## Control of Go1

And overview of first 2 weeks

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## **Timeline**



#### Forward Kinematics

$$x = L_t sin(\theta_t) + L_c sin(\theta_t + \theta_c)$$

$$z = [L_t cos(\theta_t) + L_c cos(\theta_t + \theta_c)] cos(\theta_h)$$

$$y = ztan(\theta_h)$$

Where  $L_c =$  Length of Calf  $L_t =$  Length of Thigh  $\theta_c =$  Calf Angle  $\theta_t =$  Thigh Angle  $\theta_h =$  Hip Angle



Figure: Go1 Coordinate Axes

#### Inverse Kinematics

 $L_c = \text{Length of Calf}$ 

 $L_t = Length of Thigh$ 

 $\theta_c = \mathsf{Calf} \; \mathsf{Angle}$ 

 $\theta_t = \mathsf{Thigh} \; \mathsf{Angle}$ 

 $\theta_h = \mathsf{Hip} \; \mathsf{Angle}$ 

,

$$\begin{aligned} \theta_h &= \arctan(\frac{y}{z}) \\ \theta_c &= \arcsin(\frac{x}{L} - \sin(\theta_t)) - \theta_t \\ \theta_t &= \arccos(\frac{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + z^2}}{L_t + L_c}) + \arctan(\frac{-x}{\sqrt{y^2 + z^2}}) \end{aligned}$$
 Figure: 0



Figure: Go1 Coordinate Axes  $\frac{-x}{\sqrt{2+z^2}}$ )

## Standing Controller

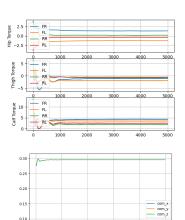
Gravity Compensated PD-Controller

$$egin{aligned} oldsymbol{ au} & = oldsymbol{\mathsf{J}}^{\mathsf{T}}(oldsymbol{ heta}) \cdot oldsymbol{\mathsf{F}}_{\mathsf{gc}} \ & + \mathcal{K}_{\!\mathit{p}} oldsymbol{ heta}_{\mathsf{e}} + \mathcal{K}_{\!\mathit{d}} \dot{oldsymbol{ heta}}_{\mathsf{d}} \end{aligned}$$

Position of feet statically

set to 
$$\vec{p} = \begin{bmatrix} -0.02\\0.02\\-0.3 \end{bmatrix}$$

With respect to coordinate system above. Gains were also set for each joint as  $K_p = 30$ ;  $K_d = 0.1$ 



0.05

0.00

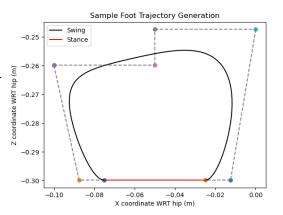
1000 2000

## Walking Controller

Feet trajectory generated using Bezier Curves.

 $\mathbf{F_{gc}}$  now contains weight of body split between the two "standing" legs. And weight of the leg itself for "swinging" legs.

Gains set to  $K_p = 50$  and  $K_d = 1$  in walking state.



# Standing Controller

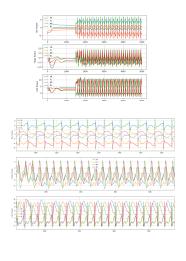


Figure: Joint Torques

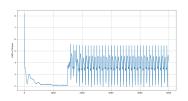
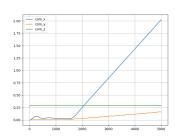


Figure: Root Mean Square of Torques



## Next Steps

- Implement standing procedure.
- Implement variable step-length of each leg so can have a controller to adjust position if path isn't straight.
- ► Tune gains of each individual joint and general controller improvement.
- ► Apply neural net to "learn" control.

### Roadblocks

Physical low-level control of Go1, hopefully fixed with new board.