

ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT
CALIFORNIA POLYTECHNIC STATE UNIVERSITY

EE 112 Electric Circuit Analysis I

EXAM 1

Winter 2004

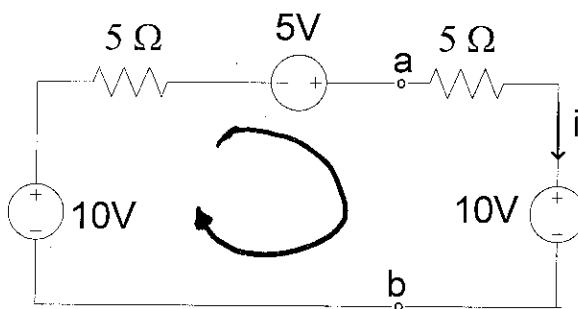
Name: _____ Last 4 digits of Student ID: _____

Section #: _____

1 (7)	2 (7)	3 (5)	4 (6)	Total (25)

PROBLEM #1

Find the current i and voltage v_{ab} for the following circuit.



KVL for the loop:

$$5i - 5 + 5i + 10 - 10 = 0 \quad (2)$$

$$10i = 5$$

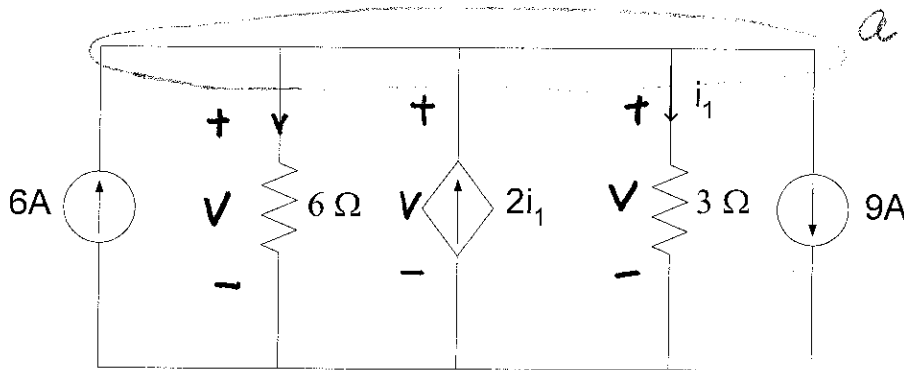
$$\underline{i = 0.5A} \quad (2)$$

$$V_{ab} = 5i + 10 \quad (2)$$

$$= \underline{12.5V} \quad (1)$$

PROBLEM #2

Find i_1 . Calculate the power for the controlled current source (indicate whether the power is absorbed or supplied).



KCL @ node a:

$$\begin{cases} 6 - \frac{V}{6} + 2i_1 - i_1 - 9 = 0 \\ V = 3i_1 \end{cases}$$

$$\frac{i_1}{2} = 3$$

$$\underline{i_1 = 6A}$$

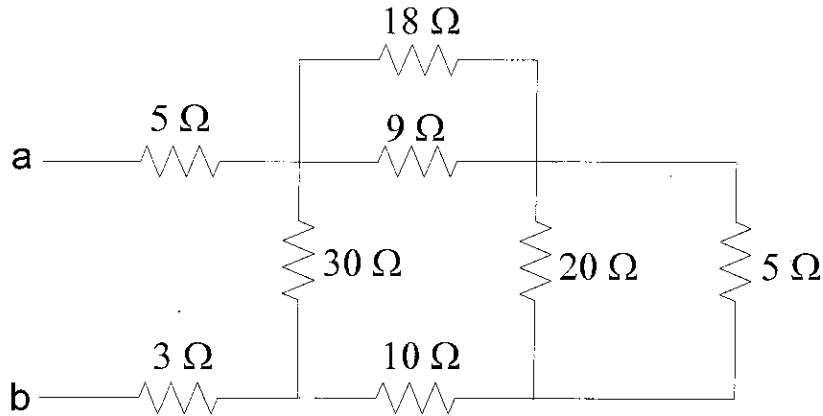
$$V = 3i_1 = 18V$$

$$\begin{aligned} P_{DS} &= -2i_1 \cdot V \\ &= -2 \times 6 \times 18 \\ &= \underline{-216W} \end{aligned}$$

The power is supplied.

PROBLEM #3

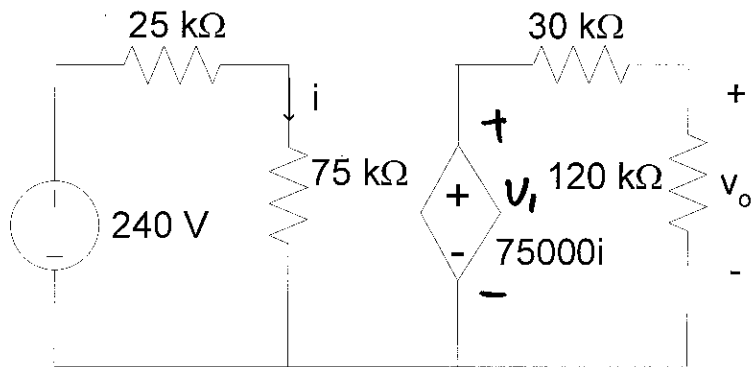
Find the equivalent resistance R_{ab} for the following circuit.



$$\begin{aligned}
 R_{ab} &= 5 + \left[(18 \parallel 9) + (20 \parallel 5) + 10 \right] \parallel 30 + 3 \\
 &= 8 + \left(\frac{18 \times 9}{18 + 9} + \frac{20 \times 5}{20 + 5} + 10 \right) \parallel 30 \\
 &= 8 + (6 + 4 + 10) \parallel 30 \\
 &= 8 + \frac{20 \times 30}{20 + 30} \\
 &= 8 + 12 \\
 &= \underline{20 \Omega}
 \end{aligned}$$

PROBLEM #4

Find v_o for the following circuit.



$$i = \frac{240}{100k} = 2.4 \text{ mA}$$

$$v_i = 75000i = 75 \times 2.4 = 180 \text{ V}$$

$$v_o = \frac{120}{120 + 30} \cdot v_i$$

$$= \frac{120}{150} \times 180$$

$$= 144 \text{ V}$$