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crypto

package

standard library

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Overview

Package crypto collects common cryptographic constants.

Index

[func RegisterHash\(h Hash, f func\(\) hash.Hash\)](#)[type Decrypter](#)[type DecrypterOpts](#)[type Hash](#)[func \(h Hash\) Available\(\) bool](#)[func \(h Hash\) HashFunc\(\) Hash](#)[func \(h Hash\) New\(\) hash.Hash](#)[func \(h Hash\) Size\(\) int](#)[func \(h Hash\) String\(\) string](#)[type PrivateKey](#)[type PublicKey](#)[type Signer](#)[type SignerOpts](#)

Constants

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Variables

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Functions

func RegisterHash

```
func RegisterHash(h Hash, f func() hash.Hash)
```

RegisterHash registers a function that returns a new instance of the given hash function. This is intended to be called from the init function in packages that implement hash functions.

Types

type Decrypter

added in go1.5

```
type Decrypter interface {
    // Public returns the public key corresponding to the opaque,
    // private key.
    Public() PublicKey

    // Decrypt decrypts msg. The opts argument should be appropriate for
    // the primitive used. See the documentation in each implementation for
    // details.
    Decrypt(rand io.Reader, msg []byte, opts DecrypterOpts) (plaintext []byte, err error)
}
```

Decrypter is an interface for an opaque private key that can be used for asymmetric decryption operations. An example would be an RSA key kept in a hardware module.

type DecrypterOpts

added in go1.5

```
type DecrypterOpts any
```

type Hash

```
type Hash uint
```

Hash identifies a cryptographic hash function that is implemented in another package.

```
const (
    MD4          Hash = 1 + iota // import golang.org/x/crypto/md4
    MD5           // import crypto/md5
    SHA1          // import crypto/sha1
    SHA224        // import crypto/sha256
    SHA256        // import crypto/sha256
    SHA384        // import crypto/sha512
    SHA512        // import crypto/sha512
    MD5SHA1       // no implementation; MD5+SHA1 used for TLS RSA
```

```

    RIPEMD160          // import golang.org/x/crypto/ripemd160
    SHA3_224           // import golang.org/x/crypto/sha3
    SHA3_256           // import golang.org/x/crypto/sha3
    SHA3_384           // import golang.org/x/crypto/sha3
    SHA3_512           // import golang.org/x/crypto/sha3
    SHA512_224         // import crypto/sha512
    SHA512_256         // import crypto/sha512
    BLAKE2s_256        // import golang.org/x/crypto/blake2s
    BLAKE2b_256        // import golang.org/x/crypto/blake2b
    BLAKE2b_384        // import golang.org/x/crypto/blake2b
    BLAKE2b_512        // import golang.org/x/crypto/blake2b

)

```

func (Hash) Available

```
func (h Hash) Available() bool
```

Available reports whether the given hash function is linked into the binary.

func (Hash) HashFunc

added in go1.4

```
func (h Hash) HashFunc() Hash
```

HashFunc simply returns the value of h so that Hash implements SignerOpts.

func (Hash) New

```
func (h Hash) New() hash.Hash
```

New returns a new hash.Hash calculating the given hash function. New panics if the hash function is not linked into the binary.

func (Hash) Size

```
func (h Hash) Size() int
```

Size returns the length, in bytes, of a digest resulting from the given hash function. It doesn't require that the hash function in question be linked into the program.

func (Hash) String

added in go1.15

```
func (h Hash) String() string
```

type PrivateKey

```
type PrivateKey any
```

PrivateKey represents a private key using an unspecified algorithm.

Although this type is an empty interface for backwards compatibility reasons, all private key types in the standard library implement the following interface

```
interface{
    Public() crypto.PublicKey
    Equal(x crypto.PrivateKey) bool
}
```

as well as purpose-specific interfaces such as `Signer` and `Decrypter`, which can be used for increased type safety within applications.

type `PublicKey`

added in go1.2

```
type PublicKey any
```

`PublicKey` represents a public key using an unspecified algorithm.

Although this type is an empty interface for backwards compatibility reasons, all public key types in the standard library implement the following interface

```
interface{
    Equal(x crypto.PublicKey) bool
}
```

which can be used for increased type safety within applications.

type `Signer`

added in go1.4

```
type Signer interface {
    // Public returns the public key corresponding to the opaque,
    // private key.
    Public() PublicKey

    // Sign signs digest with the private key, possibly using entropy from
    // rand. For an RSA key, the resulting signature should be either a
    // PKCS #1 v1.5 or PSS signature (as indicated by opts). For an (EC)DSA
    // key, it should be a DER-serialised, ASN.1 signature structure.
    //
    // Hash implements the SignerOpts interface and, in most cases, one can
    // simply pass in the hash function used as opts. Sign may also attempt
    // to type assert opts to other types in order to obtain algorithm
    // specific values. See the documentation in each package for details.
    //
    // Note that when a signature of a hash of a larger message is needed,
    // the caller is responsible for hashing the larger message and passing
    // the hash (as digest) and the hash function (as opts) to Sign.
    Sign(rand io.Reader, digest []byte, opts SignerOpts) (signature []byte, err error)
}
```

Signer is an interface for an opaque private key that can be used for signing operations. For example, an RSA key kept in a hardware module.

type SignerOpts

added in go1.4

```
type SignerOpts interface {  
    // HashFunc returns an identifier for the hash function used to produce  
    // the message passed to Signer.Sign, or else zero to indicate that no  
    // hashing was done.  
    HashFunc() Hash  
}
```

SignerOpts contains options for signing with a Signer.

Source Files

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Directories

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[aes](#)

Package aes implements AES encryption (formerly Rijndael), as defined in U.S. Federal Information Processing Standards Publication 197.

[cipher](#)

Package cipher implements standard block cipher modes that can be wrapped around low-level block cipher implementations.

[des](#)

Package des implements the Data Encryption Standard (DES) and the Triple Data Encryption Algorithm (TDEA) as defined in U.S. Federal Information Processing Standards Publication 46-3.

[dsa](#)

Package dsa implements the Digital Signature Algorithm, as defined in FIPS 186-3.

[ecdh](#)

Package ecdh implements Elliptic Curve Diffie-Hellman over NIST curves and Curve25519.

[ecdsa](#)

Package ecdsa implements the Elliptic Curve Digital Signature Algorithm, as defined in FIPS 186-4 and SEC 1, Version 2.0.

[ed25519](#)

Package ed25519 implements the Ed25519 signature algorithm.

[elliptic](#)

Package elliptic implements the standard NIST P-224, P-256, P-384, and P-521 elliptic curves over prime fields.

[hmac](#)

Package `hmac` implements the Keyed-Hash Message Authentication Code (HMAC) as defined in U.S. Federal Information Processing Standards Publication 198.

[md5](#)

Package `md5` implements the MD5 hash algorithm as defined in RFC 1321.

[rand](#)

Package `rand` implements a cryptographically secure random number generator.

[rc4](#)

Package `rc4` implements RC4 encryption, as defined in Bruce Schneier's Applied Cryptography.

[rsa](#)

Package `rsa` implements RSA encryption as specified in PKCS #1 and RFC 8017.

[sha1](#)

Package `sha1` implements the SHA-1 hash algorithm as defined in RFC 3174.

[sha256](#)

Package `sha256` implements the SHA224 and SHA256 hash algorithms as defined in FIPS 180-4.

[sha512](#)

Package `sha512` implements the SHA-384, SHA-512, SHA-512/224, and SHA-512/256 hash algorithms as defined in FIPS 180-4.

[subtle](#)

Package `subtle` implements functions that are often useful in cryptographic code but require careful thought to use correctly.

[tls](#)

Package `tls` partially implements TLS 1.2, as specified in RFC 5246, and TLS 1.3, as specified in RFC 8446.

► [x509](#)

Package `x509` implements a subset of the X.509 standard.

► [internal](#)

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