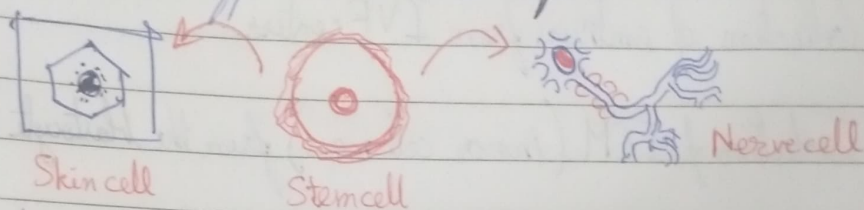


Stem cells :- Cells which have the ability to divide for indefinite periods and can give rise to specialized cells of various tissues of the body.

Properties of STEM Cells :-

- 1) Ability to differentiate into other cells & self-regenerate
- 2) It can be maintained in vitro-conditions (controlled environment outside living organism) for extended period using artificial medium

⊛ STEM Cells can differentiate into Specialised cells



Classification of stem cells :-

1. Unipotent :- can only differentiate into one specific type of cell.
 Eg :- Muscle stem cells can only produce muscle cells
 (essential for) (specialized for muscle tissue maintenance & repair)
2. Multipotent :- can ^{differentiate into} produce limited range of cell types within specific organ/tissue
 Eg :- Hematopoietic stem cells can produce various blood cells. (RBC, WBC, Platelets)
3. Pluripotent :- can ^{differentiate into} produce any type of cell except for extraembryonic tissues such as placenta. Eg :- Embryonic stem cells
4. Totipotent :- can differentiate into any type of cell (including embryonic & extraembryonic cells/tissues)
 Eg :- Modula of Embryo

Sources of stem cells:-

1. Embryonic Stem cells:-
 - Isolated from blastocyte stage of embryos
 - They are ~~pluripotent~~ pluripotent in nature
~~They are~~
2. Adult stem cells:-
 - Present in all organs (but very little amount)
 - They are ~~pluripotent~~ multipotent in nature
~~They are~~

Culture of embryonic stem cells:-

- Collection of embryos from IVF centers
- Isolation of ICM (inner cell mass) from the blastocyte ~~center~~ stage
- Transfer ICM to the center of the culture plate containing feeder cells and growth medium
- It can be differentiated into any cell type by adding a specific medium