Datasets provided in spatstat

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For spatstat version 1.42-2

This document is an overview of the spatial datasets that are provided in the spatstat package. To flick through a nice display of all the data sets that come with spatstat type demo(data). To see information about a given data set, type help(name) where name is the name of the data set To plot a given data set, type plot(name).

Datasets in spatstat are "lazy-loaded", which means that they can be accessed simply by typing their name. Not all packages do this; in some packages you have to type data(name) in order to access a data set.

1 List of datasets

1.1 Point patterns in 2D

Here is a list of the standard point pattern data sets that are supplied with the current installation of spatstat:

name	description	marks	covariates	window
amacrine	rabbit amacrine cells	cell type	•	
anemones	sea anemones	diameter	•	
ants	ant nests	species	zones	\bigcirc
bdspots	breakdown spots			\bigcirc
bei	rainforest trees		topography	
betacells	cat retinal ganglia	cell type, area		
bramblecanes	bramble canes	age		
bronzefilter	bronze particles	diameter		
cells	biological cells			
chorley	cancers	case/control	•	
v		,	elevation, orientation,	. 70
clmfires	forest fires	cause, size, date	slope, land use	
copper	copper deposits		fault lines	
demopat	artificial data	type		
finpines	trees	diam, height		
gordon	people in a park			
J			terrain, vegetation,	
gorillas	gorilla nest sites	group, season	heat, water	
hamster	hamster tumour cells	cell type	•	
humberside	child leukaemia	case/control		
hyytiala	mixed forest	species		
japanesepines	Japanese pines			
lansing	mixed forest	species		
longleaf	trees	diameter		
mucosa	gastric mucosa cells	cell type		
murchison	gold deposits		faults, rock type	
nbfires	wildfires	several		533
nztrees	trees	•		
paracou	trees	adult/juvenile		
ponderosa	trees			
redwood	saplings			
redwoodfull	saplings		zones	
shapley	galaxies	magnitude, recession, SE		
simdat	simulated pattern			
sporophores	fungi	species		
spruces	trees	diameter		
swedishpines	trees			
urkiola	mixed forest	species		
vesicles	synaptic vesicles	. species	70000	
waka	trees	diameter	zones	
wana	01669	uiametei	•	

The shape of the window containing the point pattern is indicated by the symbols \square (rectangle), \bigcirc (disc), \bigcirc (convex polygon) and \bowtie (irregular polygon).

Additional information about the data set *name* may be stored in a separate list *name*.extra. Currently these are the available options:

Name	Contents	
ants.extra	field and scrub subregions;	
	additional map elements; plotting function	
bei.extra	covariate images	
chorley.extra	incinerator location; plotting function	
gorillas.extra	covariate images	
nbfires.extra	inscribed rectangle	
ponderosa.extra	data points of interest; plotting function	
redwoodfull.extra	subregions; plotting function	
shapley.extra	individual survey fields; plotting function	
vesicles.extra	anatomical regions	

For demonstration and instruction purposes, raw data files are available for the datasets vesicles, gorillas and osteo.

1.2 Other Data Types

There are also the following spatial data sets which are not 2D point patterns:

name	description	format
chicago	street crimes	point pattern on linear network
dendrite	dendritic spines	point pattern on linear network
spiders	spider webs	point pattern on linear network
flu	virus proteins	replicated 2D point patterns
heather	heather mosaic	binary image (three versions)
demohyper	simulated data	replicated 2D point patterns with covariates
osteo	osteocyte lacunae	replicated 3D point patterns with covariates
pyramidal	pyramidal neurons	replicated 2D point patterns in 3 groups
residualspaper	data & code from Baddeley et al (2005)	2D point patterns, R function
simba	simulated data	replicated 2D point patterns in 2 groups
waterstriders	insects on water	replicated 2D point patterns
A 1 1*, * 11 , 1	. 1 , , , ,	11

Additionally there is a dataset Kovesi containing several colour maps with perceptually uniform contrast.

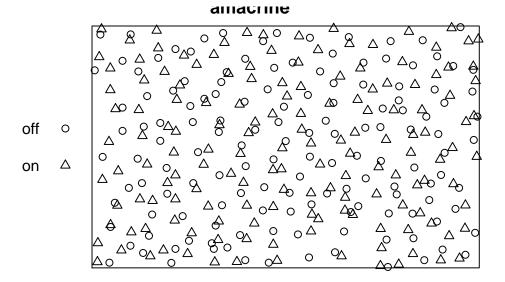
2 Information on each dataset

Here we give basic information about each dataset. For further information, consult the help file for the particular dataset.

amacrine: Amacrine cells

Locations of displaced amacrine cells in the retina of a rabbit. There are two types of points, "on" and "off".

> plot(amacrine)

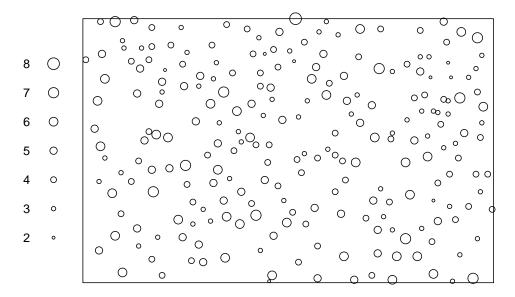


anemones: Sea Anemones

These data give the spatial locations and diameters of sea anemones on a boulder near sea level.

> plot(anemones, markscale=1)

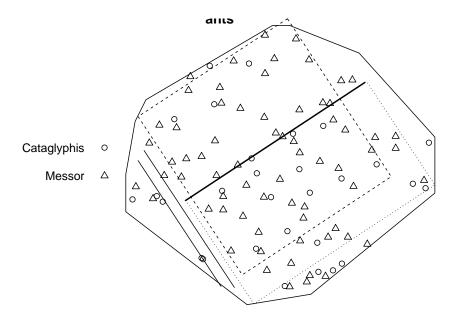
anemones



ants: Ants' nests

Spatial locations of nests of two species of ants at a site in Greece. The full dataset (supplied here) has an irregular polygonal boundary, while most analyses have been confined to two rectangular subsets of the pattern (also supplied here).

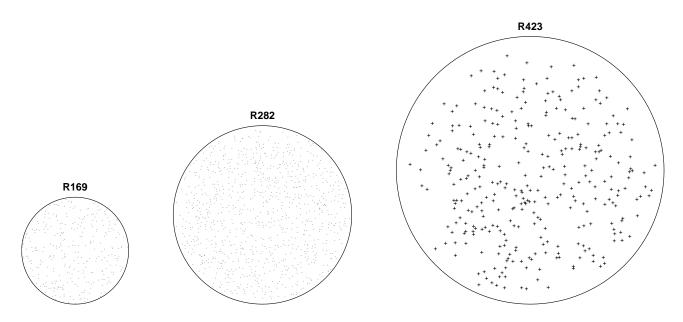
> ants.extra\$plotit()



bdspots: Breakdown spots

A list of three point patterns, each giving the locations of electrical breakdown spots on a circular electrode in a microelectronic capacitor.

- > plot(bdspots, equal.scales=TRUE, pch="+",
- + panel.args=function(i)list(cex=c(0.15, 0.2, 0.7)[i]))

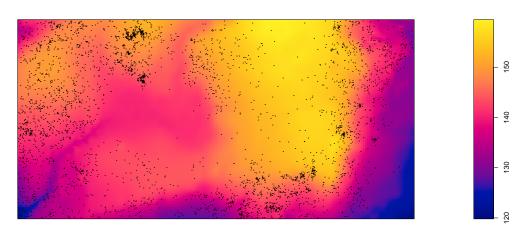


bei: Beilschmiedia data

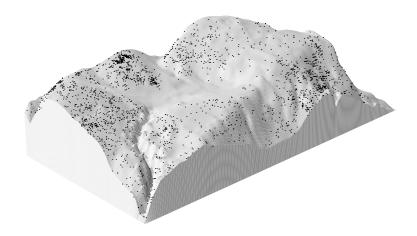
Locations of 3605 trees in a tropical rain forest. Accompanied by covariate data giving the elevation (altitude) and slope of elevation in the study region.

- > plot(bei.extra\$elev, main="Beilschmiedia")
- > plot(bei, add=TRUE, pch=16, cex=0.3)

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```
> M <- persp(bei.extra$elev,
+ theta=-45, phi=18, expand=7,
+ border=NA, apron=TRUE, shade=0.3,
+ box=FALSE, visible=TRUE,
+ main="")
> perspPoints(bei, Z=bei.extra$elev, M=M, pch=16, cex=0.3)
```

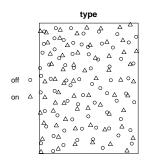


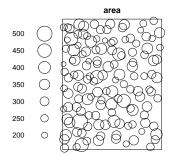
betacells: Beta ganglion cells

Locations of beta ganglion cells in cat retina, each cell classified as 'on' or 'off' and also labelled with the cell profile area.

> plot(betacells)

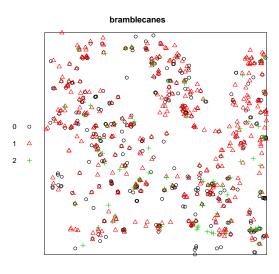
betacells





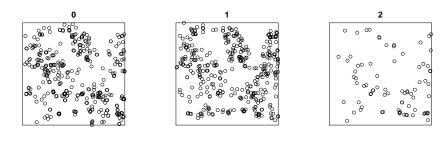
bramble canes: Bramble canes

> plot(bramblecanes, cols=1:3)



> plot(split(bramblecanes))

split(bramblecanes)

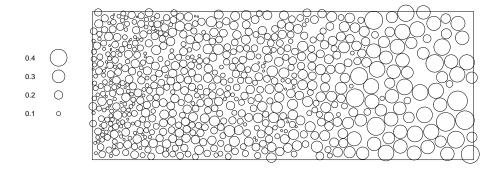


bronzefilter: Bronze filter section profiles

Spatially inhomogeneous pattern of circular section profiles of particles, observed in a longitudinal plane section through a gradient sinter filter made from bronze powder.

> plot(bronzefilter,markscale=2)

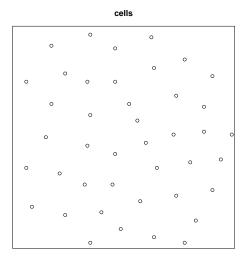




cells: Biological cells

Locations of the centres of 42 biological cells observed under optical microscopy in a histological section. Often used as a demonstration example.

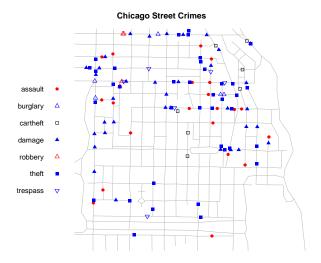
> plot(cells)



chicago: Chicago street crimes

Street crimes reported in a two-week period in an area close to the University of Chicago. A multitype point pattern on a linear network.

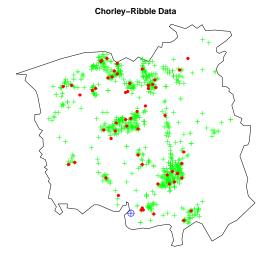
```
> plot(chicago, main="Chicago Street Crimes", col="grey",
+ cols=c("red", "blue", "black", "blue", "red", "blue", "blue"),
+ chars=c(16,2,22,17,24,15,6), leg.side="left", show.window=FALSE)
```



chorley: Chorley-Ribble cancer data

Spatial locations of cases of cancer of the larynx and cancer of the lung, and the location of a disused industrial incinerator. A marked point pattern, with an irregular window and a simple covariate.

> chorley.extra\$plotit()



clmfires: Castilla-La Mancha Fires

Forest fires in the Castilla-La Mancha region of Spain between 1998 and 2007. A point pattern with 4 columns of marks:

cause of fire

burnt.area total area burned, in hectares

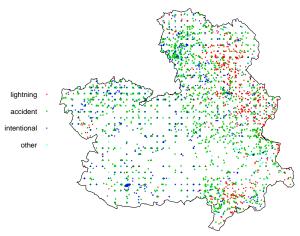
date date of fire

julian.date date of fire in days since 1.1.1998

> plot(clmfires, which.marks="cause", cols=2:5, cex=0.25,

+ main="Castilla-La Mancha forest fires")

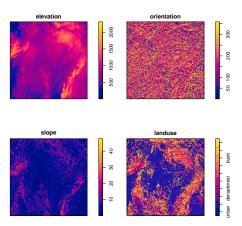
Castilla-La Mancha forest fires



The accompanying dataset clmfires.extra is a list of two items clmcov100 and clmcov200 containing covariate information for the entire Castilla-La Mancha region. Each of these two elements is a list of four pixel images named elevation, orientation, slope and landuse.

> plot(clmfires.extra\$clmcov200, main="Covariates for forest fires")

Covariates for forest fires



copper: Queensland copper data

These data come from an intensive geological survey in central Queensland, Australia. They consist of 67 points representing copper ore deposits, and 146 line segments representing geological 'lineaments', mostly faults.

- > plot(copper\$Points, main="Copper")
- > plot(copper\$Lines, add=TRUE)

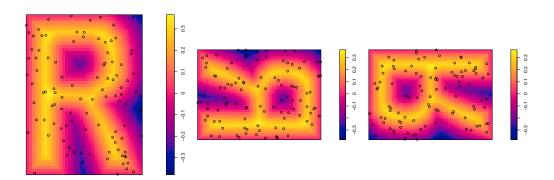


demohyper

A synthetic example of a hyperframe for demonstration purposes.

- > plot(demohyper, quote({ plot(Image, main=""); plot(Points, add=TRUE) }),
- parargs=list(mar=rep(1,4)))

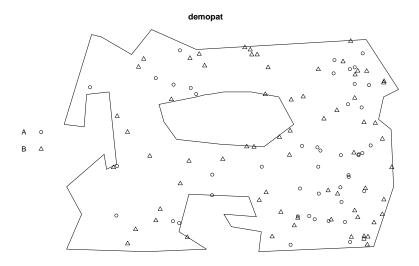
demohyper



demopat

A synthetic example of a point pattern for demonstration purposes.

> plot(demopat)

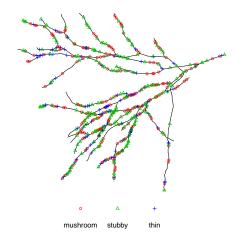


dendrite

Dendrites are branching filaments which extend from the main body of a neuron (nerve cell) to propagate electrochemical signals. Spines are small protrusions on the dendrites.

This dataset gives the locations of 566 spines observed on one branch of the dendritic tree of a rat neuron. The spines are classified according to their shape into three types: mushroom, stubby or thin.

> plot(dendrite, leg.side="bottom", main="", cex=0.75, cols=2:4)

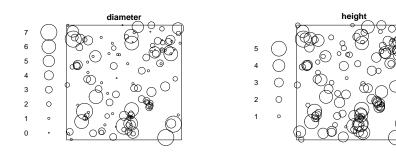


finpines: Finnish pine saplings

Locations of 126 pine saplings in a Finnish forest, their heights and their diameters.

> plot(finpines, main="Finnish pines")

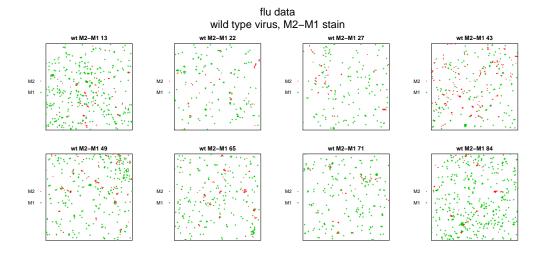
Finnish pines



flu: Influenza virus proteins

The flu dataset contains replicated spatial point patterns giving the locations of two different virus proteins on the membranes of cells infected with influenza virus.

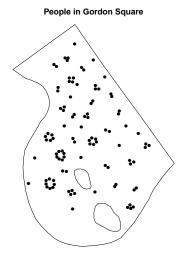
It is a hyperframe containing point patterns and explanatory variables.



gordon: People in Gordon Square

Locations of people sitting on a grass patch on a sunny afternoon.

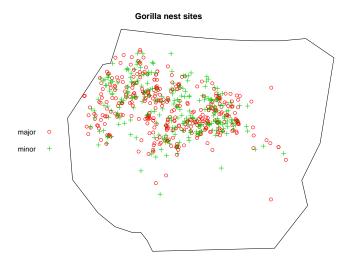
> plot(gordon, main="People in Gordon Square", pch=16)



gorillas: Gorilla nesting sites

Locations of nesting sites of gorillas, and associated covariates, in a National Park in Cameroon. gorillas is a marked point pattern (object of class "ppp") representing nest site locations. gorillas.extra is a named list of 7 pixel images (objects of class "im") containing spatial covariates. It also belongs to the class "listof".

> plot(gorillas, which.marks=1, chars=c(1,3), cols=2:3, main="Gorilla nest sites")



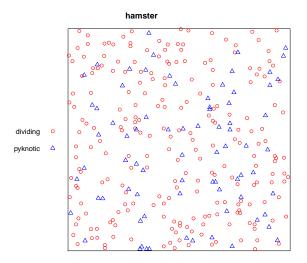
The vegetation covariate is also available as a raw ASCII format file,

> system.file("rawdata/gorillas/vegetation.asc", package="spatstat")

hamster: Hamster kidney cells

Cell nuclei in hamster kidney, each nucleus classified as either 'dividing' or 'pyknotic'. A multitype point pattern.

> plot(hamster, cols=c(2,4))

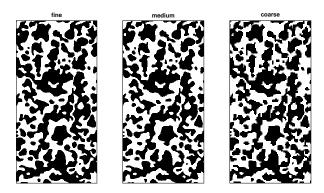


heather: Heather mosaic

The spatial mosaic of vegetation of the heather plant, recorded in a 10 by 20 metre sampling plot in Sweden. A list with three entries, representing the same data at different spatial resolutions.

> plot(heather)

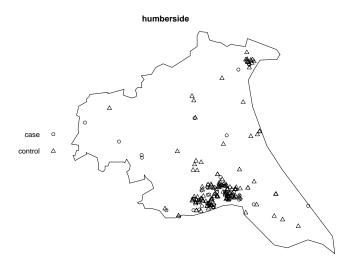
heather



humberside: Childhood Leukemia and Lymphoma

Spatial locations of cases of childhood leukaemia and lymphoma, and randomly-selected controls, in North Humberside. A marked point pattern.

> plot(humberside)

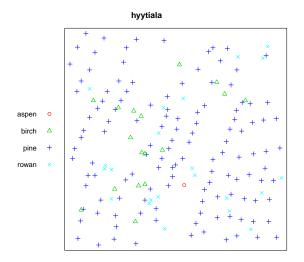


The dataset humberside.convex is an object of the same format, representing the same point pattern data, but contained in a larger, 5-sided convex polygon.

hyytiala: Mixed forest

Spatial locations and species classification for trees in a Finnish forest.

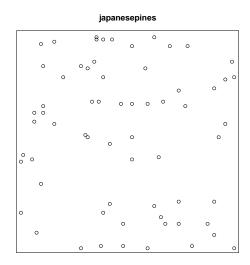
> plot(hyytiala, cols=2:5)



japanesepines: Japanese black pine saplings

Locations of Japanese black pine saplings in a square sampling region in a natural forest. Often used as a standard example.

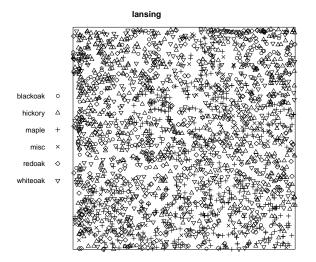
> plot(japanesepines)



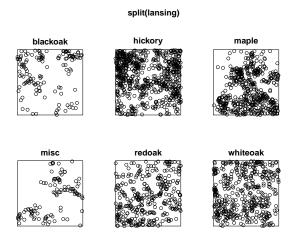
lansing Woods

Locations and botanical classification of trees in a forest. A multitype point pattern with 6 different types of points. Includes duplicated points.

> plot(lansing)



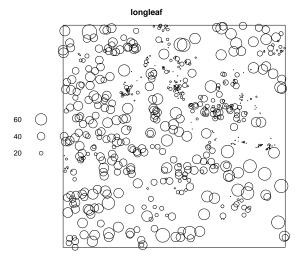
> plot(split(lansing))



longleaf: Longleaf Pines

Locations and diameters of Longleaf pine trees.

> plot(longleaf)

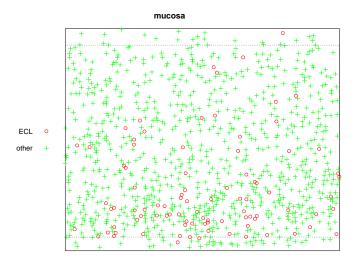


mucosa: Gastric Mucosa Cells

A bivariate inhomogeneous point pattern, giving the locations of the centres of two types of cells in a cross-section of the gastric mucosa of a rat.

> plot(mucosa, chars=c(1,3), cols=c("red", "green"))

> plot(mucosa.subwin, add=TRUE, lty=3)

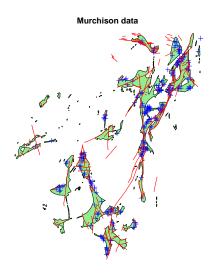


murchison: Murchison Gold Deposits

Spatial locations of gold deposits and associated geological features in the Murchison area of Western Australia. A list of three elements:

- gold, the point pattern of gold deposits;
- faults, the line segment pattern of geological faults;
- greenstone, the subregion of greenstone outcrop.

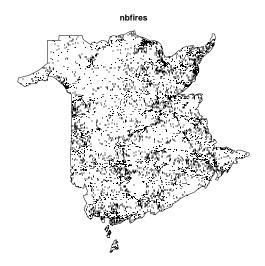
- > plot(murchison\$greenstone, main="Murchison data", col="lightgreen")
- > plot(murchison\$gold, add=TRUE, pch=3, col="blue")
- > plot(murchison\$faults, add=TRUE, col="red")



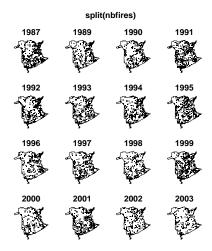
nbfires: New Brunswick Fires

Fires in New Brunswick (Canada) with marks giving information about each fire.

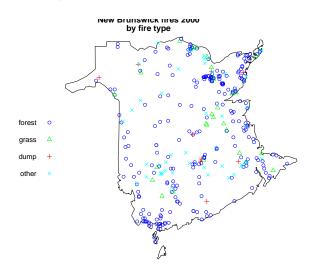
> plot(nbfires, use.marks=FALSE, pch=".")



> plot(split(nbfires), use.marks=FALSE, chars=".")



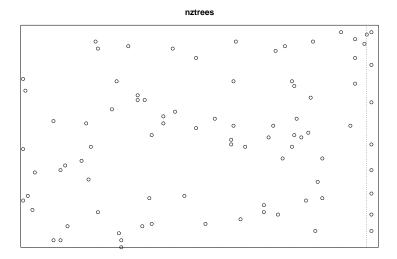
- > plot(split(nbfires)\$"2000", which.marks="fire.type",
 + main=c("New Brunswick fires 2000", "by fire type"),
- + cols=c("blue", "green", "red", "cyan"),
- + leg.side="left")



nztrees: New Zealand Trees

Locations of trees in a forest plot in New Zealand. Often used as a demonstration example.

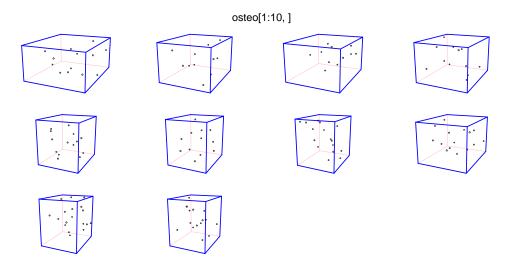
- > plot(nztrees)
- > plot(trim.rectangle(as.owin(nztrees), c(0,5), 0), add=TRUE, 1ty=3)



osteo: Osteocyte Lacunae

Replicated three-dimensional point patterns: the three-dimensional locations of osteocyte lacunae observed in rectangular volumes of solid bone using a confocal microscope. A hyperframe containing 3D point patterns and explanatory variables.

> plot(osteo[1:10,], main.panel="", pch=21, bg='white')



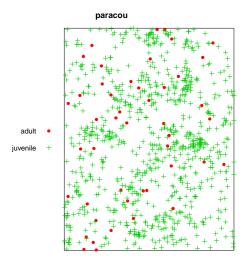
For demonstration and instruction purposes, the raw data from the 36th point pattern are available in a plain ascii file in the spatstat installation,

> system.file("rawdata/osteo/osteo36.txt", package="spatstat")

paracou: Kimboto trees

Point pattern of adult and juvenile Kimboto trees recorded at Paracou in French Guiana. A bivariate point pattern.

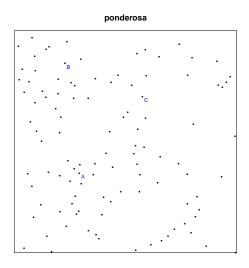
> plot(paracou, cols=2:3, chars=c(16,3))



ponderosa: Ponderosa Pines

Locations of Ponderosa Pine trees in a forest. Several special points are identified.

> ponderosa.extra\$plotit()



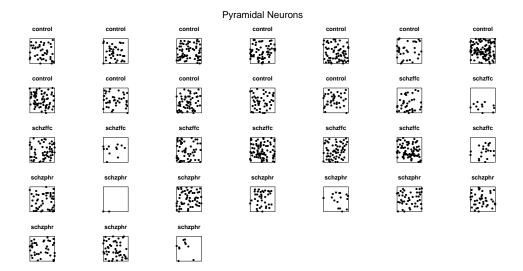
pyramidal: Pyramidal Neurons in Brain

Locations of pyramidal neurons in sections of human brain. There is one point pattern from each of 31 human subjects. The subjects are divided into three groups: controls (12 subjects), schizoaffective (9 subjects) and schizophrenic (10 subjects).

```
> pyr <- pyramidal
```

> pyr\$grp <- abbreviate(pyramidal\$group, minlength=7)</pre>

> plot(pyr, quote(plot(Neurons, pch=16, main=grp)), main="Pyramidal Neurons")



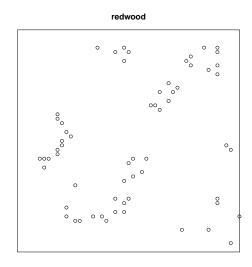
redwood, redwoodfull: Redwood seedlings and saplings

California Redwood seedlings and saplings in a forest. There are two versions of this dataset: redwood and redwoodfull.

The redwoodfull dataset is the full data. It is spatially inhomogeneous in density and spacing of points.

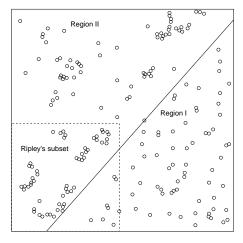
The redwood dataset is a subset of the full data, selected because it is apparently homogeneous, and has often been used as a demonstration example.

> plot(redwood)



> redwoodfull.extra\$plotit()



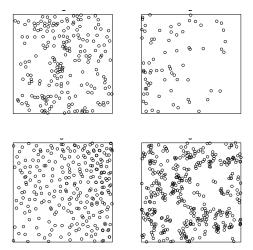


residualspaper: Data from residuals paper

Contains the point patterns used as examples in

A. Baddeley, R. Turner, J. Møller and M. Hazelton (2005) Residual analysis for spatial point processes. *Journal of the Royal Statistical Society, Series B* **67**, 617–666 along with R code.

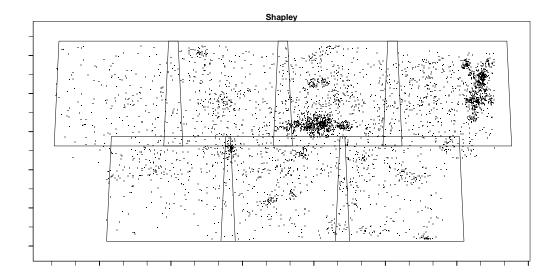
> plot(as.listof(residualspaper[c("Fig1", "Fig4a", "Fig4b", "Fig4c")]),
+ main="")



shapley: Shapley Galaxy Concentration

Sky positions of 4215 galaxies in the Shapley Supercluster (mapped by radioastronomy).

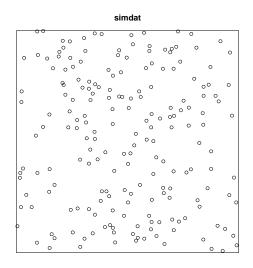
> shapley.extra\$plotit(main="Shapley")



simdat: Simulated data

Another simulated dataset used for demonstration purposes.

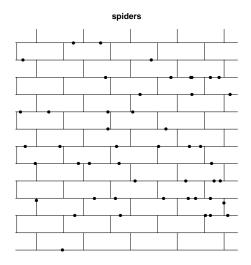
> plot(simdat)



spiders: Spider webs

Spider webs across the mortar lines of a brick wall. A point pattern on a linear network.

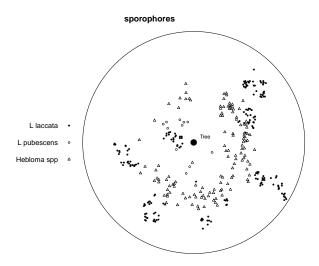
> plot(spiders, pch=16, show.window=FALSE)



sporophores: Sporophores

Sporophores of three species of fungi around a tree.

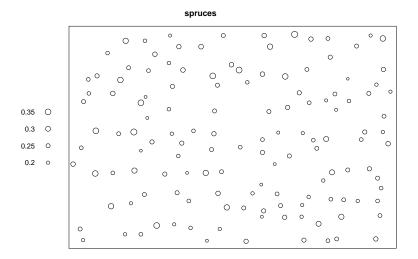
- > plot(sporophores, chars=c(16,1,2), cex=0.6)
- > points(0,0,pch=16, cex=2)
- > text(15,8,"Tree", cex=0.75)



spruces: Spruces in Saxony

Locations of Norwegian spruce trees in a natural forest stand in Saxonia, Germany. Each tree is marked with its diameter at breast height.

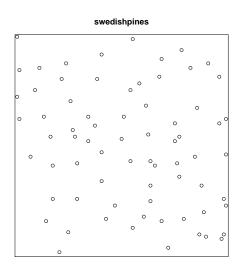
> plot(spruces, maxsize=min(nndist(spruces)))



swedishpines: Swedish Pines

Locations of pine saplings in a Swedish forest. Often used as a demonstration example.

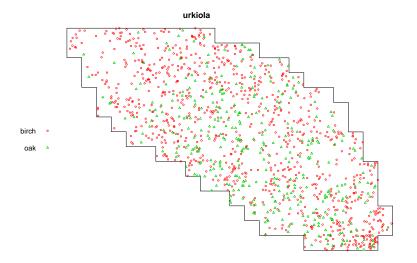
> plot(swedishpines)



urkiola: trees in a wood

Locations of birch and oak trees in a secondary wood in Urkiola Natural Park (Basque country, northern Spain). Irregular window, bivariate point pattern.

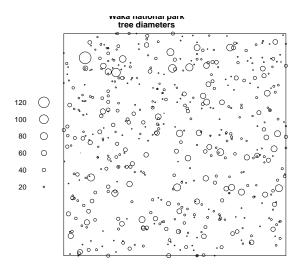
> plot(urkiola, cex=0.5, cols=2:3)



waka: trees in Waka National Park

Spatial coordinates of each tree, marked by the tree diameter at breast height.

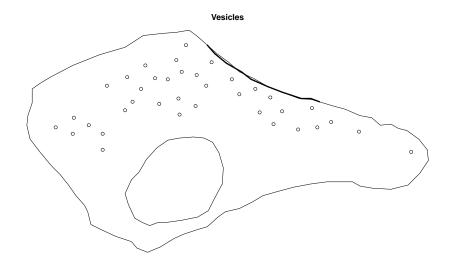
> plot(waka, markscale=0.04, main=c("Waka national park", "tree diameters"))



vesicles: synaptic vesicles

Point pattern of synaptic vesicles observed in rat brain tissue.

- > v <- rotate(vesicles, pi/2)
- > ve <- lapply(vesicles.extra, rotate, pi/2)
- > plot(v, main="Vesicles")
- > plot(ve\$activezone, add=TRUE, lwd=3)



The auxiliary dataset vesicles.extra is a list with entries

presynapse outer polygonal boundary of presynapse mitochondria polygonal boundary of mitochondria

mask binary mask representation of vesicles window activezone line segment pattern representing the active zone.

For demonstration and training purposes, the raw data files for this dataset are also provided in the spatstat package installation:

vesicles.txt spatial locations of vesicles
presynapse.txt vertices of presynapse
mitochondria.txt vertices of mitochondria

vesiclesimage.tif greyscale microscope image

The files are in the folder rawdata/vesicles in

vesiclesmask.tif binary image of mask
activezone.txt coordinates of activezone

the spatstat installation directory. The precise location of the files can be obtained using system.file, for example

> system.file("rawdata/vesicles/mitochondria.txt", package="spatstat")

waterstriders: Insects on a pond

Three independent replications of a point pattern formed by insects on the surface of a pond.

> plot(waterstriders)

waterstriders

