## Microprocessor (BCT II / II)

1. Add two numbers located at 3030H and 4040H. Display sum on Port 1. If carry is generated, display it on Port 2. Store sum on 5050H.

LDA 3030H MOV B, A LDA 4040H ADD B STA 5050H OUT PORT 1 JNC L1 MVI A, 01H OUT PORT 2 HLT

L1:

L1:

2. Write an Assembly Language Program that retrieves a data located at 2050H and it displays, if it is even and stores FFH on that location if it is odd.

LDA 2050H ANI 01H JNZ L1 LDA 2050H OUT PORT 1 HLT MVI A, FFH STA 2050H HLT

3. Sixteen bytes of data are stored in memory location at 1050H to 105FH. Replace each data byte by FF.

LXI H, 1050H MVI C, 10H L1: MVI M, FFH INX H DCR C JNZ L1 HLT 4. Sixteen data are stored in memory location at 1050H to 105FH. Transfer the entire block of data to new location starting at 1070H.

LXI H, 1050H MVI C, 10H LXI D, 1070H L1: MOV A, M STAX D INX H INX D DCR C JNZ L1 HLT

5. Six bytes are stored in memory locations starting at 2050H. Add all the data bytes, save any carry generated while adding the data bytes. Display entire sum at two output ports and store total carry in 2070H and sum in 2071H.

LXI H, 2050H MVI C, 06H MVI B, 00H MVI D, 00H L2: MOV A, M ADD B MOV B, A JNC L1 INR D L1: INX H DCR C JNZ L2

HLT

6. If the content of memory location 2050H is greater than or equal to 64H, display 0FH else display FFH.

LDA 2050H CPI 64H JC L1 MOV A, 0FH OUT PORT 1 HLT MOV A, FFH

L1: MOV A, FFH OUT PORT 1 HLT 7. We have a list of data stored at memory location starting at 2050H. The end of the data array is indicated by data byte 00H. Add the set of readings. Display the sum at Port 1 and total carry at Port 2.

LXIH, 2050H MVIB, 00H MVI C, 00H L3: MOV A, M CPI 00H JZ L1 ADD C JNZ L2 INR B L2: MOV C, A INX H JMP L3 L1: MOV A, C OUT PORT 1 MOV A, B OUT PORT 2

HLT

INX H

8. There are two tables holding twenty data whose starting address is 3000H and 3020H respectively. WAP to add the content of first table with the content of second table having same array index. Store sum and carry into the third and fourth table indexing from 3040H and 3060H respectively.

LXI B, 3000H MOV A, C LXI H, 3020H CPI 14H LXI D, 3040H JNZ NEXT NEXT: LDAX B HLT ADD M STAX D PUSH H PUSH D JNC L1 MVIE, 01H JMP CSTORE L1: MVIE, 00H CSTORE: LXIH, 3060H MOV A, L ADD C MOV L, A MOV M, E POP H POP D INX B INX D

9. For ten bytes data starting from 1120H, write a program to sort the reading in ascending and in descending order. (Note: For descending, do self)

START: LXI H, 1120H MVI D, 00H MVIC, 0AH MOV A, M L2: INX H CMP M JC L1 MOV B, M MOV M, A DCX H MOV M, B INX H MVI D, 01H L1: DCR C JNZ L2 MOV A, D RRC **JC START** HLT

- 10. A set of ten readings is stored in memory location starting at 1160H. The readings are expected to be positive (<127). WAP to
  - Check each reading to determine whether it is positive or negative.
  - Reject all negative readings.
  - Add all positive readings & display sum in Port 1 and carry in Port 2.

MVI B, 00H MVI C, 00H MVI D, 0AH LXI H, 1160H MOV A, M

L2:

RAL

JC NEGLECT

RAR

ADD B

JC L1

MOV B, A

L1: INR D

**NEGLECT:** INX H

DCR D

JNZ L2

MOV A, B

OUT PORT 1

MOV A, D

OUT PORT 2

11. A set of six data bytes is stored starting from memory location 2050H. The set includes some blank spaces (bytes with zero values). WAP to eliminate the blanks from the block.

MVI C, 06H
LXI H, 2050H
LXI B, 2050H
L2: MOV A, M
CPI 00H
JZ L1
STAX B
INX B
L1: INX H
DCR C
JNZ L2
HLT

12. A set of eight data bytes (4 Pairs) are stored in memory locations starting from 1040H. WAP to add two bytes at a time and store the sum in same memory location, sum replacing the first byte and the carry replacing the second byte. If any pair does not generate a carry, the memory location of the second byte should be cleared i.e. store 00H over there.

MVI C, 04H LXIH, 1040H L2: MOV A, M INX H ADD M DCX H MOV M, A INX H MVIM, 00H JNC L1 MVIM, 01H L1: INX H DCR C JNZ L2 HLT

13. WAP to read BCD number stored at memory location 2020H and converts it into binary equivalent and finally stores that binary pattern into memory location 2030H.

[Note: BCD number is the combination from 0 to 9]

MVI C, 0AH LXI H, 2020H MOV A, M ANI F0H RRC RRC RRC RRC RRC MOV B, A MOV A, 00H

L1: ADD B

DCR C JNZ L1 MOV D, A

> MOV A, M ANI 0FH ADD D

STA 2030H

HLT

14. A binary number (Suppose FF: 1111 1111<sub>2</sub>) is stored in memory location 2020H. Convert the number into BCD and store each BCD as two unpacked BCD digits in memory location from 2030H.

LXI SP, 2000H LXI H, 2020H MOV A, M CALL PWRTEN

**HLT** 

PWETEN: LXI H, 2030H

MVI B, 64H CALL BINBCD MOV M, D

INX H

MVI B, 0AH CALL BINBCD MOV M, D

INX H MOV M, A

RET

BINBCD: MVI D, 00H

NEXT: INR D

SUB B JNC NEXT DCR D ADD B RET 15. An 8 bit binary number is stored in memory location 1120H. WAP to store ASCII codes of these binary digits (0 to F) in location 1160H and 1161H.

LXI SP, 2000H CODE: CPI 0AH
LXI H, 1120H JC L1
LXI D, 1160H ADD 07H
MOV A, M L1: ADD 30H
ANI F0H RET

RRC RRC RRC CALL CODE STAX D INX D MOV A, M ANI 0FH CALL CODE

STAX D HLT

16. WAP to convert ASCII at location 1040H to binary and store at location 1050H.

LXI SP, 2000H CODE: CPI 40H

LXI H, 1040H JC L1 LXI D, 1050H SUB 07H MOV A, M L1: SUB 30H

**RET** 

ANI F0H RRC

RRC

RRC

**RRC** 

CALL CODE

STAX D

INX D

MOV A, M

ANI 0FH

CALL CODE

STAX D

17. A set of three packed BCD numbers are stored in memory locations starting at 1150H. The seven segment codes of digits 0 to 9 for a common cathode LED are stored in memory locations starting at 1170H and the output buffer memory is reserved at 1190H. WAP to unpack the BCD number and select an appropriate seven segment code for each digit. The codes should be stored in output buffer memory.

LXI SP, 2999H CODE: PUSH H LXIH, 1150H LXIH, 1170H MVI D, 03H ADD L LXIB, 1190H MOV L, A NEXT: MOV A, M MOV A, M ANI F0H STAX B **RRC** POP H **RRC RET RRC RRC** CALL CODE INX B MOV A, M ANI 0FH CALL CODE INX B INX H DCR D JNZ NEXT HLT

18. A multiplicand is stored in memory location 1150H and a multiplier is stored in location 1151H. WAP to multiply these numbers and store result from 1160H.

8-

MVI B, 08H MVI D, 00H LXIH, 1150H MOV A, M MOV E, A LXIH, 1151H MOV A, M L2: RAR JNC L1 LXIH, 0000H DAD D L1: **XCHG** DAD H **XCHG** DCR B LNZ L2 **HLT** 

19. A set of ten packed BCD numbers is stored in the memory location starting at 1150H. WAP to add these numbers in BCD. If carry is generated save it in register B and adjust it for BCD. The final sum is less than 9999<sub>BCD</sub>.

LXI SP, 2000H LXI H, 1150H MVI C, 0AH XRA A MOV B, A L1: **CALL ADD** INX H DCR C JNZ L1 HLT ADD: ADD M DAA **RNC** MOV D, A MOV A, B ADI 01H DAA MOV B, A MOV A, D **RET** 

20. A dividend is stored in memory location 2020H and a divisor is stored in 2021H. WAP to divide these numbers and store quotient and remainder from 2040H.

MVIC, 00H LXIH, 2021H MOV A, M MOV D, A DCX H MOV B, M L2: MOV A, B SUB D JC L1 MOV B, A INR C JMP L2 L1: MOV L, C MOV H, B **SHLD 2040H** HLT

21. Write a program for 8085 to convert and copy the ten lower case ASCII codes to upper case from memory location 9050H to 90A0H if any, otherwise copy as they are. Assume there are fifty codes in the source memory. [Note: ASCII code for A=65 ... Z=90, a=97 ... z=122]. [2063 Kartik]

LXI H, 9050H LXI D, 90A0H MVI C, 32H

L2: MOV A, M CPI 60H

JC L1

SUI 20H

L1: STAX D

DCR C

JNZ L2

HLT

22. Write a program for 8085 to add ten 16-bit BCD numbers from location 4050H and store 24-bit BCD result at the end of the ten given numbers. [2062 Chaitra]

LXI B, 4050H; Starting location of the 16-bit BCD Numbers

LXI D, 0000H

LXIH, 0000H

MVI A, 00H

L2: LDAXB

ADD L

INX B

LDAX B

ADC H

JNC L1

INR E

L1: INX B

MOV A, C

CPI 0AH

JC L2

MOV A, L

STAX B

INX B

MOV A, H

STAX B

INX B

MOV A, E

STAX B

23. Write an 8085 program to display the BCD digits from 0 to 9 the seven segments as in the following diagram. Use the activating data bits same as the segment number as in figure below. [2059 Shrawan]

 $\begin{array}{c|c}
0 \\
5 \\
6 \\
4 \\
3
\end{array}$ 

LXI SP, 2999H

LXI H, 2050H

MOV M, 3FH

INX H

MOV M, 06H

INX H

MOV M, 5BH

INX H

MOV M, 4FH

INX H

MOV M, 66H

INX H

MOV M, 6DH

INX H

MOV M, 7DH

INX H

MOV M, 07H

INX H

MOV M, 7FH

INX H

MOV M, 6FH

LXI B, 2060H

LDAX B; Where the BCD digit is located

6

ANI F0H

RRC

**RRC** 

**RRC** 

RRC

CALL CODE

OUT PORT 1

LDAX B

ANI 0FH

**CALL CODE** 

OUT PORT 2

**HLT** 

CODE: LXIH, 2050H

ADD L

MOV L, A

MOV A, M

**RET** 

24. Write a program for 8085 to change the bit D<sub>5</sub> of ten numbers stored at address 7600H if the numbers are larger than or equal to 80H. [2061 Ashwin]

LXIH, 7600H MVIC, 0AH

L2: MOV A, M

CPI 80H

JC L1

XRI 20H

MOV M, A

L1: INX H

DCR C

JNZ L2

25. Write a program for 8085 to find the smallest number among ten numbers stored at memory location 4500H. [2060 Bhadra]

LXI H, 4500H

MVI C, 0AH

MOV A, M

L2: INX H

CMP M

JC L1

MOV B, A

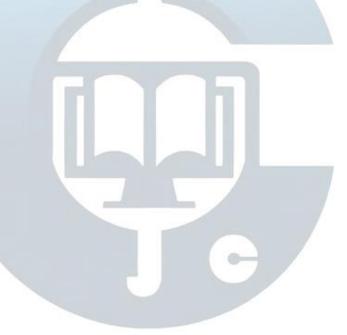
MOV A, M

MOV M, B

L1: DCR C

JNZ L2

**OUT PORT 1** 



26. Someone has damaged a program written at 4050H for 8085 microprocessor. The damaging is done by changing the bit D<sub>7</sub> and bit D<sub>5</sub> of each byte. The size of the program is 100 bytes. Now write a program for 8085 to correct this damaged program. [2060 Chaitra]

> LXIH, 4050H MVI C, 64H

L1: MOV A, M

ANI 80H ; 10000000 B

RRC

RRC

MOV B, A MOV A, M

ANI 20H ; 00100000 B

**RLC** 

**RLC** 

MOV C, A MOV A, M

ANI 5FH ; 01011111 B

ORA B

ORA C

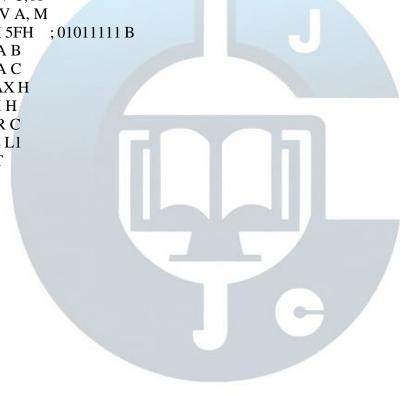
STAX H

INX H

DCR C

JNZ L1





27. The temperature of two furnaces being monitored by a microprocessor based system. A set of readings of the first furnace recorded by thermal sensor is stored at memory locations starting at 4050H. Corresponding readings from the second furnace is stored at the memory location starting at 4070H. Each reading from the first furnace is expected to be higher than the corresponding reading from the second furnace. Among the eight bit data bit D<sub>7</sub> is used to test the validity of the data. Write an 8085 program to compare valid data from the two tables, if data from first table is larger than the corresponding data from the second table store 01H in the corresponding memory of the third location starting at 4090H and display 01H to indicate the normal operation else store FFH in the corresponding memory location and display FFH in the port to indicate the emergency. When emergency condition is reached stop the operation.

[2060 Jestha]

LXI B, 4050H LXI H, 4070H LXI D, 4090H L2: LDAX B CMP M JC L1 JZ L1 MVIA, 01H STAX D **OUT PORT** INX B IND H INX D JMP L2 MVI A, FFH L1: STAX D **OUT PORT** HLT

28. Write a program to transfer eight-bit numbers from 9080H to 9090H if bit D<sub>5</sub> is 1 and D<sub>3</sub> is 0. Otherwise transfer data by changing bit D<sub>2</sub> and D<sub>6</sub> from 1 to 0 or from 0 to 1. Assume there are ten numbers. [2064 Shrawan]

LXI H, 9080H LXI D, 9090H MVI C, 0AH

L2: MOV A, M

ANI 28H

CPI 20H

JZ L1

MOV A, M

XRI 44H

MOV M, A

L1: MOV A, M

STAX D

INX H

INX D

DCR C

JNZ L2

29. There are two tables T1, T2 in memory having ten eight bit data in each. Write a program for 8085 to find the difference of the corresponding element of these two tables. Store the result of each operation on the corresponding element of the third table. Remember that the result should not be negative; it should be |T1 - T2|. [2064 Poush] LXI SP, 2999H LXI H, 5000H ; TABLE T1 LXI D, 6000H ; TABLE T2 MVI C, 0AH ; COUNTER FOR 10 DATA LDAX D L1: MOV B, A MOV A, M CMP B JNC L2 MOV A, B MOV B, M L2: SUB B **PUSH D** MVI D, 70H ; TABLE T3 STAX D POP D INX H INX D DCR C JNZ L1 HLT 30. Write a program for 8085 to transfer data from a table to another if the number of ones in the data is greater than four else store 00 in the next table. [2065 Kartik] LXI H, 5000H ; SOURCE TABLE LXI D, 6000H ; DESTINATION TABLE ST: MVI C, 08H ; NO OF BITS MVIB, 00H ; NO OF 1'S MOV A, M L1: **RLC** JNC L2 INR B L2: DCR C JNZ L1 MOV A, B CPI 04H MVI A, 00H JC L3 JZ L3 MOV A, M L3: STAX D INX H INX D MOV A, E CPI 0AH ; SUPPOSE TABLE FOR 10 DATA

JNZ ST HLT 31. Write an assembly language program to count no. of –ve element in a data block containing 16 bytes of data; store the count at the end of the block if the count is greater than 8 otherwise stores 0. [2065 Chaitra]

