```
//6.10
NodeList::NodeList() {
                                         // constructor
                                         // initially empty
  n = 0;
  header = new Node;
                                                  // create sentinels
  trailer = new Node:
  header->next = trailer;
                                                 // have them point to each other
  trailer->prev = header;
 }
                                                 // list size
 int NodeList::size() const
  { return n; }
 bool NodeList::empty() const
                                                 // is the list empty?
  { return (n == 0); }
NodeList::Iterator NodeList::begin() const
                                                 // begin position is first item
  { return Iterator(header->next); }
 NodeList::Iterator NodeList::end() const
                                                 // end position is just beyond
last
  { return Iterator(trailer); }
//6.11
                                                  // insert e before p
  void NodeList::insert(const NodeList::Iterator& p, const Elem& e) {
  Node* w = p.v;
                                                 // p's node
  Node* u = w->prev;
                                                 // p's predecessor
  Node* v = new Node;
                                                  // new node to insert
  v->elem = e;
  v->next = w; w->prev = v;
                                                 // link in v before w
                                                 // link in v after u
  v->prev = u; u->next = v;
  n++;
 }
 void NodeList::insertFront(const Elem& e) // insert at front
  { insert(begin(), e); }
```

```
void NodeList::insertBack(const Elem& e)  // insert at rear
{ insert(end(), e); }
```

//6.12

```
void NodeList::erase(const Iterator& p) {
                                               // remove p
 Node* v = p.v;
                                               // node to remove
 Node* w = v->next;
                                               // successor
 Node* u = v->prev;
                                               // predecessor
                                               // unlink p
 u->next = w; w->prev = u;
                                               // delete this node
 delete v;
                                       // one fewer element
 n--;
}
void NodeList::eraseFront()
                                               // remove first
 { erase(begin()); }
void NodeList::eraseBack()
                                               // remove last
 { erase(--end()); }
}
```

```
Algorithm1.cpp
#include <cstdlib>
                         // provides EXIT_SUCCESS
 #include <iostream>
                         // I/O definitions
                         // provides vector
 #include <vector>
                         // for sort, random_shuffle
 #include <algorithm>
                         // make std:: accessible
 using namespace std;
 int main () {
   int a[] = {17, 12, 33, 15, 62, 45};
   vector<int> v(a, a + 6); // v: 17 12 33 15 62 45
                               // outputs: 6
   cout << v.size() << endl;</pre>
                        // v: 17 12 33 15 62
   v.pop_back();
   cout << v.size() << endl; // outputs: 5</pre>
   v.push_back(19);
                          // v: 17 12 33 15 62 19
   cout << v.front() << " " << v.back() << endl;// outputs: 17 19</pre>
   sort(v.begin(), v.begin() + 4);  // v: (12 15 17 33) 62 19
   v.erase(v.end() - 4, v.end() - 2); // v: 12 15 62 19
   cout << v.size() << endl; // outputs: 4</pre>
   char b[] = {'b', 'r', 'a', 'v', 'o'};
       vector<char> w(b, b + 5);
                                   // w: bravo
       random_shuffle(w.begin(), w.end());
                                          // w: o v r a b
       w.insert(w.begin(), 's');
                                           // w: sovrab
   for (vector<char>::iterator p = w.begin(); p != w.end(); ++p)
         cout << endl;</pre>
       return EXIT_SUCCESS;
Output
6
5
17 19
```

sorvab