

Heaps and easy problems

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Multiple Choice Questions

1. Is heap also a binary tree?

- A. True
- B. False



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- A. True
- B. False

Ans: A

2. What is the worst case time complexity for heapify?

- A. $O(n)$
- B. $O(n\log(n))$
- C. $O(n^2)$
- D. $O(n!)$



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Ans: B

3. What is not true about heaps?

- A. Heaps are also binary trees
- B. Heap are balanced binary trees
- C. Heaps always have the highest node as the root node
- D. There are two types of heaps: min-heap and max-heap



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Ans: C

4. When the heap is represented as an array, how do you find the parent node of any given node?

- A. $2n+1$
- B. $2n+2$
- C. $\text{Math.floor}((n-1)/2)$
- D. $\text{Math.floor}((n-2)/2)$



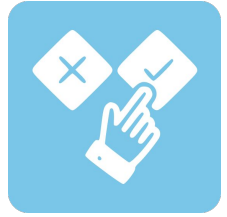
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Ans: C

5. What is the worst-case time complexity to insert an element in heap?

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Ans: A

Problems

Given an input array of unique elements, return a max-heap created out of the same elements. Expected worst-case time complexity. $O(n \log(n))$

Example:

Input : [2,7,26,25,19,17,1,90,3,36]

Output : [90, 36, 17, 25, 26, 7, 1, 2, 3, 19]



Solution:

<https://pastebin.com/RFD92P8G>

Given a max-heap as an input (represented as an array) and a number k which is greater than 0 and less than total count elements in heap, return k^{th} largest element in heap. $O(n \log(n))$



Eg:

Input :

Heap : [90, 36, 17, 25, 26, 7, 1, 2, 3, 19]

k : 3

Output : 26 (As 26 is the 3rd largest element in heap).

Solution:

<https://pastebin.com/hCRK5VPx>

THANK YOU