

Untitled

GitHub Documents

This is an R Markdown format used for publishing markdown documents to GitHub. When you click the **Knit** button all R code chunks are run and a markdown file (.md) suitable for publishing to GitHub is generated.

Introduction

Bellabeat, a high-tech manufacturer of health-focused products for women. Bellabeat is a successful small company, but they have the potential to become a larger player in the global smart device market.

Urška Sršen, cofounder and Chief Creative Officer of Bellabeat, believes that analyzing smart device fitness data could help unlock new growth opportunities for the company.

Ask

1. Sršen asks you to analyze smart device usage data in order to gain insight into how consumers use non-Bellabeat smart devices.

- What are some trends in non-Bellabeat smart device usage?

2. She then wants you to select one Bellabeat product to apply these insights to in your presentation.

- How could these trends apply to Bellabeat customers?
- How could these trends help influence Bellabeat marketing strategy?

Products

- **Bellabeat app:** The Bellabeat app provides users with health data related to their activity, sleep, stress, menstrual cycle, and mindfulness habits. This data can help users better understand their current habits and make healthy decisions. The Bellabeat app connects to their line of smart wellness products.
- **Leaf:** Bellabeat's classic wellness tracker can be worn as a bracelet, necklace, or clip. The Leaf tracker connects to the Bellabeat app to track activity, sleep, and stress.
- **Time:** This wellness watch combines the timeless look of a classic timepiece with smart technology to track user activity, sleep, and stress. The Time watch connects to the Bellabeat app to provide you with insights into your daily wellness.

- **Spring:** This is a water bottle that tracks daily water intake using smart technology to ensure that you are appropriately hydrated throughout the day. The Spring bottle connects to the Bellabeat app to track your hydration levels.
- **Bellabeat membership:** Bellabeat also offers a subscription-based membership program for users. Membership gives users 24/7 access to fully personalized guidance on nutrition, activity, sleep, health and beauty, and mindfulness based on their lifestyle and goals.

Prepare

Sršen encourages you to use public data that explores smart device users' daily habits. She points you to a specific data set:

FitBit Fitness Tracker Data

All data will be downloaded locally

Reliable

Original

Comprehensive

Current

Cited

Process

I am going to use Rstudio to analyze the data set.

```
library(plyr)
library(tidyverse)
```

```
## -- Attaching packages ----- tidyverse 1.3.1 --
```

```
## v ggplot2 3.3.4      v purrr  0.3.4
## v tibble  3.1.2      v dplyr  1.0.7
## v tidyr   1.1.3      v stringr 1.4.0
## v readr   1.4.0      v forcats 0.5.1
```

```
## -- Conflicts ----- tidyverse_conflicts() --
```

```
## x dplyr::arrange() masks plyr::arrange()
## x purrr::compact() masks plyr::compact()
## x dplyr::count() masks plyr::count()
## x dplyr::failwith() masks plyr::failwith()
## x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## x dplyr::id() masks plyr::id()
## x dplyr::lag() masks stats::lag()
## x dplyr::mutate() masks plyr::mutate()
## x dplyr::rename() masks plyr::rename()
## x dplyr::summarise() masks plyr::summarise()
## x dplyr::summarize() masks plyr::summarize()
```

```
library(janitor)
```

```
##
```

```
## Attaching package: 'janitor'
```

```
## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
##
##   chisq.test, fisher.test
```

```
library(lubridate)
```

```
##
## Attaching package: 'lubridate'
```

```
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
##   date, intersect, setdiff, union
```

```
library(ggpubr)
```

```
##
## Attaching package: 'ggpubr'
```

```
## The following object is masked from 'package:plyr':
##
##   mutate
```

```
library(knitr)
```

```
#read csv files,clean column names
daily_activity <- read_csv("~/Desktop/R-Data/dailyActivity_merged.csv")%>%
  clean_names()
```

```
##
## -- Column specification -----
## cols(
##   Id = col_double(),
##   ActivityDate = col_character(),
##   TotalSteps = col_double(),
##   TotalDistance = col_double(),
##   TrackerDistance = col_double(),
##   LoggedActivitiesDistance = col_double(),
##   VeryActiveDistance = col_double(),
##   ModeratelyActiveDistance = col_double(),
##   LightActiveDistance = col_double(),
##   SedentaryActiveDistance = col_double(),
##   VeryActiveMinutes = col_double(),
##   FairlyActiveMinutes = col_double(),
##   LightlyActiveMinutes = col_double(),
##   SedentaryMinutes = col_double(),
##   Calories = col_double()
## )
```

```
sleep <- read_csv("~/Desktop/R-Data/sleepDay_merged.csv") %>%
  clean_names()
```

```
##
## -- Column specification -----
## cols(
##   Id = col_double(),
##   SleepDay = col_character(),
##   TotalSleepRecords = col_double(),
##   TotalMinutesAsleep = col_double(),
##   TotalTimeInBed = col_double()
## )
```

```
weight_log <- read_csv("~/Desktop/R-Data/weightLogInfo_merged.csv") %>%
  clean_names()
```

```
##
## -- Column specification -----
## cols(
##   Id = col_double(),
##   Date = col_character(),
##   WeightKg = col_double(),
##   WeightPounds = col_double(),
##   Fat = col_double(),
##   BMI = col_double(),
##   IsManualReport = col_logical(),
##   LogId = col_double()
## )
```

```
hourly_calories <- read_csv("~/Desktop/R-Data/hourlyCalories_merged.csv") %>%
  clean_names()
```

```
##
## -- Column specification -----
## cols(
##   Id = col_double(),
##   ActivityHour = col_character(),
##   Calories = col_double()
## )
```

```
hourly_intensities <- read_csv("~/Desktop/R-Data/hourlyIntensities_merged.csv") %>%
  clean_names()
```

```
##
## -- Column specification -----
## cols(
##   Id = col_double(),
##   ActivityHour = col_character(),
##   TotalIntensity = col_double(),
##   AverageIntensity = col_double()
## )
```

```
hourly_steps <- read_csv("~/Desktop/R-Data/hourlySteps_merged.csv") %>%
  clean_names()
```

```
##
## -- Column specification -----
## cols(
##   Id = col_double(),
##   ActivityHour = col_character(),
##   StepTotal = col_double()
## )
```

```
#view meta data on tables
str(daily_activity)
```

```
## spec_tbl_df [940 x 15] (S3: spec_tbl_df/tbl_df/tbl/data.frame)
## $ id : num [1:940] 1.5e+09 1.5e+09 1.5e+09 1.5e+09 1.5e+09 ...
## $ activity_date : chr [1:940] "4/12/2016" "4/13/2016" "4/14/2016" "4/15/2016" ...
## $ total_steps : num [1:940] 13162 10735 10460 9762 12669 ...
## $ total_distance : num [1:940] 8.5 6.97 6.74 6.28 8.16 ...
## $ tracker_distance : num [1:940] 8.5 6.97 6.74 6.28 8.16 ...
## $ logged_activities_distance: num [1:940] 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
## $ very_active_distance : num [1:940] 1.88 1.57 2.44 2.14 2.71 ...
## $ moderately_active_distance: num [1:940] 0.55 0.69 0.4 1.26 0.41 ...
## $ light_active_distance : num [1:940] 6.06 4.71 3.91 2.83 5.04 ...
## $ sedentary_active_distance : num [1:940] 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
## $ very_active_minutes : num [1:940] 25 21 30 29 36 38 42 50 28 19 ...
## $ fairly_active_minutes : num [1:940] 13 19 11 34 10 20 16 31 12 8 ...
## $ lightly_active_minutes : num [1:940] 328 217 181 209 221 164 233 264 205 211 ...
## $ sedentary_minutes : num [1:940] 728 776 1218 726 773 ...
## $ calories : num [1:940] 1985 1797 1776 1745 1863 ...
## - attr(*, "spec")=
## .. cols(
## .. Id = col_double(),
## .. ActivityDate = col_character(),
## .. TotalSteps = col_double(),
## .. TotalDistance = col_double(),
## .. TrackerDistance = col_double(),
## .. LoggedActivitiesDistance = col_double(),
## .. VeryActiveDistance = col_double(),
## .. ModeratelyActiveDistance = col_double(),
## .. LightActiveDistance = col_double(),
## .. SedentaryActiveDistance = col_double(),
## .. VeryActiveMinutes = col_double(),
## .. FairlyActiveMinutes = col_double(),
## .. LightlyActiveMinutes = col_double(),
## .. SedentaryMinutes = col_double(),
## .. Calories = col_double()
## .. )
```

```
str(sleep)
```

```
## spec_tbl_df [413 x 5] (S3: spec_tbl_df/tbl_df/tbl/data.frame)
## $ id : num [1:413] 1.5e+09 1.5e+09 1.5e+09 1.5e+09 1.5e+09 ...
## $ sleep_day : chr [1:413] "4/12/2016 12:00:00 AM" "4/13/2016 12:00:00 AM" "4/15/2016 12:00:00 AM" ...
## $ total_sleep_records : num [1:413] 1 2 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ total_minutes_asleep: num [1:413] 327 384 412 340 700 304 360 325 361 430 ...
```

```
## $ total_time_in_bed : num [1:413] 346 407 442 367 712 320 377 364 384 449 ...
## - attr(*, "spec")=
## .. cols(
## ..   Id = col_double(),
## ..   SleepDay = col_character(),
## ..   TotalSleepRecords = col_double(),
## ..   TotalMinutesAsleep = col_double(),
## ..   TotalTimeInBed = col_double()
## .. )
```

```
str(weight_log)
```

```
## spec_tbl_df [67 x 8] (S3: spec_tbl_df/tbl_df/tbl/data.frame)
## $ id : num [1:67] 1.50e+09 1.50e+09 1.93e+09 2.87e+09 2.87e+09 ...
## $ date : chr [1:67] "5/2/2016 11:59:59 PM" "5/3/2016 11:59:59 PM" "4/13/2016 1:08:52 AM"
## $ weight_kg : num [1:67] 52.6 52.6 133.5 56.7 57.3 ...
## $ weight_pounds : num [1:67] 116 116 294 125 126 ...
## $ fat : num [1:67] 22 NA NA NA NA 25 NA NA NA NA ...
## $ bmi : num [1:67] 22.6 22.6 47.5 21.5 21.7 ...
## $ is_manual_report: logi [1:67] TRUE TRUE FALSE TRUE TRUE TRUE ...
## $ log_id : num [1:67] 1.46e+12 1.46e+12 1.46e+12 1.46e+12 1.46e+12 ...
## - attr(*, "spec")=
## .. cols(
## ..   Id = col_double(),
## ..   Date = col_character(),
## ..   WeightKg = col_double(),
## ..   WeightPounds = col_double(),
## ..   Fat = col_double(),
## ..   BMI = col_double(),
## ..   IsManualReport = col_logical(),
## ..   LogId = col_double()
## .. )
```

```
str(hourly_calories)
```

```
## spec_tbl_df [22,099 x 3] (S3: spec_tbl_df/tbl_df/tbl/data.frame)
## $ id : num [1:22099] 1.5e+09 1.5e+09 1.5e+09 1.5e+09 1.5e+09 ...
## $ activity_hour: chr [1:22099] "4/12/2016 12:00:00 AM" "4/12/2016 1:00:00 AM" "4/12/2016 2:00:00 AM"
## $ calories : num [1:22099] 81 61 59 47 48 48 48 47 68 141 ...
## - attr(*, "spec")=
## .. cols(
## ..   Id = col_double(),
## ..   ActivityHour = col_character(),
## ..   Calories = col_double()
## .. )
```

```
str(hourly_intensities)
```

```
## spec_tbl_df [22,099 x 4] (S3: spec_tbl_df/tbl_df/tbl/data.frame)
## $ id : num [1:22099] 1.5e+09 1.5e+09 1.5e+09 1.5e+09 1.5e+09 ...
## $ activity_hour : chr [1:22099] "4/12/2016 12:00:00 AM" "4/12/2016 1:00:00 AM" "4/12/2016 2:00:00 AM"
## $ total_intensity : num [1:22099] 20 8 7 0 0 0 0 0 13 30 ...
```

```
## $ average_intensity: num [1:22099] 0.333 0.133 0.117 0 0 ...
## - attr(*, "spec")=
## .. cols(
## ..   Id = col_double(),
## ..   ActivityHour = col_character(),
## ..   TotalIntensity = col_double(),
## ..   AverageIntensity = col_double()
## .. )
```

```
str(hourly_steps)
```

```
## spec_tbl_df [22,099 x 3] (S3: spec_tbl_df/tbl_df/tbl/data.frame)
## $ id          : num [1:22099] 1.5e+09 1.5e+09 1.5e+09 1.5e+09 1.5e+09 ...
## $ activity_hour: chr [1:22099] "4/12/2016 12:00:00 AM" "4/12/2016 1:00:00 AM" "4/12/2016 2:00:00 AM" ...
## $ step_total   : num [1:22099] 373 160 151 0 0 ...
## - attr(*, "spec")=
## .. cols(
## ..   Id = col_double(),
## ..   ActivityHour = col_character(),
## ..   StepTotal = col_double()
## .. )
```

After looking at the meta data, I see some format changes that need to be made and that some of these tables can be joined into two master tables: `daily_activity` & `hourly_activity`

`daily_activity`

```
#transform daily_activity

daily_activity <- daily_activity %>%
  mutate(activity_date = mdy(activity_date), day_week = weekdays(activity_date)) %>%
  rename(date = activity_date) %>%
  select(-logged_activities_distance, -very_active_distance, -moderately_active_distance,
        -light_active_distance, -sedentary_active_distance)

sleep <- sleep %>%
  mutate(sleep_day = mdy_hms(sleep_day)) %>%
  rename(date = sleep_day )

weight_log <- weight_log %>%
  mutate(date = mdy_hms(date)) %>%
  separate(date, into=c("date", "time"), sep = " ") %>%
  select(-time, -weight_kg, -is_manual_report, -log_id)
```

`hourly_activity`

```
hourly_calories <- hourly_calories %>%
  mutate(date = mdy_hms(activity_hour)) %>%
```

```

separate(date, into = c("date", "time"), sep = " ") %>%
select(-activity_hour)

hourly_intensities <- hourly_intensities %>%
  mutate(date = mdy_hms(activity_hour)) %>%
  separate(date, into=c("date","time"), sep = " ") %>%
  select(-activity_hour)

hourly_steps <- hourly_steps %>%
  mutate(date = mdy_hms(activity_hour)) %>%
  separate(date, into=c("date","time"), sep = " ") %>%
  select(-activity_hour)

```

Now that we have transformed the data into a better format I would like to scan the meta again to make sure the dates were parsed and the columns are correct

```
glimpse(daily_activity)
```

```

## Rows: 940
## Columns: 11
## $ id          <dbl> 1503960366, 1503960366, 1503960366, 1503960366, ~
## $ date        <date> 2016-04-12, 2016-04-13, 2016-04-14, 2016-04-15~
## $ total_steps  <dbl> 13162, 10735, 10460, 9762, 12669, 9705, 13019, ~
## $ total_distance <dbl> 8.50, 6.97, 6.74, 6.28, 8.16, 6.48, 8.59, 9.88, ~
## $ tracker_distance <dbl> 8.50, 6.97, 6.74, 6.28, 8.16, 6.48, 8.59, 9.88, ~
## $ very_active_minutes <dbl> 25, 21, 30, 29, 36, 38, 42, 50, 28, 19, 66, 41, ~
## $ fairly_active_minutes <dbl> 13, 19, 11, 34, 10, 20, 16, 31, 12, 8, 27, 21, ~
## $ lightly_active_minutes <dbl> 328, 217, 181, 209, 221, 164, 233, 264, 205, 21~
## $ sedentary_minutes <dbl> 728, 776, 1218, 726, 773, 539, 1149, 775, 818, ~
## $ calories     <dbl> 1985, 1797, 1776, 1745, 1863, 1728, 1921, 2035, ~
## $ day_week     <chr> "Tuesday", "Wednesday", "Thursday", "Friday", "~

```

```
glimpse(sleep)
```

```

## Rows: 413
## Columns: 5
## $ id          <dbl> 1503960366, 1503960366, 1503960366, 1503960366, 1~
## $ date        <dtm> 2016-04-12, 2016-04-13, 2016-04-15, 2016-04-16, ~
## $ total_sleep_records <dbl> 1, 2, 1, 2, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, ~
## $ total_minutes_asleep <dbl> 327, 384, 412, 340, 700, 304, 360, 325, 361, 430, ~
## $ total_time_in_bed <dbl> 346, 407, 442, 367, 712, 320, 377, 364, 384, 449, ~

```

```
glimpse(weight_log)
```

```

## Rows: 67
## Columns: 5
## $ id          <dbl> 1503960366, 1503960366, 1927972279, 2873212765, 28732127~
## $ date        <chr> "2016-05-02", "2016-05-03", "2016-04-13", "2016-04-21", ~
## $ weight_pounds <dbl> 115.9631, 115.9631, 294.3171, 125.0021, 126.3249, 159.61~
## $ fat         <dbl> 22, NA, NA, NA, NA, 25, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, ~
## $ bmi         <dbl> 22.65, 22.65, 47.54, 21.45, 21.69, 27.45, 27.38, 27.25, ~

```



```
glimpse(hourly_calories)
```

```
## Rows: 22,099
## Columns: 4
## $ id      <dbl> 1503960366, 1503960366, 1503960366, 1503960366, 1503960366, 1~
## $ calories <dbl> 81, 61, 59, 47, 48, 48, 48, 47, 68, 141, 99, 76, 73, 66, 110, ~
## $ date     <chr> "2016-04-12", "2016-04-12", "2016-04-12", "2016-04-12", "2016~
## $ time     <chr> "00:00:00", "01:00:00", "02:00:00", "03:00:00", "04:00:00", "~
```

```
glimpse(hourly_intensities)
```

```
## Rows: 22,099
## Columns: 5
## $ id      <dbl> 1503960366, 1503960366, 1503960366, 1503960366, 1503~
## $ total_intensity <dbl> 20, 8, 7, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 13, 30, 29, 12, 11, 6, 36, ~
## $ average_intensity <dbl> 0.333333, 0.133333, 0.116667, 0.000000, 0.000000, 0.~
## $ date     <chr> "2016-04-12", "2016-04-12", "2016-04-12", "2016-04-1~
## $ time     <chr> "00:00:00", "01:00:00", "02:00:00", "03:00:00", "04:~
```

```
glimpse(hourly_steps)
```

```
## Rows: 22,099
## Columns: 4
## $ id      <dbl> 1503960366, 1503960366, 1503960366, 1503960366, 1503960366, ~
## $ step_total <dbl> 373, 160, 151, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 250, 1864, 676, 360, 253, 221~
## $ date     <chr> "2016-04-12", "2016-04-12", "2016-04-12", "2016-04-12", "20~
## $ time     <chr> "00:00:00", "01:00:00", "02:00:00", "03:00:00", "04:00:00", ~
```

Now lets check how many participants made observations.

Analyze

```
## see how many distinct
n_distinct(daily_activity$id)
```

```
## [1] 33
```

```
n_distinct(sleep$id)
```

```
## [1] 24
```

```
n_distinct(weight_log$id)
```

```
## [1] 8
```

```
n_distinct(hourly_calories$id)
```

```
## [1] 33
```

```
n_distinct(hourly_intensities$id)
```

```
## [1] 33
```

```
n_distinct(hourly_steps$id)
```

```
## [1] 33
```

Here we can see that `weight_log` only has 8 participants and `sleep` with 24. I will throw these out to just focus on the daily and hourly motion activity.

```
## now lets merge these tables into one because I can see that these will merge greatly on "id" & "date"
```

```
daily_activity<- full_join(daily_activity,sleep,by = c("id"="id","date" = "date"))
```

```
## merge hourly_calories & hourly_steps
```

```
hourly_activity <- full_join(hourly_calories,hourly_steps, by = c("id"="id","date"="date","time"="time"))
```

```
##merge all three into hourly_activity
```

```
hourly_activity <- full_join(hourly_activity,hourly_intensities, by=c("id"="id","date"="date","time"="time"))
```

Daily & Hourly Activity

```
daily_activity %>%  
summary()
```

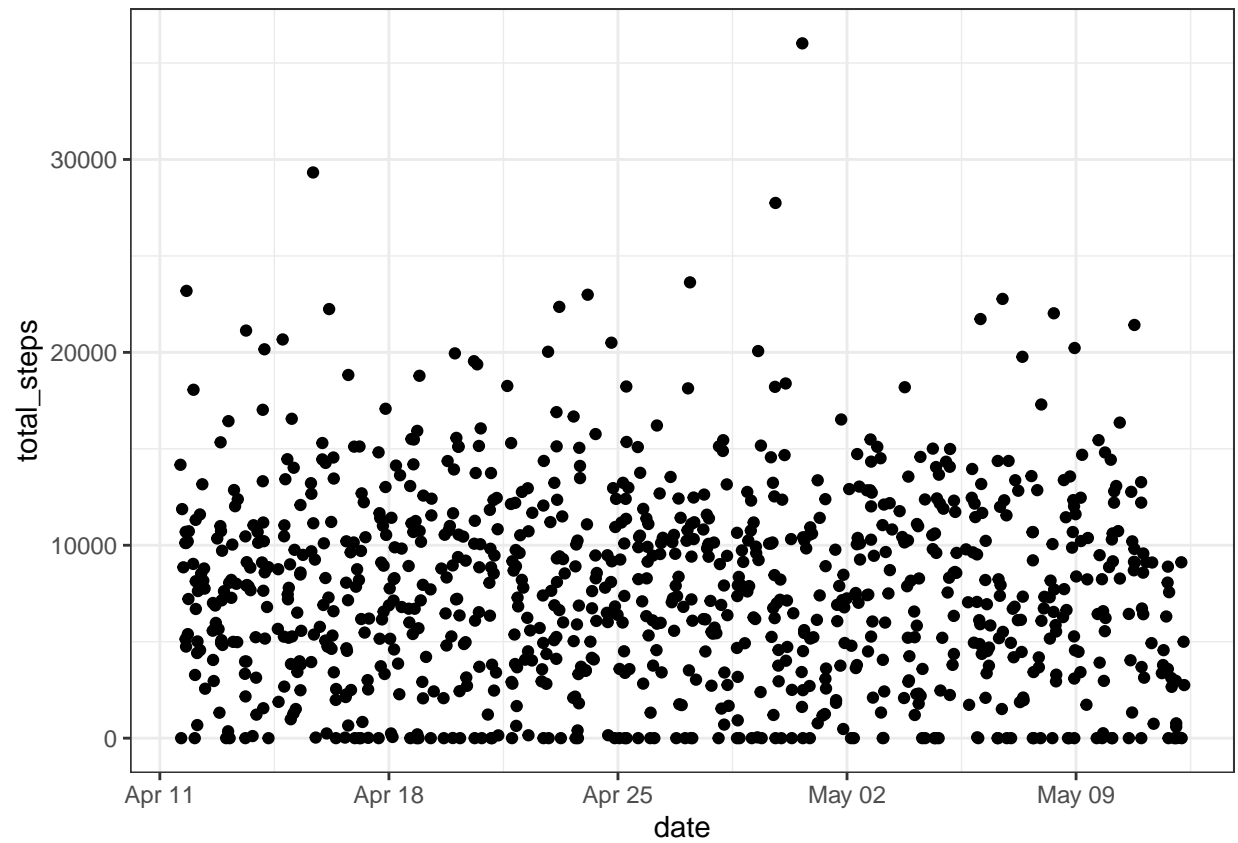
```
##           id           date           total_steps  
## Min.      :1.504e+09   Min.      :2016-04-12 00:00:00   Min.      :    0  
## 1st Qu.:2.320e+09   1st Qu.:2016-04-19 00:00:00   1st Qu.: 3795  
## Median :4.445e+09   Median :2016-04-26 00:00:00   Median : 7439  
## Mean    :4.858e+09   Mean    :2016-04-26 07:21:18   Mean     : 7652  
## 3rd Qu.:6.962e+09   3rd Qu.:2016-05-04 00:00:00   3rd Qu.:10734  
## Max.     :8.878e+09   Max.     :2016-05-12 00:00:00   Max.     :36019  
##  
## total_distance  tracker_distance  very_active_minutes  fairly_active_minutes  
## Min.      : 0.000   Min.      : 0.000   Min.      : 0.00   Min.      : 0.00  
## 1st Qu.: 2.620   1st Qu.: 2.620   1st Qu.: 0.00   1st Qu.: 0.00  
## Median : 5.260   Median : 5.260   Median : 4.00   Median : 7.00  
## Mean     : 5.503   Mean     : 5.489   Mean     : 21.24   Mean     : 13.63  
## 3rd Qu.: 7.720   3rd Qu.: 7.715   3rd Qu.: 32.00   3rd Qu.: 19.00  
## Max.     :28.030   Max.     :28.030   Max.     :210.00   Max.     :143.00  
##
```

```
## lightly_active_minutes sedentary_minutes calories day_week
## Min. : 0 Min. : 0.0 Min. : 0 Length:943
## 1st Qu.:127 1st Qu.: 729.0 1st Qu.:1830 Class :character
## Median :199 Median :1057.0 Median :2140 Mode :character
## Mean :193 Mean : 990.4 Mean :2308
## 3rd Qu.:264 3rd Qu.:1229.0 3rd Qu.:2796
## Max. :518 Max. :1440.0 Max. :4900
##
## total_sleep_records total_minutes_asleep total_time_in_bed
## Min. :1.000 Min. : 58.0 Min. : 61.0
## 1st Qu.:1.000 1st Qu.:361.0 1st Qu.:403.0
## Median :1.000 Median :433.0 Median :463.0
## Mean :1.119 Mean :419.5 Mean :458.6
## 3rd Qu.:1.000 3rd Qu.:490.0 3rd Qu.:526.0
## Max. :3.000 Max. :796.0 Max. :961.0
## NA's :530 NA's :530 NA's :530
```

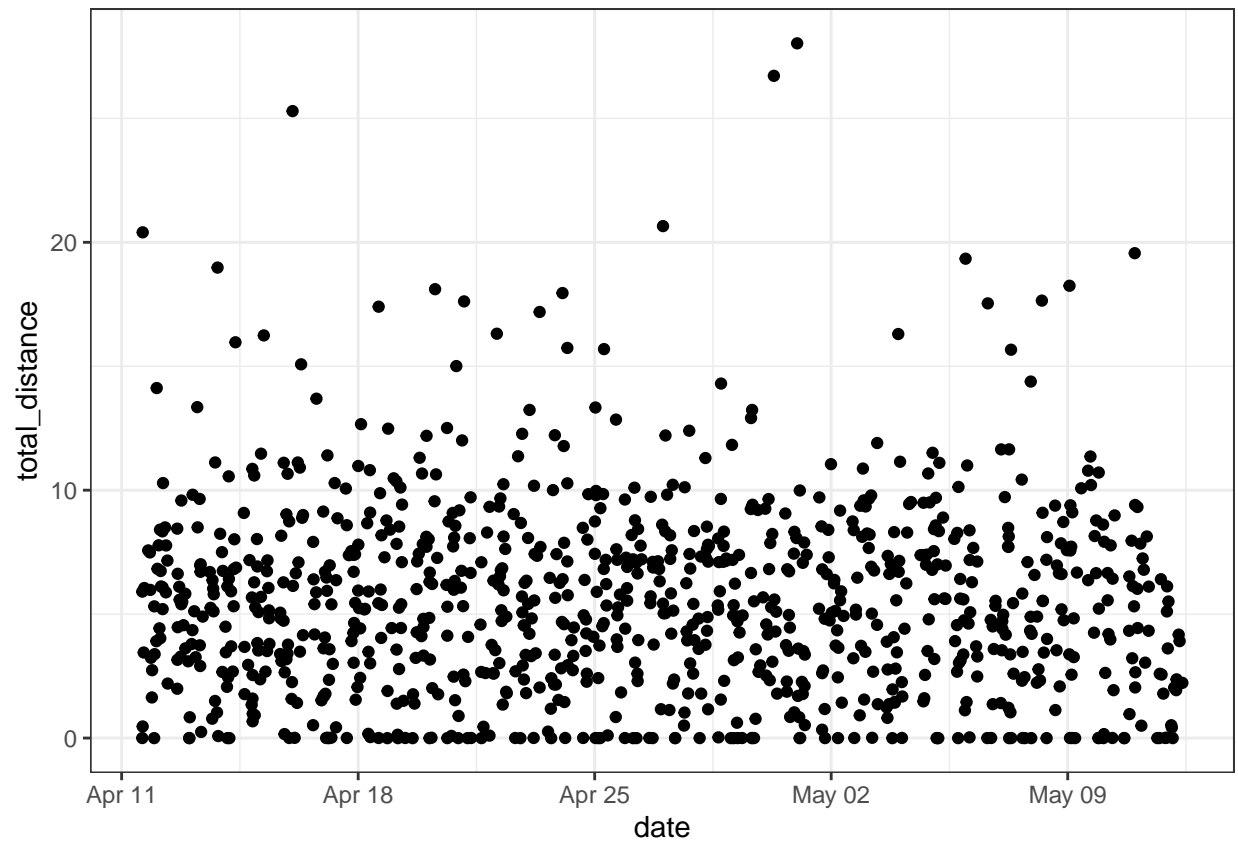
```
hourly_activity %>%
  summary()
```

```
## id calories date time
## Min. :1.504e+09 Min. : 42.00 Length:22099 Length:22099
## 1st Qu.:2.320e+09 1st Qu.: 63.00 Class :character Class :character
## Median :4.445e+09 Median : 83.00 Mode :character Mode :character
## Mean :4.848e+09 Mean : 97.39
## 3rd Qu.:6.962e+09 3rd Qu.:108.00
## Max. :8.878e+09 Max. :948.00
## step_total total_intensity average_intensity
## Min. : 0.0 Min. : 0.00 Min. :0.0000
## 1st Qu.: 0.0 1st Qu.: 0.00 1st Qu.:0.0000
## Median : 40.0 Median : 3.00 Median :0.0500
## Mean : 320.2 Mean : 12.04 Mean :0.2006
## 3rd Qu.: 357.0 3rd Qu.: 16.00 3rd Qu.:0.2667
## Max. :10554.0 Max. :180.00 Max. :3.0000
```

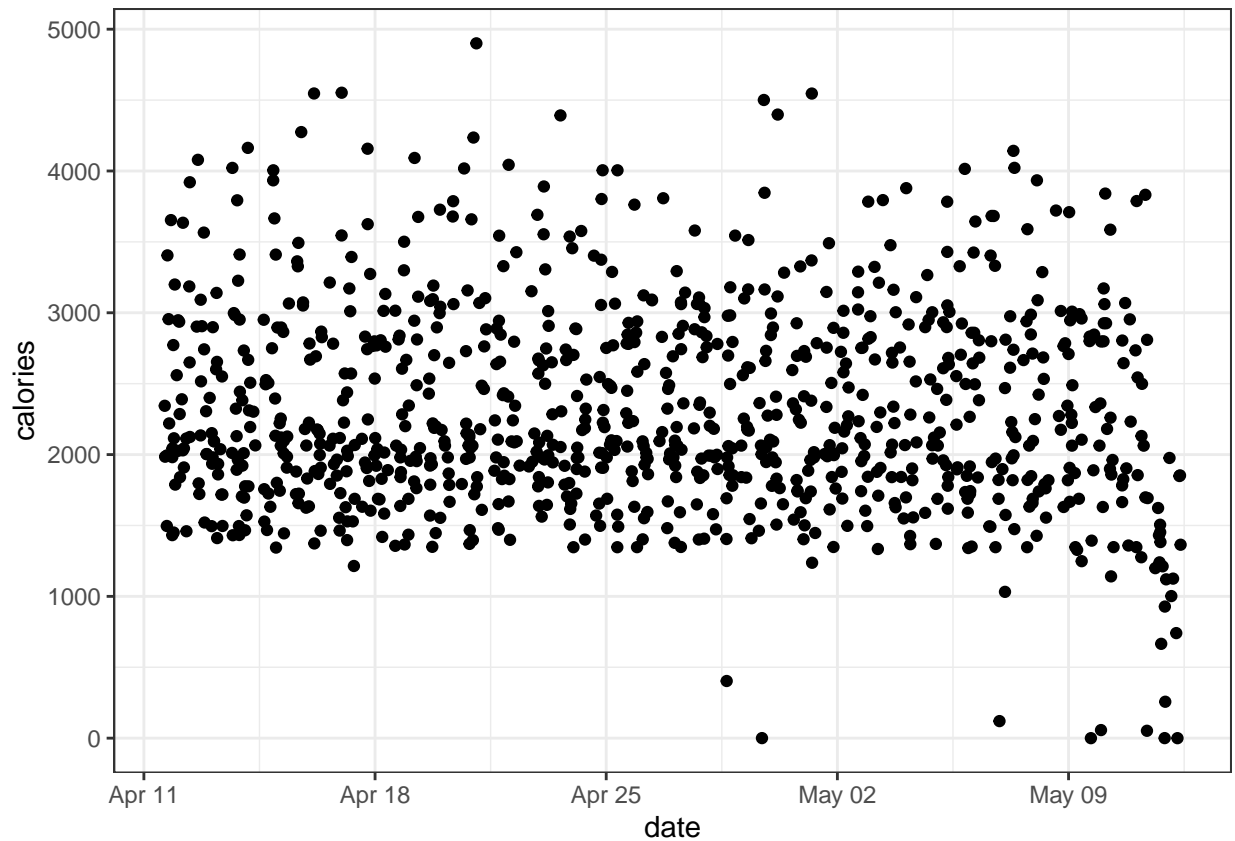
```
# Total Steps
ggplot(daily_activity,aes(x = date, y = total_steps))+
  geom_jitter() +
  theme_bw()
```



```
# Total Distance  
ggplot(daily_activity, aes(x = date, y = total_distance)) +  
  geom_jitter() +  
  theme_bw()
```



```
# Calories Burned  
ggplot(daily_activity,aes(x = date, y = calories))+  
  geom_jitter() +  
  theme_bw()
```

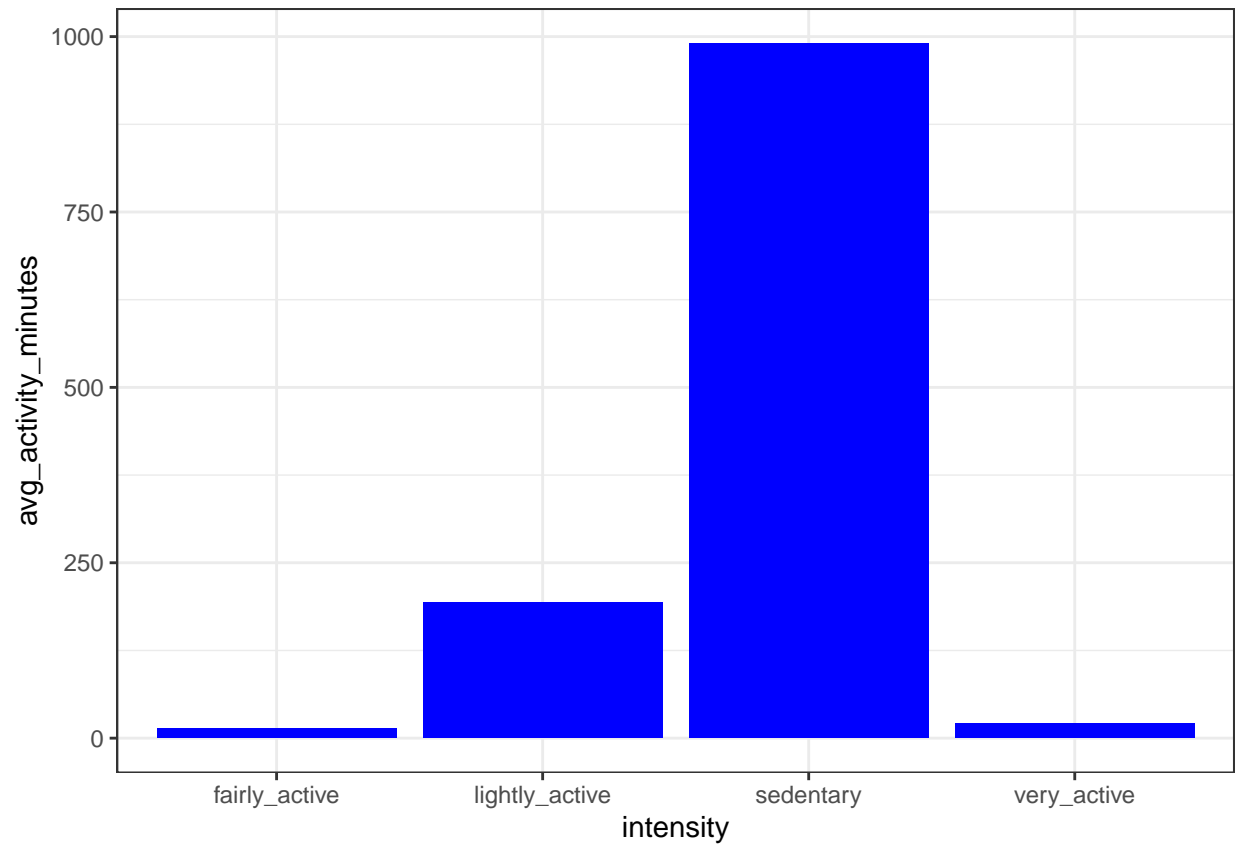


```
##### 7652 Average steps per day
##### 5.503 miles Average distance per day ##### 2308 Average calories burned per day
```

Now lets show the average intensity of the users

```
avg_activity_minutes <- c(21.21,13.36,193,990.4)
intensity <- c("very_active","fairly_active","lightly_active","sedentary")
intensity_min <- data.frame(intensity,avg_activity_minutes)

ggplot(intensity_min) +
  geom_col(aes(x = intensity, y = avg_activity_minutes), fill = 'blue')+
  theme_bw()
```

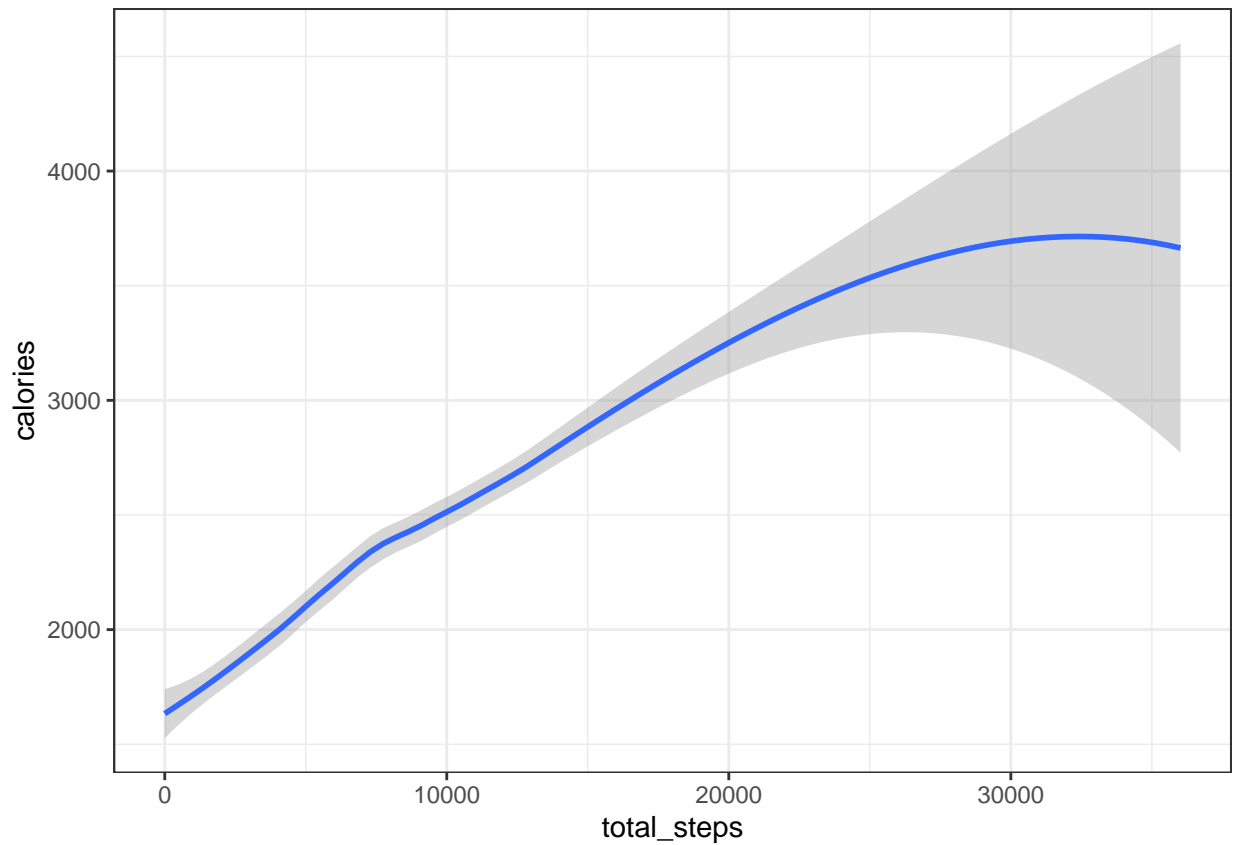


* Here we can see that most of the observations were @ Sedentary movement

```
ggplot(daily_activity)+  
  geom_smooth(aes(total_steps,calories))+  
  theme_bw()
```

There is a positive correlation between steps taken and calories burned.

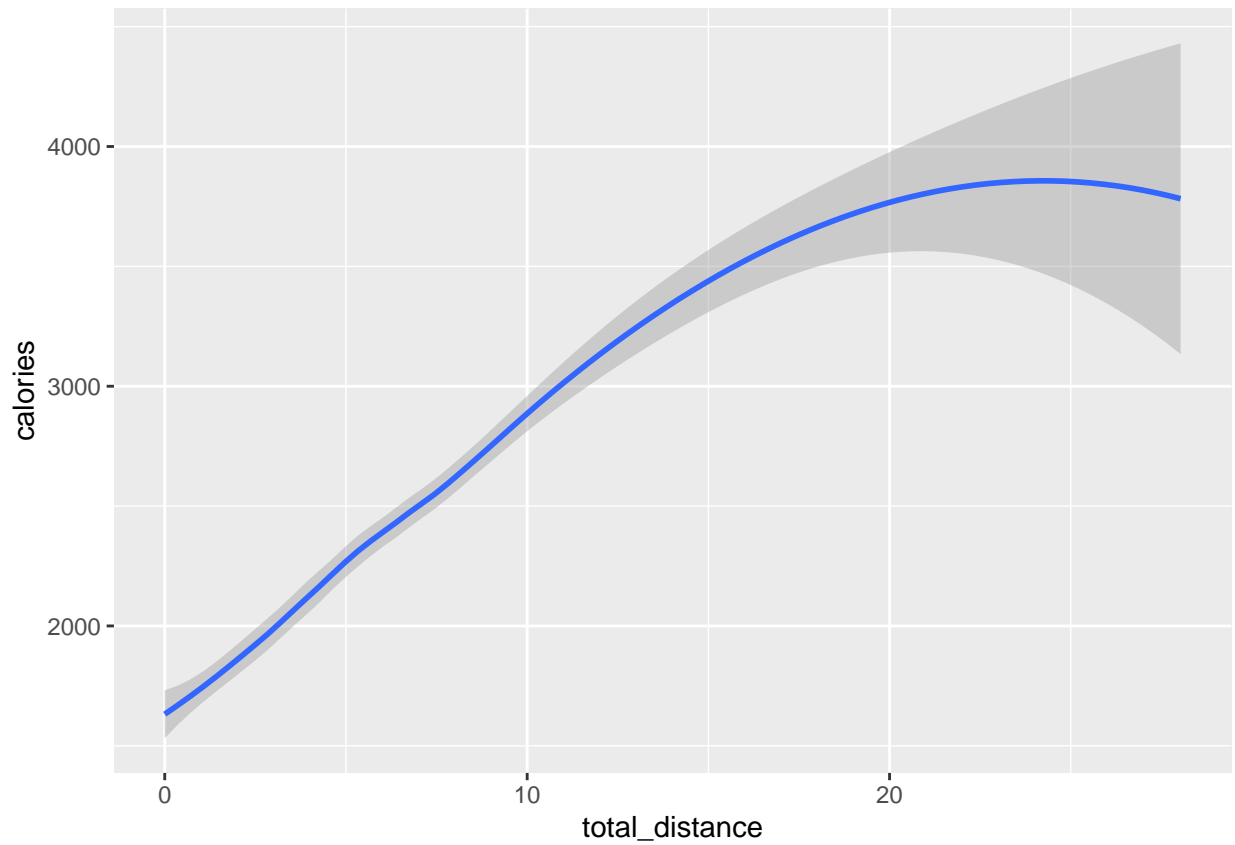
```
## 'geom_smooth()' using method = 'loess' and formula 'y ~ x'
```



There is a positive correlation between distance traveled and calories burned.

```
ggplot(daily_activity, aes(x = total_distance, y = calories)) +  
  geom_smooth()
```

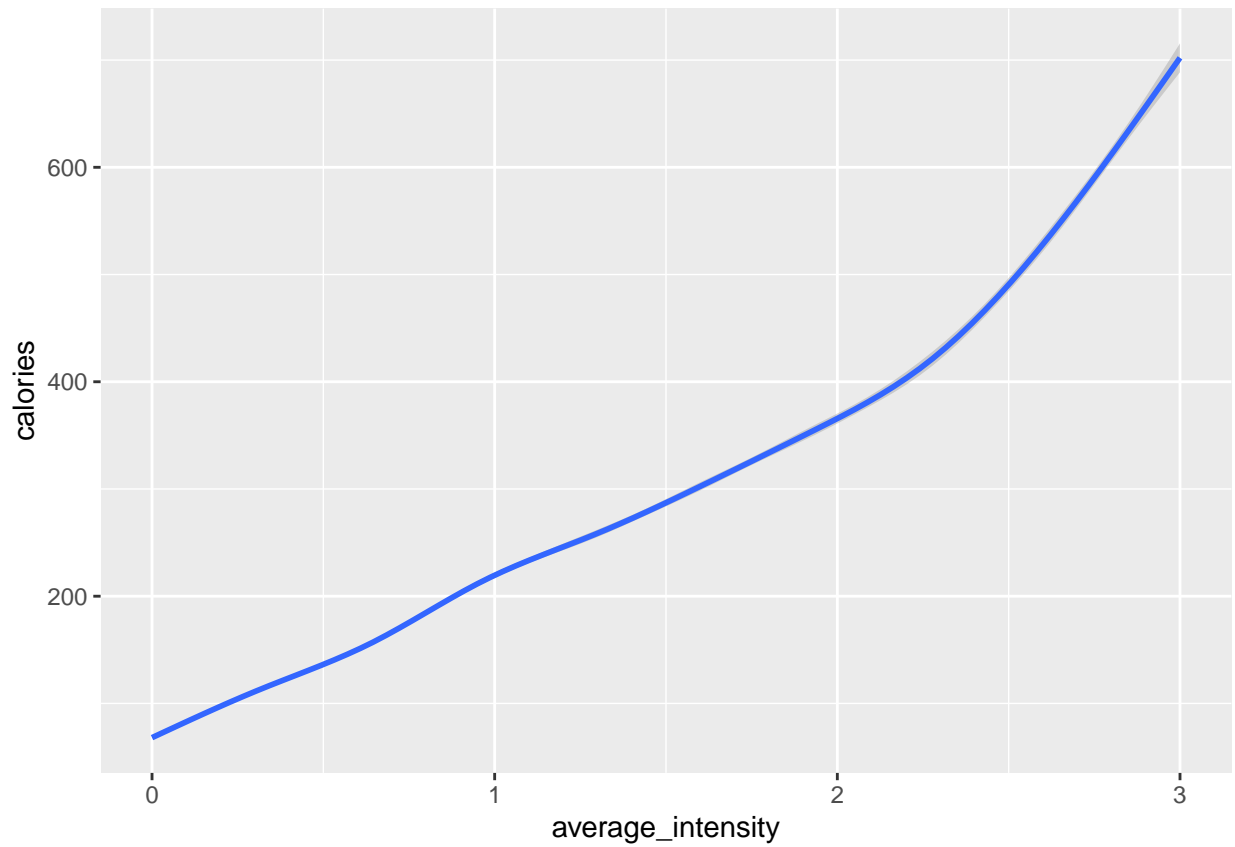
'geom_smooth()' using method = 'loess' and formula 'y ~ x'



The most Positive Corelation is with average intentisty & calories burned

```
ggplot(hourly_activity, aes(x = average_intensisty, y = calories)) +  
  geom_smooth()
```

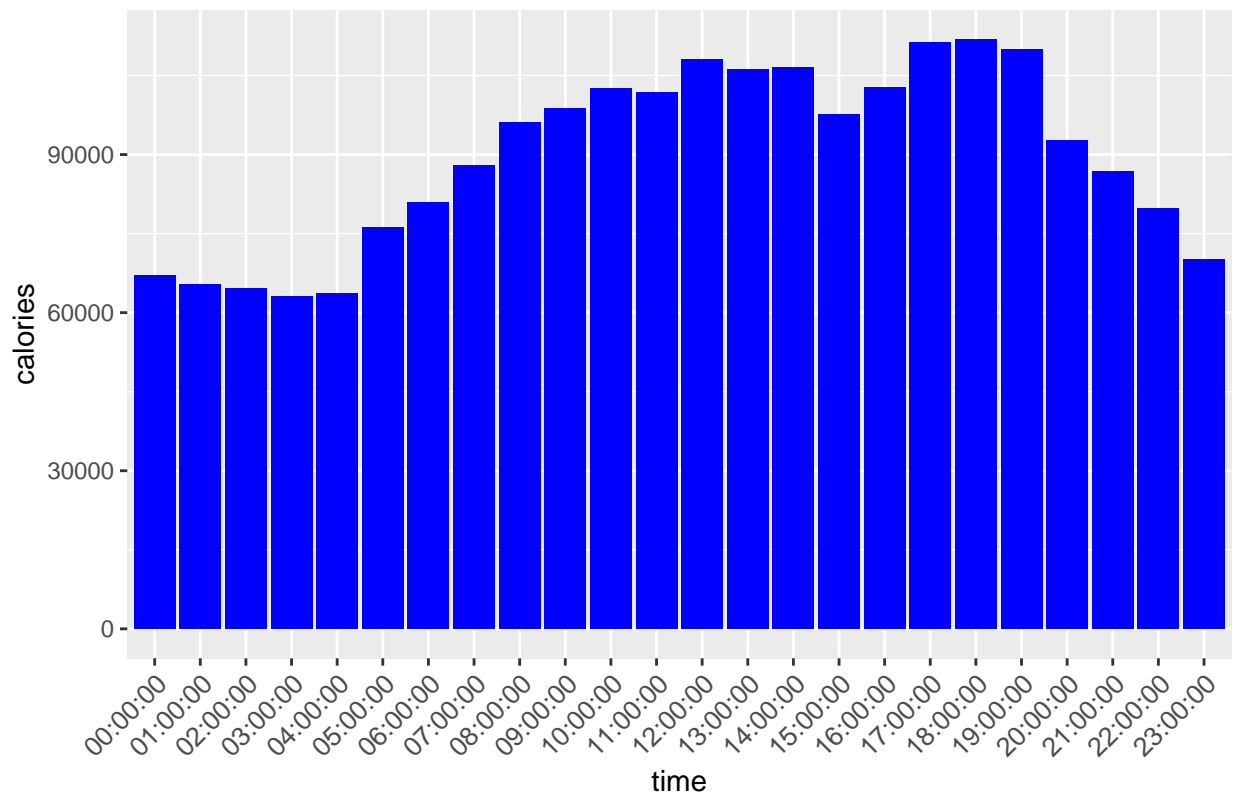
'geom_smooth()' using method = 'gam' and formula 'y ~ s(x, bs = "cs")'



Hourly Activity

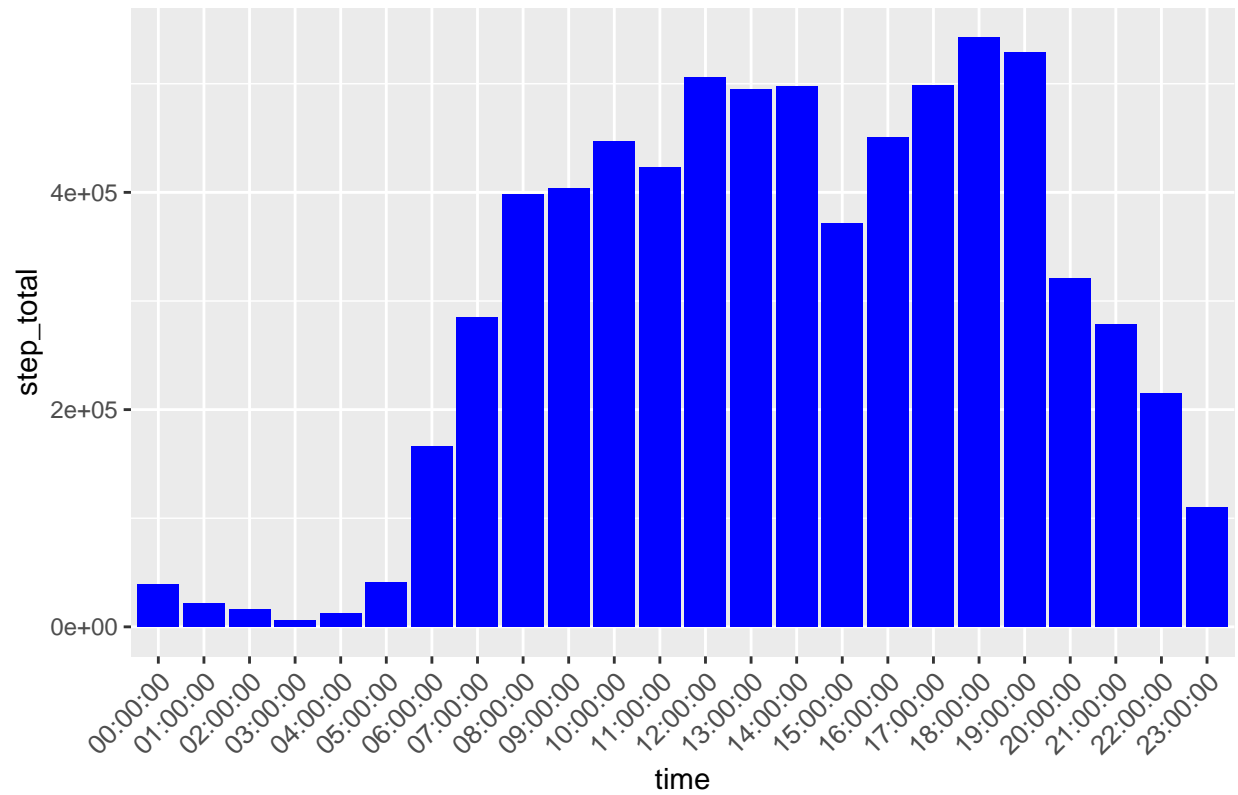
```
ggplot(hourly_activity)+  
  geom_col(aes(x = time, y = calories), fill = 'blue')+  
  theme(axis.text.x = element_text(size = 10, angle = 45, hjust = 1))+  
  labs(title = 'Calories Burned By Hour')
```

Calories Burned By Hour

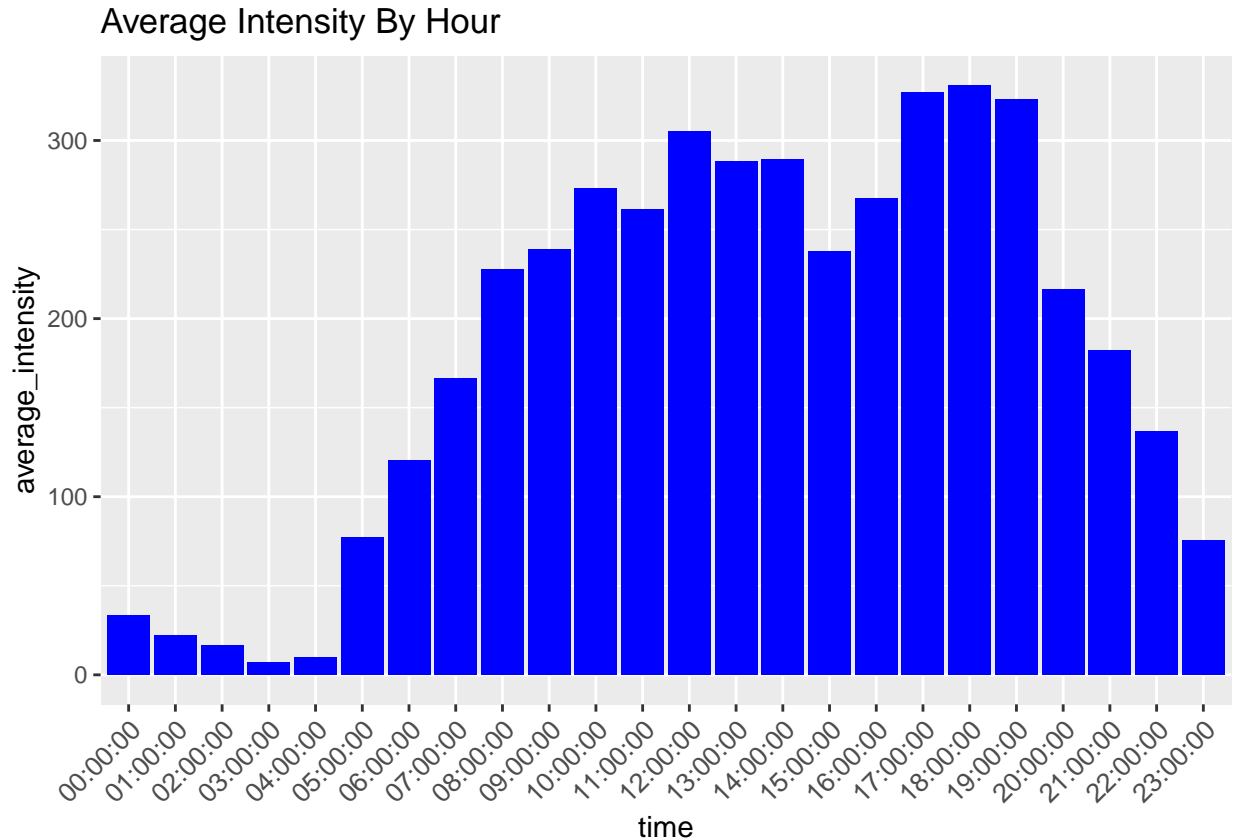


```
ggplot(hourly_activity)+  
  geom_col(aes(x = time, y = step_total), fill = 'blue')+  
  theme(axis.text.x = element_text(size = 10, angle = 45, hjust = 1))+  
  labs(title = 'Steps Taken Per Hour')
```

Steps Taken Per Hour



```
ggplot(hourly_activity)+  
  geom_col(aes(x = time, y = average_intensity), fill = 'blue')+  
  theme(axis.text.x = element_text(size = 10, angle = 45, hjust = 1))+  
  labs(title = 'Average Intensity By Hour')
```



After revieweing the column charts we can see that the participants are most active at 12:00 and between 17:00 - 20:00. ## Lets focus What are some trends in smart device usage?

- Participant observations on non bella beat products were not consistent.
 - 33 people recorded movement activity
 - 24 people recorded sleep
 - 8 people recorded weight

I would recommend that bella beat make its products more comfortable to sleep with and use that in your marketing campaign to set a standard for comfortable sleeping with bella beat. Also a new way of recording weight automatically with out having to enter manually

- There was a trend with movement activity between the participants.
 - Most activity of the users were less active with a small amount of very active participants.
 - Highest activity was done at 12:00 and between the hours of 17:00 - 20:00.
 - Strongest correlation between intensity and calories burned

I would recommend that bella beat use notification to get their users more motivated in the morning to move and to promote intensity.

how could these trends help influence Bellabeat marketring strategy?

- I would market motivation to the participants to get more active. Also to make the UI dashboard great for them to track their activity.

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