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Comparison of Large-Scale Graph Processing methods for Anomaly Detection

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https://github.com/lcdm-uiuc

INTRODUCTION

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The sections below show examples of different article components.

FIGURES AND TABLES

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Sample Figure

Figure 1 shows an example figure.

Fig. 1. False-color image, where each pixel is assigned to one of seven reference spectra.

Sample Table

Table 1 shows an example table.

SAMPLE EQUATION

Let X_1, X_2, \ldots, X_n be a sequence of independent and identically distributed random variables with $E[X_i] = \mu$ and $Var[X_i] = \sigma^2 < \infty$, and let

$$S_n = \frac{X_1 + X_2 + \dots + X_n}{n} = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} X_i$$
 (1)

Table 1. Shape Functions for Quadratic Line Elements

local node	$\{N\}_m$	$\{\Phi_i\}_m\ (i=x,y,z)$
m = 1	$L_1(2L_1-1)$	Φ_{i1}
m = 2	$L_2(2L_2-1)$	Φ_{i2}
m = 3	$L_3 = 4L_1L_2$	Φ_{i3}

denote their mean. Then as n approaches infinity, the random variables $\sqrt{n}(S_n - \mu)$ converge in distribution to a normal $\mathcal{N}(0, \sigma^2)$.

SAMPLE ALGORITHM

Algorithms can be included using the commands as shown in algorithm 1.

Algorithm 1. Euclid's algorithm

1: procedure EUCLID(<i>a</i> , <i>b</i>)	⊳ The g.c.d. of a and b
2: $r \leftarrow a \bmod b$	
3: while $r \neq 0$ do	b We have the answer if r is 0
4: $a \leftarrow b$	
5: $b \leftarrow r$	
6: $r \leftarrow a \mod b$	
7: return <i>b</i>	⊳ The gcd is b

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