Code Club Challenge: Space Invaders (Part 1)

### Setting up

One of the very first computer games was called "Space Invaders" and we are going to recreate it in Python.

To get started, open LXTerminal and use the following command to download the start of the project:

#### Listing 1: Get the starting point

```
git clone https://github.com/jrmhaig/space_invaders
```

This should create a new directory called space\_invaders containing a Python program and some icons. Open the program with:

#### Listing 2: Opening the starting point

```
$ cd space_invaders
$ idle space_invaders.py
```

#### Note

We need to use idle (for Python version 2) instead of idle3 (for Python version 3) because the PyGame module only works for Python version 2 on the Raspberry Pi at the moment.

You could also launch Idle from the desktop icon and then browse to the correct directory to open the file.

## Controlling the ship

The first thing to do is to add the ship that you (the player) will control. This will move left and right along the bottom of the screen while the aliens, which you have to shoot, will go at the top. Look at the script below and see what you need to change.

#### Note

Can you identify the parts that:

- Finds the picture file to use for the ship?
- Tells the computer where to put the ship?
- Finds out if you are pressing the left or right buttons?

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>It was apparently originally created in 1978, which makes it almost as old as me!

Listing 3: Controlling the ship

```
import pygame
   # Colours
  WHITE = (255, 255, 255)
  # Size of the screen
  WIDTH = 400
  HEIGHT = 300
 pygame.init()
  clock = pygame.time.Clock()
  game\_speed = 85
  screen = pygame.display.set_mode((WIDTH, HEIGHT), 0)
  pygame.key.set_repeat(1, 10)
15
   # Images
                                                              # New
  ship_image = pygame.image.load('icons/ship.png')
                                                              # New
   # Position of the ship
                                                              # New
  ship = {
                                                              # New
           'x': 150,
                                                              # New
           'y': 260,
                                                              # New
                                                              # New
  run = True
   while run:
      screen.fill(WHITE)
       for event in pygame.event.get():
30
           if event.type == pygame.QUIT:
               run = False
           elif event.type == pygame.KEYDOWN:
                                                              # New
               # A key has been pressed
                                                              # New
               if event.key == pygame.K_LEFT:
                                                              # New
35
                   # Move the ship left
                                                              # New
                   ship['x'] = ship['x'] - 1
                                                              # New
               elif event.key == pygame.K_RIGHT:
                                                              # New
                   # Move the ship right
                                                              # New
                   ship['x'] = ship['x'] + 1
40
                                                              # New
       # Put the ship on the screen
                                                              # New
```

```
screen.blit(ship_image, (ship['x'], ship['y'])) # New

# Refresh the screen
pygame.display.update()
clock.tick(game_speed)
```

### Add a bit of class

Now we have managed to get the ship moving more easily but do you see what happens when you go to the edge of the window? We will solve this later. First, we are going to introduce a new programming idea; *Classes* and *Objects*.

So far, we have just a single thing in our game – a ship that you can control with the arrow keys. Later we will also have a number of aliens as well as bullets, and all of these have very similar information about them and actions. For example, they all have a position (x and y) and they all need to move. With a Class we can write code for them all once and only once.

#### Note

Can you see how I stopped the ship going off the side of the window? Can you work out how to make it move faster or slower?

Listing 4: Adding classes

```
import pygame
   # Colours
  WHITE = (255, 255, 255)
   # Size of the screen
  WIDTH = 400
  HEIGHT = 300
  # Directions
                                                               # New
  LEFT = 1
                                                               # New
  RIGHT = 2
                                                               # New
  UP = 3
                                                                New
  DOWN = 4
                                                               # New
15
  pygame.init()
  clock = pygame.time.Clock()
  game_speed=85
  screen = pygame.display.set_mode((WIDTH, HEIGHT), 0)
  pygame.key_set_repeat(1, 10)
```

```
class GamePiece:
                                                               New
       def __init__(self, x, y, image):
                                                              # New
           self.x = x
                                                              # New
           self.y = y
                                                              # New
25
           self.speed = 1
                                                              # New
           self.image = image
                                                              # New
           self.min x = 10
                                                              # New
           self.max x = 340
                                                              # New
30
       def move(self, direction):
                                                              # New
           if direction == LEFT:
                                                              # New
               if self.x > self.min_x:
                                                              # New
                   self.x = self.x - self.speed
                                                              # New
           elif direction == RIGHT:
                                                              # New
               if self.x < self.max x:</pre>
                                                              # New
                   self.x = self.x + self.speed
                                                              # New
       def draw(self):
                                                              # New
           screen.blit(self.image, (self.x, self.y))
                                                             # New
40
   # Images
  ship_image = pygame.image.load('icons/ship.png')
  # Game objects
                                                              # Changed
  ship = GamePiece(150, 260, ship_image)
                                                              # Changed
  run = True
  while run:
       screen.fill(WHITE)
       for event in pygame.event.get():
           if event.type == pygame.QUIT:
               run = False
           elif event.type == pygame.KEYDOWN:
               # A key has been pressed
               if event.key == pygame.K_LEFT:
                   # Start moving the ship left
                   ship.move(LEFT)
                                                              # Changed
               elif event.key == pygame.K_RIGHT:
                   # Start moving the ship right
                   ship.move(RIGHT)
                                                              # Changed
```

```
# Put the ship on the screen # Changed ship.draw() # Changed pygame.display.update() clock.tick(game_speed)
```

## Explanation

In the previous section we added a *Class* called GamePiece. By itself, this does not do anything to it provides a pattern from which we created an *Object* for the ship. Later, we will add another object for an alien and our code will contain:

#### Listing 5: Object creation example

```
ship = GamePiece(150, 260, ship_image)
alien = GamePiece(150, 30, alien_image)
```

Each of these is separate from the other and has its own x and y coordinates. They also both know how to move and draw themselves in the correct position in the window if we call the functions:

#### Listing 6: Function call example

```
ship.move(LEFT)
ship.draw()
```

and we can even set their speeds with:

#### Listing 7: Setting object variables

```
ship.speed = 0.6
alien.speed = 0.3
```

#### Note

This may be the answer to one of the questions in the last section!

As well as the move and draw functions you will see another function called \_\_init\_\_ (that is a double '\_' before and after the word 'init'. This is a special function that is always run once when the object is created with ship = GamePiece(150, 260, ship\_image). This makes sure that all the variables have the correct values at the start.

### Add an alien

The real Space Invaders game has lots of aliens in rows but for the moment we will start with just one. As I said in the last section, a lot of the work is already done for us as we can use the GamePiece class.

First, make some changes to the GamePiece class to let the alien know which way it is going and then "bounce" when it reaches the side of the screen.

Listing 8: Changes to the class

```
. . .
   class GamePiece:
       def __init__(self, x, y, image):
           self.x = x
5
           self.y = y
           self.speed = 1
           self.direction = 0
                                                               # New
           self.bounce = False
                                                               # New
           self.image = image
10
           self.min x = 10
           self.max x = 340
       def move(self, direction = None):
                                                               # Changed
           if direction == None:
                                                               # New
15
               # The function was called as: move()
                                                               # New
               direction = self.direction
                                                               # New
           if direction == LEFT:
               if self.x > self.min_x:
                    self.x = self.x - self.speed
               elif self.bounce:
                                                               # New
                    self.y = self.y + 5
                                                               # New
                    self.direction = RIGHT
                                                               # New
           elif direction == RIGHT:
               if self.x < self.max x:</pre>
                    self.x = self.x + self.speed
               elif self.bounce:
                                                                New
                    self.y = self.y + 5
                                                               # New
                    self.direction = LEFT
                                                               # New
30
       def draw(self):
           screen.blit(self.image, (self.x, self.y))
```

```
35 ...
```

Next, this is all that is needed to create the alien.

Listing 9: Create the alien object

```
# Images
ship_image = pygame.image.load('icons/ship.png')
alien_image = pygame.image.load('icons/alien1.png')
                                                          # New
 ship = GamePiece(150, 260, ship_image)
alien = GamePiece(150, 30, alien_image)
                                                          # New
# Make the alien move by itself
                                                          # New
alien.direction = LEFT
                                                          # New
 # Make the alien bounce when it hits the edge
                                                          # New
 alien.bounce = True
                                                          # New
 # Make the alien a bit slower
                                                          # New
alien.speed = 0.3
                                                          # New
```

Listing 10: Use the alien object

```
# Put the ship on the screen
ship.draw()

# Move and draw the alien # New
alien.move() # New
alien.draw() # New

# Refresh the screen
pygame.display.update()
clock.tick(game_speed)
```

## Shoot the alien

The next thing to do is to let you try to shoot the alien. For this, we need to load an image of a bullet with this line (try to find the correct place to put it):

#### Listing 11: Load the bullet image

```
bullet_image = pygame.image.load('icons/bullet.png')
```

Now the bullet needs to move up the screen, rather than left or right, and then disappear when it reaches the top. For this we need to add a new variable to the \_\_init\_\_ function:

Listing 12: New variables

```
def __init__(self, x, y, image):
    self.x = x
    self.y = y
    self.speed = 1
    self.direction = 0
    self.bounce = False
    self.image = image
    self.min_y = 20  # New
    self.min_x = 10
    self.max_x = 340
```

and add a new part to the move function:

Listing 13: New move function

```
def move(self, direction = None):
           if direction == None:
               # The function was called as: move()
               direction = self.direction
           if direction == LEFT:
               if self.x > self.min_x:
                    self.x = self.x - self.speed
               elif self.bounce:
                    self.y = self.y + 5
10
                   self.direction = RIGHT
           elif direction == RIGHT:
               if self.x < self.max_x:</pre>
                    self.x = self.x + self.speed
               elif self.bounce:
15
                   self.y = self.y + 5
                    self.direction = LEFT
           elif direction == UP:
                                                              New
               if self.y > self.min y:
                                                            # New
                    self.y = self.y - self.speed
                                                            # New
20
```

At the start of the game, the bullet doesn't exist and we can indicate this with:

#### Listing 14: Initialise bullet

```
# Game objects
bullet = None  # New
ship = GamePiece(150, 260, ship_image)
alien = GamePiece(150, 30, alien_image)
```

And finally, the bullet should appear when we press the 'SPACE' bar.

### Listing 15: Fire!

```
for event in pygame.event.get():
           elif event.type == pygame.KEYDOWN:
               # A key has been pressed
                                                   # New (next 4 lines)
5
               elif event.key == pygame.K_SPACE and bullet == None:
                   # Fire the bullet from the mid-point of the ship
                   bullet = GamePiece(ship.x+22, ship.y, bullet_image)
                   bullet.direction = UP
10
       # Put the ship on the screen
       ship.draw()
       # Move and draw the bullet
                                                        # New
15
       if bullet != None:
                                                         # New
           bullet.move()
                                                         # New
           if bullet.y > bullet.min_y:
                                                         # New
               bullet.draw()
                                                         # New
           else:
                                                         # New
20
               bullet = None
                                                         # New
```

### Hit the alien

You may have noticed that the bullet currently just goes straight through the alien. This isn't very good! In the GamePiece class we need a new function to detect if it has been hit.

Listing 16: Detect a hit

```
class GamePiece:
       \operatorname{def} __init__(self, x, y, image):
           self.x = x
           self.y = y
           self.width = 0
                                                           # New
           self.height = 0
                                                           # New
       def draw(self):
           self.blit(self.image, (self.x, self.y))
10
       def detect_hit(self, other):
                                                           # New
           if other.x > self.x \
                                                           # New
                    and other.x < self.x + self.width \ # New</pre>
                    and other.y > self.y \
15
                    and other.y < self.y + self.height: # New</pre>
               return True
                                                           # New
           else:
                                                           # New
               return False
                                                           # New
   # Make the alien move by itself
  alien.direction = LEFT
   # Make the alien bounce when it hits the edge
  alien.bounce = True
alien.speed = 0.3
   # Set the height and width of the alien
                                                           # New
  alien.width = 47
                                                           # New
  alien.height = 22
                                                           # New
```

At the moment there is only one alien so when it is hit we will put it back at the top and make it move faster. Later, we can have several rows of aliens and try to keep a score.

Listing 17: Hit the alien

```
# Move and draw the bullet
if bullet != None:
    bullet.move()
    if bullet.y > bullet.min_y:
        bullet.draw()
    if alien.detect_hit(bullet): # New
        # Move the alien back to the top # New
        alien.x = 150 # New
```

```
alien.y = 30 # New

# Move it a bit faster # New

alien.speed = alien.speed + 0.1 # New

bullet = None # New

else:

bullet = None
```

# Next steps

There is still some more thing to do to get the full Space Invaders game:

- Several aliens in a number of rows
- Let the aliens fire bullets as well as the player
- Keep a score
- Add some sound

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