# **Project Title**

"YourShop: A Basic E-Commerce Demo Site with Angular Routing and CRUD Operations"

### Introduction

"YourShop" is a basic e-commerce demo site built with Angular. It showcases key features of Angular such as routing, child routes, and services. The application includes user authentication with login and registration functionality. It also demonstrates CRUD operations, which are fundamental for any real-world application. Data persistence is achieved using Local Storage. This project serves as a practical guide for understanding and implementing these features in Angular.

## Description

"YourShop" is an e-commerce demo site that serves as a practical example of an Angular application. It incorporates essential features such as routing and child routes for navigation, services for managing data flow, and Local Storage for data persistence. The application also includes user authentication mechanisms with login and registration features. Furthermore, it demonstrates CRUD (Create, Read, Update, Delete) operations, which are integral to any data-driven application. This project is an excellent resource for developers seeking to understand and implement these Angular features in a real-world context.

### Installation

Follow these steps to set up and run the "YourShop" project:

- 1. **Install Node.js and npm**: Angular requires Node.js version 10.9.0 or later. You can download Node.js from here. This will also install npm (Node Package Manager) which is used to manage Node.js packages.
- 2. **Install Angular CLI**: The Angular CLI is a command-line interface tool that you use to initialize, develop, scaffold, and maintain Angular applications. Install it globally using npm:

```
npm install -g @angular/cli
```

- 3. **Clone the repository**: Clone the "YourShop" project repository from GitHub to your local machine.
- 4. **Install project dependencies**: Navigate to the project directory and run the following command to install the necessary dependencies:

```
npm install
```

5. Run the application: Start the development server with the following command:

```
ng serve
```

The application will be available at http://localhost:4200/.

6. **Install Bootstrap**: This project uses Bootstrap for styling. Install it using npm:

```
npm install bootstrap
```

Then, add the Bootstrap CSS file in the "styles" array inside the angular.json file:

```
"styles": [
   "node_modules/bootstrap/dist/css/bootstrap.min.css",
   "src/styles.css"
],
```

Remember to restart the server after installing Bootstrap. You can stop the server by pressing Ctrl+C in the terminal, and start it again with ng serve.

## **Use Cases and Functionality**

"YourShop" is designed to demonstrate a variety of use cases common in e-commerce applications. Here are the main functionalities provided by the application:

## User Registration and Login

### **User Registration**

The following code snippet from login.component.ts handles user registration in the application. It creates a signUp object to hold the user's information and an array signUpArray to store these objects. The onsignUp() method is called when the user submits the registration form. This method adds the signUp object to the signUpArray and then stores the array in Local Storage. An alert is displayed to the user to confirm successful registration.

```
//create a SignUp Object
signUp: any = {
  userId: '',
  email: '',
  password: '',
};

//create an array to store the signUp objects
signUpArray: any = [];

onsignUp(): void {
  // Store data to local storage
```

```
this.signUpArray.push(this.signUp);
localStorage.setItem('signUpArray', JSON.stringify(this.signUpArray));
alert('Registration successful');
}
```

### **User Login**

The following code snippet from login.component.ts handles user login in the application. It retrieves the signUpArray from Local Storage and checks if the entered user ID and password match any of the stored user data. If a match is found, the user is navigated to the layout component. If not, appropriate error messages are displayed.

#### **Copilot Prompt**

```
onSignIn(): void {
 // Retrieve data from local storage
 let signUpArray = JSON.parse(localStorage.getItem('signUpArray'));
 if (signUpArray) {
   let user = signUpArray.find(user => user.userId === this.signIn.userId);
    if (user) {
      if (user.password === this.signIn.password) {
       this.router.navigate(['/layout']); // Navigate to the layout component
      } else {
        alert('Incorrect password');
      }
    } else {
      alert('User not found');
    }
  } else {
    alert('No user registered');
  }
}
```

## ngOnInit Lifecycle Hook

The following code snippet from login.component.ts shows the ngOnInit lifecycle hook. This method is called when Angular finishes initializing the component. In this case, it retrieves the signUpArray from Local Storage when the component is initialized.

```
ngOnInit(): void {
   // Fetch data from local storage
   const storedData = localStorage.getItem('signUpArray');
   if (storedData) {
```

```
this.signUpArray = JSON.parse(storedData);
}
}
```

## **CRUD Operations**

The application allows for the creation, reading, updating, and deletion of data. This is demonstrated in the management of user information and product listings.

### Class Products

The Products class in newproduct.component.ts defines the structure of a product object in the application.

This class has four properties: id, name, price, and description. The constructor method initializes these properties when a new instance of the Products class is created. ```

#### **Copilot Prompt**

```
//create a class Products and define the properties of the product

export class Products {
   id: number;
   name: string;
   price: string;
   description: string;
   constructor() {
      this.id = 0;
      this.name = '';
      this.price = '';
      this.description = '';
   }
}
```

## ngOnInit

#### **Copilot Prompt**

```
// Fetch the list of products from Local Storage when the component is initialized

ngOnInit(): void {
   this.products = JSON.parse(localStorage.getItem('products') || '[]');
}
```

### OpenModal and CloseModal

The openModal and closeModal methods handle the opening and closing of a modal, respectively.

#### **Copilot Prompt**

```
//create a function to open and close the modal

// Open the modal
openModal() {
    let modal = document.getElementById('myModal');
    if(modal!=null)
    modal.style.display = "block";
}

// Close the modal
closeModal() {
    let modal = document.getElementById('myModal');
    if(modal!=null)
    modal.style.display = "none";
}
```

### Save Product Data

The saveProduct method saves a new product to Local Storage and updates the list of products.

```
//create a function name saveProduct to save the product to the local storage and
push the product to the products array and close the modal also clear the input
fields and check for duplicate product also alert user when product is added
 saveProduct() {
   let products = JSON.parse(localStorage.getItem('products') || '[]');
   if (products.length > 0) {
     // Find the maximum product ID
     let maxId = Math.max(...products.map((product: Products) => product.id));
     this.productObj.id = maxId + 1;
   } else {
     this.productObj.id = 1;
   }
   if (products.some((product: Products) => product.id === this.productObj.id)) {
     alert('Product already exists');
     return;
   }
   products.push(this.productObj);
   localStorage.setItem('products', JSON.stringify(products));
   this.products = JSON.parse(localStorage.getItem('products') || '[]');
   this.productObj = new Products();
   this.closeModal();
 }
```

### **Delete Product**

The deleteProduct method deletes a product from Local Storage and updates the list of products.

#### **Copilot Prompt**

```
//create a function to delete the product from the local storage and also from the
products array
 deleteProduct(product: any) {
   const confirmation = confirm('Are you sure you want to delete this product?');
   if (confirmation) {
      let products = JSON.parse(localStorage.getItem('products') || '[]');
      for (let i = 0; i < products.length; i++) {
        if (products[i].id == product.id) {
          products.splice(i, 1);
         break;
        }
      }
      localStorage.setItem('products', JSON.stringify(products));
     this.products = JSON.parse(localStorage.getItem('products') || '[]');
   }
  }
```

### **Edit Product**

The editProduct method opens the modal for editing a product.

#### **Copilot Prompt**

```
//create a function to edit the product
  editProduct(product: any) {
    this.productObj = product;
    this.openModal();
}
```

## **Update Product**

The updateProduct method updates a product in Local Storage and updates the list of products.

```
//create a function to update the product in the local storage and also in the
products array
  updateProduct() {
    let products = JSON.parse(localStorage.getItem('products') || '[]');
    for (let i = 0; i < products.length; i++) {
        if (products[i].id == this.productObj.id) {</pre>
```

```
products[i].name = this.productObj.name;
    products[i].price = this.productObj.price;
    products[i].description = this.productObj.description;
    break;
}
localStorage.setItem('products', JSON.stringify(products));
this.products = JSON.parse(localStorage.getItem('products') || '[]');
this.productObj = new Products();
this.closeModal();
}
```

## LocalstorageService

The localstorage.service.ts file defines a service that handles operations related to Local Storage in the application.

The LocalstorageService class is a service that is provided in the root of the application. This means that it's a singleton and the same instance is used throughout the application.

The getProducts method retrieves the list of products from Local Storage. If the 'products' key does not exist in Local Storage, it returns an empty array. This method is useful for fetching the current list of products stored in the user's Local Storage.

#### **Copilot Prompt**

```
import { Injectable } from '@angular/core';

@Injectable({
   providedIn: 'root'
})
  export class LocalstorageService {

   constructor() { }

   // Copilot Prompt
   // Create a function to get the data from local storage key products
   getProducts(): any {
     return JSON.parse(localStorage.getItem('products') || '[]');
}
```

### CartserviceService

The cartservice.service.ts file defines a service that handles operations related to the shopping cart in the application.

```
export class CartserviceService {
 constructor() { }
 //create an array to store the cart objects
 cartArray: any = [];
 //create a function to add to cart
 onAddToCart(product: any): void {
   this.cartArray.push(product);
   alert('Your product has been added to the cart!');
 }
 //create a function to get the total price of the products in the cart
 getTotalPrice(): any {
   let totalPrice = ∅;
   for (let i = 0; i < this.cartArray.length; i++) {
     totalPrice += this.cartArray[i].quantity * this.cartArray[i].price;
   }
   return totalPrice;
 }
 //create a function to remove the product from the cart
 onRemoveFromCart(product: any): void {
   for (let i = 0; i < this.cartArray.length; i++) {
     if (this.cartArray[i].productId === product.productId) {
        if (this.cartArray[i].quantity > 1) {
         this.cartArray[i].quantity--;
        } else {
          this.cartArray.splice(i, 1);
       }
   }
 }
 //create a function to clear the cart and remove all the products from the cart
 onClearCart(): void {
   this.cartArray = [];
   this.getTotalPrice();
   return this.cartArray;
 }
 //create a function to get the cart array
 getCartArray(): any {
   return this.cartArray;
 }
```

## **Productlist Component**

The productlist.component.ts file defines a component that handles operations related to the product list in the application.

The ProductlistComponent class is a component that manages the product list operations in the application. It has a products property that stores the product objects.

The constructor of the ProductlistComponent class injects the LocalstorageService and CartserviceService services. It also initializes the products property with the products from Local Storage.

The ngOnInit method is a lifecycle hook that is called after Angular has initialized all data-bound properties of a directive. In this case, it retrieves the list of products from the LocalstorageService when the component is initialized.

The addToCart method adds a product to the cart. It checks if the product is already in the cart. If it is, it displays an alert message indicating that the product is already in the cart and returns. If the product is not in the cart, it adds the product to the cart by calling the onAddToCart method of the CartserviceService.

```
import { Component, OnInit } from '@angular/core';
@Component({
  selector: 'app-productlist',
 templateUrl: './productlist.component.html',
  styleUrls: ['./productlist.component.css']
export class ProductlistComponent implements OnInit {
 //create an array to store the products
 products: any = [];
  constructor( private LocalstorageService: LocalstorageService, private
CartserviceService: CartserviceService) {
  }
 ngOnInit(): void {
   //get the data from the LocalstorageService
   this.products = this.LocalstorageService.getProducts();
  }
  //create a function to add the product to the cart and call the function
onAddToCart from the cart service and pass the product check for duplicate product
and alart user
  addToCart(product: any) {
    if(this.CartserviceService.cartArray.length > 0) {
      for (let i = 0; i < this.CartserviceService.cartArray.length; i++) {
        if (this.CartserviceService.cartArray[i].id == product.id) {
          alert('Product already in the cart');
```

```
return;
}
}
this.CartserviceService.onAddToCart(product);
}
```

## CartComponent

The cart.component.ts file defines a component that handles operations related to the cart in the application.

The CartComponent class is a component that manages the cart operations in the application.

The removeFromCart method removes a product from the cart by calling the onRemoveFromCart method of the CartserviceService.

The clearCart method clears the cart by calling the onClearCart method of the CartserviceService and then reloads the window.

The getTotalPrice method gets the total price of the products in the cart by calling the getTotalPrice method of the CartserviceService.

The OrderNow method places an order, displays an alert message indicating that the order has been placed successfully, clears the cart by calling the onClearCart method of the CartserviceService, and then reloads the window.

```
export class CartComponent implements OnInit {
  constructor(private CartserviceService: CartserviceService) { }
  //create a function to remove the product from the cart and call the function
onRemoveFromCart from the cart service and pass the product
  removeFromCart(product: any) {
    this.CartserviceService.onRemoveFromCart(product);
  }
 //create a function to clear the cart and call the function onClearCart from the
cart service
 clearCart() {
   this.CartserviceService.onClearCart();
   window.location.reload();
  }
 //create a function to get the total price of the products in the cart and call
the function getTotalPrice from the cart service
  getTotalPrice() {
```

```
return this.CartserviceService.getTotalPrice();
}

//create a function name OrderNow to alert the user as "Order placed successfully" and clear the cart
OrderNow() {
    alert('Order placed successfully');
    this.CartserviceService.onClearCart();
    window.location.reload();
}
```

## License

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Information about the license.