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1  -- preview data
2  SELECT *
3  FROM patients
4  limit 5;
5
6  -- show doctor who has an exps more than 5 year
7  SELECT doctor_id, first_name, last_name, specialization, years_experience
8  FROM doctors
9  WHERE years_experience > 5
10 ORDER BY years_experience DESC;
11
12 -- modify table
13 -- join table
14 -- show patient name and doctor name make appointment
15 SELECT p.first_name AS patient_name, d.first_name AS doctor_name, a.appointment_date
16 FROM appointments a
17 JOIN patients p ON a.patient_id = p.patient_id
18 JOIN doctors d ON a.doctor_id = d.doctor_id
19 ORDER BY a.appointment_date;
20
21 -- same
22 -- SELECT p.first_name AS patient_name, d.first_name AS doctor_name, a.appointment_date
23 -- FROM appointments a, patients p, doctors d
24 -- WHERE a.patient_id = p.patient_id
25 -- AND a.doctor_id = d.doctor_id
26 -- ORDER BY a.appointment_date;
27
28 -- summarize how many times, each appointment for each type and total cost for each type
29 SELECT treatment_type, COUNT(*) AS treatment_count, SUM(cost) AS total_cost
30 FROM treatments
31 GROUP BY treatment_type
32 ORDER BY total_cost DESC;
33
34 -- find insight
35 -- revenue for the month(include treatment from billing)
36 SELECT strftime('%Y-%m', bill_date) AS billing_month,
37        sum(amount) AS total_revenue
38 FROM billing
39 GROUP BY billing_month
40 ORDER BY billing_month;
41
42 -- total revenue from each doctor
43 SELECT d.first_name || ' ' || d.last_name AS doctor_name, SUM(b.amount) AS revenue, d.specialization
44 FROM billing b
45 JOIN treatments t ON b.treatment_id = t.treatment_id
46 JOIN appointments a ON t.appointment_id = a.appointment_id
47 JOIN doctors d ON a.doctor_id = d.doctor_id
48 GROUP BY doctor_name
49 ORDER BY revenue DESC;
50
51 -- patient who has the most appointment
52 SELECT p.first_name || ' ' || p.last_name AS patient_name,
53        count(*) AS total_appointments
54 FROM patients p
55 JOIN appointments a ON p.patient_id = a.patient_id
56 GROUP BY patient_name
57 ORDER BY total_appointments DESC;
58 -- if we not use groupby in SQLite its will random select row and count evary appointment
59
60 -- for patient who did appointment but not showing up (missing)
61 SELECT p.first_name || ' ' || p.last_name AS patient_name,
62        count(*) AS missed
63 FROM appointments a
64 JOIN patients p ON a.patient_id = p.patient_id
65 WHERE status = 'No-show'
66 GROUP BY patient_name
67 ORDER BY missed DESC;
68
69 -- KPI: Income per doctor and time of appointment
70 SELECT d.first_name || ' ' || d.last_name AS doctor_name,
71        sum(b.amount) AS total_income,
72        count(DISTINCT a.appointment_id) AS number_appointment,
73        d.specialization
74 FROM appointments a
75 JOIN doctors d ON a.doctor_id = d.doctor_id
76 JOIN treatments t ON a.appointment_id = t.appointment_id
77 JOIN billing b ON t.treatment_id = b.treatment_id

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78 GROUP BY doctor_name
79 ORDER BY total_income DESC;
80
81 -- view for income per month
82 DROP VIEW IF EXISTS monthly_income;
83 CREATE VIEW monthly_income AS
84 SELECT strftime('%Y-%m', bill_date) AS month,
85        sum(amount) AS total_amount
86 FROM billing
87 GROUP BY month;
88
89 SELECT *
90 FROM monthly_income;
91
92 -- view for doctor KPI
93 DROP VIEW IF EXISTS doctors_kpi;
94 CREATE VIEW doctors_kpi AS
95 SELECT d.first_name || ' ' || d.last_name AS doctor_name,
96        sum(b.amount) AS total_income,
97        count(DISTINCT a.appointment_id) AS number_appointment,
98        d.specialization
99 FROM appointments a
100 JOIN doctors d ON a.doctor_id = d.doctor_id
101 JOIN treatments t ON a.appointment_id = t.appointment_id
102 JOIN billing b ON t.treatment_id = b.treatment_id
103 GROUP BY doctor_name
104 ORDER BY total_income DESC;
105
106 SELECT *
107 FROM doctors_kpi;
```