



Ocumentation

Overview

Package pem implements the PEM data encoding, which originated in Privacy Enhanced Mail. The most common use of PEM encoding today is in TLS keys and certificates. See RFC 1421.

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Constants

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Variables

This section is empty.

Functions

func Encode

```
func Encode(out io.Writer, b *Block) error
```

Encode writes the PEM encoding of b to out.

Example

func EncodeToMemory

```
func EncodeToMemory(b *Block) []byte
```

EncodeToMemory returns the PEM encoding of b.

If b has invalid headers and cannot be encoded, EncodeToMemory returns nil. If it is important to report details about this error case, use Encode instead.

Types

type Block

A Block represents a PEM encoded structure.

The encoded form is:

```
----BEGIN Type----
Headers
base64-encoded Bytes
----END Type----
```

where Headers is a possibly empty sequence of Key: Value lines.

func Decode

```
func Decode(data []byte) (p *Block, rest []byte)
```

Decode will find the next PEM formatted block (certificate, private key etc) in the input. It returns that block and the remainder of the input. If no PEM data is found, p is nil and the whole of the input is returned in rest.

▶ Example

pem.go

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