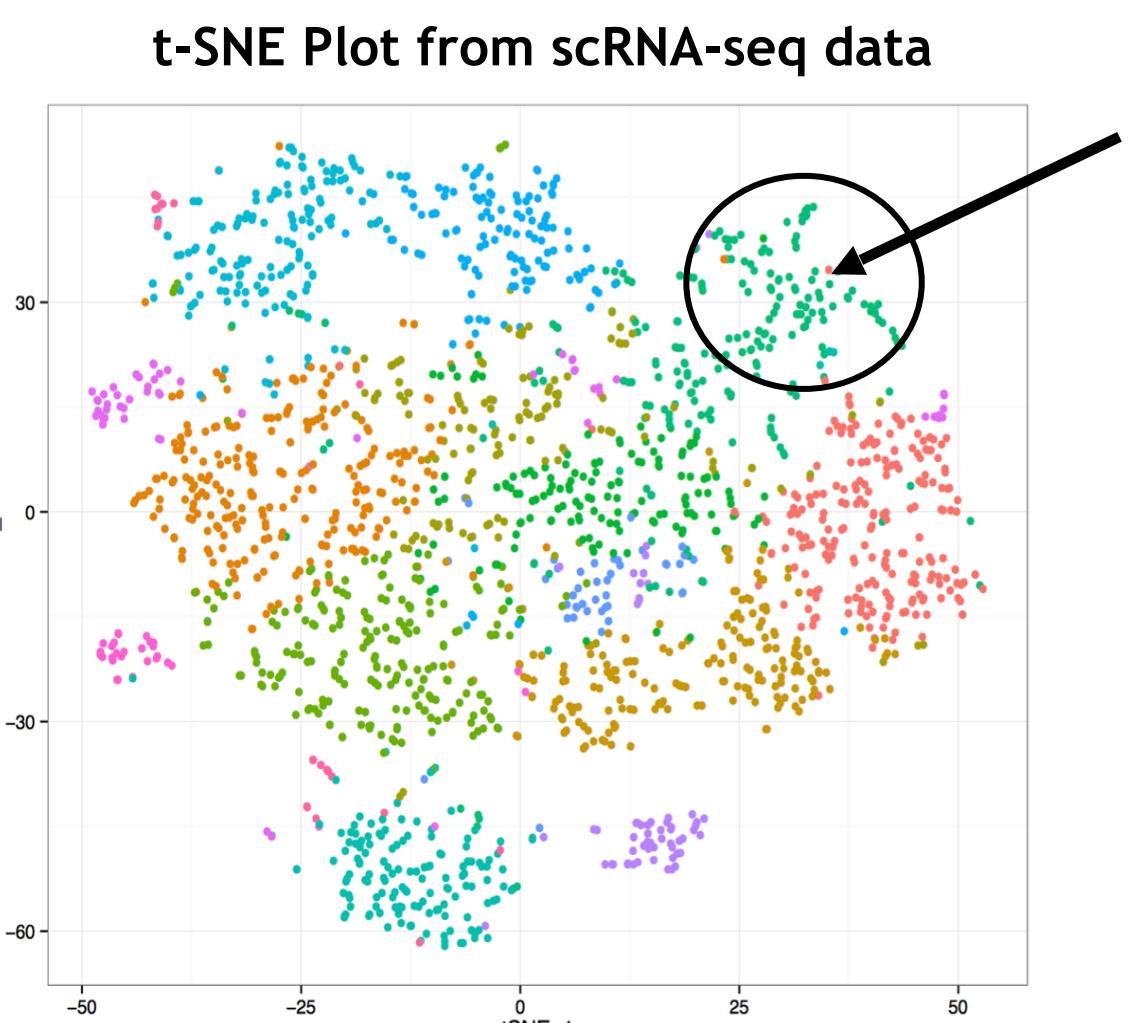


COMET : Combinatorial Marker Detection from Single-Cell Transcriptomic Data

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 1Harvard Medical School, 2Dana-Farber Cancer Institute, 3Harvard University, 4Brigham and Women's Hospital, 5Cornell University, 6Broad Institute



Motivation

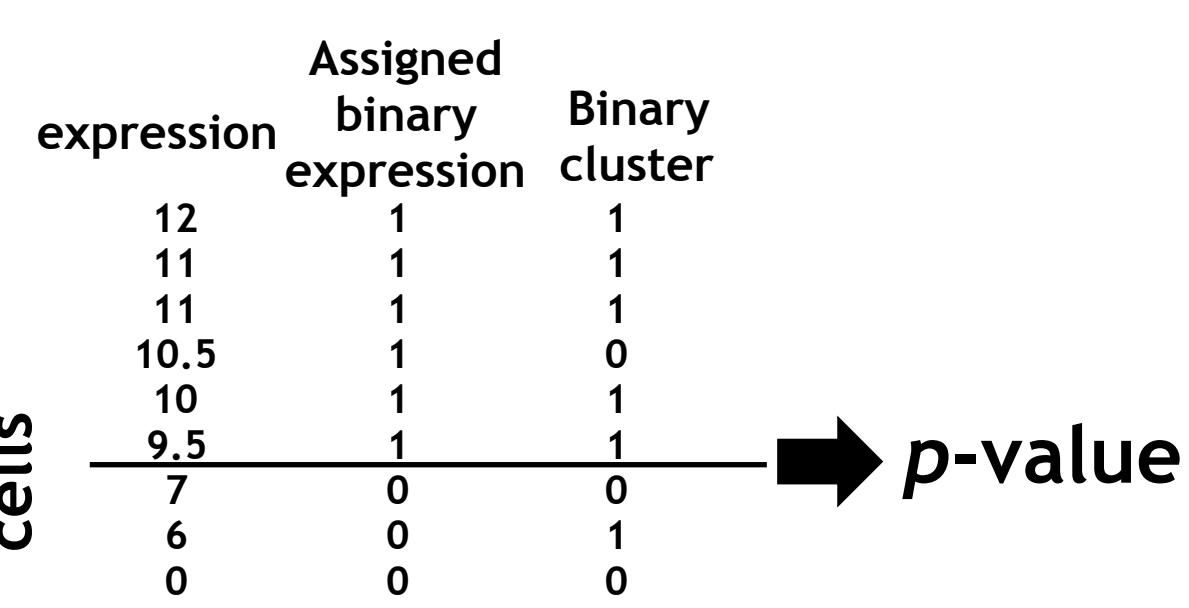


Identification of novel, functional genetic marker panels

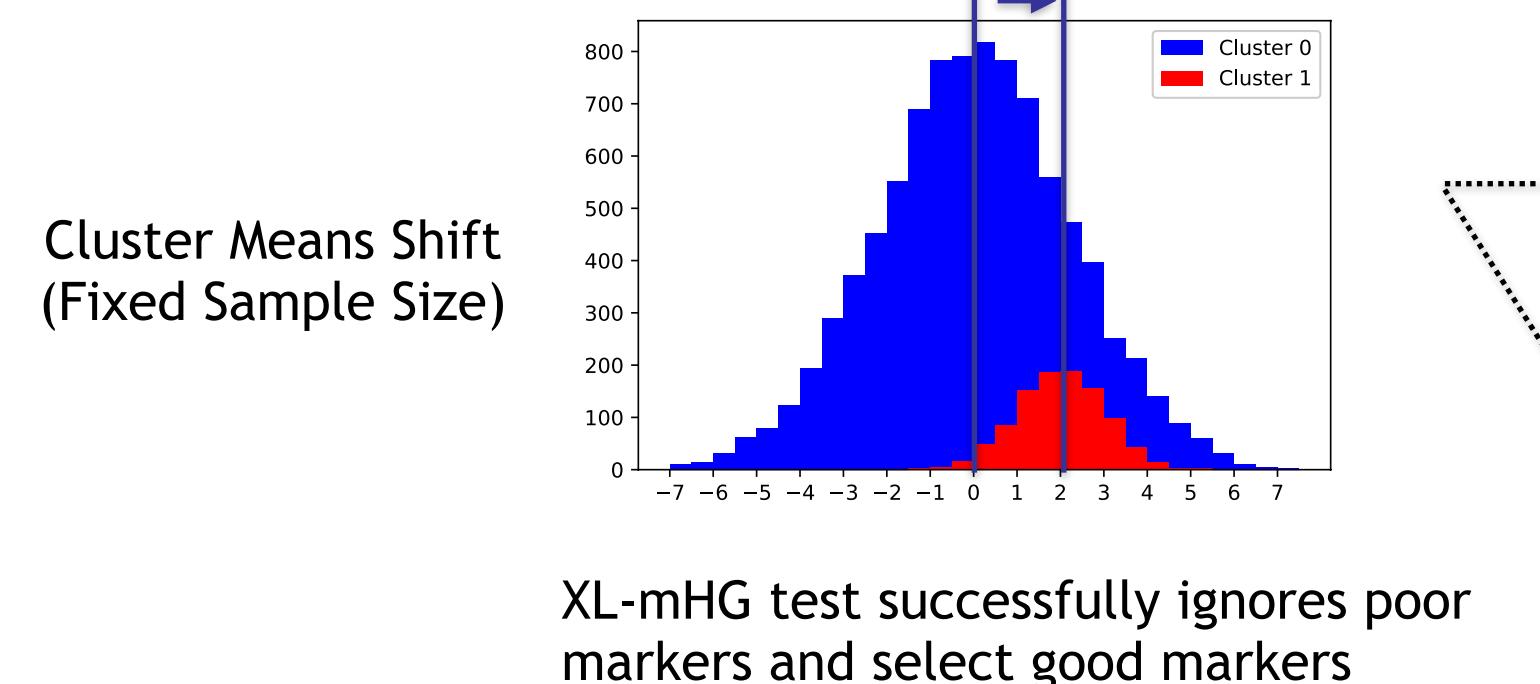
1. Clustering of scRNA-seq data
2. Marker Identification with COMET
3. Isolation by flow cytometry-based assay
4. Functional Analysis

Utilizing the XL-mHG test for candidate marker detection

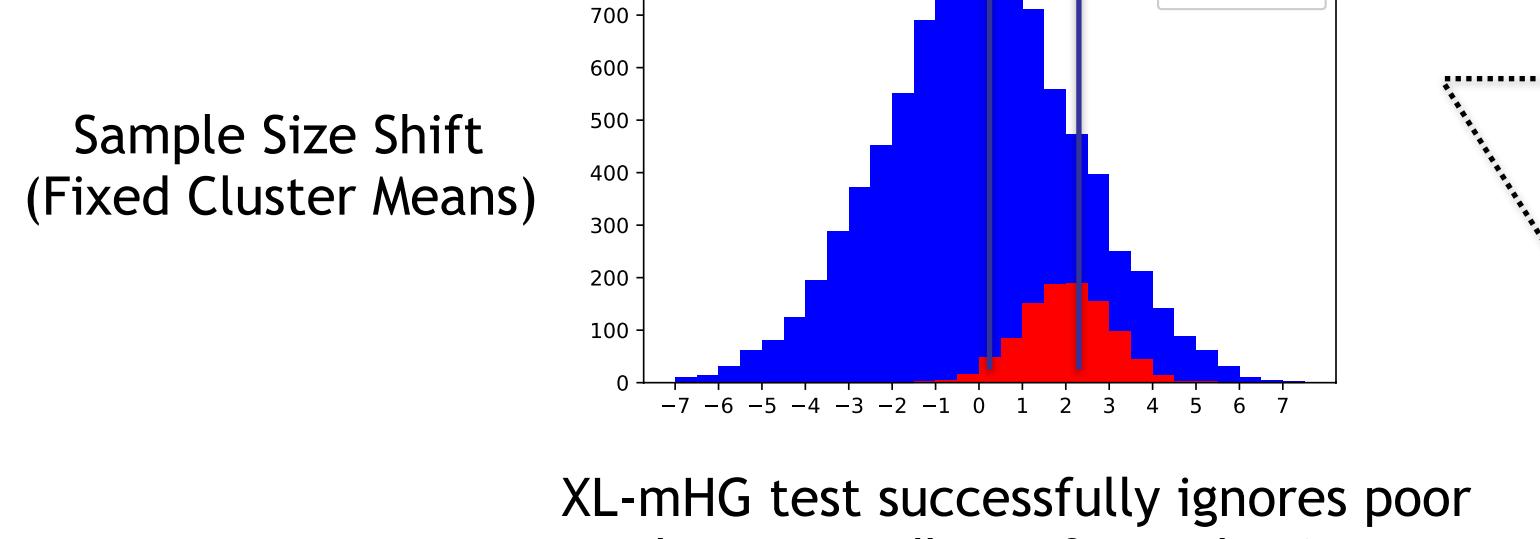
The XL-mHG test identifies, for each cluster, the optimal way in which a gene can isolate that cluster. For each gene and each cluster, an expression threshold is determined.



Statistical Performance of XL-mHG test

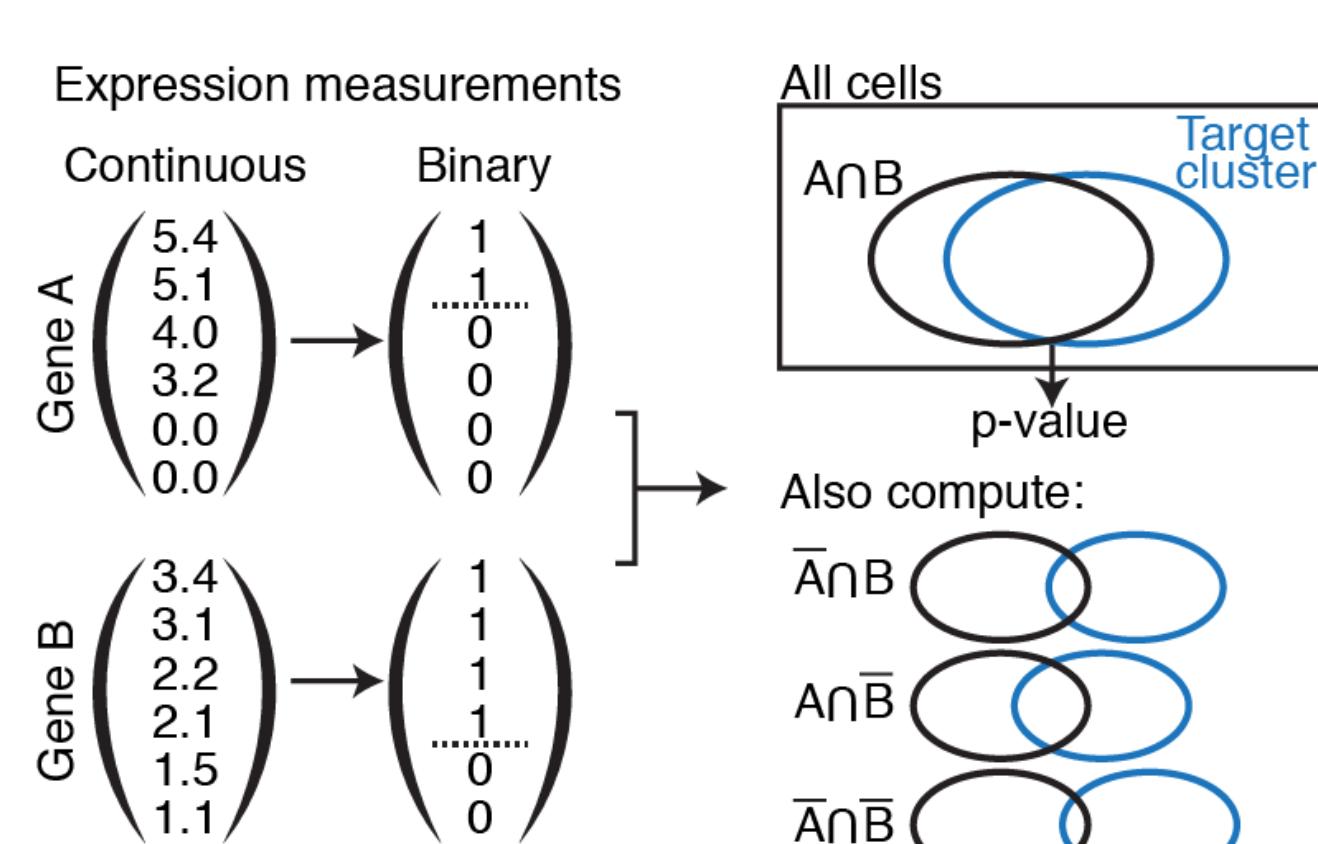


XL-mHG test successfully ignores poor markers and select good markers



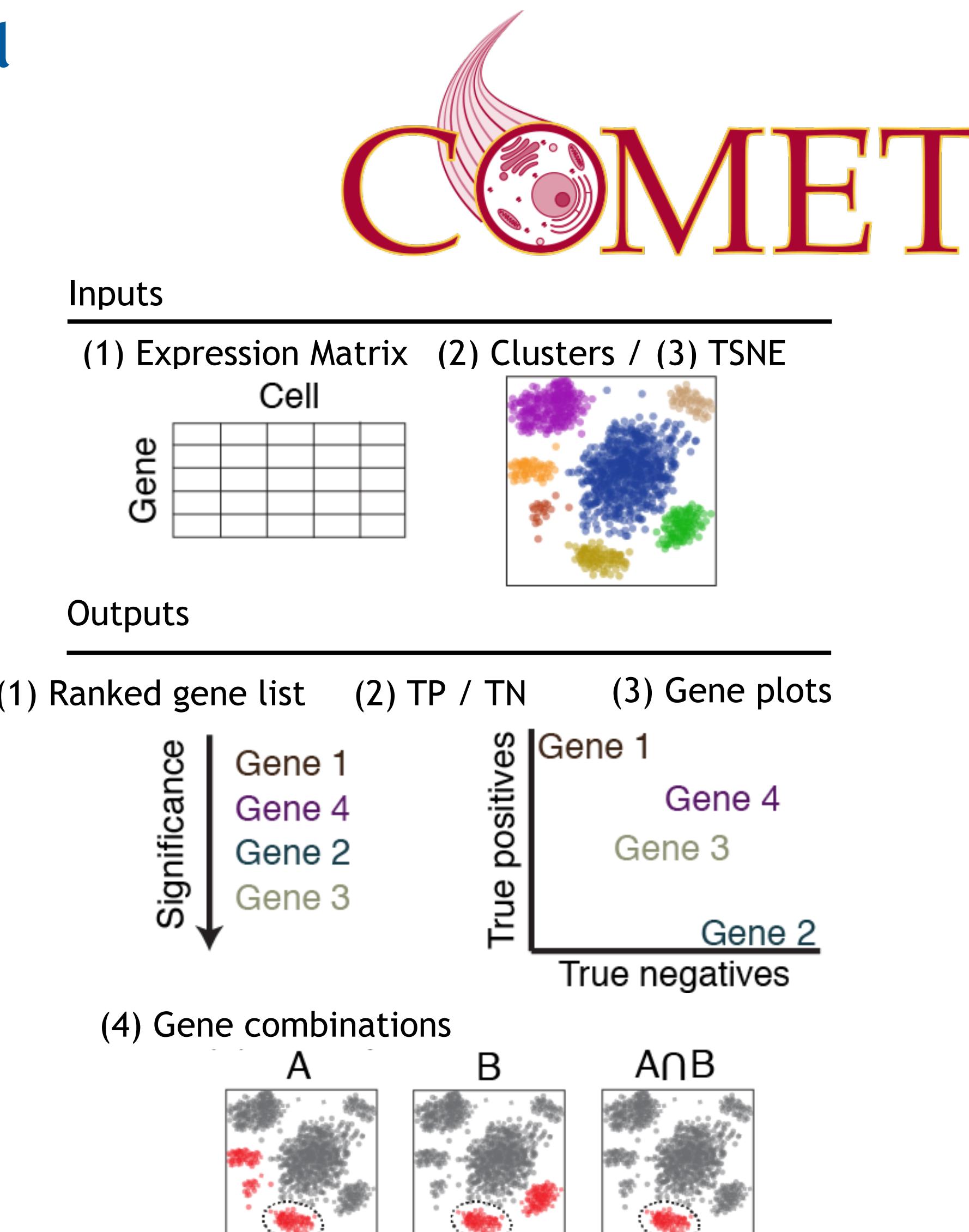
XL-mHG test successfully ignores poor markers regardless of sample size

Combinatorics of potential gene markers

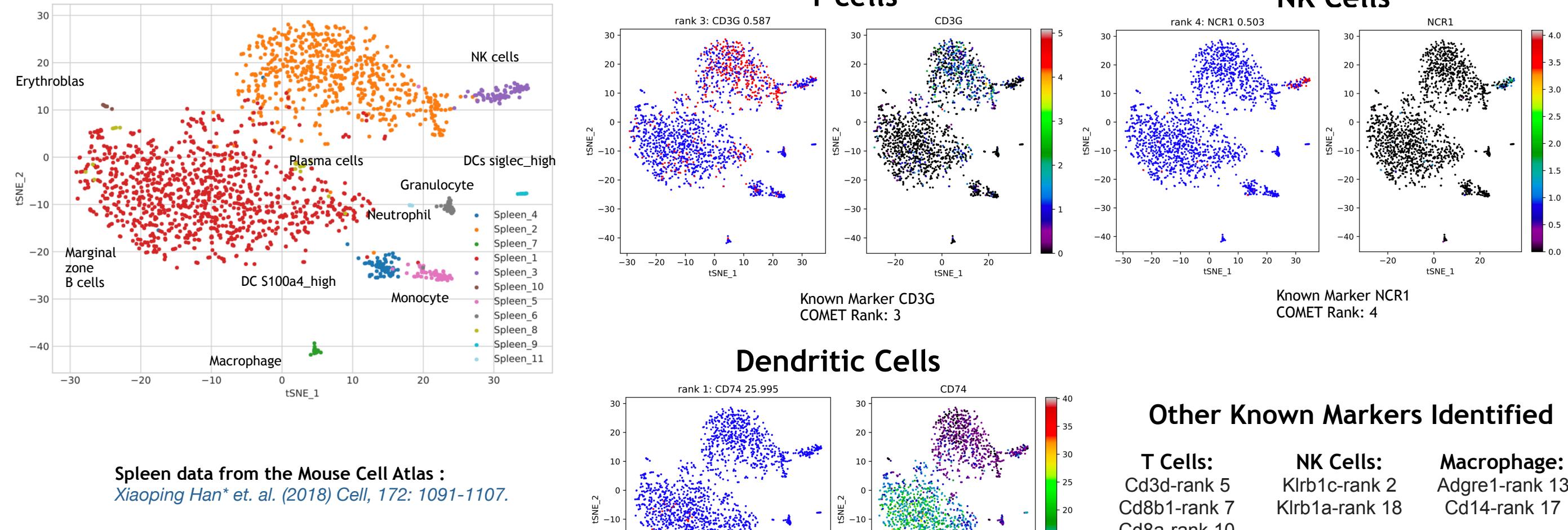


Computations reduce to Matrix Multiplication

Comet tool



Results



Exploring Marker Combinations

