





## Performance

Metrics			=
First Contentful Paint	0.8 s	Time to Interactive	0.8 s
Speed Index	0.8 s	Total Blocking Time	0 ms
Largest Contentful Paint	0.8 s	Cumulative Layout Shift	0.011

Values are estimated and may vary. The performance score is calculated directly from these metrics. See calculator.

## View Original Trace

Eliminate render-blocking resources



Opportunities — These suggestions can help your page load faster. They don't directly affect the Performance score.

Opportunity **Estimated Savings** 

0.24 s ^

Resources are blocking the first paint of your page. Consider delivering critical JS/CSS inline and deferring all non-critical JS/styles. Learn more.

Show 3rd-party resources (4)

URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
css/bootstrap.min.css (cdnjs.cloudflare.com)	17.5 KiB	310 ms
/jquery-3.5.1.slim.min.js (code.jquery.com)	24.3 KiB	340 ms

URL	Transfer Size	Potentia Savings
js/bootstrap.bundle.min.js (cdn.jsdelivr.net)	37.4 KiB	360 ms
css/all.css (use.fontawesome.com)	13.4 KiB	300 ms
Remove unused JavaScript		Error! ^
Remove unused JavaScript to reduce bytes consumed by network activity. Learn more	<u>e</u> .	
Remove duplicate modules in JavaScript bundles		Error! ^
Remove large, duplicate JavaScript modules from bundles to reduce unnecessary byt	tes consumed by network ac	ctivity.
Avoid serving legacy JavaScript to modern browsers		Error! ^
modern browsers. For your bundled JavaScript, adopt a modern script deployment str detection to reduce the amount of code shipped to modern browsers, while retaining s <a href="More">More</a>		
annostics — More information and if the performance of Vollication I have nilmn	crs don't directly anest the	
erformance score.		
	e loading. <u>Learn more</u> .	^
Ensure text remains visible during webfont load	e loading. <u>Learn more</u> . ✓ <del>Show 3rd-party r</del>	·
Ensure text remains visible during webfont load		·
Ensure text remains visible during webfont load  Leverage the font-display CSS feature to ensure text is user-visible while webfonts are		esources (2) Potentia
Ensure text remains visible during webfont load  Leverage the font-display CSS feature to ensure text is user-visible while webfonts are  URL		e <del>sources</del> (2) Potentia Savings
Ensure text remains visible during webfont load  Leverage the font-display CSS feature to ensure text is user-visible while webfonts are  URL webfonts/fa-solid-900.woff2 (use.fontawesome.com)		esources (2) Potentia Savings 80 ms
Ensure text remains visible during webfont load  Leverage the font-display CSS feature to ensure text is user-visible while webfonts are  URL webfonts/fa-solid-900.woff2 (use.fontawesome.com) webfonts/fa-brands-400.woff2 (use.fontawesome.com)	Show 3rd-party r	Potentia Savings 80 ms 90 ms
Ensure text remains visible during webfont load  Leverage the font-display CSS feature to ensure text is user-visible while webfonts are  URL webfonts/fa-solid-900.woff2 (use.fontawesome.com) webfonts/fa-brands-400.woff2 (use.fontawesome.com)  Avoid chaining critical requests — 6 chains found  The Critical Request Chains below show you what resources are loaded with a high prochains, reducing the download size of resources, or deferring the download of unneces	Show 3rd-party r	Potentia Savings 80 ms 90 ms
Ensure text remains visible during webfont load  Leverage the font-display CSS feature to ensure text is user-visible while webfonts are  URL webfonts/fa-solid-900.woff2 (use.fontawesome.com) webfonts/fa-brands-400.woff2 (use.fontawesome.com)  Avoid chaining critical requests — 6 chains found  The Critical Request Chains below show you what resources are loaded with a high prochains, reducing the download size of resources, or deferring the download of unnecestern more.	Show 3rd-party r	Potentia Savings 80 ms 90 ms
Ensure text remains visible during webfont load  Leverage the font-display CSS feature to ensure text is user-visible while webfonts are  URL webfonts/fa-solid-900.woff2 (use.fontawesome.com) webfonts/fa-brands-400.woff2 (use.fontawesome.com)  Avoid chaining critical requests — 6 chains found  The Critical Request Chains below show you what resources are loaded with a high prochains, reducing the download size of resources, or deferring the download of unnecest Learn more.  Maximum critical path latency: 510 ms	Show 3rd-party r	Potentia Savings 80 ms 90 ms
Ensure text remains visible during webfont load  Leverage the font-display CSS feature to ensure text is user-visible while webfonts are  URL webfonts/fa-solid-900.woff2 (use.fontawesome.com) webfonts/fa-brands-400.woff2 (use.fontawesome.com)  Avoid chaining critical requests — 6 chains found  The Critical Request Chains below show you what resources are loaded with a high prochains, reducing the download size of resources, or deferring the download of unnecestern more.  Maximum critical path latency: 510 ms  Initial Navigation	Show 3rd-party r	Potentia Savings 80 ms 90 ms
URL webfonts/fa-solid-900.woff2 (use.fontawesome.com) webfonts/fa-brands-400.woff2 (use.fontawesome.com)  Avoid chaining critical requests — 6 chains found  The Critical Request Chains below show you what resources are loaded with a high prochains, reducing the download size of resources, or deferring the download of unnecest Learn more.  Maximum critical path latency: 510 ms  Initial Navigation  /about.html (8000-d272d922-26dd-4345-94d5-490d13a8d64e.ws-eu01.gitpod.io)	Show 3rd-party r	Potentia Savings 80 ms 90 ms

...css/all.css (use.fontawesome.com)

...webfonts/fa-solid-900.woff2 (use.fontawesome.com) - 80 ms, 77.62 KiB

...webfonts/fa-brands-400.woff2 (use.fontawesome.com) - 90 ms, 72.6 KiB

...css/style.css (8000-d272d922-26dd-4345-94d5-490d13a8d64e.ws-eu01.gitpod.io)

/css2?family=Mulish:ital,wght@0,400;0,500;1,300&display=swap (fonts.googleapis.com)

...v1/1Ptvg83HX....woff2 (fonts.gstatic.com) - 30 ms, 24.36 KiB

Keep request counts low and transfer sizes small — 12 requests • 280 KiB

To set budgets for the quantity and size of page resources, add a budget.json file. Learn more.

Resource Type	Requests	Transfer Size
Total	12	279.9 KiB
Font	3	174.6 KiB
Script	3	62.6 KiB
Stylesheet	4	38.9 KiB
Document	2	3.9 KiB
Image	0	0 KiB
Media	0	0 KiB
Other	0	0 KiB
Third-party	10	269.7 KiB

Largest Contentful Paint element — 1 element found

This is the largest contentful element painted within the viewport. <u>Learn More</u>

Element

р

Avoid large layout shifts — 5 elements found

These DOM elements contribute most to the CLS of the page.

Element	CLS Contribution
div#work-section.col-md-12	0.007
li	0.001
li	0.001
li	0.001
h4.timeline-heading	0

Lists the longest tasks on the main thread, useful for identifying worst contributors to input delay. <u>Learn more</u>

	Show 3rd-party re	0001000 (1
JRL	Start Time	Duratio
/about.html (8000-d272d922-26dd-4345-94d5-490d13a8d64e.ws-eu01.gitpod.io)	291 ms	62 m
/jquery-3.5.1.slim.min.js (code.jquery.com)	651 ms	53 m
ed audits (25)		
Properly size images		
Serve images that are appropriately-sized to save cellular data and improve load time. <u>Lea</u>	<u>rn more</u> .	
Defer offscreen images		
Consider lazy-loading offscreen and hidden images after all critical resources have finished nteractive. <u>Learn more</u> .	d loading to lower time to	)
Minify CSS — Potential savings of 3 KiB		
Minifying CSS files can reduce network payload sizes. <u>Learn more</u> .		
	Show 3rd-party re	sources ((
JRL	Transfer Size	Poteni Savin
	0120	
css/style.css (8000-d272d922-26dd-4345-94d5-490d13a8d64e.ws-eu01.gitpod.io)	7.4 KiB	
css/style.css (8000-d272d922-26dd-4345-94d5-490d13a8d64e.ws-eu01.gitpod.io)  Minify JavaScript		
Minify JavaScript		
Minify JavaScript  Minifying JavaScript files can reduce payload sizes and script parse time. Learn more.  Remove unused CSS — Potential savings of 30 KiB  Remove dead rules from stylesheets and defer the loading of CSS not used for above-the-	7.4 KiB	
Minify JavaScript  Minifying JavaScript files can reduce payload sizes and script parse time. Learn more.  Remove unused CSS — Potential savings of 30 KiB	7.4 KiB	
Minify JavaScript  Minifying JavaScript files can reduce payload sizes and script parse time. Learn more.  Remove unused CSS — Potential savings of 30 KiB  Remove dead rules from stylesheets and defer the loading of CSS not used for above-the-	7.4 KiB	2.9 Ki
Minify JavaScript  Minifying JavaScript files can reduce payload sizes and script parse time. Learn more.  Remove unused CSS — Potential savings of 30 KiB  Remove dead rules from stylesheets and defer the loading of CSS not used for above-the-	7.4 KiB	2.9 Ki sources (2
Minify JavaScript  Minifying JavaScript files can reduce payload sizes and script parse time. Learn more.  Remove unused CSS — Potential savings of 30 KiB  Remove dead rules from stylesheets and defer the loading of CSS not used for above-the-unnecessary bytes consumed by network activity. Learn more.	7.4 KiB  fold content to reduce  Show 3rd-party red  Transfer	2.9 Ki Sources (2 Potent Savin
Minify JavaScript  Minifying JavaScript files can reduce payload sizes and script parse time. Learn more.  Remove unused CSS — Potential savings of 30 KiB  Remove dead rules from stylesheets and defer the loading of CSS not used for above-the-unnecessary bytes consumed by network activity. Learn more.	7.4 KiB  fold content to reduce  Show 3rd-party red  Transfer Size	2.9 Ki Sources (2 Potent Savin 16.9 Ki
Minify JavaScript  Minifying JavaScript files can reduce payload sizes and script parse time. Learn more.  Remove unused CSS — Potential savings of 30 KiB  Remove dead rules from stylesheets and defer the loading of CSS not used for above-the-unnecessary bytes consumed by network activity. Learn more.  URL css/bootstrap.min.css (cdnjs.cloudflare.com)	7.4 KiB  fold content to reduce  Show 3rd-party red  Transfer Size  17.5 KiB	2.9 Ki

Image formats like JPEG 2000, JPEG XR, and WebP often provide better compression than PNG or JPEG, which means faster downloads and less data consumption. <u>Learn more</u>.

#### Enable text compression

Text-based resources should be served with compression (gzip, deflate or brotli) to minimize total network bytes. <u>Learn more</u>.

#### Preconnect to required origins

Consider adding `preconnect` or `dns-prefetch` resource hints to establish early connections to important third-party origins. Learn more.

## Initial server response time was short — Root document took 110 ms

Keep the server response time for the main document short because all other requests depend on it. Learn more.

#### Avoid multiple page redirects

Redirects introduce additional delays before the page can be loaded. Learn more.

#### Preload key requests

Consider using `k rel=preload>` to prioritize fetching resources that are currently requested later in page load. <u>Learn more</u>.

#### Use HTTP/2

HTTP/2 offers many benefits over HTTP/1.1, including binary headers, multiplexing, and server push. Learn more.

#### Use video formats for animated content

Large GIFs are inefficient for delivering animated content. Consider using MPEG4/WebM videos for animations and PNG/WebP for static images instead of GIF to save network bytes. <u>Learn more</u>

#### Avoids enormous network payloads — Total size was 280 KiB

Large network payloads cost users real money and are highly correlated with long load times. Learn more.

Show 3rd-party resources (7)

URL	Transfer Size
webfonts/fa-solid-900.woff2 (use.fontawesome.com)	77.6 KiB
webfonts/fa-brands-400.woff2 (use.fontawesome.com)	72.6 KiB
js/bootstrap.bundle.min.js (cdn.jsdelivr.net)	37.4 KiB
v1/1Ptvg83HXwoff2 (fonts.gstatic.com)	24.4 KiB
/jquery-3.5.1.slim.min.js (code.jquery.com)	24.3 KiB
css/bootstrap.min.css (cdnjs.cloudflare.com)	17.5 KiB
css/all.css (use.fontawesome.com)	13.4 KiB
css/style.css (8000-d272d922-26dd-4345-94d5-490d13a8d64e.ws-eu01.gitpod.io)	7.4 KiB

URL				Transfer Size
/about.html (8000-d272d922-26dd-4345-9	4d5-490d13a8d64e.ws-eu01.gitpod.io)			2.8 KiB
chrome-extension://efaidnbmnnnibpcajpc	cglclefindmkaj/data/js/extn-utils.htm	ml		1 KiB
Uses efficient cache policy on static asse	ets — 1 resource found			^
A long cache lifetime can speed up repea	at visits to your page. <u>Learn more</u> .			
			Show 3rd-party	resources (0)
URL			Cache TTL	Transfer Size
css/style.css (8000-d272d922-26dd-434	45-94d5-490d13a8d64e.ws-eu01.gitpod.io	)	None	7 KiB
Avoids an excessive DOM size — 115 e	elements			^
A large DOM will increase memory usage	e, cause longer <u>style calculations</u> , and	produce costl	y <u>layout reflows</u> . <u>Le</u>	arn more.
Statistic	Element			Value
Total DOM Elements				115
Maximum DOM Depth	<i class="fa fa-phone"></i>			12
Maximum Child Elements	<pre><div class="timeline-it&lt;/pre&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;ems"></div></pre>		9	
User Timing marks and measures				^
Consider instrumenting your app with the experiences. <u>Learn more</u> .	User Timing API to measure your app	p's real-world <sub>l</sub>	performance during	key user
JavaScript execution time — 0.0 s				^
Consider reducing the time spent parsing with this. <u>Learn more</u> .	ງ, compiling, and executing JS. You ma	ay find deliveri	ing smaller JS paylo	ads helps
			Show 3rd-party	resources (0)
URL		Total CPU Time	Script Evaluation	Script Parse
/about.html (8000-d272d922-26dd-4345-94	4d5-490d13a8d64e.ws-eu01.gitpod.io)	198 ms	36 ms	9 ms
Unattributable		120 ms	2 ms	0 ms
Minimizes main-thread work — 0.5 s				^
Consider reducing the time spent parsing with this. <u>Learn more</u>	g, compiling and executing JS. You ma	y find deliverir	ng smaller JS paylo	ads helps
Category				Time Spen
Other				166 ms

Category	Time Spent
Script Evaluation	121 ms
Style & Layout	81 ms
Parse HTML & CSS	35 ms
Rendering	32 ms
Script Parsing & Compilation	19 ms
Minimize third-party usage — Third-party code blocked the main thread for 0 ms	^

Third-party code can significantly impact load performance. Limit the number of redundant third-party providers and try to load third-party code after your page has primarily finished loading. <u>Learn more</u>.

Third-Party	Transfer Size	Main-Thread Blocking Time			
FontAwesome CDN	164 KiB	0 ms			
JSDelivr CDN	37 KiB	0 ms			
Google Fonts	25 KiB	0 ms			
jQuery CDN	24 KiB	0 ms			
Cloudflare CDN	17 KiB	0 ms			
Uses passive listeners to improve scrolling p	performance	^			
Consider marking your touch and wheel event listeners as `passive` to improve your page's scroll performance. <u>Learn more</u> .					
Avoids document.write()		^			
For users on slow connections, external scripts dynamically injected via `document.write()` can delay page load by tens of seconds. Learn more.					
Avoid non-composited animations		^			
Animations which are not composited can b	e janky and contribute to CLS. <u>Learn more</u>				
Image elements have explicit width and height	ght	^			
Set an explicit width and height on image ele	ements to reduce layout shifts and improve	e CLS. <u>Learn more</u>			



These checks highlight opportunities to <u>improve the accessibility of your</u> <u>web app</u>. Only a subset of accessibility issues can be automatically

detected so manual testing is also encouraged.

**Navigation** — These are opportunities to improve keyboard navigation in your application.

	Heading elements are not in a sequentially-descending order	^		
	Properly ordered headings that do not skip levels convey the semantic structure of the page, making it easier to navigate and understand when using assistive technologies. <u>Learn more</u> .			
	Failing Elements			
	h6			
	h6			
	mes and labels — These are opportunities to improve the semantics of the controls in your application. This may enhance experience for users of assistive technology, like a screen reader.			
<u> </u>	Links do not have a discernible name	^		
	Link text (and alternate text for images, when used as links) that is discernible, unique, and focusable improves the navigation experience for screen reader users. <u>Learn more</u> .			
	Failing Elements			
	a			
	a			
	a			
	a			
	a			
	ditional items to manually check (10) — These items address areas which an automated testing tool cannot cover. Learn re in our guide on conducting an accessibility review.	^		
	The page has a logical tab order	^		
	Tabbing through the page follows the visual layout. Users cannot focus elements that are offscreen. <u>Learn more</u> .			
	Interactive controls are keyboard focusable	^		
	Custom interactive controls are keyboard focusable and display a focus indicator. <u>Learn more</u> .			
	Interactive elements indicate their purpose and state	^		
	Interactive elements, such as links and buttons, should indicate their state and be distinguishable from non-interactive elements. <u>Learn more</u> .			
	The user's focus is directed to new content added to the page	^		

If new content, such as a dialog, is added to the page, the user's focus is directed to it. Learn more.

	User focus is not accidentally trapped in a region	^
	A user can tab into and out of any control or region without accidentally trapping their focus. <u>Learn more</u> .	
	Custom controls have associated labels	^
	Custom interactive controls have associated labels, provided by aria-label or aria-labelledby. <u>Learn more</u> .	
	Custom controls have ARIA roles	^
	Custom interactive controls have appropriate ARIA roles. <u>Learn more</u> .	
	Visual order on the page follows DOM order	^
	DOM order matches the visual order, improving navigation for assistive technology. <u>Learn more</u> .	
	Offscreen content is hidden from assistive technology	^
	Offscreen content is hidden with display: none or aria-hidden=true. <u>Learn more</u> .	
	HTML5 landmark elements are used to improve navigation	^
	Landmark elements ( <main>, <nav>, etc.) are used to improve the keyboard navigation of the page for assistive technology <a href="Learn more"><u>Learn more</u></a>.</nav></main>	'-
Pas	ssed audits (10)	^
	[aria-hidden="true"] is not present on the document <body></body>	^
	Assistive technologies, like screen readers, work inconsistently when `aria-hidden="true"` is set on the document ` <body>`. <a href="Learn more"><u>Learn more</u></a>.</body>	
	The page contains a heading, skip link, or landmark region	^
	Adding ways to bypass repetitive content lets keyboard users navigate the page more efficiently. <u>Learn more</u> .	
	Background and foreground colors have a sufficient contrast ratio	^
	Low-contrast text is difficult or impossible for many users to read. <u>Learn more</u> .	
	Document has a <title> element&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;^&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;th&gt;&lt;/th&gt;&lt;td&gt;The title gives screen reader users an overview of the page, and search engine users rely on it heavily to determine if a page is relevant to their search. &lt;u&gt;Learn more&lt;/u&gt;.&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;je&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;th&gt;&lt;/th&gt;&lt;td&gt;ARIA IDs are unique&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;^&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;th&gt;&lt;/th&gt;&lt;td&gt;The value of an ARIA ID must be unique to prevent other instances from being overlooked by assistive technologies. &lt;u&gt;Learn more&lt;/u&gt;.&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;th&gt;&lt;/th&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;html&gt; element has a [lang] attribute&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;^&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;th&gt;&lt;/th&gt;&lt;td&gt;If a page doesn't specify a lang attribute, a screen reader assumes that the page is in the default language that the user chose when setting up the screen reader. If the page isn't actually in the default language, then the screen reader might not announce the page's text correctly. &lt;u&gt;Learn more&lt;/u&gt;.&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;/tbody&gt;&lt;/table&gt;</title>	

<html> element has a valid value for its [lang] attribute Specifying a valid BCP 47 language helps screen readers announce text properly. Learn more. Lists contain only elements and script supporting elements (<script> and <template>). Screen readers have a specific way of announcing lists. Ensuring proper list structure aids screen reader output. Learn more. List items () are contained within or parent elements Screen readers require list items ('') to be contained within a parent '' or '' to be announced properly. Learn more. [user-scalable="no"] is not used in the <meta name="viewport"> element and the [maximum-scale] attribute is not less than 5. Disabling zooming is problematic for users with low vision who rely on screen magnification to properly see the contents of a web page. Learn more. Not applicable (29) [accesskey] values are unique Access keys let users quickly focus a part of the page. For proper navigation, each access key must be unique. Learn more. [aria-\*] attributes match their roles Each ARIA 'role' supports a specific subset of 'aria-\*' attributes. Mismatching these invalidates the 'aria-\*' attributes. Learn more. [aria-hidden="true"] elements do not contain focusable descendents Focusable descendents within an `[aria-hidden="true"]` element prevent those interactive elements from being available to users of assistive technologies like screen readers. Learn more. ARIA input fields have accessible names When an input field doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more [role]s have all required [aria-\*] attributes Some ARIA roles have required attributes that describe the state of the element to screen readers. Learn more. Elements with an ARIA [role] that require children to contain a specific [role] have all required children. Some ARIA parent roles must contain specific child roles to perform their intended accessibility functions. Learn more. [role]s are contained by their required parent element Some ARIA child roles must be contained by specific parent roles to properly perform their intended accessibility functions. Learn more. [role] values are valid

ARIA roles must have valid values in order to perform their intended accessibility functions. Learn more ARIA toggle fields have accessible names When a toggle field doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more. [aria-\*] attributes have valid values Assistive technologies, like screen readers, can't interpret ARIA attributes with invalid values. Learn more. [aria-\*] attributes are valid and not misspelled Assistive technologies, like screen readers, can't interpret ARIA attributes with invalid names. Learn more. Buttons have an accessible name When a button doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it as "button", making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more. <dl>'s contain only properly-ordered <dt> and <dd> groups, <script>, <template> or <div> elements. When definition lists are not properly marked up, screen readers may produce confusing or inaccurate output. Learn more. Definition list items are wrapped in <dl> elements Definition list items ('<dt>' and '<dd>') must be wrapped in a parent '<dl>' element to ensure that screen readers can properly announce them. Learn more. [id] attributes on active, focusable elements are unique All focusable elements must have a unique `id` to ensure that they're visible to assistive technologies. Learn more. No form fields have multiple labels Form fields with multiple labels can be confusingly announced by assistive technologies like screen readers which use either the first, the last, or all of the labels. Learn more. <frame> or <iframe> elements have a title Screen reader users rely on frame titles to describe the contents of frames. Learn more. Image elements have [alt] attributes Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternate text. Decorative elements can be ignored with an empty alt attribute. Learn more. <input type="image"> elements have [alt] text When an image is being used as an `<input>` button, providing alternative text can help screen reader users understand the purpose of the button. Learn more. Form elements have associated labels Labels ensure that form controls are announced properly by assistive technologies, like screen readers. Learn more.

Presentational elements avoid using , <caption> or the [summary] attribute.

A table being used for layout purposes should not include data elements, such as the thor caption elements or the summary attribute, because this can create a confusing experience for screen reader users. <u>Learn more</u>.

The document does not use <meta http-equiv="refresh">

Users do not expect a page to refresh automatically, and doing so will move focus back to the top of the page. This may create a frustrating or confusing experience. <u>Learn more</u>.

<object> elements have [alt] text

Screen readers cannot translate non-text content. Adding alt text to `<object>` elements helps screen readers convey meaning to users. <u>Learn more</u>.

No element has a [tabindex] value greater than 0

A value greater than 0 implies an explicit navigation ordering. Although technically valid, this often creates frustrating experiences for users who rely on assistive technologies. <u>Learn more</u>.

Cells in a element that use the [headers] attribute refer to table cells within the same table.

Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring `` cells using the `[headers]` attribute only refer to other cells in the same table may improve the experience for screen reader users. <u>Learn more</u>.

elements and elements with [role="columnheader"/"rowheader"] have data cells they describe.

Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring table headers always refer to some set of cells may improve the experience for screen reader users. <u>Learn more</u>.

[lang] attributes have a valid value

Specifying a valid <u>BCP 47 language</u> on elements helps ensure that text is pronounced correctly by a screen reader. <u>Learn more</u>.

<video> elements contain a <track> element with [kind="captions"]

When a video provides a caption it is easier for deaf and hearing impaired users to access its information. Learn more.

<video> elements contain a <track> element with [kind="description"]

Audio descriptions provide relevant information for videos that dialogue cannot, such as facial expressions and scenes. <u>Learn more</u>.



## **Best Practices**

#### **Trust and Safety**

 $\blacksquare$ 

Links to cross-origin destinations are unsafe

Learn more.

	Failing Anchors	
	a	
	a	
	a	
	a	
	a	
Pas	ssed audits (14)	g servedover HTTPS. HTTPS prevents is between your app and your users, and is a cut context. Consider tying the request to a user is without context. Consider tying the request to easily identified and exploited by attackers.
	Uses HTTPS	^
	All sites should be protected with HTTPS, even ones that don't handle sensitive data. This includes avoiding <u>mixed content</u> , where some resources are loaded over HTTP despite the initial request being servedover HTTPS. HTTPS prevents intruders from tampering with or passively listening in on the communications between your app and your users, and is a prerequisite for HTTP/2 and many new web platform APIs. <u>Learn more</u> .	1
	Avoids requesting the geolocation permission on page load	^
	Users are mistrustful of or confused by sites that request their location without context. Consider tying the request to a user action instead. <u>Learn more</u> .	
	Avoids requesting the notification permission on page load	^
	Users are mistrustful of or confused by sites that request to send notifications without context. Consider tying the request to user gestures instead. <u>Learn more</u> .	
	Avoids front-end JavaScript libraries with known security vulnerabilities	^
	Some third-party scripts may contain known security vulnerabilities that are easily identified and exploited by attackers. <u>Learn more</u> .	
	Allows users to paste into password fields	^
	Preventing password pasting undermines good security policy. <u>Learn more</u> .	
	Displays images with correct aspect ratio	^
	Image display dimensions should match natural aspect ratio. <u>Learn more</u> .	
	Serves images with appropriate resolution	^
	Image natural dimensions should be proportional to the display size and the pixel ratio to maximize image clarity. <u>Learn</u> <u>more</u> .	
	Page has the HTML doctype	^
	Specifying a doctype prevents the browser from switching to quirks-mode. <u>Learn more</u> .	

Add `rel="noopener"` or `rel="noreferrer"` to any external links to improve performance and prevent security vulnerabilities.

Properly defines charset		
A character encoding declaration is requ	uired. It can be done with a <meta/> tag in the first 1024 bytes of the	he HTML or in the
Content-Type HTTP response header. L	<u>_earn more</u> .	
Avoids unload event listeners		
The `unload` event does not fire reliably	and listening for it can prevent browser optimizations like the Bac	ck-Forward Cache.
Consider using the `pagehide` or `visibil	litychange` events instead. <u>Learn More</u>	
Avoids Application Cache		
Application Cache is deprecated. <u>Learn</u>	more.	
Detected JavaScript libraries		
All front-end JavaScript libraries detecte	ed on the page. <u>Learn more</u> .	
Name	Version	
Bootstrap	4.5.3	
jQuery	3.5.1	
Avoids deprecated APIs		
Deprecated APIs will eventually be remo	oved from the browser. <u>Learn more</u> .	
No browser errors logged to the console	€	
Errors logged to the console indicate un	nresolved problems. They can come from network request failures	and other browser



#### SEO

These checks ensure that your page is optimized for search engine results ranking. There are additional factors Lighthouse does not check that may affect your search ranking. <u>Learn more</u>.

**Additional items to manually check (1)** — Run these additional validators on your site to check additional SEO best practices.

Structured data is valid

Run the <u>Structured Data Testing Tool</u> and the <u>Structured Data Linter</u> to validate structured data. <u>Learn more</u>.

Pa	assed audits (9)	^
	Has a <meta name="viewport"/> tag with width or initial-scale	^
	Add a ` <meta name="viewport"/> ` tag to optimize your app for mobile screens. <u>Learn more</u> .	
	Document has a <title> element&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;^&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;The title gives screen reader users an overview of the page, and search engine users rely on it heavily to determine if a page is relevant to their search. &lt;u&gt;Learn more&lt;/u&gt;.&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;je&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;Document has a meta description&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;^&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;Meta descriptions may be included in search results to concisely summarize page content. &lt;u&gt;Learn more&lt;/u&gt;.&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;Page has successful HTTP status code&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;^&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;Pages with unsuccessful HTTP status codes may not be indexed properly. Learn more.&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;Links have descriptive text&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;^&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;Descriptive link text helps search engines understand your content. &lt;u&gt;Learn more&lt;/u&gt;.&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;Links are crawlable&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;^&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;Search engines may use `href` attributes on links to crawl websites. Ensure that the `href` attribute of anchor elements links to an appropriate destination, so more pages of the site can be discovered. Learn More&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;Page isn't blocked from indexing&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;^&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;Search engines are unable to include your pages in search results if they don't have permission to crawl them. Learn more.&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;Document has a valid hreflang&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;^&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;hreflang links tell search engines what version of a page they should list in search results for a given language or region.  &lt;u&gt;Learn more&lt;/u&gt;.&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;Document avoids plugins&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;^&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;Search engines can't index plugin content, and many devices restrict plugins or don't support them. &lt;u&gt;Learn more&lt;/u&gt;.&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;No&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;ot applicable (5)&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;^&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;robots.txt is valid&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;^&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;If your robots.txt file is malformed, crawlers may not be able to understand how you want your website to be crawled or indexed. &lt;u&gt;Learn more&lt;/u&gt;.&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;Image elements have [alt] attributes&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;^&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternate text. Decorative elements can be ignored with an empty alt attribute. &lt;u&gt;Learn more&lt;/u&gt;.&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;Document has a valid rel=canonical&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;^&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;/tbody&gt;&lt;/table&gt;</title>	

Canonical links suggest which URL to show in search results. Learn more.

Document uses legible font sizes

Font sizes less than 12px are too small to be legible and require mobile visitors to "pinch to zoom" in order to read. Strive to have >60% of page text ≥12px. <u>Learn more</u>.

Tap targets are sized appropriately

Interactive elements like buttons and links should be large enough (48x48px), and have enough space around them, to be easy enough to tap without overlapping onto other elements. <u>Learn more</u>.



# Progressive Web App

These checks validate the aspects of a Progressive Web App. Learn more.

#### Fast and reliable

Page load is fast enough on mobile networks

A fast page load over a cellular network ensures a good mobile user experience. Learn more.

▲ Current page does not respond with a 200 when offline

If you're building a Progressive Web App, consider using a service worker so that your app can work offline. Learn more.

start\_url does not respond with a 200 when offline No usable web app manifest found on page.

A service worker enables your web app to be reliable in unpredictable network conditions. Learn more.

#### Installable

**Uses HTTPS** 

All sites should be protected with HTTPS, even ones that don't handle sensitive data. This includes avoiding <u>mixed content</u>, where some resources are loaded over HTTP despite the initial request being servedover HTTPS. HTTPS prevents intruders from tampering with or passively listening in on the communications between your app and your users, and is a prerequisite for HTTP/2 and many new web platform APIs. <u>Learn more</u>.

▲ Does not register a service worker that controls page and start\_url

The service worker is the technology that enables your app to use many Progressive Web App features, such as offline, add to homescreen, and push notifications. <u>Learn more</u>.

▲ Web app manifest does not meet the installability requirements Failures: No manifest was fetched.

Browsers can proactively prompt users to add your app to their homescreen, which can lead to higher engagement. <u>Learn</u> more.

# **PWA Optimized** Redirects HTTP traffic to HTTPS If you've already set up HTTPS, make sure that you redirect all HTTP traffic to HTTPS in order to enable secure web features for all your users. Learn more. Is not configured for a custom splash screen Failures: No manifest was fetched. A themed splash screen ensures a high-quality experience when users launch your app from their homescreens. Learn more. Does not set a theme color for the address bar. Failures: No manifest was fetched, No `<meta name="theme-color">` tag found. The browser address bar can be themed to match your site. Learn more. Content is sized correctly for the viewport If the width of your app's content doesn't match the width of the viewport, your app might not be optimized for mobile screens. Learn more. Has a <meta name="viewport"> tag with width or initial-scale Add a `<meta name="viewport">` tag to optimize your app for mobile screens. Learn more. Contains some content when JavaScript is not available Your app should display some content when JavaScript is disabled, even if it's just a warning to the user that JavaScript is required to use the app. Learn more. Does not provide a valid apple-touch-icon For ideal appearance on iOS when users add a progressive web app to the home screen, define an 'apple-touch-icon'. It must point to a non-transparent 192px (or 180px) square PNG. Learn More. Manifest doesn't have a maskable icon No manifest was fetched A maskable icon ensures that the image fills the entire shape without being letterboxed when installing the app on a device. Learn more. Additional items to manually check (3) — These checks are required by the baseline PWA Checklist but are not automatically checked by Lighthouse. They do not affect your score but it's important that you verify them manually. Site works cross-browser To reach the most number of users, sites should work across every major browser. Learn more. Page transitions don't feel like they block on the network

Transitions should feel snappy as you tap around, even on a slow network. This experience is key to a user's perception of performance. <u>Learn more</u>.

Each page has a URL

Ensure individual pages are deep linkable via URL and that URLs are unique for the purpose of shareability on social media. <u>Learn more</u>.

Runtime Settings

URL https://8000-d272d922-26dd-4345-94d5-490d13a8d64e.ws-

eu01.gitpod.io/about.html

**Fetch Time** Nov 18, 2020, 9:21 PM GMT

**Device** Emulated Desktop

**Network throttling** 40 ms TCP RTT, 10,240 Kbps throughput (Simulated)

CPU throttling 1x slowdown (Simulated)

Channel devtools

User agent (host) Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like

Gecko) Chrome/86.0.4240.198 Safari/537.36

User agent (network) Mozilla/5.0 (Macintosh; Intel Mac OS X 10\_14\_6) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML,

like Gecko) Chrome/84.0.4143.7 Safari/537.36 Chrome-Lighthouse

CPU/Memory Power 926

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