

Faculty of Humanities and Social Science
Balkhu, Nepal



Himalaya College of Engineering

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Lab Report of Mobile Programming

Submitted By Submitted To

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Lab 1: Demonstrate the setup and installation of android project with java.

Objective

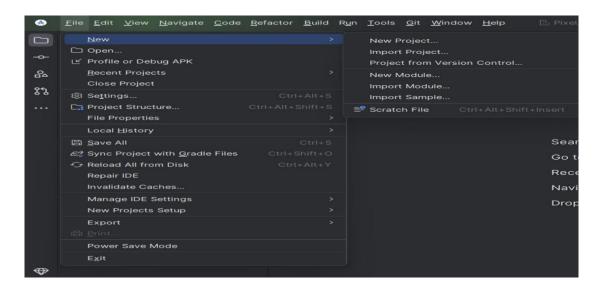
• Learn to install and setup android project.

Steps to setup and install the project

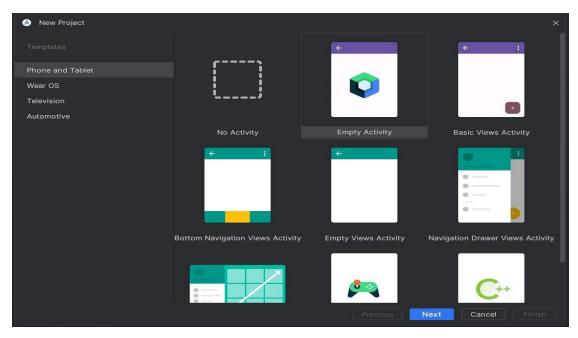
- Step 1: Download the latest version of Android studio from the official website
- Step 2: Install Android Studio and select Android SDK, Android Virtual Device (AVD).

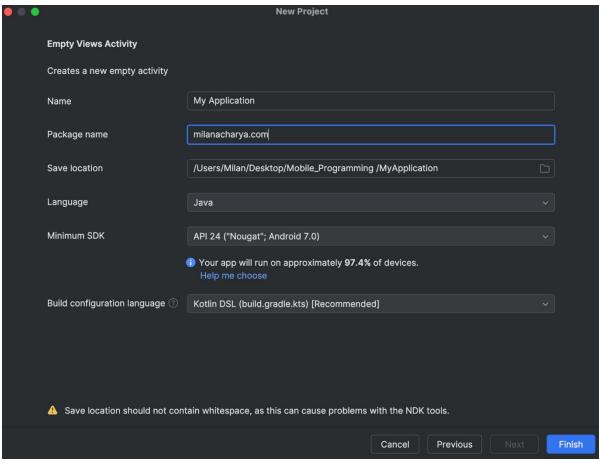
Step 3: Setting up the project

- Open Android Studio
- Click "Start a new Android Studio project."
- In the "New Project" window:
- o **Project Name:** Enter a descriptive name for your project.
- o **Package Name:** Choose a unique package name. This acts as a namespace for your app's code.
- o Save Location: Select a location on your computer to save your project files.
- o Minimum SDK: Choose the minimum SDK level which support the maximum feature.
 o We use API 24 ("Nougat"; Android 7.0) Language: Select "Java" as the development language.
 - Build configuration language: choose Groovy DSL(build.gradle) Click
 "Finish". Click on File => New => New Project



Click on Empty Views Activity





Lab 2: Develop an android application that prints "hello world" on the bottom of the page.

Objective:

• Learn to develop and run the android project

Lab work:

```
MainActivity.java
package example.com;
import android.os.Bundle;
import androidx.activity.EdgeToEdge;
import androidx.appcompat.app.AppCompatActivity;
import androidx.core.graphics.Insets;
import androidx.core.view.ViewCompat;
import androidx.core.view.WindowInsetsCompat;
public class MainActivity extends AppCompatActivity {
  @Override
 protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
EdgeToEdge.enable(this);
setContentView(R.layout.activity main);
    ViewCompat.setOnApplyWindowInsetsListener(findViewById(R.id.main), (v, insets) -> {
       Insets systemBars = insets.getInsets(WindowInsetsCompat.Type.systemBars());
       v.setPadding(systemBars.left, systemBars.top, systemBars.right, systemBars.bottom);
       return insets;
    });
  } }
activity main.xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<LinearLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"</p>
                                                      xmlns:tools="http://schemas.android.com/tools"
xmlns:app="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res-auto"
android:id="@+id/main"
                           android:layout width="match parent"
android:layout height="match parent"
                                       android:gravity="bottom|center horizontal"
tools:context=".MainActivity">
  <TextView
                  android:layout width="wrap content"
android:layout height="wrap content"
android:text="@string/hello"
```

```
</LinearLayout>
strings.xml
<resources>
    <string name="app_name">ProfileApp</string>
    <string name="hello">Hello World!!</string>
</resources>
```

Output:



Discussion and Conclusion:

In this lab, we create a simple App to print "Hello world!!" in the bottom of the page layout. We set layout gravity bottom and center_horizontal and in string file we write the string value as "hello world" as set its name as hello and in activity_main.xml file we return the value of string in text as @string/hello.

Develop an android application with two activities, mainactivity and greetactivity mainactivity should contain a textbox and button with label "submit'. when clicked on submit greetactivity should open with message hello {name} where name is submitted from mainactivity.

Objective:

• Learn how to deal with two activities

Lab work:

```
MainActivity.java
Package com.example.lab3;
public class MainActivity extendsAppCompatActivity {
  private EditText name;
  private Button submit;
  @Override
  protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
    super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
    EdgeToEdge.enable(this);
    setContentView(R.layout.activity main);name = findViewById(R.id.name);
     submit= findViewById(R.id.btn);
     submit.setOnClickListener(new View.OnClickListener() {
       @Override
       public void onClick(View view) {
          String input = name.getText().toString();
          Intent i = new Intent(MainActivity.this,GreetActivity.class);
          i.putExtra("name",input);
          startActivity(i);
     });
  }}
activity_main.xml
```

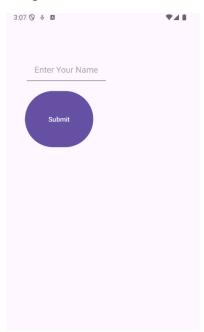
```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<RelativeLayout
  xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
  android:layout height="match parent"
  android:layout width="match parent"
  android:orientation="vertical"
  android:padding="20dp"
  android:layout margin="20dp"
  >
  <EditText
    android:layout_width="wrap_content"
    android:layout height="wrap content"
    android:id="@+id/name"
    android:hint="Enter Your Name"
    android:layout_marginTop="50dp"
    android:padding="20dp"
    />
  <Button
    android:layout width="wrap content"
    android:layout_height="wrap_content"
    android:id="@+id/btn"
    android:text="Submit"
    android:layout below="@+id/name"
    android:padding="50dp"
    android:layout marginTop="10dp"
    />
</RelativeLayout>
GreetActivity.java
```

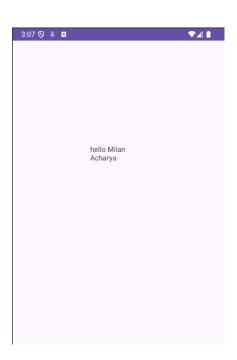
```
package com.example.lab3;
import android.content.Intent;
import android.os.Bundle;
import android.widget.TextView;
import androidx.annotation.Nullable;
import androidx.appcompat.app.AppCompatActivity;
public class GreetActivity extends AppCompatActivity {
  @Override
  protected void onCreate(@Nullable Bundle savedInstanceState) {
    super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
    setContentView(R.layout.greetactivity);
    Intent i = getIntent();
    String name = i.getStringExtra("name");
    TextView =findViewById(R.id.showtext);
    textView.setText("hello "+name);
  }}
Greetactivity.xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<LinearLayout
 xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
  android:layout height="match parent"
  android:layout width="match parent"
  android:orientation="vertical"
  android:padding="60dp"
  android:layout margin="50dp"
  >
  <TextView
```

```
android:layout_width="match_parent"
android:layout_height="wrap_content"
android:id="@+id/showtext"
android:layout_gravity="center"
/>
```

</LinearLayout>

Output





Discussion and conclusion:

In this lab, we learn and deal with two activities as MainActivity and GreetActivity. The activities are store in stack. The MainActivity contains the Text input field and the submit button after click the submit button the activity is change and goes to GreetActivity which contains the user input value and Hello as default value as its UI.

We use Intent feature to communicate between two activities. We create an object of the Intent and pass the MainActivity and GreetActivity as parameter and use startActivity to run the activity.

Lab 4: Google Map

Objective

• To implement google map in android application

Lab work

```
MainActivity.java
package com.example.googlemap;
import com.google.android.gms.maps.GoogleMap;
import com.google.android.gms.maps.model.LatLng;
public class MainActivity extends AppCompatActivity implements OnMapReadyCallback {
  private GoogleMap gmap;
  @Override
  protected void onCreate(@Nullable Bundle savedInstanceState) {
    super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
    setContentView(R.layout.mapactivity);
    SupportMapFragment mfragmet = (SupportMapFragment)
getSupportFragmentManager().findFragmentById(R.id.map);
    if(mfragmet!=null){
      mfragmet.getMapAsync(this);
    }}
  @Override
  public void onMapReady(@NonNull GoogleMap googleMap) {
    gmap=googleMap;
    LatLng location = new LatLng(-34,151);
    gmap.addMarker(new MarkerOptions().position(location).title("Sydney"));
    gmap.moveCamera(CameraUpdateFactory.newLatLngZoom(location, 15));
  }}
Mapactivity.xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
```

```
<RelativeLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"</p>
  android:layout height="match parent"
  android:layout width="match parent"
  < fragment
    android:layout_width="match_parent"
    android:layout height="match parent"
    android:id="@+id/map"
    android:name="com.google.android.gms.maps.SupportMapFragment"
    />
</RelativeLayout>
Androidmanifest.xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<manifest xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"</pre>
  xmlns:tools="http://schemas.android.com/tools">
  <application
    android:allowBackup="true"
    android:dataExtractionRules="@xml/data extraction rules"
    android:fullBackupContent="@xml/backup rules"
    android:icon="@mipmap/ic_launcher"
    android:label="@string/app name"
    android:roundIcon="@mipmap/ic launcher round"
    android:supportsRtl="true"
    android:theme="@style/Theme.GoogleMap"
    tools:targetApi="31" >
    <activity android:name=".MainActivity"
    android:exported="true">
       <intent-filter>
```

Output:



Discussion and conclusion:

In this lab, we implement google map using API key. We implement the OnMapReadyCallBack method to add google map feature in the application. In this lab we try to pin points on our own current location and add marker there as You are here.

Lab 5: Simple SQLite operations on android

- 1. Create a sqlite database named "noteApp.db".
- 2. Create a table named "notes" with following columns:
- a. id (autoincrement primary key)
- b. UUID string
- c. Title string
- d. Description string
- 3. Create two buttons in MainActivity
- a. Insert
- b. List
- 4. When clicked on insert, make a database operation to insert dummy data on notes table.
- a. Insert at least 5 dummy notes
- 5. When clicked on List, make a database operation to query all data on notes table and show it in a listView just below the buttons.

```
MainActivity.java

package com.example.lab2;

import android.database.Cursor;

import androidx.activity.EdgeToEdge;

public class MainActivity extends AppCompatActivity {

private Button insert ,show_data;

@Override

protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {

super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);

EdgeToEdge.enable(this);

setContentView(R.layout.activity_main);

ListView listview=findViewById(R.id.listview);

insert=findViewById(R.id.insert);

show data=findViewById(R.id.show);
```

```
DBhelper helper = new DBhelper(this);
   insert.setOnClickListener(new View.OnClickListener() {
      @Override
      public void onClick(View view) {
       helper.InsertData("110", "Ram Sharma", "he is a bca student");
        helper.InsertData("111","Ram Gurung","he is a btec student");
        helper.InsertData("112","Ram Lama","he is a bm student");
        helper.InsertData("113", "Ram Khatri", "he is a bba student");
        helper.InsertData("114", "Ram Adhikari", "he is a ba student");
        Toast.makeText(MainActivity.this,"Data Inserted
Succssfylly", Toast. LENGTH SHORT). show();
     }
   });
   show data.setOnClickListener(new View.OnClickListener() {
      @Override
      public void onClick(View view) {
        String uid = "";
        String title = "";
        String description = "";
        ArrayList<Note> noteList = new ArrayList<>();
        Cursor cursor=helper.SelectData();
        while(cursor.moveToNext()){
           uid=cursor.getString(1);
           title=cursor.getString(2);
           description=cursor.getString(3);
         noteList.add(new Note(uid, title, description));
        }
        NoteAdapter adapter = new NoteAdapter(MainActivity.this, noteList);
```

```
listview.setAdapter(adapter);
        cursor.close();
     }
   });
DBhelper.java
package com.example.lab2;
public class DBhelper extends SQLiteOpenHelper {
  private static final int DB version=2;
  private static final String DB_name="noteApp";
  public DBhelper(@Nullable Context context) {
    super(context, DB name, null, DB version);
  }
  @Override
  public void onCreate(SQLiteDatabase db) {
    String query="CREATE TABLE notes ( id INTEGER PRIMARY KEY
AUTOINCREMENT, UUID VARCHAR (250), Title VARCHAR (250), Description
VARCHAR(250))";
    db.execSQL(query);
  }
  @Override
  public void onUpgrade(SQLiteDatabase db, int i, int i1) {
    String query ="DROP TABLE IF EXISTS notes ";
    db.execSQL(query);
    onCreate(db);
  }
  public void InsertData(String uuid,String title,String description){
```

```
SQLiteDatabase db = this.getWritableDatabase();
     ContentValues values = new ContentValues();
     values.put("UUID",uuid);
     values.put("Title",title);
     values.put("Description",description);
     db.insert("notes",null,values);
     db.close();
  }
  public Cursor SelectData(){
     SQLiteDatabase db = this.getReadableDatabase();
     String query ="SELECT * FROM notes";
     Cursor = db.rawQuery(query,null);
     return cursor;
Note.java
package com.example.lab2;
public class Note {
     private String uid;
     private String title;
     private String description;
  public Note(String uid, String title, String description) {
     this.uid = uid;
     this.title = title;
     this.description = description;
  public String getUid() {
```

}

```
return uid;
  public String getTitle() {
    return title;
  }
  public String getDescription() {
    return description;
  }
}
NoteAdapter.java
package com.example.lab2;
public class NoteAdapter extends ArrayAdapter {
  private ArrayList<Note> notelist;
  public NoteAdapter(@NonNull Context, ArrayList<Note>notelist) {
    super(context,0,notelist);
    this.notelist=notelist;
  }
  @NonNull
  @Override
  public View getView(int position, @Nullable View convertView, @NonNull ViewGroup
parent) {
    if (convertView == null) {
       convertView = LayoutInflater.from(getContext()).inflate(R.layout.listitem, parent, false);
    Note = (Note) getItem(position);
    TextView idView = convertView.findViewById(R.id.uid);
    TextView nameView = convertView.findViewById(R.id.title);
```

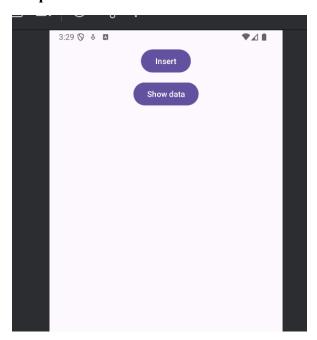
```
TextView addressView = convertView.findViewById(R.id.description);
    idView.setText(String.valueOf(note.getUid()));
    nameView.setText(note.getTitle());
    addressView.setText(note.getDescription());
    return convertView;
  }
}
activity main.xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<LinearLayout
  xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
  android:layout width="match parent"
  android:layout height="match parent"
  android:orientation="vertical"
  >
  <Button
    android:layout width="wrap content"
     android:layout height="wrap content"
    android:id="@+id/insert"
    android:text="Insert"
    />
  <Button
    android:layout marginTop="10dp"
    android:layout width="wrap content"
     android:layout height="wrap content"
    android:id="@+id/show"
    android:text="Show data"
     android:layout gravity="center"
```

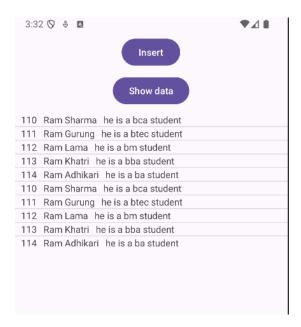
```
/>
  <ListView
    android:layout marginTop="10dp"
    android:layout width="match parent"
    android:layout height="wrap content"
    android:id="@+id/listview"
     />
</LinearLayout>
Listitem.xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<LinearLayout
  xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
  android:layout height="wrap content"
  android:orientation="horizontal"
  android:layout_width="match_parent"
  >
  <TextView
    android:layout width="wrap content"
    android:layout height="wrap content"
    android:id="@+id/uid"
    android:layout marginLeft="10dp"
    />
  <TextView
    android:layout width="wrap content"
    android:layout height="wrap content"
    android:id="@+id/title"
    android:layout_marginLeft="10dp"
    />
```

```
<TextView
android:layout_width="wrap_content"
android:layout_height="wrap_content"
android:id="@+id/description"
android:layout_marginLeft="10dp"
/>
```

</LinearLayout>

Output:





Discussion and Conclusion:

In this lab, we learn about the database SQlite to store data. We insert dummy data in the database and show that data in list form. We create two button as Insert and List. The insert button function as it help to insert data in the database and List button function as to show the list of item store in the database.

Lab:6

Develop an android application to input your Name, Age, gender, email address, phone number and a submit button. When clicked on the button, show this information on another activity. Perform given validation on the following input fields:

| | Must not be empty, must satisfy the following expression: "FirstName LastName". | |
|--|---|--|
|--|---|--|

| Email | Must not be empty, must be a valid email address |
|-----------------|--|
| Phone Number | Must not be empty |
| Gender | One gender must be selected |

Note: You can use Google's material UI for better looking Input fields and error messages.

```
Mainactivity.java
package com.example.lab4;
public class MainActivity extends AppCompatActivity {
  private Button submit;
  private RadioGroup rg;
  private EditText name,age,phone number,email;
  private RadioButton r1,r2;
  @Override
  protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
    super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
    EdgeToEdge.enable(this);
    setContentView(R.layout.activity main);
    name = findViewById(R.id.name);
    rg=findViewById(R.id.rgroup);
    r1=findViewById(R.id.rmale);
    r2=findViewById(R.id.rfemale);
    age=findViewById(R.id.age);
    phone number=findViewById(R.id.number);
    email=findViewById(R.id.email);
    submit=findViewById(R.id.submit);
    submit.setOnClickListener(new View.OnClickListener() {
       @Override
       public void onClick(View view) {
         String sname =name.getText().toString();
         int sage;
         try {
            sage = Integer.parseInt(age.getText().toString());
         } catch (NumberFormatException e) {
            age.setError("Please enter a valid age");
            return;
         String number = phone number.getText().toString();
         String semail =email.getText().toString();
         String gender = "";
         int selectedId = rg.getCheckedRadioButtonId();
```

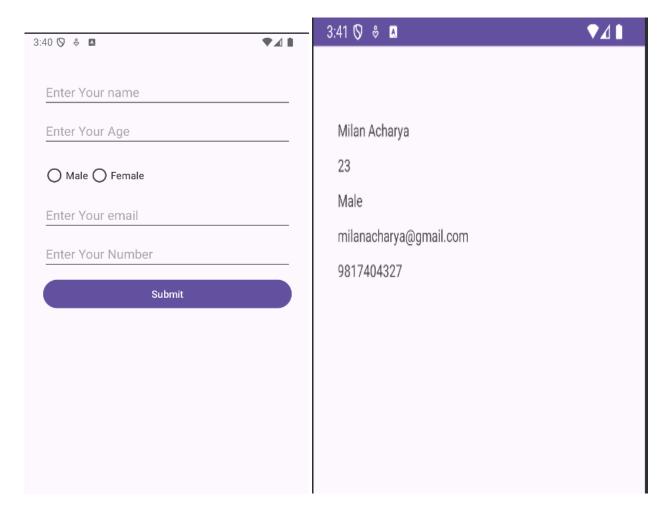
```
if (selectedId == r1.getId()) {
            gender = "Male";
          } else if (selectedId == r2.getId()) {
             gender = "Female";
          if (validateInputs(sname, sage, number, semail, gender)) {
             Intent i = new Intent(MainActivity.this, SecondActivity.class);
             i.putExtra("name", sname);
             i.putExtra("age", sage);
             i.putExtra("email", semail);
            i.putExtra("gender", gender);
            i.putExtra("number", number);
            startActivity(i);
     });
}
  private boolean validateInputs(String sname, int sage, String number, String semail, String
gender) {
     if (sname == null \parallel sname.isEmpty() \parallel!sname.matches("[A-Za-z]+\\s[A-Za-z]+\\]) {
       name.setError("Please enter a valid name (FirstName LastName)");
       return false;
     if (\text{sage} \leq 0)
       age.setError("Please enter a valid age");
       return false;
     if (rg.getCheckedRadioButtonId() == -1) {
       Toast.makeText(MainActivity.this, "Please select a gender",
Toast.LENGTH SHORT).show();
       return false;
     if (semail == null || semail.isEmpty() ||
!android.util.Patterns.EMAIL ADDRESS.matcher(semail).matches()) {
       email.setError("Please enter a valid email");
       return false;
 if (number == null || number.isEmpty() || !number.matches("\\d+")|| number.length() != 10) {
phone number.setError("Please enter a valid phone number (digits only) and must be 10 digits
");
 return false;
return true;
  }
```

```
Secondactivity.java
package com.example.lab4;
public class SecondActivity extends AppCompatActivity {
  private TextView name, age, gender, email, number;
  @Override
  protected void onCreate(@Nullable Bundle savedInstanceState) {
    super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
    setContentView(R.layout.secondactivity);
    name=findViewById(R.id.name);
    age = findViewById(R.id.age);
    gender=findViewById(R.id.gender);
    email=findViewById(R.id.email);
    number=findViewById(R.id.number);
    Intent i =getIntent();
    name.setText(i.getStringExtra("name"));
    age.setText(String.valueOf(i.getIntExtra("age",10)));
    gender.setText(i.getStringExtra("gender"));
    email.setText(i.getStringExtra("email"));
    number.setText(i.getStringExtra("number"));
}
Activitymain.xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<RelativeLayout
  xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
  android:layout height="match parent"
  android:layout width="match parent"
  android:orientation="vertical"
  android:padding="30dp" >
<EditText
    android:layout width="match parent"
    android:layout height="wrap content"
    android:id="@+id/name"
    android:hint="Enter Your name "/>
  <EditText
    android:layout width="match parent"
    android:layout height="wrap content"
    android:id="@+id/age"
    android:hint="Enter Your Age"
    android:layout below="@+id/name"
    />
  < Radio Group
    android:layout width="match parent"
```

```
android:layout height="wrap content"
    android:id="@+id/rgroup"
    android:orientation="horizontal"
    android:layout below="@id/age"/>
    < Radio Button
      android:layout width="wrap content"
      android:layout_height="wrap_content"
      android:text="Male"
      android:id="@+id/rmale"/>
    < Radio Button
      android:layout width="wrap content"
      android:layout height="wrap content"
      android:text="Female"
      android:id="@+id/rfemale"/>
  </RadioGroup>
  <EditText
    android:layout width="match parent"
    android:layout height="wrap content"
    android:id="@+id/email"
    android:hint="Enter Your email"
    android:layout below="@+id/rgroup"
    />
  <EditText
    android:layout width="match parent"
    android:layout height="wrap content"
    android:id="@+id/number"
    android:hint="Enter Your Number"
    android:layout marginTop="10dp"
    android:layout below="@+id/email"
    />
  <Button
    android:layout width="match parent"
    android:layout height="wrap content"
    android:id="@+id/submit"
    android:text="Submit"
    android:layout below="@+id/number"
    />
</RelativeLayout>
Secondactivity.xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<RelativeLayout
```

```
xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
  android:layout height="match parent"
  android:layout width="match parent"
  android:orientation="vertical"
  <TextView
    android:layout width="match parent"
    android:layout height="wrap content"
    android:id="@+id/name"
    />
  <TextView
    android:layout width="match parent"
    android:layout height="wrap content"
    android:id="@+id/age"
    android:layout below="@+id/name"
    />
  <TextView
    android:layout width="match parent"
    android:layout height="wrap content"
    android:id="@+id/gender"
    android:layout below="@+id/age"
    />
  <TextView
    android:layout width="match parent"
    android:layout height="wrap content"
    android:id="@+id/email"
    android:layout below="@+id/gender"
    />
  <TextView
    android:layout width="match parent"
    android:layout height="wrap content"
    android:id="@+id/number"
    android:layout below="@+id/email"
    />
</RelativeLayout>
```

Output:



Discussion and Conclusion:

In this lab, we learn about the multiple activity and how to handle them. we create a simple form and validate them and that form information is submitted and show in another activity. Intent class is used to build connection between to activity. Main activity has simple form and second activity is used to show the details of form input.