

Rune System - Complete Implementation Guide

Overview

Runes are **magical consumable items** with powerful effects. Unlike accessories (which are equipped), runes are single-use items that are consumed when activated.

Rune Types

1. Rune of Return

Effect: Teleports player to last save point **Rarity:** Rare **Cooldown:** 10 seconds **Source:** Craft, Quest **Craftable:** Yes **Tradable:** No (special item) **Dismantlable:** Yes

Crafting Materials:

- 1x Wooden Tablet
- 1x Clay
- 1x Essence
- 1x Verdant Shard

2. Rune of Spawn

Effect: Teleports player to world spawn point **Rarity:** Uncommon **Cooldown:** 5 seconds **Source:** Craft, Grand Trade **Craftable:** Yes **Tradable:** Yes **Dismantlable:** Yes

Crafting Materials:

- 1x Wooden Tablet
- 1x Clay
- 1x Essence

Class Architecture

Rune (Core Class)

- └─ RuneType enum (RETURN, SPAWN, ...)
- └─ RuneSource enum (CRAFT, QUEST, DROP, GRAND_TRADE)
- └─ RuneRarity enum (COMMON, UNCOMMON, RARE, EPIC, LEGENDARY)
- └─ Properties (craftable, tradable, dismantlable)
- └─ Crafting materials (Map<String, Integer>)

└─ use() method (applies effect)

RuneManager (Factory)

└─ createRune(RuneType) → Rune

└─ craftRune(RuneType, inventory) → Rune

└─ canCraftRune(RuneType, inventory) → boolean

└─ runeToItem(Rune) → Item

Usage Examples

Example 1: Create and Use a Rune

```
java

// Create rune
Rune runeOfReturn = RuneManager.createRuneOfReturn();

// Use rune
Entity player = gameState.getPlayer();
boolean success = runeOfReturn.use(player, gameState);

if (success) {
    System.out.println("Teleported!");
    // Rune is consumed (single use)
}
```

Example 2: Add Rune to Inventory

```
java

// Create rune as Item
Item runeItem = RuneManager.createRuneItem(Rune.RuneType.RETURN);

// Add to inventory
uiManager.addItemToInventory(runeItem);

// Item appears in:
// - "Misc" tab (all items)
// - (Consumables don't appear in other tabs)
```

Example 3: Craft a Rune

```
java
```

```

// Player's inventory
Map<String, Integer> inventory = new HashMap<>();
inventory.put("Wooden Tablet", 2);
inventory.put("Clay", 3);
inventory.put("Essence", 1);
inventory.put("Verdant Shard", 1);

// Check if can craft
boolean canCraft = RuneManager.canCraftRune(
    Rune.RuneType.RETURN,
    inventory
);

if (canCraft) {
    // Craft rune (consumes materials)
    Rune rune = RuneManager.craftRune(
        Rune.RuneType.RETURN,
        inventory
    );

    if (rune != null) {
        System.out.println("Crafted: " + rune.getName());

        // Convert to item and add to inventory
        Item runeItem = RuneManager.runeToItem(rune);
        uiManager.addItemToInventory(runeItem);
    }
}
}

```

Example 4: Check Crafting Requirements

```
java
```

```
// Get crafting materials needed
Map<String, Integer> materials =
    RuneManager.getCraftingMaterials(Rune.RuneType.RETURN);

System.out.println("Required materials:");
for (Map.Entry<String, Integer> entry : materials.entrySet()) {
    System.out.println("  " + entry.getValue() + "x " + entry.getKey());
}

// Output:
// Required materials:
// 1x Wooden Tablet
// 1x Clay
// 1x Essence
// 1x Verdant Shard
```

Example 5: Dismantle Rune

```
java

Rune rune = RuneManager.createRuneOfReturn();

if (rune.isDismantlable()) {
    List<String> rewards = rune.getDismantleRewards();

    System.out.println("Dismantle rewards:");
    for (String reward : rewards) {
        System.out.println("  " + reward);
    }

    // Output:
    // Dismantle rewards (50% of materials):
    // 1x Wooden Tablet (from 1)
    // 1x Clay (from 1)
    // 1x Essence (from 1)
    // 1x Verdant Shard (from 1)
}
```

Example 6: Get Detailed Info

```
java
```

```
String info = RuneManager.getRuneInfo(Rune.RuneType.RETURN);
System.out.println(info);
```

```
// Output:
// === Rune of Return ===
// Type: RETURN
// Rarity: RARE
//
// A mystical rune that teleports you to your last save point...
//
// Cooldown: 10.0s
// Single use (consumed)
//
// --- Properties ---
// Craftable: Yes
// Tradable: No
// Dismantlable: Yes
// Source: CRAFT
//
// --- Crafting Cost ---
// 1x Wooden Tablet, 1x Clay, 1x Essence, 1x Verdant Shard
```

Integration with Game Systems

1. Inventory System Integration

```
java

// Runes appear as consumable items
Item runeItem = ItemManager.createRuneOfReturn();

// Shows in inventory
uiManager.addItemToInventory(runeItem);

// Filter: Consumable items show in "Misc" tab only
// (Can add separate "Consumable" or "Rune" tab if needed)
```

2. Quest Rewards

```
java
```

// In quest completion

```
public void giveQuestReward(Entity player) {  
    // Create rune with QUEST source  
    Rune rune = RuneManager.createRune(  
        Rune.RuneType.RETURN,  
        Rune.RuneSource.QUEST  
    );  
  
    // Add to inventory  
    Item runeItem = RuneManager.runeToItem(rune);  
    uiManager.addItemToInventory(runeItem);  
  
    System.out.println("Received: " + rune.getName() + " (Quest Reward)");  
}
```

3. Monster Drops

java

// In monster death handler

```
public void onMonsterDeath(Entity monster) {  
    // Random chance to drop rune  
    if (Math.random() < 0.05) { // 5% chance  
        Item runeItem = ItemManager.createRuneOfSpawn();  
  
        // Drop at monster location  
        Position pos = monster.getComponent(Position.class);  
        createItemDrop(runeItem, pos.x, pos.y);  
    }  
}
```

4. Crafting UI

java

// Display crafting recipe

```
public void showCraftingRecipe(Rune.RuneType type) {  
    Rune rune = RuneManager.createRune(type);  
  
    System.out.println("=== Craft " + rune.getName() + " ===");  
    System.out.println(rune.getDescription());  
    System.out.println();  
    System.out.println("Materials Required:");  
  
    Map<String, Integer> materials = rune.getCraftingMaterials();  
    for (Map.Entry<String, Integer> entry : materials.entrySet()) {  
        int playerHas = getPlayerMaterialCount(entry.getKey());  
        String status = playerHas >= entry.getValue() ? "✓" : "X";  
  
        System.out.println(String.format(" %s %dx %s (have: %d)",  
            status, entry.getValue(), entry.getKey(), playerHas));  
    }  
}
```

5. Use Rune from Inventory

java

```

// In UIInventorySlot.onClick() or hotkey
public void useRuneFromInventory(int slotIndex) {
    Item item = inventoryGrid.getItemAtSlot(slotIndex);

    if (item != null && item.getType() == Item.ItemType.CONSUMABLE) {
        // Check if it's a rune (by name for now)
        if (item.getName().contains("Rune of")) {
            // Determine rune type from name
            Rune.RuneType type = getRuneTypeFromName(item.getName());

            // Create and use rune
            Rune rune = RuneManager.createRune(type);
            Entity player = gameState.getPlayer();

            boolean success = rune.use(player, gameState);

            if (success) {
                // Remove from inventory (consumed)
                inventoryGrid.removeItemFromSlot(slotIndex);
                System.out.println("Used " + rune.getName());
            }
        }
    }
}

private Rune.RuneType getRuneTypeFromName(String name) {
    if (name.contains("Return")) return Rune.RuneType.RETURN;
    if (name.contains("Spawn")) return Rune.RuneType.SPAWN;
    return null;
}

```

Extending the System

Add New Rune Type

```
java
```


// 1. Add to RuneType enum

```
public enum RuneType {  
    RETURN,  
    SPAWN,  
    HASTE // NEW  
}
```

// 2. Initialize in Rune class

```
private void initializeRuneProperties() {  
    switch (type) {  
        case RETURN:  
            initializeReturnRune();  
            break;  
        case SPAWN:  
            initializeSpawnRune();  
            break;  
        case HASTE: // NEW  
            initializeHasteRune();  
            break;  
    }  
}
```

```
private void initializeHasteRune() {  
    this.cooldown = 30f;  
    this.maxStack = 3; // Can stack 3  
    this.consumeOnUse = true;  
  
    if (craftable) {  
        craftingMaterials.put("Swift Essence", 1);  
        craftingMaterials.put("Wind Crystal", 2);  
    }  
}
```

// 3. Implement effect

```
public boolean use(Entity caster, GameState gameState) {  
    // ...  
    case HASTE:  
        success = useHasteRune(caster, gameState);  
        break;  
}
```

```
private boolean useHasteRune(Entity caster, GameState gameState) {  
    Movement movement = caster.getComponent(Movement.class);
```

```
if (movement == null) return false;

// Apply haste buff
movement.setHaste(true);

System.out.println("Haste activated! (3x speed for 30s)");
return true;
}

// 4. Register in RuneManager
registerRune(
    Rune.RuneType.HASTE,
    "Rune of Haste",
    "Grants incredible speed for 30 seconds.",
    Rune.RuneRarity.RARE,
    true, true, true,
    Rune.RuneSource.CRAFT
);
```

Material System

Crafting Materials Table

Material	Rarity	Source	Used For
Wooden Tablet	Common	Craft/Drop	All runes
Clay	Common	Drop/Gather	All runes
Essence	Uncommon	Drop	All runes
Verdant Shard	Uncommon	Boss drop	Rune of Return

Add Materials to Game

```
java
```

```

// In monster loot table
public void generateLoot(Entity monster) {
    // Common drops
    if (Math.random() < 0.4) {
        addItemToInventory(ItemManager.createClay());
    }

    // Uncommon drops
    if (Math.random() < 0.15) {
        addItemToInventory(ItemManager.createEssence());
    }

    // Boss drops
    if (isBoss(monster) && Math.random() < 0.8) {
        addItemToInventory(ItemManager.createVerdantShard());
    }
}

```

Future Enhancements

Stackable Runes

```

java
// Modify Rune class to support stacking
public class RuneStack {
    private Rune runeType;
    private int quantity;
    private int maxStack;

    public boolean addRune() {
        if (quantity < maxStack) {
            quantity++;
            return true;
        }
        return false;
    }
}

```

Rune Cooldown System

```

java

```

// Track rune cooldowns per player

```
public class RuneCooldownManager {  
    private Map<Rune.RuneType, Float> cooldowns = new HashMap<>();  
  
    public boolean canUseRune(Rune.RuneType type) {  
        Float cooldown = cooldowns.get(type);  
        return cooldown == null || cooldown <= 0;  
    }  
  
    public void startCooldown(Rune rune) {  
        cooldowns.put(rune.getType(), rune.getCooldown());  
    }  
  
    public void update(float delta) {  
        for (Rune.RuneType type : cooldowns.keySet()) {  
            float remaining = cooldowns.get(type) - delta;  
            cooldowns.put(type, Math.max(0, remaining));  
        }  
    }  
}
```








Visual Effects

java

// Add to Rune.use()

```
private void spawnTeleportEffect(Entity caster, GameState gameState) {  
    Position pos = caster.getComponent(Position.class);  
  
    // Spawn particles  
    for (int i = 0; i < 20; i++) {  
        spawnParticle(pos.x, pos.y, "teleport_sparkle");  
    }  
  
    // Play sound  
    AudioManager.play("teleport.wav");  
  
    // Screen flash  
    screenFlashEffect(Color.WHITE, 0.5f);  
}
```

Summary

The Rune system provides:  **Magical consumable items** with powerful effects  **Crafting system** with material requirements  **Flexible properties** (craftable, tradable, dismantlable)  **Multiple sources** (craft, quest, drop, trade)  **Easy to extend** with new rune types  **Full inventory integration**  **Dismantle for material recovery**