

Observability in CloudNative

SkyWalking, Istio
and Kubernetes

Gao Hongtao



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Glance at SW & CN

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03



Running on Kubernetes

04



Future

Gao Hongtao



**The engineer of tetrade.io and
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**One of PMC members of Apache
SkyWalking & ShardingShpere**



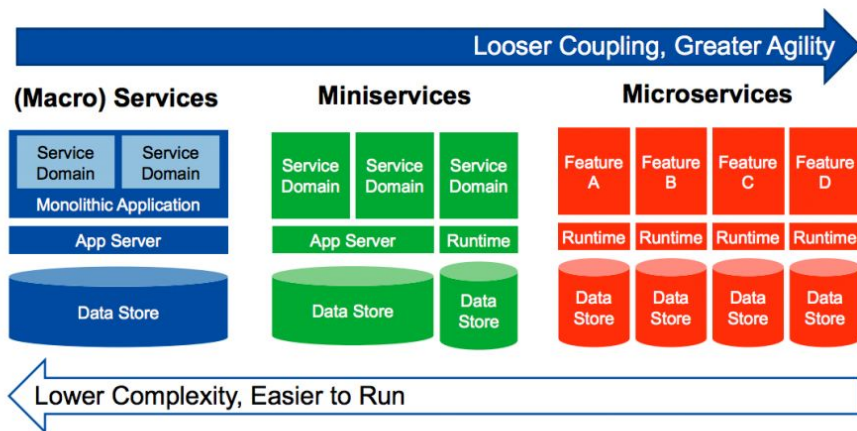
Glance At SW & CN

01



Services of Cloud Native

Think Multigrained, Not Just "Micro"



Independent



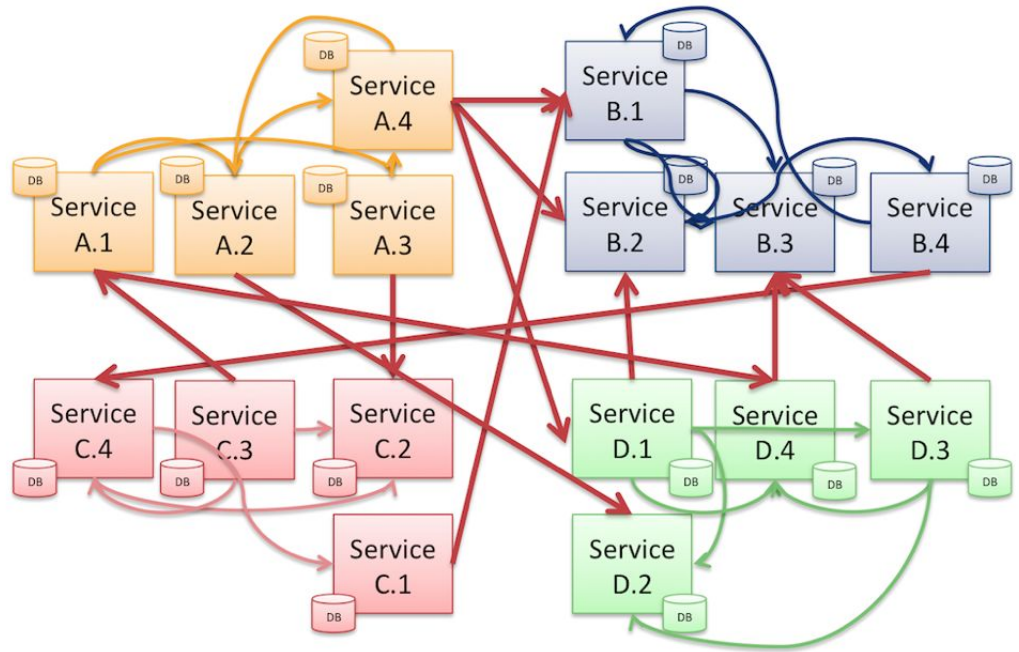
Loosely coupled



Multiple layers

Challenges

E2E
DevOps, CI & CD
Keeping tracks



Logging

By Tracing
Satellite

Metrics

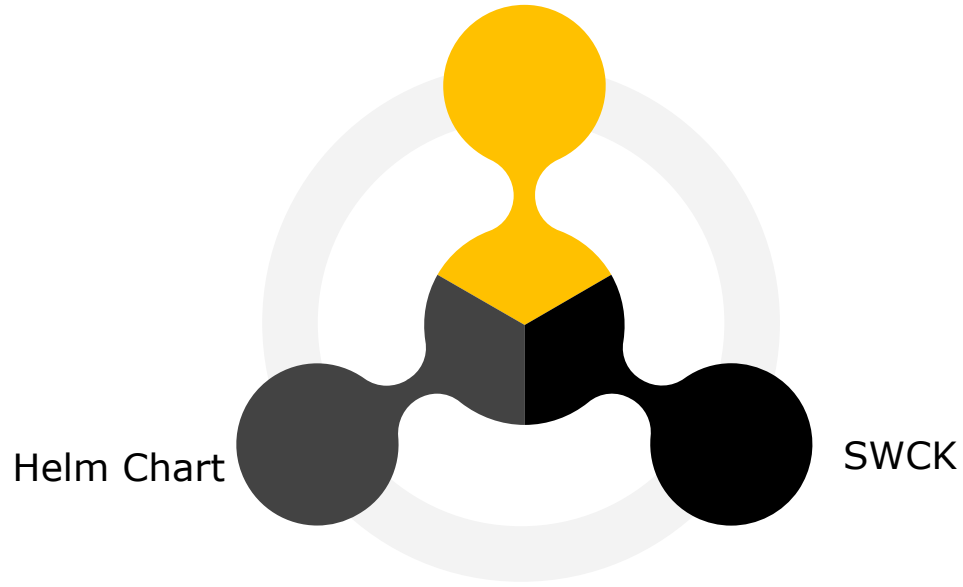
Meter & MAL
system

Tracing

SW Native Agent
Nginx & Envoy

SW for CN

Istio analyzer

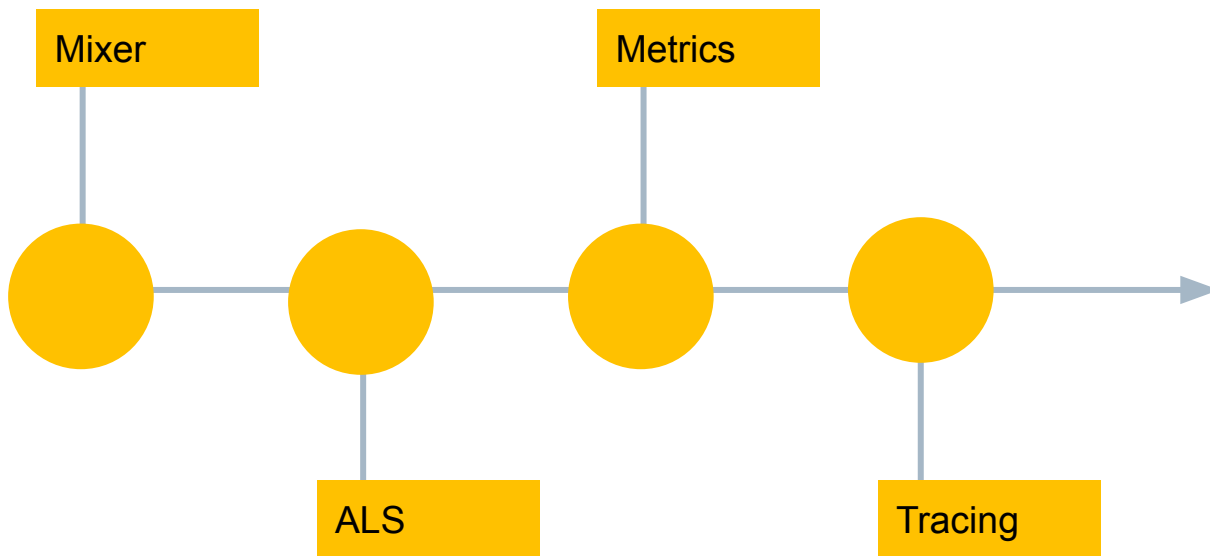




Observing Istio

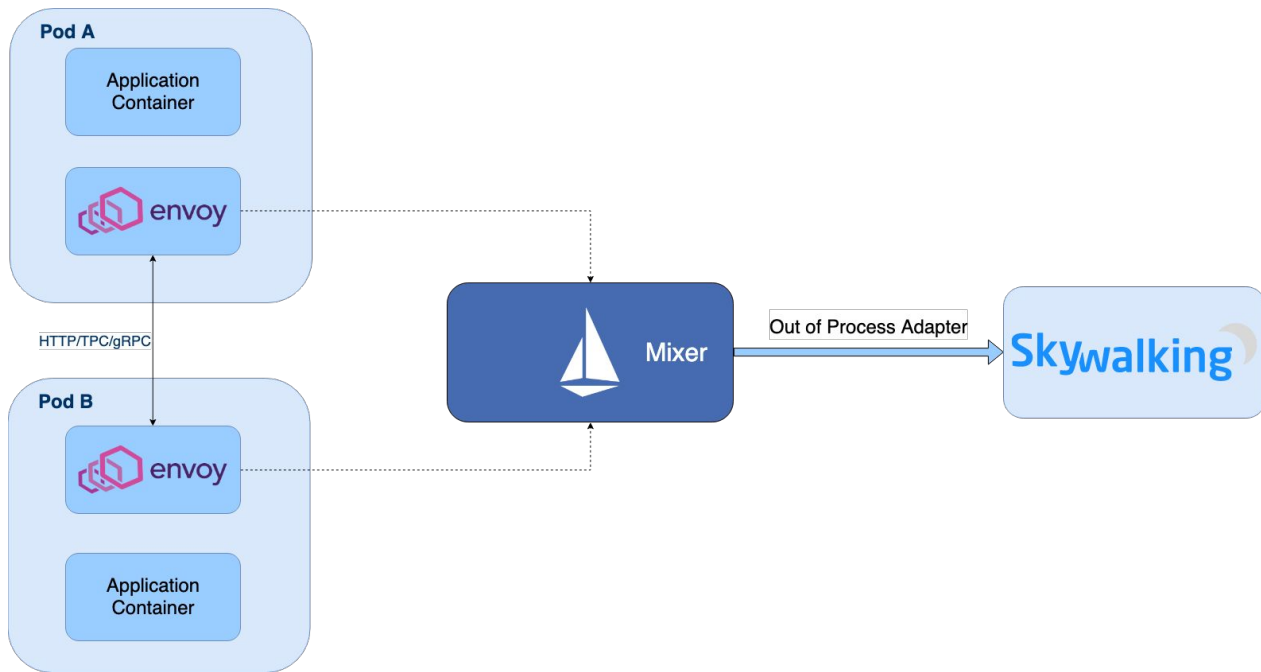
02

Trust



Mixer Adapter

Out of Process Adapter

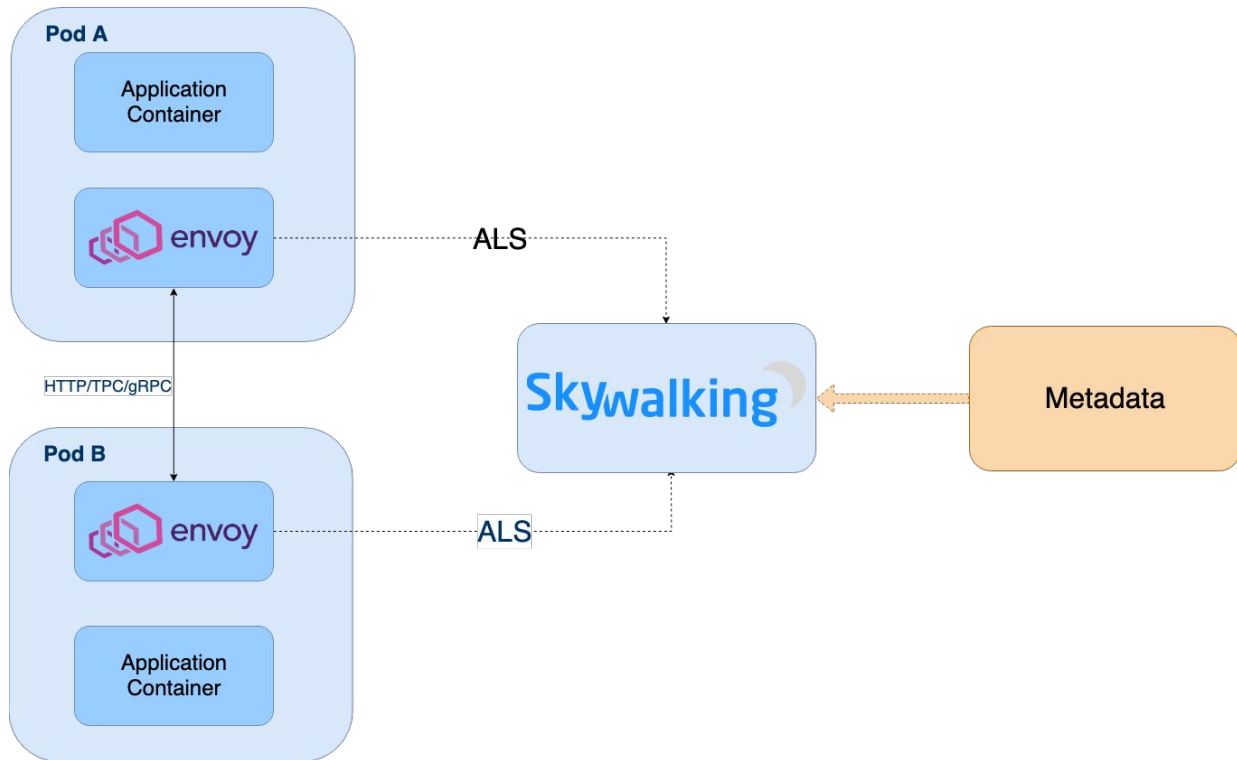


Access Log Service

gRPC service
pushes access log

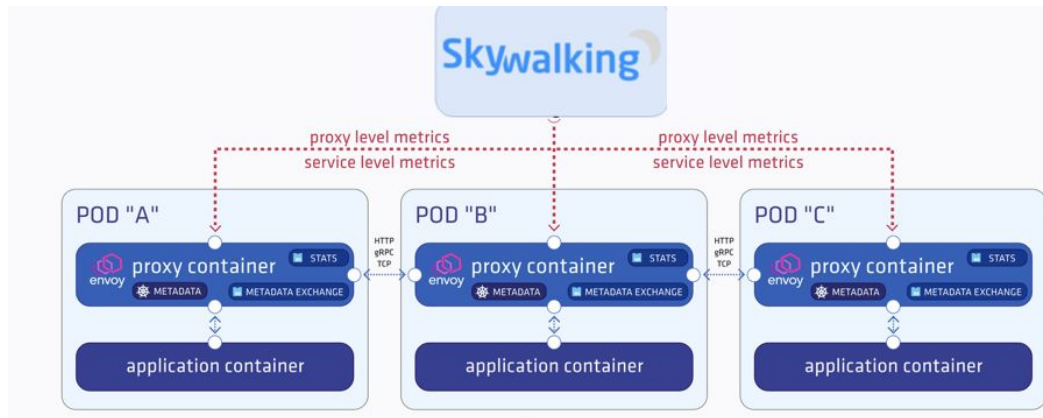
Metadata:

1. Kubernetes registry
2. Metadata Exchange



Metrics

- Data Plane
- Control Plane (Istiod)
- Topology(TODO)



Tracing

Envoy native support

- plane)
- External Authorization Filter
- Fault Injection Filter
- Front Proxy
- gRPC Bridge
- Jaeger Native Tracing
- Jaeger Tracing
- Load Reporting Service (LRS)
- Lua Filter
- MySQL Filter
- Postgres Filter
- Redis Filter
- TLS
- WASM C++ filter
- WebSockets
- Zipkin Tracing
- ☑ SkyWalking Tracing
- Step 1: Install Docker
- Step 2: Clone the Envoy repo
- Step 3: Build the sandbox
- Step 4: Generate some load
- Step 5: View the traces in SkyWalking UI
- configuration reference
- operations and administration

🏠 » [Getting Started](#) » [Sandboxes](#) » SkyWalking Tracing [View page source](#)

SkyWalking Tracing 🔗

The SkyWalking tracing sandbox demonstrates Envoy's [request tracing](#) capabilities using [SkyWalking](#) as the tracing provider. This sandbox is very similar to the Zipkin sandbox. All containers will be deployed inside a virtual network called `envoymesh`.

All incoming requests are routed via the front Envoy, which is acting as a reverse proxy sitting on the edge of the `envoymesh` network. Port `8080` is exposed by docker compose (see [/examples/skywalking-tracing/docker-compose.yaml](#)). Notice that all Envoy's are configured to collect request traces (e.g., `http_connection_manager/config/tracing` setup in [/examples/skywalking-tracing/front-envoy-skywalking.yaml](#)) and setup to propagate the spans generated by the SkyWalking tracer to a SkyWalking cluster (trace driver setup in [/examples/skywalking-tracing/front-envoy-skywalking.yaml](#)).

When service1 accepts the request forwarded from front envoy, it will make an API call to service2 before returning a response.

The following documentation runs through the setup of Envoy described above.

Step 1: Install Docker

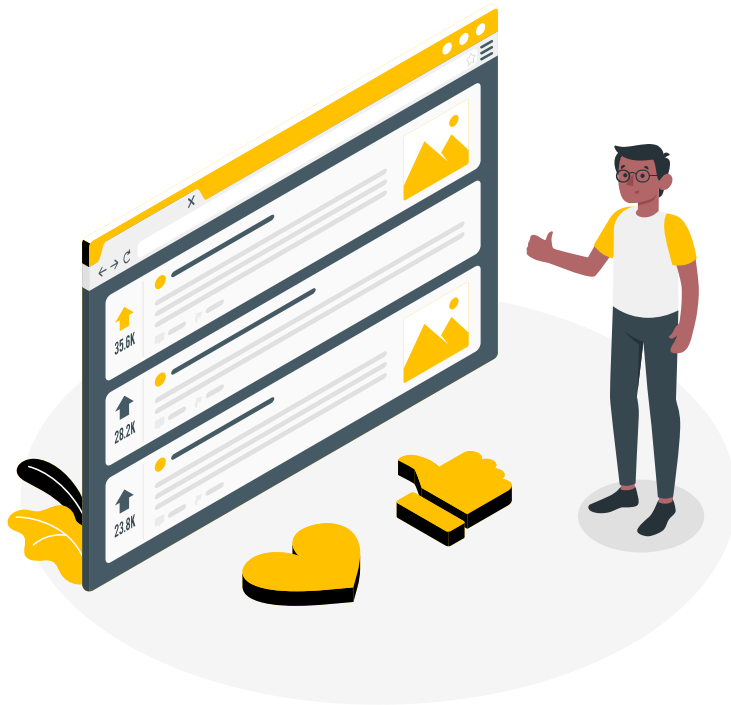
Ensure that you have a recent versions of `docker` and `docker-compose` installed.

A simple way to achieve this is via the [Docker Desktop](#).

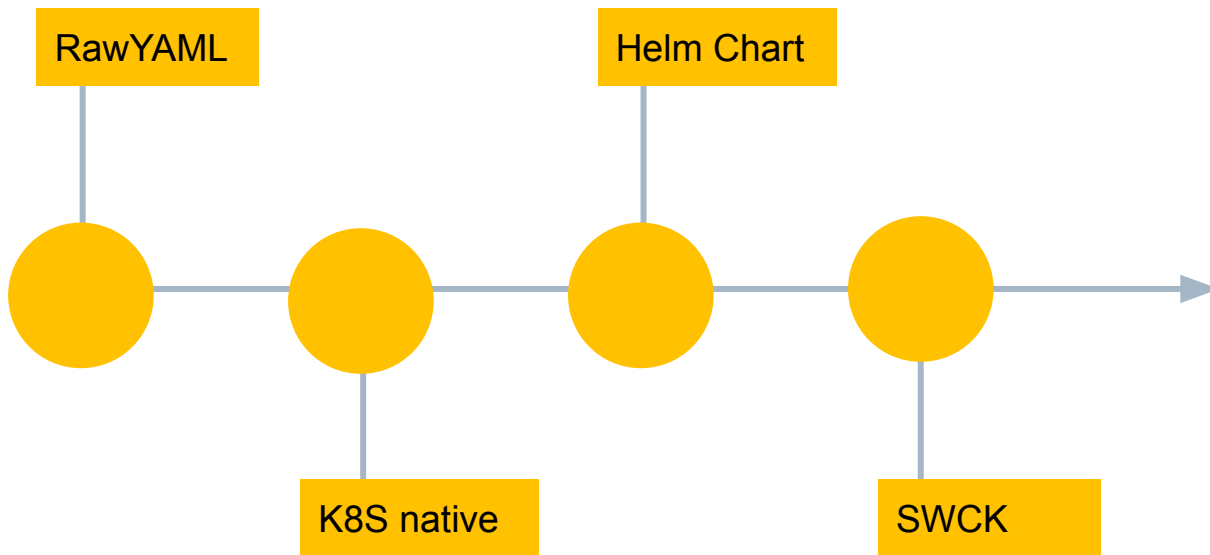
Step 2: Clone the Envoy repo

Running On K8S

03

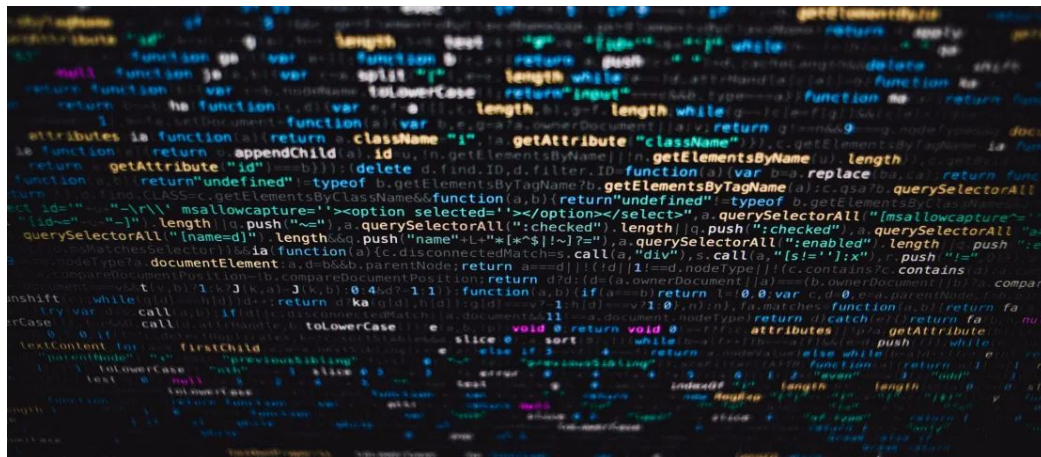


Evolution



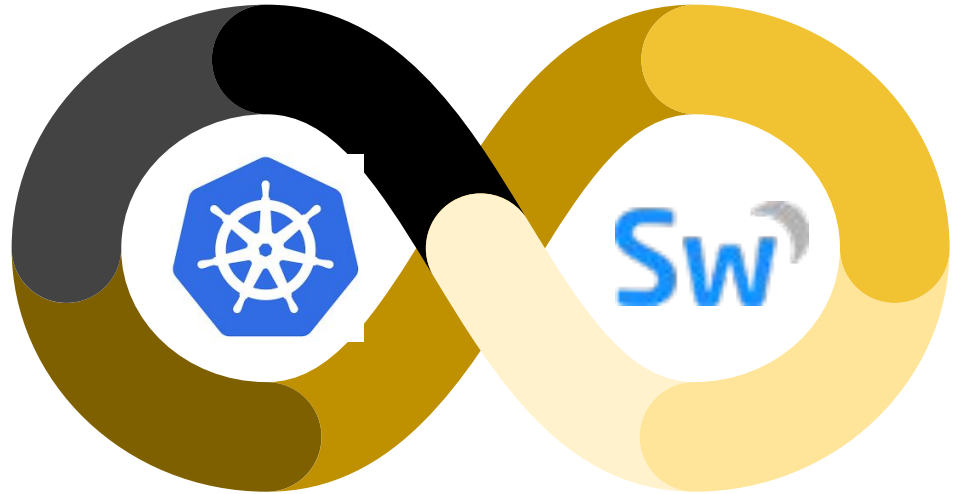
YAML by Hand

- All components
- Deployment, Service, Ingress, Statefulset and etc
- Verbose CofingMap



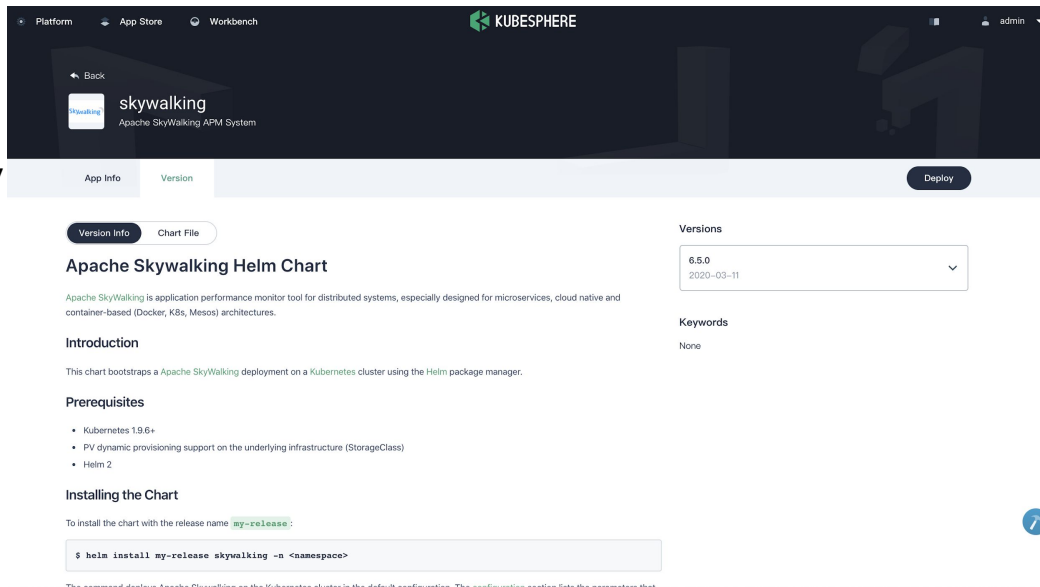
K8S Native

- Coordinator
- Env variable
- Health Check



Helm Chart

- Production Mode
- Elasticsearch Dependency
- Istio Integration



The screenshot shows the Kubesphere Helm Chart interface for the 'skywalking' chart. The top navigation bar includes 'Platform', 'App Store', 'Workbench', and the 'KUBESPHERE' logo. The main header shows 'skywalking' with the subtitle 'Apache SkyWalking APM System'. Below this, there are tabs for 'App Info' and 'Version', with a 'Deploy' button on the right. The 'Version' tab is active, displaying the 'Apache Skywalking Helm Chart'. The chart description states: 'Apache SkyWalking is application performance monitor tool for distributed systems, especially designed for microservices, cloud native and container-based (Docker, K8s, Mesos) architectures.' The 'Introduction' section explains that the chart bootstraps an Apache SkyWalking deployment on a Kubernetes cluster using the Helm package manager. The 'Prerequisites' section lists: 'Kubernetes 1.9+', 'PV dynamic provisioning support on the underlying infrastructure (StorageClass)', and 'Helm 2'. The 'Installing the Chart' section provides the command: '\$ helm install my-release skywalking -n <namespace>'. A 'Versions' dropdown menu shows '6.5.0' and '2020-03-11'. The 'Keywords' section is empty.

Platform App Store Workbench KUBESPHERE admin

Back skywalking Apache SkyWalking APM System

App Info Version Deploy

Version Info Chart File

Apache Skywalking Helm Chart

Apache SkyWalking is application performance monitor tool for distributed systems, especially designed for microservices, cloud native and container-based (Docker, K8s, Mesos) architectures.

Introduction

This chart bootstraps a Apache SkyWalking deployment on a Kubernetes cluster using the Helm package manager.

Prerequisites

- Kubernetes 1.9.6+
- PV dynamic provisioning support on the underlying infrastructure (StorageClass)
- Helm 2

Installing the Chart

To install the chart with the release name `my-release`:

```
$ helm install my-release skywalking -n <namespace>
```

The command defines Apache SkyWalking as the Kubernetes cluster in the default configuration. The configuration defines the namespace that

Versions

6.5.0
2020-03-11

Keywords

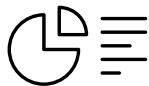
None

SkyWalking Cloud on K8S

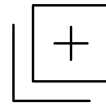
Not just running, but living with Kubernetes



Operator



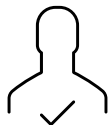
K8S O11Y



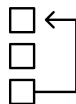
HPA, VPA



Istio



**User
friendly**



More...



Future

04

Feats

SWCTL

Manifest

Operator init



CLI

UI

RocketBot

Istio Relevant
Panels

Topology based
on Metrics

More Popularity

Artifact HUB
Cloud provider
More profiles
More examples
Meeting
Blog & Video



Thanks

Do you have
any questions?

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