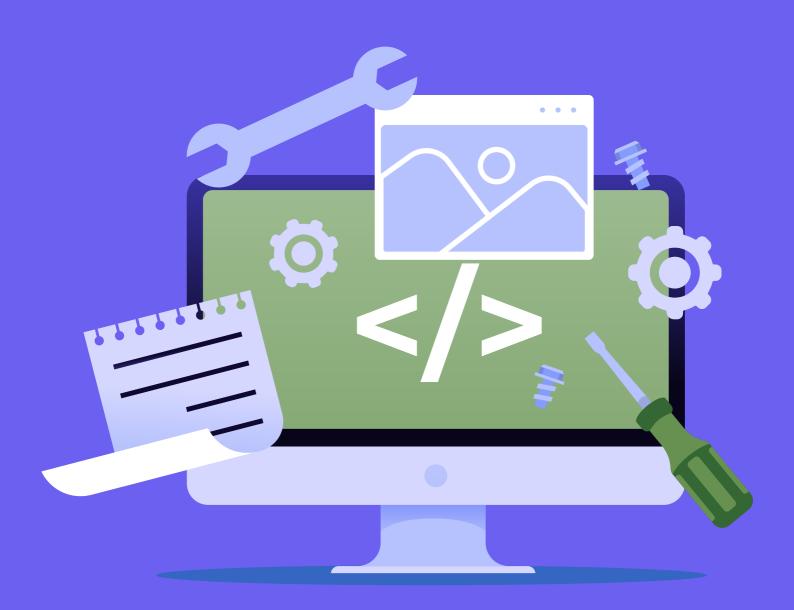
Asynchronous Programming in JS - 2

Assignment Solutions







Assignment Solutions

- **1.** Implement a map using the Inversion of Control principle that will perform operations on an array such as:
- a. Squaring the elements
- b. Dividing them by 5.
- c. The root of the element
- d. etc

Solution: https://jsfiddle.net/g2796jru/

```
function performOperation(array, arrayFunction) {
     const map1 = array.map(arrayFunction);
     return map1;
  const array = [1,2,3,4,25];
  //Squaring the elements
  console.log(performOperation(
  array,
   x => x * 2
 ) )
 //Dividing them by 5
 console.log(performOperation(
   array,
   x \Rightarrow x / 5
) )
 //The root of the elements
console.log(performOperation(
   array,
   x => Math.sqrt(x)
 ) )
```



2. Implement a generator that will return power all the powers of 3.

Solution: https://jsfiddle.net/atLrwjy5/

```
function * powerOfThree(i)
{
    var count = 1;
    // Infinite Generation
    while (true) {
        yield 3 ** count++;
    }
}
var gen = powerOfThree(1);
for (var i = 0; i < 10; i++) {
    document.write(gen.next().value + "<br>");
}
```

3. Program to explain difference between Promise.all() and Promise.race().

Solution: https://jsfiddle.net/2bhe8u7z/

```
const promiseAllExample = [
 new Promise((resolve, reject) => setTimeout(resolve, 222, '222')),
 new Promise((resolve, reject) => setTimeout(resolve, 333, '333')),
 new Promise((resolve, reject) => setTimeout(reject, 111, '111')),
 new Promise((resolve, reject) => setTimeout(resolve, 444, '444'))
];
Promise.race(promiseAllExample)
  .then(console.log)
  .catch(console.log);
  const promiseRaceExample = [
  new Promise((resolve, reject) => setTimeout(resolve, 222, '222')),
  new Promise((resolve, reject) => setTimeout(resolve, 333, '333')),
 new Promise((resolve, reject) => setTimeout(resolve, 111, '111')),
  new Promise((resolve, reject) => setTimeout(resolve, 444, '444'))
];
Promise.all(promiseRaceExample)
  .then(console.log)
  .catch(console.log);
```