String Methods

Methods - actions that can be performed on objects.

had format 85@gmail.com string Name.method()

String Methods

```
let msg = " Hello ";
```

str.trim()

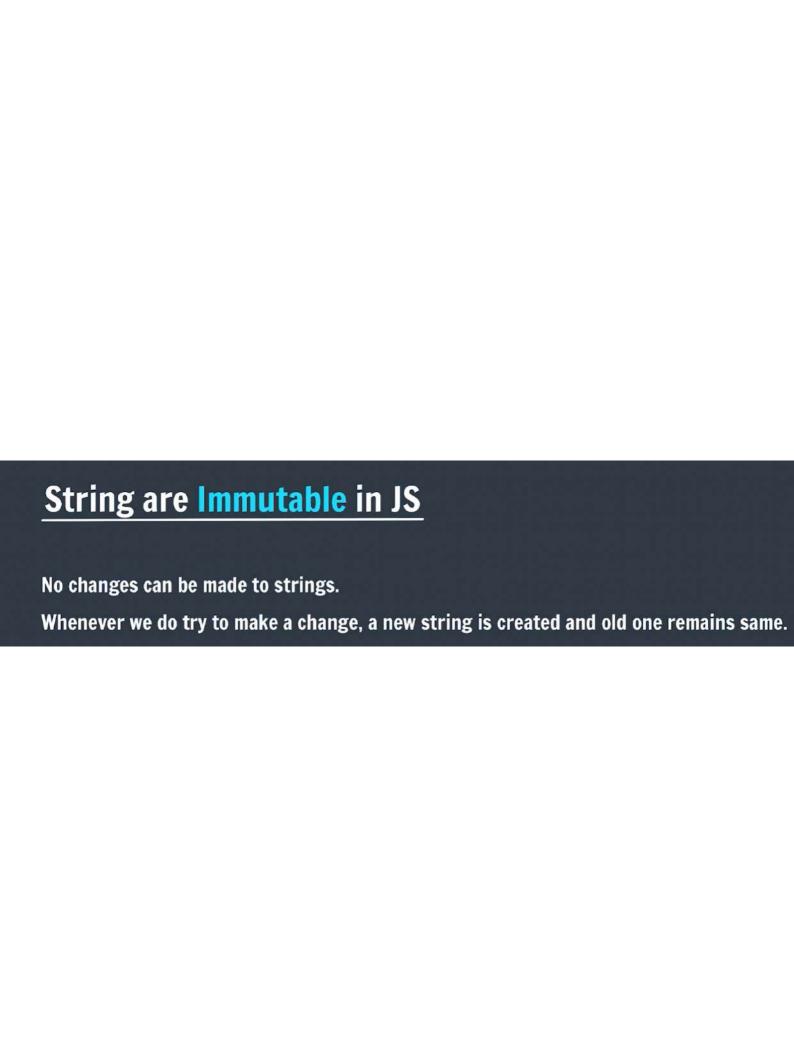
Trims whitespaces from both ends of string & returns a new one.

```
> let msg = " Hello ";
< undefined
> msg.trim();
< 'Hello'
> msg
< ' Hello '</pre>
```

output: "Hello", but value of msg remains same.

```
Js app.js > ...
1    // let msg = " he llo ";
2
3    let password = prompt("set your password");
4    let newPass = password.trim();
5    console.log(newPass);
```

```
str
      hello
> str.trim();
 'hello'
 str
      hello
```



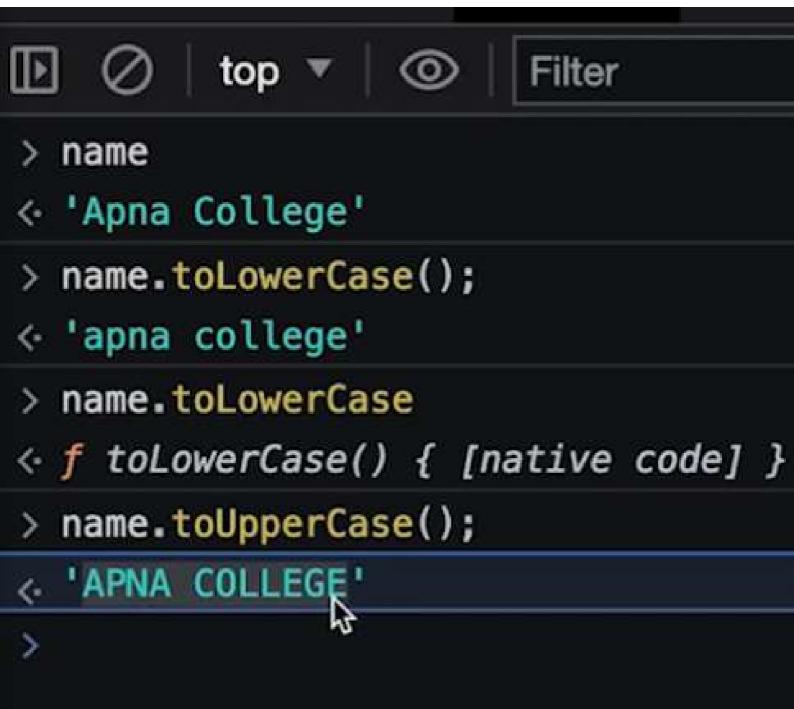
```
> let msg = "apna ";
< undefined
> msg.trim();
< 'apna'
> let str = msg.trim();
< undefined
> str
< 'apna'
> msg
< 'apna'
> msg
< 'apna
>
```

String Methods

let str = "Random string";

str.toUpperCase() "RANDOM STRING"

str.toLowerCase() "random string"



```
let name = "Apna College";
let msg = "error";
console.log(msg.toUpperCase)
```

String Methods with Arguments

Argument is a some value that we pass to the method.

Format

stringName.method(arg)

index0f

Returns the first index of occurrence of some value in string. Or gives -1 if not found.

let str = "lloveCoding";

str.index0f("love") // 1

str.indexOf("J") // -1 (not found)

str.index0f("o") // 2 (only 1 index)

```
msg
'ILgveCoding'
msg.indexOf("Love");
msg.indexOf("love");
-1
msg.indexOf("o");
```



str.toUpperCase().trim()

```
let msg = " hello ";
// let newMsg = msg.trim();
// console.log("after trim : ", newMsg);
// newMsg = newMsg.toUpperCase();
// console.log("after uppercase : ", newMsg);
let newMsg = msg.trim().toUpperCase();
```

slice

Returns a part of the original string as a new string.

```
let str = "lloveCoding";
```

str.slice(5) // "Coding"

str.slice(1, 4) // // // // // // // str.slice(1, 4)

str.slice(-num) = str.slice(length-num)

```
JS app.js > [@] msg

let msg = "hello";

console.log(msg.slice(0, 4));

3
```



replace

Searches a value in the string & returns a new string with the value replaced.

```
msg
'IloveCoding'
> msg.replace("love", "do");
'IdoCoding'
> msg
'IlloveCoding'
> msg.replace('o', 'x');
'IlxveCoding'
```

repeat

Returns a string with the number of copies of a string

let str = "Mango";

str.repeat(3)

II "MangoMangoMango"



Practice Qs

Qs. For the Give String:

```
let msg = "help!";
```

name.replace("Apna","Our")

Trim it & convert it to uppercase.

```
Qs. For the String -> let name = "ApnaCollege", predict the output for following :

name.slice(4, 9)

name.indexOf("na")
```

Qs. Separate the "College" part in above string & replace 'I' with 't' in it.

```
> name.slice(4, 9);
< 'Colle'</pre>
> name.indexOf("na");
<· 2
> name.replace("Apna", "Our");
                                              sne
'OurCollege'
> name.slice(4)
< 'College'</pre>
> name.slice(4).replace('l', 't')
Cotlege'
> let newStr = name.slice(4).replace('l', 't');

    undefined

> newStr
'Cotlege'
> newStr.replace('l', 't');
Cottege'
>
```

```
> name
< 'ApnaCollege'
> name.slice(4).replace('l', 't').replace('l', 't');
< 'Cottege'
```

Array (Data Structure)

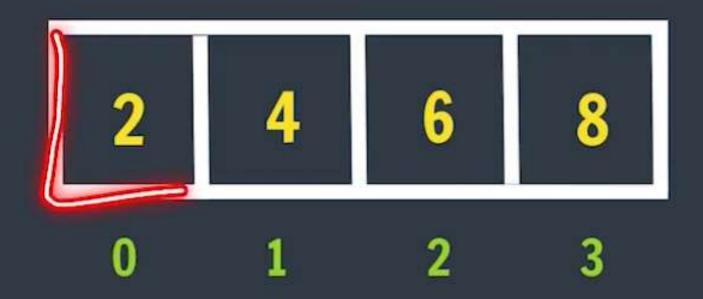
Linear collection of things



let Students = ["aman", "shradha", "rajat]

```
let students = ["aman", "shradha", "rajat"];
```

Visualizing Array



let nums = [2, 4, 6, 8];

```
let nums = [2, 4, 6, 8];
undefined
nums
\triangleright (4) [2, 4, 6, 8]
let name = "shradha";
undefined
name[0]
's'
nums [0]
2
nums[1]
4
nums [2]
6
nums [3]
8
nums [4]
undefined
```

- > nums.length
- < 4
- > typeof nums
- 'object'

Creating Arrays

```
> empArr[0]
undefined
> info.length
• 3
> empArr.length
. 0
> [].length
- 0
[1, 2, 3, 4].length
6 4
```

> info[0] 'shradha' > info[0][0] 's' info[0][1] ۰ 'h'

Arrays are Mutable

Arrays are Mutable

```
> let fruits = ["mango", "apple", "litchi"];
< undefined
> fruits[0] = "banana";
< 'banana'
> fruits
< ▶ (3) ['banana', 'apple', 'litchi']</pre>
```

```
> let name = "rohit";
undefined
> name[0] = 'm';
< 'm'
> name
< 'rohit'</pre>
> let fruits = ["mango", "apple", "litchi"];
undefined
> fruits
⟨ ▶ (3) ['mango', 'apple', 'litchi']
> fruits[0] = "banana";
'banana'
> fruits
⟨ ▶ (3) ['banana', 'apple', 'litchi']
> fruits[1] = "pineapple";
 'pineapple'
> fruits
⟨ ▶ (3) ['banana', 'pineapple', 'litchi']
> fruits[10] = "papaya";
'papaya'
> fruits
```

Push: add to end Unshift: add to start

Pop: delete from end & returns it Shift: delete from start & returns it

Push: add to end Unshift: add to start

Pop: delete from end & returns it Shift: delete from start & returns it

```
> cars.push("ferrari");
< 6
> cars
< ▶ (6) ['audi', 'bmw', 'xuv', 'maruti', 'toyota', 'ferrari']</pre>
```

Practice Qs

Qs. For the given start state of an array, change it to final form using methods.

```
start: ['january', 'july', 'march', 'august']
```

final: ['july', 'june', 'march', 'august']

```
> let months = ["january", "july", "march", "august"];
undefined
> months

⟨ ► (4) ['january', 'july', 'march', 'august']
> months.shift();
'january'
> months
⟨ ▶ (3) ['july', 'march', 'august']
> months.shift();

'july'

> months

⟨ ▶ (2) ['march', 'august']

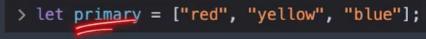
> months.unshift("june");
4 3
> months
⟨ ▶ (3) ['june', 'march', 'august']
> months.unshift("july");
< 4
> months
                                                   sne
<-> (4) [\injuly', 'june', 'march', 'august']
```

indexOf : returns index of something

```
> primary.indexOf("yellow");
< 1
> primary.indexOf("green");
< -1
> primary.indexOf("Yellow");
< -1</pre>
```

includes: search for a value

```
> primary.includes("red");
< true
> primary.includes("green");
< false</pre>
```



snehagupta7385@gr



```
> cars
(4) ['audi', 'bmw', 'xuv', 'maruti']
> cars.indexOf("bmw");
· 1
> cars.index0f("xuv");
· 2
cars.index0f("XUV");
enenagupta/385@gmail.com
> let marks = [99, 89, 67, 42, 100];
undefined
> marks.indexOf(100);
6 4
> marks.indexOf(97);
<u>ა</u> −1
```

```
> let primary = ["red", "yellow", "blue"];
< undefined
> let secondary = ["orange", "green", "violet"];
< undefined</pre>
```

concat: merge 2 arrays

```
> primary.concat(secondary);
< ▶ (6) ['red', 'yellow', 'blue', 'orange', 'green', 'violet']</pre>
```

reverse : reverse an array



```
> let primary = ["red", "yellow", "blue"];

← undefined

> let secondary = ["orange", "green", "violet"];

    undefined

> primary.concat(secondary);

⟨ ► ► (6) ['red', 'yellow', 'blue', 'orange', 'green', 'violet']

> primary

⟨ ▶ (3) ['red', 'yellow', 'blue']

> secondary
⟨ ▶ (3) ['orange', 'green', 'violet']
> let allColors = primary.concat(secondary);

← undefined

> allColors
⟨ ▶ (6) ['red', 'yellow', 'blue', 'orange', 'green', 'violet']
> secondary.concat(primery);

⟨ ► (6) ['orange', 'green', 'violet', 'red', 'yellow', 'blue']
```

slice: copies a portion of an array

```
> cars

⟨ ► (4) ['audi', 'bmw', 'xuv', 'maruti']
> cars.slice();
⟨ ▶ (4) ['audi', 'bmw', 'xuv', 'maruti']
> cars.slice(1);
⟨ ▶ (3) ['bmw', 'xuv', 'maruti']
> cars.slice(1, 3);

⟨ ► (2) ['bmw', 'xuv']

> cars.slice(3)l
😵 Uncaught SyntaxError: Unexpected identifier 'l'
> cars.slice(3);
⟨ ▶ ['maruti']
> cars.slice(cars.length-1);
⟨ ▶ ['maruti']
> cars.slice(5);
<- ▶ []
                         f(?start, ?end)
> cars.slice(cars.length);
< []
```

```
> cars

⟨ ► (4) ['audi', 'bmw', 'xuv', 'maruti']

> cars.slice(-1)
⟨ ▶ ['maruti']
> cars.slice(-2)
⟨ ▶ (2) ['xuv', 'maruti']
> cars.slice(-3)
⟨ ▶ (3) ['bmw', 'xuv', 'maruti']
> cars.slice(-4)

⟨ ► (4) ['audi', 'bmw', 'xuv', 'maruti']
> cars.slice(-5)

⟨ ▶ (4) ['audi', 'bmw', 'xuv', 'maruti']
>
```

```
> let colors = ["red", "yellow", "blue", "orange", "pink", "white"];
```

splice : removes I replaces I add elements in place

splice(start, deleteCount, item0...itemN)



```
> cars
⟨ ▶ (4) ['audi', 'bmw', 'xuv', 'maruti']
> cars.splice(3);
⟨ ▶ ['maruti']
> cars
⟨ ▶ (3) ['audi', 'bmw', 'xuv']
> cars.splice(0,1);
⟨ ▶ ['audi']
> cars

⟨ ▶ (2) ['bmw', 'xuv']

> cars.push("maruti");
  cars.push("ferrari");
< 4
> cars
⟨ ▶ (4) ['bmw', 'xuv', 'maruti', 'ferrari']
> cars.splice(1, 2);
⟨ ▶ (2) ['xuv', 'maruti']
> cars
⟨ ▶ (2) ['bmw', 'ferrari']
> cars.splice(0, 0, "toyota", "xuv", "maruti");
♦ []
> cars
⟨ ► (5) [\text{'toyota', 'xuv', 'maruti', 'bmw', 'ferrari']
```

sort : sorts an array

> ascerding

```
> let squares = [25, 16, 4, 49, 36, 9]
< undefined
> squares.sort();
< ▶ (6) [16, 25, 36, 4, 49, 9]</pre>
```

Practice Qs

Qs. For the given start state of an array, change it to final form using splice.

```
start: ['january', 'july', 'march', 'august'] _
final: ['july', 'june', 'march', 'august']
```

Qs. Return the index of the "javascript" from the given array, if it was reversed.

```
['c', 'c++', 'html', 'javascript', 'python', 'java', 'c#', 'sql']
```

Array References

```
> [1] === [1]
< false
> [1] == [1]
< false</pre>
```

addrews in only

```
> "name" == "name"
true
> "name" === "name"
< true
> [1] === [1]
false
> [1] == [1]

← false

> [] == []
false
> [] === []
  alse
```

Array References

```
> let arr = ['a', 'b'];

    undefined

> let arrCopy = arr;

    undefined

> arrCopy
< ▶ (2) ['a', 'b']
> arrCopy.push('c');

√ 3

> arr
< ▶ (3) ['a', 'b', 'c']
```

```
> arr == arrCopy
< true</pre>
```

```
> let arr = ['a', 'b', 'c'];

    undefined

> let arrCopy = arr;

    undefined

> arr == arrCopy
true
> arr === arrCopy
shtereagupta7385@gmail.c
> arr.push('d');
< 4
> arr
< ▶ (4) ['a', 'b', 'c', 'd']
> arrCopy
> arrCopy.pop();
<- 'd'
> arrCopy
⟨ ▶ (3) ['a', 'b', 'c']
> arr
< ▶ (3) ['a', 'b', 'c']>
```

Constant Arrays

const arr = [1, 2, 3, 4];

at <anonymous>:1:5

Nested Arrays

array of arrays

```
> let nums = [ [1, 2], [3, 4], [4, 5] ];
undefined
> let nums = [ [2, 4], [3, 6], [4, 8] ];

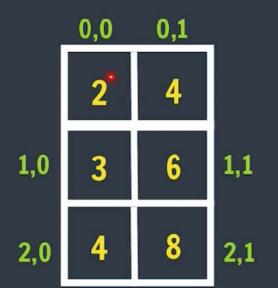
    undefined

> nums

♦ (3) [Array(2), Array(2), Array(2)]
> nums.length
<· 3
> nums[0]
⟨· ▶ (2) [2, 4]
> nums[0].length
<· 2
> nums[0][0]
<· 2
```

Nested Arrays

```
> let nums = [ [2, 4], [3, 6], [4, 8] ];
```



vors= our orgs = 3

nums[0][0]

112

```
    undefined

> game

⟨ ▼ (3) [Array(3), Array(3), Array(3)] 

    ▶ 0: (3) ['X', null, '0']
    ▶ 1: (3) [null, 'X', null]
    ▶ 2: (3) ['0', null, 'X']
      length: 3
    ▶ [[Prototype]]: Array(0)
> game[0]

⟨ ▶ (3) ['X', null, '0']

> game[0][1]

√ null

> game[0][1] = '0';
< '0'
> game

⟨ ▼ (3) [Array(3), Array(3), Array(3)] 

    ▶ 0: (3) ['K', '0', '0']
    ▶ 1: (3) [null, 'X', null]
    ▶ 2: (3) ['0', null, 'X']
      length: 3
    ▶ [[Prototype]]: Array(0)
```

> let game = [['X', null, '0'], [null, 'X', null], ['0', null, 'X']];