Practical

Aim 6:- Determine product of 2 large integers using multiplication of their digits. For simplicity, assume both numbers to have same number of digits. This assumption can be relaxed subsequently. Use Divide and Conquer strategy).

Code:-

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<math.h>
long prod(long,long);
long noOfDigit(long,long);
void main()
{
long m,n;
printf("\n Enter no1:- ");
scanf("%ld",&m);
printf("\n Enter no2:- ");
scanf("%ld",&n);
printf("\n multiplication of %ld and %ld is :- %ld",m,n,prod(m,n));
getch();
}
long prod(long u,long v)
{
  long x,y,w,z;
  long n,m,p,q,r;
       n=noOfDigit(u,v);
       if(u==0 || v==0)
        {
              return 0;
        }
```

```
else if(n \le 2)
       {
              return (u*v);
       }
       else
       {
        m=floor(n/2);
        w=u/pow(10,m);
        x=u\%(int)pow(10,m);
        y=v/pow(10,m);
        z=v%(int)pow(10,m);
        p=prod(w,y);
        q=prod(x,z);
        r=prod(w+x,y+z);
        return p * pow(10,2*m) + (r-p-q) * pow(10,m) + q;
       }
}
long noOfDigit(long m,long n)
{
long max;
int b=0;
       if(m>=n)
        max=m;
       else
        max=n;
       while(max>0)
       {
        max=max/10;
        b++;
```

```
}
return b;
}
```

Output:-

```
Enter no1:- 25
Enter no2:- 25
multiplication of 25 and 25 is :- 625
```