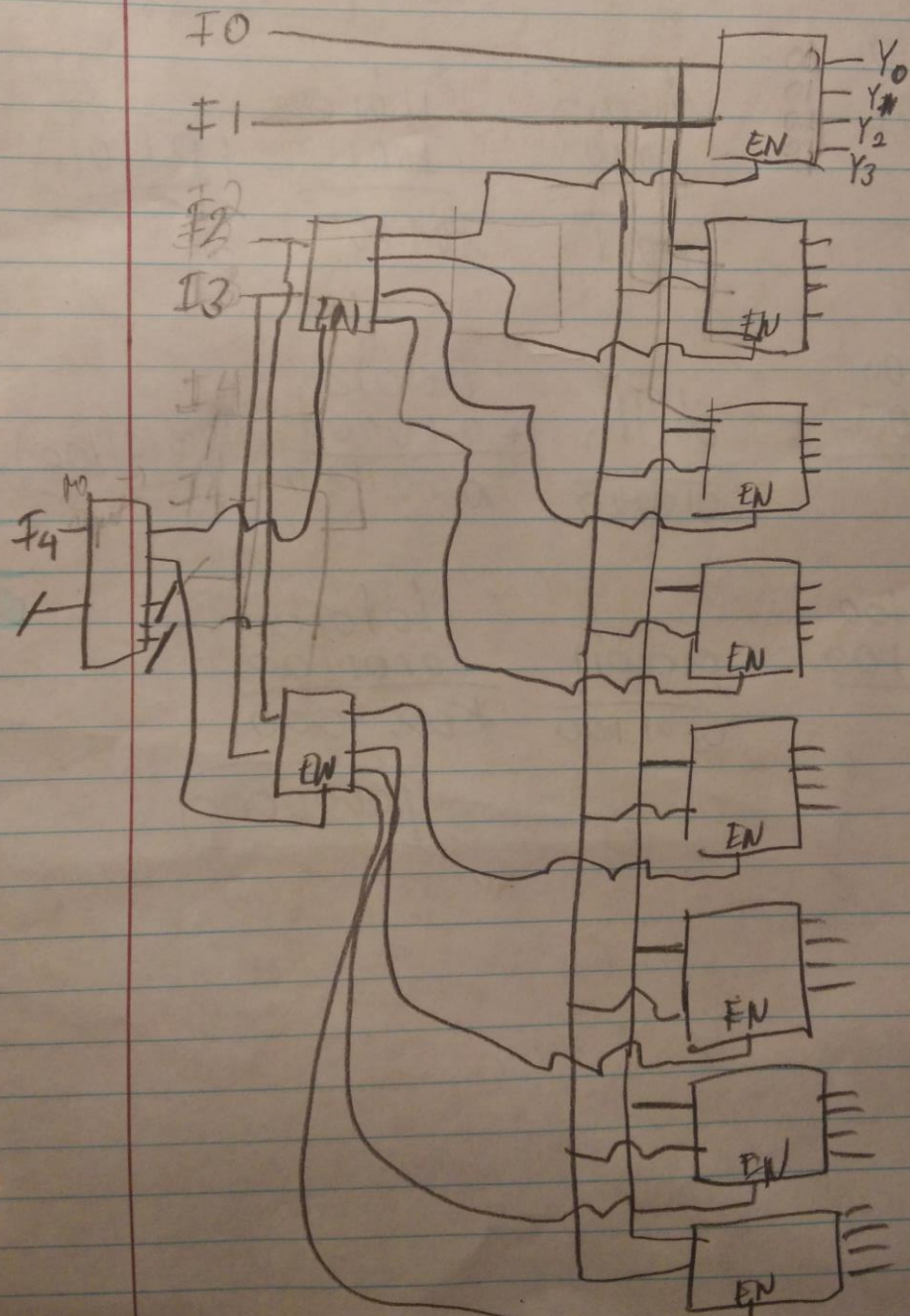


1. Design a 5 to 32 decoder using 2 to 4 decoders.

Inputs $2^5 = 32$ outputs



2.

$$\begin{array}{r} a) \quad 11010 \\ - 10000 \\ \hline \end{array} \rightarrow$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 01111 \\ + 10000 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 11010 \\ + 10000 \\ \hline 101010 \end{array}$$

01010

$$\begin{array}{r} b) \quad 1100 \\ - 01101 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 01101 \\ 10010 \\ + 1 \\ \hline 10011 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 11010 \\ + 10011 \\ \hline 101101 \end{array}$$

01101

$$\begin{array}{r} c) \quad 000100 \\ - 110000 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 001111 \\ + 010000 \\ \hline 010000 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 000100 \\ + 010000 \\ \hline 010100 \end{array}$$

010100

$$\begin{array}{r} d) \quad 1010100 \\ - 1010100 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

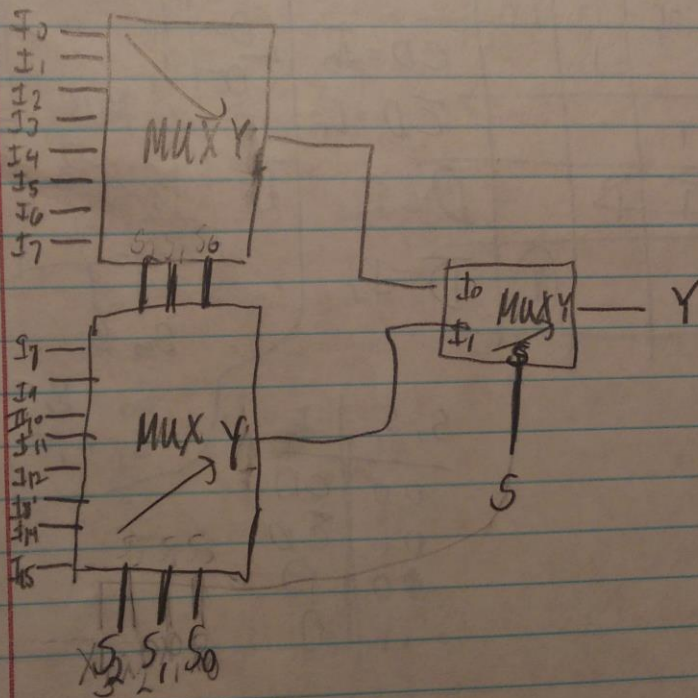
$$\begin{array}{r} 0101011 \\ + 010100 \\ \hline 0101100 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 1010100 \\ + 0101100 \\ \hline 10000000 \end{array}$$

00000000

3b

1. Construct a 16-1 multiplexer using 2 8-1s & 1 2-1s.



2. Use a decoder to implement $f(A, B, C) = A \oplus B \oplus C$

A

B

B

C

Y₀

Y₁

Y₂

Y₃

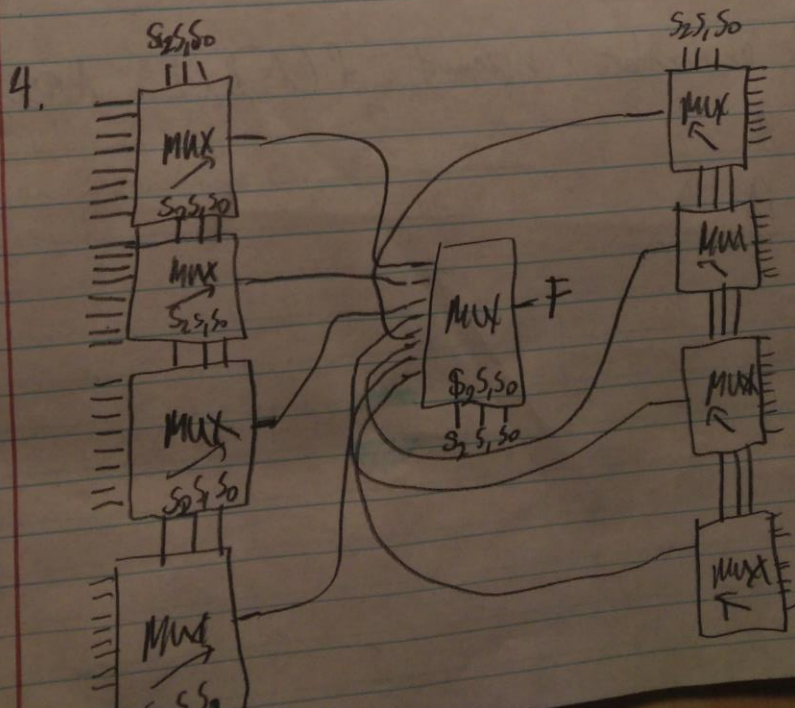
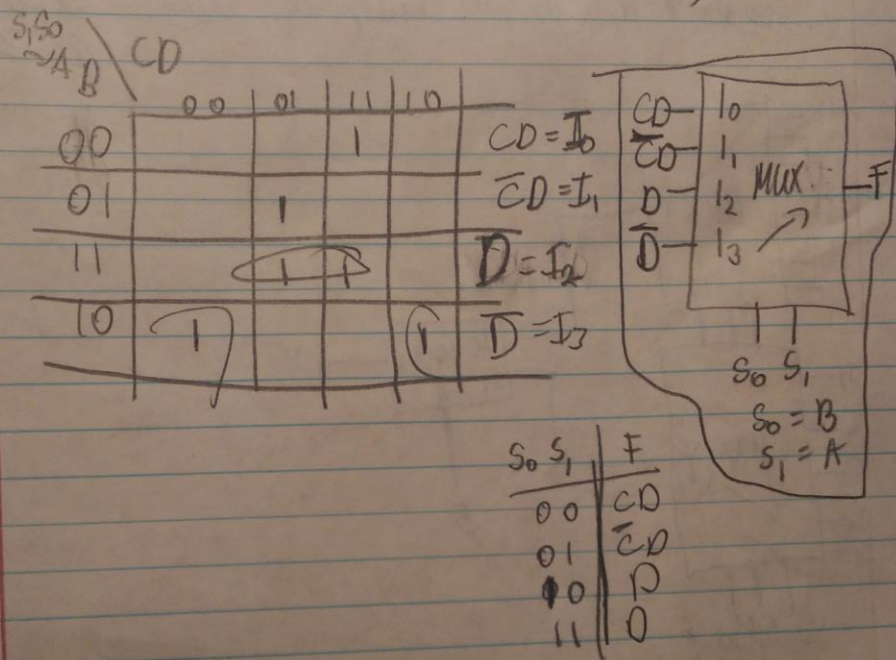
Y₄

Y₅

Y₆

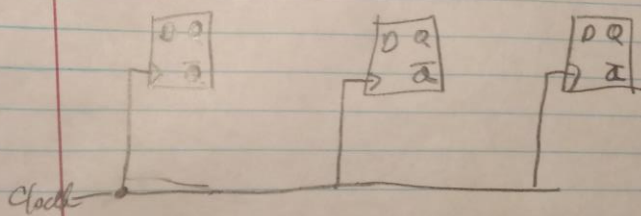
Y₇

3. $F(A, B, C, D) = \sum(3, 5, 8, 10, 13, 15)$

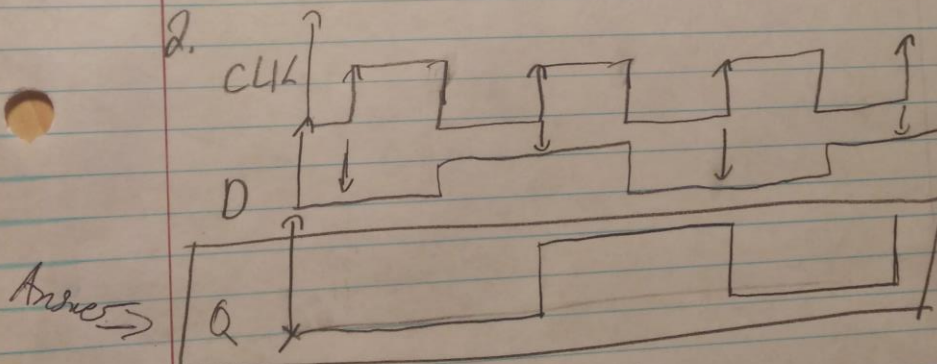


30

1. Design a 3-bit binary up counter by D flip-flops



2.



3.

