COMP 7712: Assignment 6

Due date: 11/15/2016

NOTE: email your program(s) directly to the TA (qmtran@memphis.edu) with subject "COMP 7712 Assignment 6".

Given two strings $x = x_1 x_2 \cdots x_n$ and $y = y_1 y_2 \cdots y_m$, we wish to find the length of their longest common substring, that is, the largest k for which there are indices i and j with $x_i x_{i+1} \cdots x_{i+k-1} = y_j y_{j+1} \cdots y_{j+k-1}$.

For example, if x = the catruns and y = a catran, then the longest common substring is catr and the answer, its length, is 4.

- 1. (80 points) Write a Python program that solves this problem with running time in $O(n^3)$. Hint: brute force.
- 2. (20 points) Write a Python program called LCS such that LCS(x, y, i, j) computes and returns the length of the longest common substring of x[0:i+1] and y[0:j+1], with the condition that this common substring must include x[i] and y[j].
 - Hints: (1) There are two cases to consider (i) x[i] is the same as y[j] and (ii) x[i] is different from y[j]. (2) The "smallest cases" are when i < 0 or j < 0.
- 3. (10 points) LCS does not directly solves our problem yet. Use this function LCS(x, y, i, j) to find the length of longest common substring of x and y.
- 4. (10 points) Compare the raw running times of these two Python programs with at least 10 different values of x and y.
- 5. (20) Write a Python program that finds the length of the longest common subsequence of x and y. For example, if x = the catruns and y = a catran, then the longest common subsequence is c, a, t, r, n and the answer is 5. For this problem, you can define a function lcs(x, y, i, j) to be the length of the longest common subsequence of x[0: i+1] and y[0: j+1]. Hint: there are also two cases to consider (i) x[i] == y[j] and (ii) x[i] != y[j].