Advent of Code: Day 6 Solution

Each fish reproduces at the end of their own internal timer, and resets its own timer to 6.

Define T(L, D) be to the number of fish after D days starting with a single fish having an internal timer of L. We have three cases

- Case 1. $D = 0, L \in \mathbb{N}$. There are no more days remaining, this fish cannot reproduce. We still have only 1 fish.
- Case 2. L = 0, D > 0. D is at minimum 1, so this fish can reproduce. This gives us another fish with a timer set to 8 and the original fish's timer is reset to 6. Thus in D 1 days we will have T(8, D 1) + T(6, D 1)
- Case 3. The fish is not yet ready to reproduce, we skip until either the fish timer expires again or the days have been exhausted whichever comes first. This is $T(L \min(L, D), D \min(L, D))$

We get the following recurrence,

$$T(L,D) = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } D = 0, L \in \mathbb{N} \\ T(8,D-1) + T(6,D-1) & \text{if } L = 0, D > 0 \\ T(L - \min(L,D), D - \min(L,D)) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$
 (1)

Base Case. $k = 0, 0 \le L \le 8$.

Then T(L,k) = T(L,0) = 1 as wanted.

I.H Suppose by induction that

$$P(n): T(L,n)$$
 gives the number of fish after n days for any $0 \le L \le 8$ (2)

holds whenever $0 \le n < k$.

W.T.S P(k) holds. T(L, k) has 3 cases,

- (a) k = 0. Then T(L, k) = T(L, 0) = 1 as wanted (by base case).
- (b) L = 0, k > 0. T(L, k) = T(8, k 1) + T(6, k 1).

Since k-1 < k, by I.H, T(8, k-1) returns the correct value.

Since k-1 < k, by I.H, T(6, k-1) returns the correct value.

It is easy to see that number of fish after k days will the be the sum of these two values. Therefore T(L,k) = T(8,k-1) + T(6,k-1) as wanted.

(c) L > 0, k > 0. Then we have 3 cases,

L < k: Then it follows that

$$T(L,k) = T(L - \min(L,k), k - \min(L,k))$$
(3)

$$= T(0, k') \text{ where } k' = k - L \tag{4}$$

Since k' = k - L < k, T(0, k') returns the correct value. (By I.H)

L > k: Then it follows that

$$T(L,k) = T(L - \min(L,k), k - \min(L,k))$$

$$\tag{5}$$

$$= T(L',0) \text{ where } L' = L - k \tag{6}$$

Since 0 < k, T(L', 0) returns the correct value. (By I.H)

L = k: Then it follows that

$$T(L,k) = T(L - \min(L,k), k - \min(L,k)) \tag{7}$$

$$=T(0,0) \tag{8}$$

$$=1 (9)$$

Since 0 < k, T(0,0) returns the correct value. (By I.H)