

**MARWADI UNIVERSITY****Faculty of Technology****Information and Communication Technology****SEM: 4****MU FINAL EXAM****May: 2023****Subject: - Operating System-01CT1409****Date:-11/05/2023****Total Marks:-100****Time: -2:00 PM to 5:00 PM****Instructions:**

1. All Questions are Compulsory.
2. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.
3. Figures to the right indicate full marks.
4. Do not write/sign/indication/tick mark anything other than Enroll No. at a specific place on the question paper.

Question 1(a) Answer the following questions.**10**

- 1 What is an operating system?
 - a) interface between the hardware and application programs
 - b) collection of programs that manages hardware resources
 - c) system service provider to the application programs
 - d) all of the mentioned
- 2 Where is the operating system placed in the memory?
 - a) either low or high memory
 - b) in the low memory
 - c) in the high memory
 - d) none of the mentioned
- 3 When a process is in a "Blocked" state waiting for some I/O service. the service is completed, it goes to the _____
 - a) Terminated state
 - b) Suspended state
 - c) Running state
 - d) Ready state
- 4 A deadlock avoidance algorithm dynamically examines the _____ to ensure That a circular wait condition can never exist.
 - a) operating system
 - b) resources
 - c) system storage state
 - d) resource allocation state
- 5 Which one of the following is the address generated by CPU?
 - a) physical address
 - b) absolute address
 - c) logical address
 - d) none of the mentioned
- 6 Run time mapping from virtual to physical address is done by _____
 - a) Memory management unit
 - b) CPU
 - c) PCI
 - d) None of the mentioned
- 7 The address of a page table in memory is pointed by _____

- a) stack pointer
 - b) page table base register
 - c) page register
 - d) program counter
- 8 Operating System maintains the page table for _____
- a) each process
 - b) each thread
 - c) each instruction
 - d) each address
- 9 In segmentation, each address is specified by _____
- a) a segment number & offset
 - b) an offset & value
 - c) a value & segment number
 - d) a key & value
- 10 The base register is also known as the _____
- a) basic register
 - b) regular register
 - c) relocation register
 - d) delocation register

(b) Answer the following questions in one line.**10**

- 1 What is Operating System?
- 2 What is Mutual Exclusion?
- 3 Write the name of Non pre-emptive scheduling algorithm.
- 4 Give classification of memory allocation technique.
- 5 What is semaphore?
- 6 What can be described by resource allocation graph?
- 7 Belady's anomaly may occur in which page replacement algorithm?
- 8 When the allotted time to a process is completed, the process will go from Running State to which state?
- 9 Name two types of semaphore?
- 10 IPC stands for?

Question 2(a) Write different services provided by Operating System. **8****(b)** What is system call? How is it handled by Operating System. **8**
Or**(b)** What is process state? Explain process state transition diagram. **8****Question 3(a)** Explain process control block in detail. **8****(b)** Define : (1) Critical section (2) Interrupt (3) Response Time (4) TLB **4****(c)** What is process? Differentiate process and program. **4**
Or**(a)** Explain thread with its different types. **8****(b)** Differentiate process and thread. **4****(c)** Compare Multiprogramming, Multitasking and Multiprocessing. **4****Question 4(a)** Five batch jobs A to E arrive at same time. They have estimated running times 10, 2, 6, 8, 4 minutes. Their priorities are 3, 2, 5, 4, 1 respectively **with 5 being highest priority**. For each of the following algorithms determine mean process turnaround time. **8**

Ignore process swapping overhead. Round Robin ($q=3$), Priority Scheduling (Non Preemptive), FCFS, SJF.

- (b) Assume arrival order is: P1, P2, P3, P4, P5 at time 0, 1, 2, 3, 4 respectively and a smaller priority number implies a higher priority. Priorities are 3, 2, 0, 1, 4 respectively. They have estimated running times 10, 8, 9, 6, 7 time unit. Draw the Gantt charts for **preemptive and non-preemptive scheduling**. Calculate Average Turnaround Time and Average Waiting Time. Time quantum is 2 time unit. 8

Or

- Question 4(a)** Solve the following example with FCFS, SJF, LJF, SRTF, LRTF, Round Robin cpu scheduling algorithm. Draw Gantt chart and calculate average turnaround time and average waiting time. Time Quantum is 2 time unit. Priorities are respectively 3, 2, 0, 1. Consider smaller priority number as higher priority. 8

Process	Arrival Time	Burst Time
P0	0	10
P1	1	6
P2	3	2
P3	5	4

- (b) Explain dining philosopher problem and its solution using semaphore. 8

- Question 5(a)** What is deadlock? Explain necessary conditions for deadlock occurrence. 6

- (b) Explain mutual exclusion. 6

- (c) What is monitor? Explain it with example. 4

Or

- Question 5(a)** Explain semaphore with its types. 6

- (b) How deadlock can be recovered? 6

- (c) Explain Banker algorithm with example. 4

- Question 6(a)** Find page fault ratio and page hit ratio for the given string using FIFO, LRU, MRU and Optimal page replacement algorithm. 8

FIFO Reference string : 7, 0, 1, 2, 0, 3, 0, 4, 2, 3, 0, 3, 1, 2, 0

LRU Reference string : 1, 2, 3, 4, 1, 2, 5, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5

- (b) Differentiate fixed size partition and dynamic memory allocation. 4

- (c) Explain paging. 4

or

- Question 6(a)** Calculate total cylinder movement for given tracks using FCFS, SSTF and C-LOOK disk arm scheduling algorithm. Consider towards large value. 11, 1, 36, 16, 34, 9 and 12. 8

- (b) Explain segmentation. 4

- (c) Differentiate paging and segmentation. 4

***** Best of Luck *****

– Bloom's Taxonomy Report –

Sub: Operating System**Sem.4****Branch: Information and Communication Technology****Que. Paper weightage as per Bloom's Taxonomy**

LEVEL	% of weightage	Question No.	Marks of Que.
Remember/Knowledge	20%	1	20
Understand	32%	2,3	32
Apply			
Analyze	16%	4	16
Evaluate	16%	5	16
Higher order Thinking/ Creative	16%	6	16

Chart/Graph of Bloom's Taxonomy