## Face Recognition Model By NI\_AI\_Suprith Shettigar

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#importing the libraries:
import cv2 #used for powerful library for computer vision and image processing tasks. (like: face detection and image filtering)
import numpy as np #used for basic array operations and numerical data handling.
from IPython.display import display, Javascript, Image #used to display the output of the camera.
from google.colab.output import eval is #used for taking the photo and storing the information,
from base64 import b64decode, b64encode #used for decoding and checking the format of the image.
import PIL #used for creating a PIL image from the binary data.
import io # This provides classes and functions for working with input and output operations.
import html # The Python Standard Library and provides functions for working with HTML-encoded text. You can use this module for a
import time # This provides functions for working with time-related operations. You can use this module to perform tasks such as measu
# function to convert the JavaScript object into an OpenCV image
def is to image(is reply):
 # decode base64 image
 image_bytes = b64decode(js_reply.split(',')[1])
 # convert bytes to numpy array
 jpg as np = np.frombuffer(image bytes, dtype=np.uint8)
 # decode numpy array into OpenCV BGR image
 img = cv2.imdecode(jpg as np, flags=1)
 return img
# function to convert OpenCV Rectangle bounding box image into base64 byte string to be overlayed on video stream
def bbox to bytes(bbox array):
 #bbox array: Numpy array (pixels) containing rectangle to overlay on video stream.
 # convert array into PIL image
 bbox PIL = PIL.Image.fromarray(bbox array, 'RGBA')
 iobuf = io.BytesIO()
 # format bbox into png for return
 bbox PIL.save(iobuf, format='png')
 # format return string
 bbox_bytes = 'data:image/png;base64,{}'.format((str(b64encode(iobuf.getvalue()), 'utf-8')))
 #Returns { bytes: Base64 image byte string }
 return bbox bytes
# initialize the Haar Cascade face detection model
face cascade = cv2.CascadeClassifier(cv2.samples.findFile(cv2.data.haarcascades + 'haarcascade frontalface default.xml'))
# JavaScript to properly create our live video stream using our webcam as input
def video stream():
js = Javascript(""
  var video;
  var div = null;
  var stream;
  var captureCanvas;
  var imgElement;
  var labelElement;
  var pendingResolve = null;
  var shutdown = false;
  function removeDom() {
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stream.getVideoTracks()[0].stop();
  video.remove();
  div.remove();
  video = null;
  div = null;
  stream = null;
 imgElement = null;
  captureCanvas = null;
 labelElement = null;
function onAnimationFrame() {
 if (!shutdown) {
  window.requestAnimationFrame(onAnimationFrame);
 if (pendingResolve) {
  var result = "";
  if (!shutdown) {
   captureCanvas.getContext('2d').drawImage(video, 0, 0, 640, 480);
   result = captureCanvas.toDataURL('image/jpeg', 0.8)
  var lp = pendingResolve;
  pendingResolve = null;
  lp(result);
async function createDom() {
 if (div !== null) {
  return stream;
 div = document.createElement('div');
 div.style.border = '2px solid black';
 div.style.padding = '3px';
 div.style.width = '100\%';
 div.style.maxWidth = '600px';
 document.body.appendChild(div);
 const modelOut = document.createElement('div');
 modelOut.innerHTML = "<span>Status:</span>";
 labelElement = document.createElement('span');
 labelElement.innerText = 'No data';
 labelElement.style.fontWeight = 'bold';
 modelOut.appendChild(labelElement);
 div.appendChild(modelOut);
 video = document.createElement('video');
 video.style.display = 'block';
 video.width = div.clientWidth - 6;
 video.setAttribute('playsinline', ");
 video.onclick = () => { shutdown = true; };
 stream = await navigator.mediaDevices.getUserMedia(
    {video: { facingMode: "environment"}});
 div.appendChild(video);
 imgElement = document.createElement('img');
 imgElement.style.position = 'absolute';
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imgElement.style.zIndex = 1;
 imgElement.onclick = () => \{ shutdown = true; \};
 div.appendChild(imgElement);
 const instruction = document.createElement('div');
 instruction.innerHTML =
   '<span style="color: red; font-weight: bold;">' +
   'When finished, click here or on the video to stop this demo</span>';
 div.appendChild(instruction);
 instruction.onclick = () => { shutdown = true; };
 video.srcObject = stream;
 await video.play();
 captureCanvas = document.createElement('canvas');
 captureCanvas.width = 640; //video.videoWidth;
 captureCanvas.height = 480; //video.videoHeight;
 window.requestAnimationFrame(onAnimationFrame);
 return stream;
async function stream_frame(label, imgData) {
 if (shutdown) {
  removeDom();
  shutdown = false;
  return ";
 var preCreate = Date.now();
 stream = await createDom();
 var preShow = Date.now();
 if (label != "") {
  labelElement.innerHTML = label;
 if (imgData != "") {
  var videoRect = video.getClientRects()[0];
  imgElement.style.top = videoRect.top + "px";
  imgElement.style.left = videoRect.left + "px";
  imgElement.style.width = videoRect.width + "px";
  imgElement.style.height = videoRect.height + "px";
  imgElement.src = imgData;
 var preCapture = Date.now();
 var result = await new Promise(function(resolve, reject) {
  pendingResolve = resolve;
 });
 shutdown = false;
 return {'create': preShow - preCreate,
      'show': preCapture - preShow,
      'capture': Date.now() - preCapture,
      'img': result};
"")
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display(js)
def video frame(label, bbox):
 data = eval_js('stream_frame("{}", "{}")'.format(label, bbox))
 return data
# start streaming video from webcam
video stream()
# label for video
label html = 'Capturing...'
# initialze bounding box to empty
bbox = "
count = 0
while True:
 js_reply = video_frame(label_html, bbox)
  if not js_reply:
    break
  # convert JS response to OpenCV Image
  img = js_to_image(js_reply["img"])
  # create transparent overlay for bounding box
  bbox_array = np.zeros([480,640,4], dtype=np.uint8)
  # grayscale image for face detection
  gray = cv2.cvtColor(img, cv2.COLOR RGB2GRAY)
  # get face region coordinates
  faces = face cascade.detectMultiScale(gray)
  # get face bounding box for overlay
  for (x,y,w,h) in faces:
   bbox array = cv2.rectangle(bbox array,(x,y),(x+w,y+h),(0,0,255),2)
  bbox_array[:,:,3] = (bbox_array.max(axis = 2) > 0).astype(int) * 255
  # convert overlay of bbox into bytes
  bbox bytes = bbox to bytes(bbox array)
  # update bbox so next frame gets new overlay
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bbox = bbox bytes

Status: Canturing

