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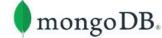




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Legacy Relational to Modern NoSQL in Three Steps

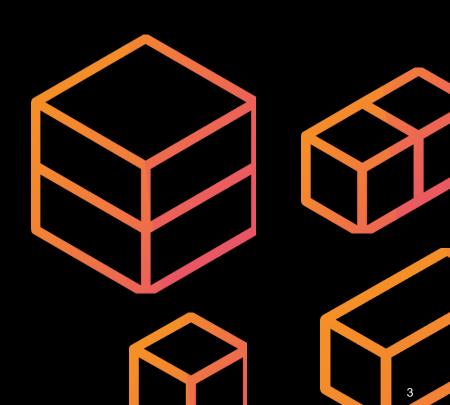
Presented by Matthew D. Groves



Are These Your Goals?

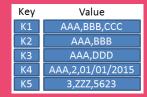


- Identify a use case that can benefit from a modern database
- Get some/all of data on to a modern database
- Switch your application / Build a new application
- Optimize your data model / access

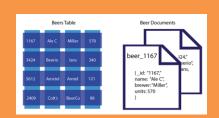


Couchbase: The Modern NoSQL Database





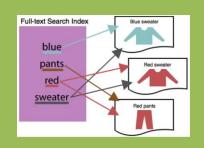
Key-Value Store



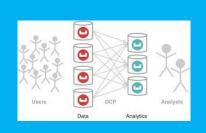
Document Database



Edge Database



Search Engine



Analytics HTAP/HOAP

No ETL, SQL++, MPP

Workload Isolation

UC: Real-time Insights, Fraud detection, AI, Recommendation engines

Compare with: MemSQL, CockroachDB, Hana

Sub-millisecond performance

Simplicity & Scalability

UC: Caching, Cart, IOT, User Profiles & Sessions

Compare with: Redis, Elasticache, Aerospike Flexible JSON schema maps to RDBMS

SQL++ is SQL for JSON

UC: Content Management, Catalog, Metadata, Customer 360

Compare with: DynamoDB, MongoDB, CosmosDB Cloud to Edge Sync

Peer to Peer Sync

UC: Field Apps, Airplanes, Ships, Retail Stores, Restaurants, IOT Apps

> Compare with: Realm, SQLite, Berkeley DB

Full-text Search

Inverted Index

UC: Log analysis, Collaboration, Website Search

Compare with: Elasticsearch, Solr, Lucene

Who am I?



- Matthew D. Groves
- Microsoft MVP, author at Pluralsight, Manning, Apress
- Product Marketing Manager at Couchbase
- https://twitter.com/mgroves
- https://www.linkedin.com/in/mgroves/
- C# Advent: https://csadvent.christmas/



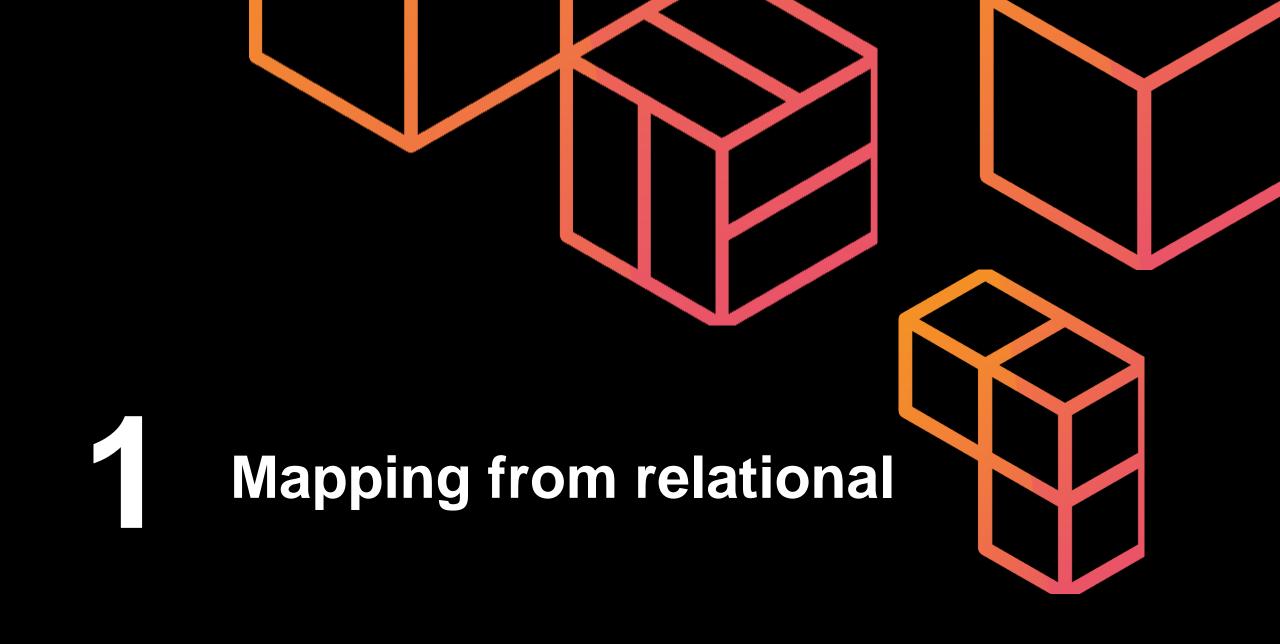


Agenda

01/ Mapping from relational

02/ Shift Application Code

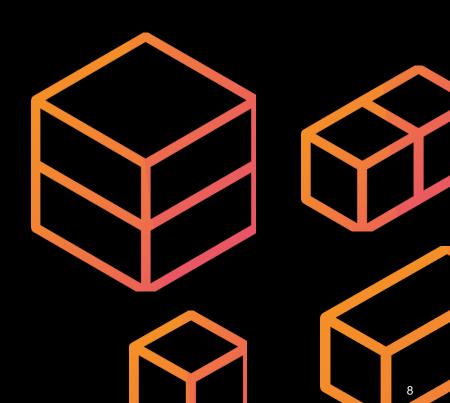
03/ Optimize



Why now?



- Couchbase Capella
- Scopes / collections
- ACID Transactions
- SQL++ (née N1QL)



So, is NoSQL just relational database now?



- Distributed
- Highly available
- Flexible
- Memory-first



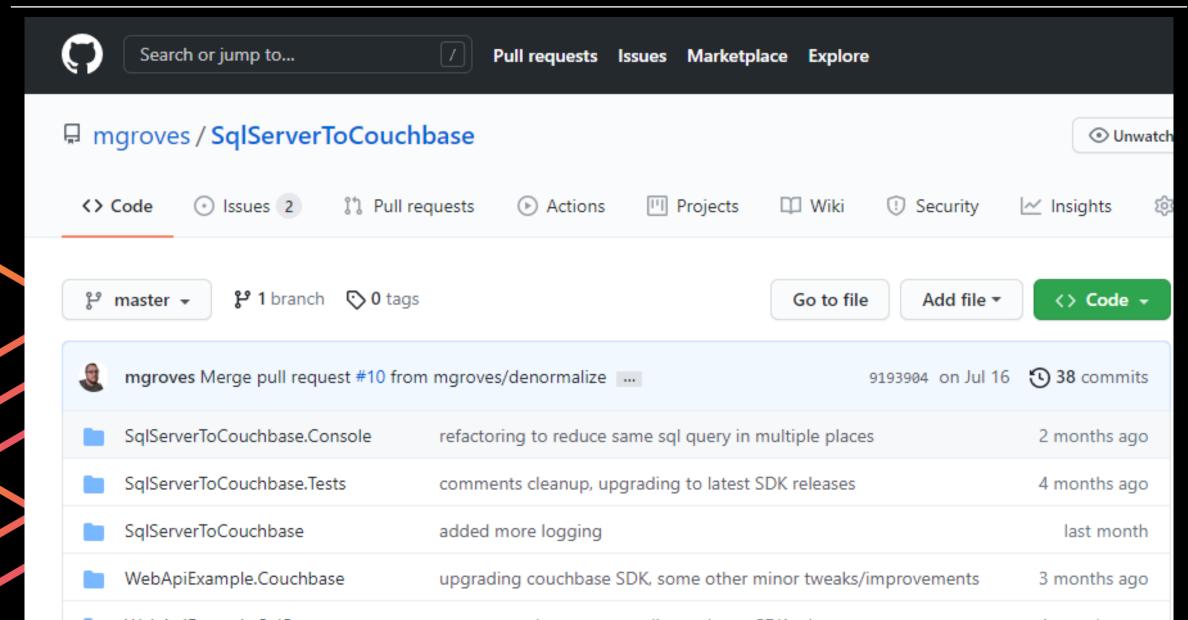
SQL-to-Couchbase Dictionary



Legacy (relational)	Modern (Couchbase)	Notes
Server	Cluster	+ Scalability / High Availability
Database	Bucket	+ Replication / Caching
Schema	Scope	"dbo" and "_default"
Table	Collection	+ Flexibility
Row	Document	+ JSON
tSQL (SQL)	SQL++	Full SQL implementation with: SELECT, JOIN, COMMIT, ROLLBACK, GROUP BY, INSERT, etc
Primary Key	Document Key	
Index	Index	

SqlToCouchbase Library





Other Options/Tools

- Dataworkz https://dataworkz.com/
 - Real-time sync and model refactoring
- GlueSync https://gluesync.com/
 - Real-time sync between NoSQL and SQL Server / Oracle
 - Especially good for mobile
- Couchgres https://github.com/metonymic-smokey/couchg
 - Open source community project
 - Migrate from Postgres to Couchbase
- Python script https://bit.ly/mysqlPython
 - Bare-bones, script-based approach
 - Import CSV via UI







What do I need to shift?



- SDK connecting to the database
- SQL querying the database
- ACID Transactions updating data reliably



SQL: Reuse



Official Microsoft example of tSQL

```
SELECT RTRIM(p.FirstName) + ' ' + LTRIM(p.LastName) AS Name, d.City
FROM AdventureWorks2016.Person.Person AS p
INNER JOIN AdventureWorks2016.HumanResources.Employee e
   ON p.BusinessEntityID = e.BusinessEntityID
INNER JOIN
   (SELECT bea.BusinessEntityID, a.City
   FROM AdventureWorks2016.Person.Address AS a
   INNER JOIN AdventureWorks2016.Person.BusinessEntityAddress AS bea
   ON a.AddressID = bea.AddressID) AS d
ON p.BusinessEntityID = d.BusinessEntityID
ORDER BY p.LastName, p.FirstName;
```





SQL++ version of the same query (after converting data into Couchbase)

```
SELECT RTRIM(p.FirstName) || ' ' || LTRIM(p.LastName) AS Name, d.City
FROM AdventureWorks2016.Person.Person AS p
INNER JOIN AdventureWorks2016.HumanResources.Employee e
    ON p.BusinessEntityID = e.BusinessEntityID
INNER JOIN
    (SELECT bea.BusinessEntityID, a.City
    FROM AdventureWorks2016.Person.Address AS a
    INNER JOIN AdventureWorks2016.Person.BusinessEntityAddress AS bea
    ON a.AddressID = bea.AddressID) AS d
ON p.BusinessEntityID = d.BusinessEntityID
ORDER BY p.LastName, p.FirstName;
```





C# example – SQL Server

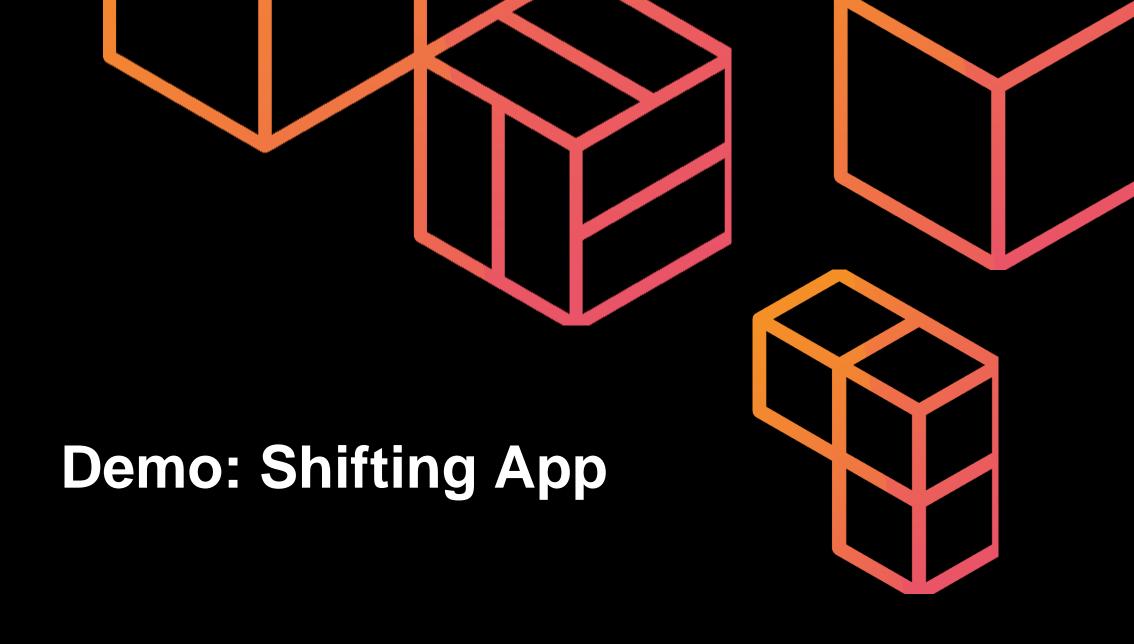
```
public async Task<IActionResult> UpdatePurchaseOrderAsync(PersonUpdateApi personUpdateApi)
         var transaction = await _context.Database.BeginTransactionAsync();
         try
                  // update one or more rows of data, save changes
                  await _context.SaveChangesAsync();
                  await transaction.CommitAsync();
                  return Ok($"Person {personUpdateApi.PersonId} name and email updated.");
         catch (Exception ex)
                      LOTIDACK FLAUSACTION
                  await transaction.RollbackAsync();
                  return Baakequest("Something went wrong, transaction rolled back");
```





C# Example – Couchbase Server

```
public async Task<IActionResult> UpdatePurchaseOrderAsync(PersonUpdateApi personUpdateApi)
         // create transaction
         var transaction = Transactions.Create(cluster,
                  TransactionConfigBuilder.Create().DurabilityLevel(DurabilityLevel.None).Build());
         try
                   await transaction.RunAsync(async (context) =>
                            // update one or more documents, save changes
                            // commit (implied)
                  });
                  return Ok($"Person {personUpdateApi.PersonId} name and email updated.");
         catch (Exception ex)
                     rollback (implied)
                  recurn baukequest( something went wrong, transaction rolled back.");
```

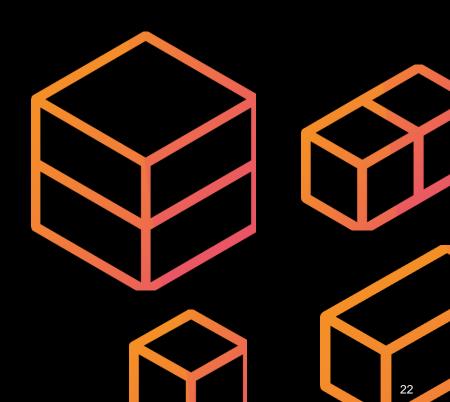




Consolidate



- Relational-style data is spread out
- Requires JOINs and/or ACID transactions (overhead)
- De-normalize





Many-to-One consolidation

Person has 1 or more EmailAddress

```
{
   "PersonID": 123,
   "FirstName": "Ken",
   "MiddleName": "J",
   "LastName": "Sánchez",
   "ModifiedDate": "2009-01-07T00:00:00"
}

{
   "PersonID": 123,
   "EmailAddress": "ken0@adventureworks.com",
   "ModifiedDate": "2009-01-18T04:23:07"
}
```

```
"PersonID": 123,
"FirstName": "Ken",
"MiddleName": "J",
"LastName": "Sánchez",
"ModifiedDate": "2009-01-07T00:00:00",
"EmailAddresses": [
  "EmailAddress": "ken0@adventureworks.com",
  "ModifiedDate": "2009-01-18T04:23:07"
```





PhoneNumber has a PhoneNumberType

```
{
    "PhoneNumberID": 10000,
    "PhoneNumber": "388-555-0157",
    "PhoneNumberTypeID": 1,
    "ModifiedDate": "2013-11-09T00:00:00"
}

{
    "PhoneNumberTypeID": 1,
    "Name": "Cell",
    "ModifiedDate": "2017-12-13T13:19:22.273"
}
```





The key-value API is always faster

```
SELECT p.*
FROM AdventureWorks2016.Person.Person p
WHERE p.PersonID = 123
```

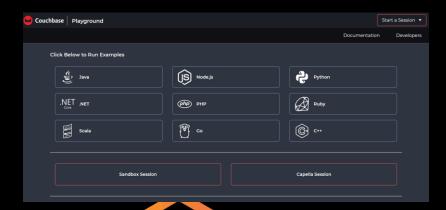
```
var person = await coll.GetAsync("123");
```

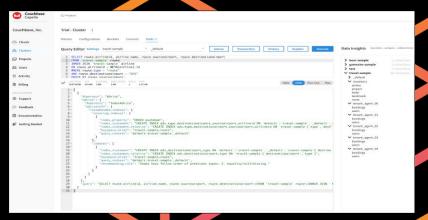


Next Steps



- Couchbase Playground: 30 min session
 - https://couchbase.live/
 - Examples and learning path
 - Connect to the Capella trial
- Couchbase Capella Trial: 30 days
 - https://cloud.couchbase.com/sign-up
 - Self service tutorial
 - Sample data / import data
- Post trial options
 - Sign up with pay-as-you-go model
 - Starter Kits: Discounted credits & professional services











CONTACT

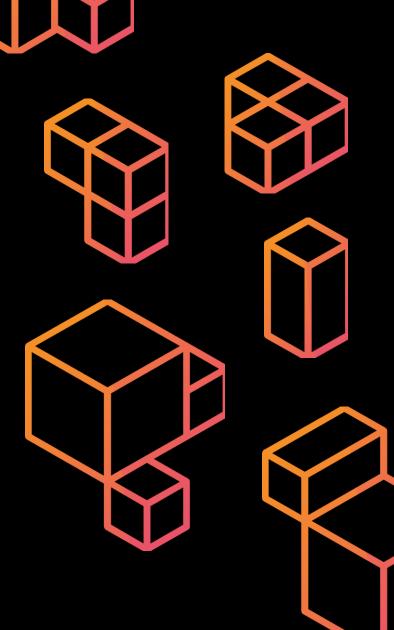
Matthew Groves

https://github.com/mgroves/SqlServerToCouchbase

Web couchbase.com

Twitter twitter.com/couchbase

Facebook facebook.com/couchbase





THANK YOU

