

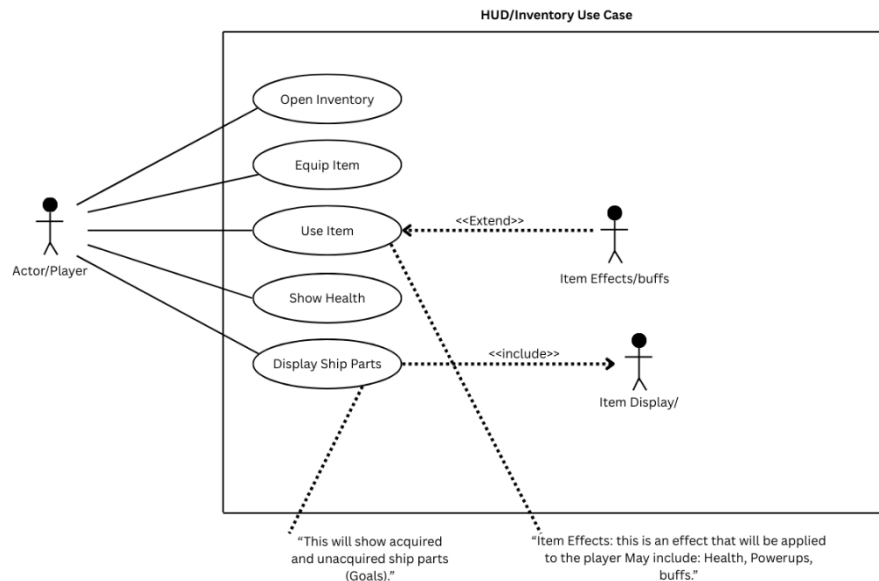
## 1. Brief introduction \_\_/3

**Where's My Spaceship** is a 2D action-adventure game featuring multi-era exploration, platforming, and dynamic combat. As part of the development team, I am responsible for designing and implementing key game interface elements including the **Inventory**, **HUD**, **Main Menu**, and **Pause Menu**. These features are essential for enhancing the player's experience by providing unique features for the HUD in the different respective era's.

The **Inventory system** allows players to manage collected items, era-specific artifacts, and upgrades. The **HUD** provides real-time gameplay information such as health, abilities, collected ship parts, and current objectives. The **Main Menu** offers essential navigation for starting a new game, loading progress, or adjusting game settings, while the **Pause Menu** ensures players can take breaks, access controls, or modify settings without losing progress.

These interface components are integral to creating an immersive and user-friendly experience as players guide **Dr. Tempus Rift** through prehistoric landscapes, medieval castles/fields, and cyberpunk cities in search of his lost spaceship.

## 2. Use case diagram with scenario \_\_14



## Scenarios

**Name:** HUD/Inventory Use Case Diagram

**Summary:** HUD Diagram: Shows the player as an external actor interacting with the HUD system. The system contains functions that display real-time game information, such as health, collected items, abilities, objectives, and timers. The diagram emphasizes monitoring and feedback, not direct gameplay actions.

**Actors:**

**Actor (Outside the Box):**

- Player – needs real-time information during gameplay.

**System (Inside the Box):**

- Display Health
- Show Collected/Uncollected Ship Parts
- Show Equip Item
- Shows Inventory

**Preconditions:**

**HUD:**

- The game is running.
- Player character exists and has initialized stats (health, abilities, inventory).
- Level or mission data is loaded.
- HUD system is initialized and ready to display information.

**Basic sequence:**

**Step 1:** Initialize and display HUD elements (health, abilities, score, timer).

**Step 2:** Continuously update HUD based on player actions and game events.

**Step 3:** Reflect changes immediately (e.g., health drops, items collected, objectives updated).

**Step 4:** Maintain display until game ends or HUD is turned off.

**Exceptions:**

**Post conditions:**

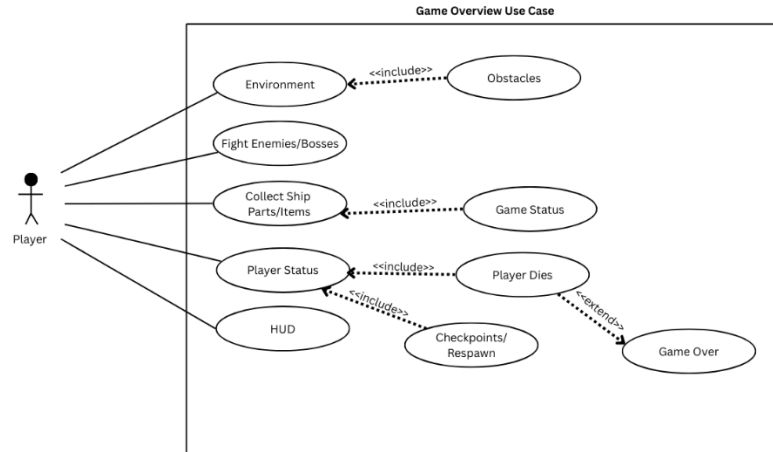
All relevant game information (health, score, abilities, collected items, timer) is **accurately displayed** to the player.

Player has **up-to-date feedback** for decision-making during gameplay.

HUD remains active and responsive throughout gameplay until the game ends or the HUD is disabled.

**Priority:** 2\*

ID: UC01



**Name:** Game Overview Use Case Diagram

**Summary:** **Game Overview / Main Loop Diagram:** Shows the player as an external actor interacting with the main game system. The system encapsulates the core gameplay mechanics, including exploration, combat, puzzle-solving, item collection, inventory updates, and status checks. It also includes sub-processes like Game Over and Victory, demonstrating the game's response to the player's state.

**Actors:**

**Actor (Outside the Box):**

- Player – explores, fights, collects items, solves puzzles.

**System (Inside the Box):**

- Explore Environment ( ← Obstacles)
- Fight Enemies / Bosses
- Collect Ship Parts / Items ( ← Game Status)
- Check Player Status (Alive / Dead) ( ← Player dies ← Game Over ) and ( ← Checkpoints and Respawn)

**Preconditions:**

**Game Overview / Main Game Loop:**

- Game engine has started.
- Player has control of the character.

- Environment, enemies, and items are loaded.
- Necessary systems (HUD, inventory, combat, puzzles) are initialized.

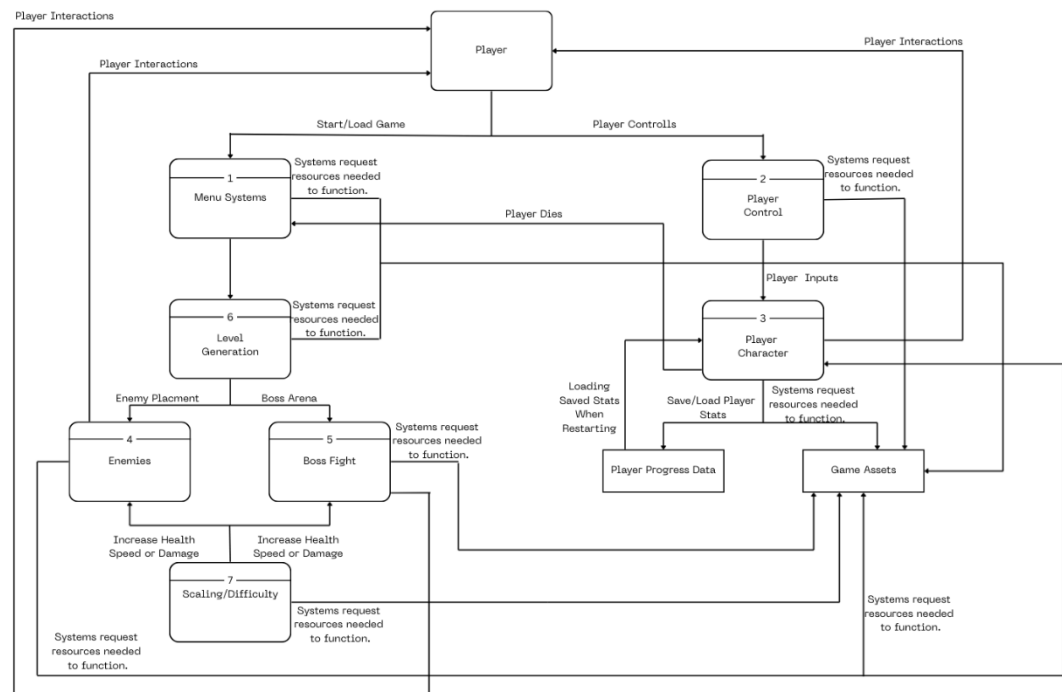
**Basic sequence:**

- **Step 1: Load game environment, player character, enemies, items, and systems.**
- **Step 2: Accept player actions (movement, attacks, interactions).**
- **Step 3: Update game state based on player actions (combat outcomes, puzzle completion, inventory changes).**
- **Step 4: Check player status (alive/dead) and game conditions (victory/mission complete).**
- **Step 5: Trigger feedback through HUD, sounds, animations, or Game Over / Victory screens.**
- **Step 6: Repeat loop until game ends or player quits. Post conditions:** Calculated value is displayed.

**Priority:** 1\*

**ID:** UC02

### 3. Data Flow diagram(s) from Level 0 to process description for your feature \_\_\_\_14



## 1. Player Interactions

- The player is the primary actor who initiates interactions such as starting the game, controlling the character, and providing inputs.

## 2. Menu Systems (1)

- Handles starting or loading a game.
- Requests necessary resources to function (menus, UI assets).
- Passes control to **Level Generation (6)** to prepare the game world.

## 3. Player Control (2)

- Receives player inputs (movement, actions).
- Requests required system resources for smooth gameplay.
- Sends inputs to **Player Character (3)** for execution.

## 4. Player Character (3)

- Represents the in-game avatar controlled by the player.

- Receives inputs from **Player Control** and updates the game state.
- Communicates with **Player Progress Data** to save/load stats.
- Uses **Game Assets** (models, animations, sounds) as needed.

#### 5. **Enemies (4) & Boss Fight (5)**

- Enemies are spawned according to **Level Generation (6)**.
- Boss Fight represents special encounters (Boss Arena).
- Both receive adjustments from **Scaling/Difficulty (7)**, which can modify health, speed, or damage.

#### 6. **Level Generation (6)**

- Responsible for creating the game environment, placing enemies, and setting up boss arenas.
- Requests system resources to function properly.

#### 7. **Scaling / Difficulty (7)**

- Dynamically adjusts gameplay difficulty, modifying stats for **Enemies** and **Bosses** based on progression or settings.
- Ensures the game remains challenging but balanced.

#### 8. **Player Progress Data**

- Saves and loads player stats, inventory, and progress.
- Provides information to **Player Character** when restarting or continuing the game.

#### 9. **Game Assets**

- Provides required resources such as models, sounds, textures, and animations to all systems that need them.

#### 10. **Game Flow**

- Player starts the game via **Menu Systems** → Level is generated → Enemies and bosses are placed → Player interacts via controls → Game state updates dynamically → Progress is saved → Difficulty is scaled as needed → Feedback loops back to player via character, HUD, and gameplay results.

## 4. Acceptance Tests \_\_\_\_\_9

### Example: HUD Feature Test

**Input:** Simulated gameplay session where player takes damage, collects items, gains abilities, and completes objectives.

#### Output (HUD display):

- **Health:** Never below 0, never above maximum set value.
- **Items/Parts Collected:** Count updates correctly each time an item is picked up.
- **Objectives/Score:** Updates consistently with game progress.

#### Boundary Cases:

- player health starts at full → decrements correctly to 0.
- Player collects 0 items → HUD shows empty inventory.
- Player pauses game → HUD freezes but does not reset.

### Example: Game Overview / Main Loop Test

**Input:** Simulated playthrough with exploration, combat, puzzle solving, and boss fight.

#### Output (Game System behavior):

- **Environment:** Generated correctly at start; no missing assets.
- **Enemies:** Spawn in valid locations; never overlap incorrectly.
- **Boss Fight:** Triggers only once per level.
- **Game Over / Victory:** Triggers exactly once when conditions met.

#### Boundary Cases:

- Player starts with no saved data → new game initializes correctly.
- Player health = 0 at spawn → immediate Game Over triggered.
- Player collects all items → triggers Victory state.

#### HUD Feature Test Cases

| Test ID | Description    | Input               | Expected Output                    | Boundary Case                                 |
|---------|----------------|---------------------|------------------------------------|---|
| HUD-01  | Health display | Player takes damage | Health decreases but never below 0 | Health starts full, decrements correctly to 0 |

|        |                        |                               |                                      |   |
|--------|------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|
| HUD-02 | Health max cap         | Player collects healing items | Health increases but never above max | Healing at full health → stays max                  |
| HUD-03 | Item collection        | Player picks up item          | Item count increases                 | Player collects 0 items → HUD shows empty inventory |
| HUD-04 | Objective/score update | Player completes objective    | Score/Objective progress updates     | Completing final objective → triggers win condition |
| HUD-05 | HUD freeze on pause    | Player pauses game            | HUD display freezes (does not reset) | Game paused → HUD state unchanged                   |

### Game Overview / Main Loop Test Cases

| Test ID | Description            | Input                     | Expected Output                              | Boundary Case   |
|---------|------------------------|---------------------------|--|---|
| GOV-01  | Environment generation | Start new game            | Level generates fully, no missing assets     | Player starts with no saved data → new game initializes correctly |
| GOV-02  | Enemy spawning         | Enter combat area         | Enemies spawn in valid locations, no overlap | Edge of map spawning → still valid placement                      |
| GOV-03  | Boss fight trigger     | Player reaches boss room  | Boss spawns and triggers fight once          | Boss triggers only once per level                                 |
| GOV-04  | Game over condition    | Player health reaches 0   | Game Over screen shown exactly once          | Player health = 0 at spawn → immediate Game Over                  |
| GOV-05  | Victory condition      | Player collects all items | Victory state triggered exactly once         | Collecting all items triggers win sequence                        |

## 5. Timeline \_\_\_\_/10

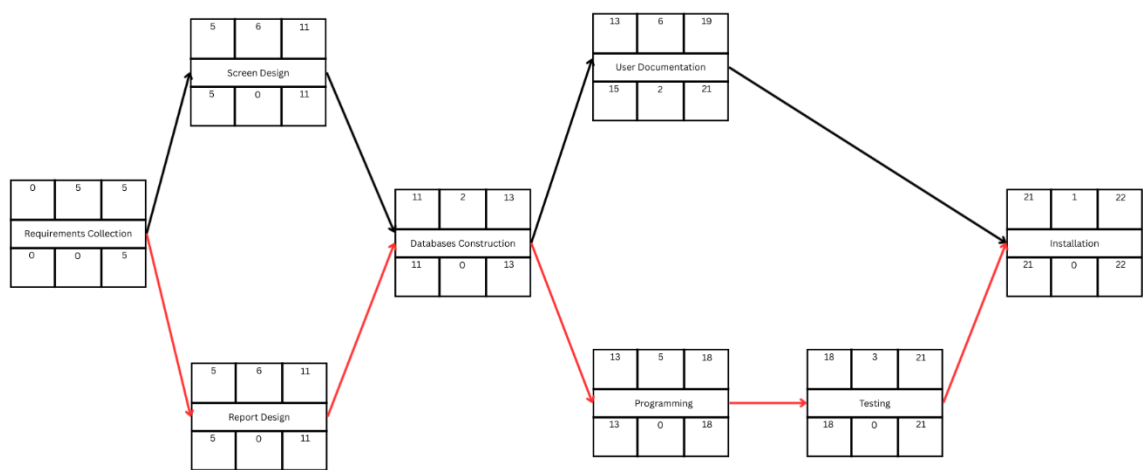
### Work items

| Task                       | Duration (PWks) | Predecessor Task(s) | Early Start | Early Finish | Late Start | Slack Time |
|----------------------------|-----------------|---------------------|-------------|--------------|------------|------------|
| 1. Requirements Collection | 5               | -                   | 0           | 5            | 0          | 0          |
| 2. Screen Design           | 6               | 1                   | 5           | 11           | 5          | 0          |



|                          |   |      |    |    |    |   |
|--------------------------|---|------|----|----|----|---|
| 3. Report Design         | 6 | 1    | 5  | 11 | 5  | 0 |
| 4. Database Construction | 2 | 2,3  | 11 | 13 | 11 | 0 |
| 5. User Documentation    | 6 | 4    | 13 | 19 | 15 | 2 |
| 6. Programming           | 5 | 4    | 18 | 21 | 18 | 0 |
| 7. Testing               | 3 | 6    | 18 | 21 | 18 | 0 |
| 8. Installation          | 1 | 5, 7 | 21 | 22 | 21 | 0 |

Pert diagram



Gantt timeline

