

## INDIA\_QUERIES

**What is the total number of records in the dataset?**

```
SELECT COUNT(*) FROM cleaned_india_dataset AS total_counts;
```

Result Grid		Filter Rows:	Export:	Wrap Cell Content:
	count(*)			
▶	10000			

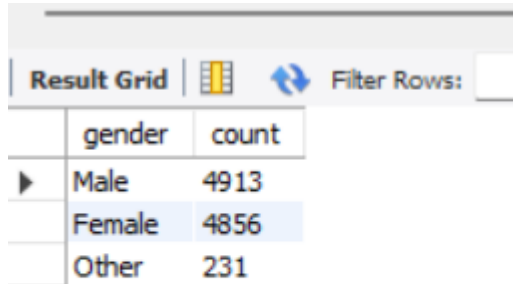
**How many individuals are there for each age group?**

```
SELECT age, COUNT(*) AS count FROM cleaned_india_dataset GROUP BY age ORDER BY age;
```

Result Grid			Filter Rows:
	age	count	
▶	18	520	
	19	523	
	20	550	
	21	528	
	22	559	
	23	565	
	24	568	
	25	550	
	26	583	
	27	575	
	28	556	
	29	533	
	30	553	

**How many individuals belong to each gender category?**

```
SELECT gender, COUNT(*) AS count FROM cleaned_india_dataset GROUP BY gender;
```

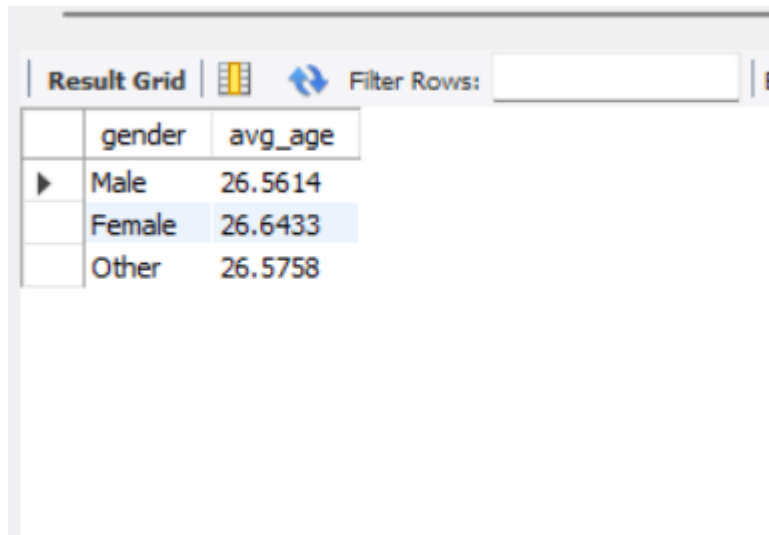


The screenshot shows a database query result grid. At the top, there is a toolbar with 'Result Grid', a grid icon, a refresh icon, and a 'Filter Rows:' input field. Below the toolbar is a table with two columns: 'gender' and 'count'. The table contains three rows: 'Male' with a count of 4913, 'Female' with a count of 4856, and 'Other' with a count of 231. The 'Female' row is highlighted in blue.

	gender	count
▶	Male	4913
	Female	4856
	Other	231

**What is the average age for each gender category?**

```
SELECT gender, AVG(age) AS avg_age FROM cleaned_india_dataset GROUP BY gender;
```

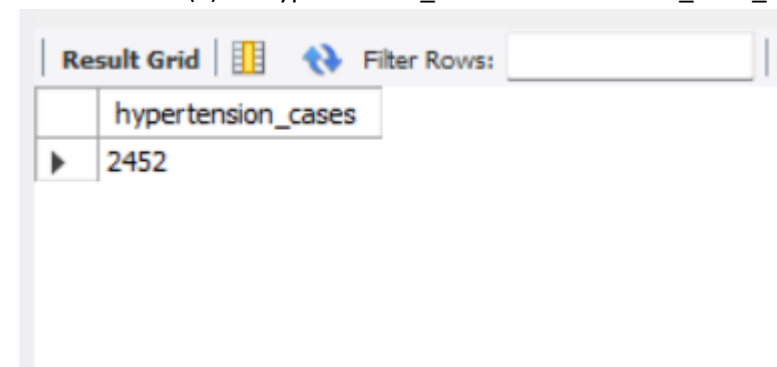


The screenshot shows a database query result grid. At the top, there is a toolbar with 'Result Grid', a grid icon, a refresh icon, and a 'Filter Rows:' input field. Below the toolbar is a table with two columns: 'gender' and 'avg\_age'. The table contains three rows: 'Male' with an average age of 26.5614, 'Female' with an average age of 26.6433, and 'Other' with an average age of 26.5758. The 'Female' row is highlighted in blue.

	gender	avg_age
▶	Male	26.5614
	Female	26.6433
	Other	26.5758

**How many individuals have hypertension?**

```
SELECT COUNT(*) AS hypertension_cases FROM cleaned_india_dataset WHERE hypertension = 'Yes';
```



The screenshot shows a database query result grid. At the top, there is a toolbar with 'Result Grid', a grid icon, a refresh icon, and a 'Filter Rows:' input field. Below the toolbar is a table with one column: 'hypertension\_cases'. The table contains one row with a value of 2452. The row is highlighted in blue.

	hypertension_cases
▶	2452

**How many individuals have diabetes?**

```
SELECT COUNT(*) AS diabetes_cases FROM cleaned_india_dataset WHERE diabetes = 'Yes';
```

Result Grid		Filter Rows:	Export:
	diabetes_cases		
▶	1998		

**How many individuals belong to each smoking status category?**

```
SELECT smoking_status, COUNT(*) AS count FROM cleaned_india_dataset GROUP BY smoking_status;
```

Result Grid		Filter Rows:
	smoking_status	count
▶	Never	5013
	Occasionally	2967
	Regularly	2020

**How many individuals are classified as obese (BMI > 30)?**



```
SELECT COUNT(*) AS obese_patients FROM cleaned_india_dataset WHERE bmi > 30;
```

Result Grid		Filter Rows:
	obese_patients	
▶	3934	

**How many individuals belong to each physical activity category?**



```
SELECT physical_activity, COUNT(*) AS count FROM cleaned_india_dataset GROUP BY
```

physical\_activity;

Result Grid     Filter Rows: <input type="text"/>		
	physical_activity	count
▶	Low	4954
	High	1023
	Moderate	4023



**What percentage of individuals follow a non-vegetarian diet?**

```
SELECT COUNT(*) * 100.0 / (SELECT COUNT(*) FROM cleaned_india_dataset) AS  
non_veg_diet_percentage FROM cleaned_india_dataset WHERE diet_quality = 'Non-Vegetarian';
```

Result Grid     Filter Rows: <input type="text"/>		
	non_veg_diet_percentage	
▶	49.43000	

**What is the survival rate of heart attack patients with low to medium stress levels?**

```
SELECT COUNT(*) * 100.0 / (SELECT COUNT(*) FROM cleaned_india_dataset) AS survival_rate FROM  
cleaned_india_dataset WHERE heart_attack = 'Yes' AND stress_level IN ('Low', 'Medium');
```

Result Grid     Filter Rows: <input type="text"/>		
	survival_rate	
▶	14.56000	

**How many cases are there in each region category?**

```
SELECT Region_category, COUNT(*) AS cases FROM cleaned_india_dataset GROUP BY
```

Region\_category ORDER BY cases DESC;

	Region_category	cases
▶	Central	1746
	North	1700
	South	1664
	East	1658
	West	1643
	North-East	1589

**How many individuals belong to each location type category?**

SELECT location\_type, COUNT(\*) AS count FROM cleaned\_india\_dataset GROUP BY location\_type;

	location_type	count
▶	Urban	5918
	Rural	4082

**What is the mortality rate of individuals who had a heart attack and an oxygen level below 90?**

SELECT COUNT(\*) \* 100.0 / (SELECT COUNT(\*) FROM cleaned\_india\_dataset) AS mortality\_rate  
FROM cleaned\_india\_dataset WHERE heart\_attack = 'Yes' AND oxygen\_level < 90;

	mortality_rate
▶	20.38000

## INDONESIA \_ QUERIES

**What is the total number of records in the dataset?**

```
SELECT COUNT(*) AS total_records FROM cleaned_indonesia_dataset;
```

Result Grid	Filter Rows:
total_records	
170501	

**What is the distribution of cases across different region categories?**

```
SELECT region_category, COUNT(*) AS count FROM cleaned_indonesia_dataset GROUP BY region_category ORDER BY count DESC;
```

Result Grid	Filter Rows:
region_category	count
Semarang	11482
Jakarta	11419
Makassar	11410
Denpasar	11407
Bandung	11378
Yogyakarta	11363
Pontianak	11350
Surabaya	11333
Balikpapan	11317
Bali	11275
Batam	11231
Palembang	11214
Malang	11199

**What is the average age of individuals based on gender?**

```
SELECT gender, AVG(age) AS avg_age FROM cleaned_indonesia_dataset GROUP BY gender;
```

Result Grid	Filter Rows:
gender	avg_age
Male	39.5476
Female	39.4732

**How many individuals in the dataset have had a heart attack?**

```
SELECT COUNT(*) AS heart_attack_cases FROM cleaned_indonesia_dataset WHERE heart_attack = 'Yes';
```

Result Grid		Filter Rows:
	heart_attack_cases	
▶	42675	

**How many individuals have high cholesterol levels?**

```
SELECT COUNT(*) AS high_cholesterol_cases FROM cleaned_indonesia_dataset WHERE cholesterol_level >= 240
```

Result Grid		Filter Rows:
	high_cholesterol_cases	
▶	68144	

**What is the distribution of individuals based on smoking status?**

```
SELECT smoking_status, COUNT(*) AS count FROM cleaned_indonesia_dataset GROUP BY smoking_status;
```

Result Grid		Filter Rows:
	smoking_status	count
▶	Smoker	85374
	Non-smoker	85127

**How many individuals have a high level of physical activity?**

```
SELECT COUNT(*) AS physically_active FROM cleaned_indonesia_dataset WHERE physical_activity = 'High';
```

Result Grid		Filter Rows:
	physically_active	
▶	56752	

**What percentage of individuals in the dataset are obese (BMI > 30)?**

```
SELECT COUNT() * 100.0 / (SELECT COUNT() FROM cleaned_indonesia_dataset) AS  
obesity_percentage FROM cleaned_indonesia_dataset WHERE BMI > 30;
```

Result Grid		Filter Rows:
	obesity_percentage	
▶	29.15115	

**How many individuals have hypertension?**

```
SELECT COUNT(*) AS hypertension_cases FROM cleaned_indonesia_dataset WHERE hypertension =  
'Yes';
```

Result Grid		Filter Rows:
	hypertension_cases	
▶	51092	

**What is the distribution of individuals based on alcohol consumption levels?**

```
SELECT alcohol_consumption, COUNT(*) AS count FROM cleaned_indonesia_dataset GROUP BY  
alcohol_consumption ORDER BY count DESC;
```

Result Grid			Filter Rows:
	alcohol_consumption	count	
▶	Moderate	85588	
	Good	84913	

**What percentage of individuals follow an unhealthy diet?**

```
SELECT COUNT() * 100.0 / (SELECT COUNT() FROM cleaned_indonesia_dataset) AS  
unhealthy_diet_percentage FROM cleaned_indonesia_dataset WHERE diet_quality = 'unhealthy';
```



Result Grid		Filter Rows:
	unhealthy_diet_percentage	
▶	49.82493	


### What is the distribution of individuals based on employment status?

SELECT employment\_status, COUNT(\*) AS count FROM cleaned\_indonesia\_dataset GROUP BY employment\_status;

Result Grid		Filter Rows:
	employment_status	count
▶	Unemployed	85542
	Employed	84959

### What is the relationship between occupation type and stress level?

SELECT occupation\_type, stress\_level, COUNT(\*) AS count FROM cleaned\_indonesia\_dataset GROUP BY occupation\_type, stress\_level ORDER BY occupation\_type;

Result Grid		 Filter Rows:	
	occupation_type	stress_level	count
▶	Active	High	28406
	Active	Low	28274
	Active	Moderate	28782
	Sedentary	High	28363
	Sedentary	Low	28235
	Sedentary	Moderate	28441

### What is the relationship between sleep hours and stress level?

SELECT sleep\_hours, stress\_level, COUNT(\*) AS count FROM cleaned\_indonesia\_dataset GROUP BY sleep\_hours, stress\_level ORDER BY sleep\_hours;

	sleep_hours	stress_level	count
▶	4	High	533
	4	Low	544
	4	Moderate	573
	4.1	High	1133
	4.1	Low	1135
	4.1	Moderate	1125
	4.2	High	1146
	4.2	Low	1083
	4.2	Moderate	1124
	4.3	High	1076
	4.3	Low	1106
	4.3	Moderate	1088
	4.4	High	1177

**What is the distribution of individuals based on healthcare access?**

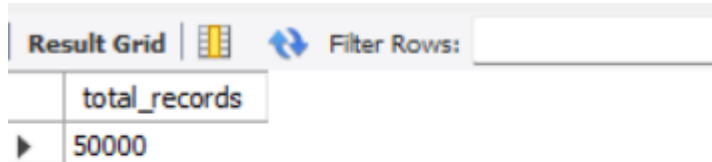
SELECT healthcare\_access, COUNT(\*) AS count FROM cleaned\_indonesia\_dataset GROUP BY healthcare\_access;

Result Grid			Filter Rows:
	healthcare_access	count	
▶	Good	56997	
	Average	57020	
	Poor	56484	

## RUSSIA\_QUERIES

**What is the total number of records in the dataset?**

```
SELECT COUNT(*) AS total_records FROM cleaned_russia_dataset;
```

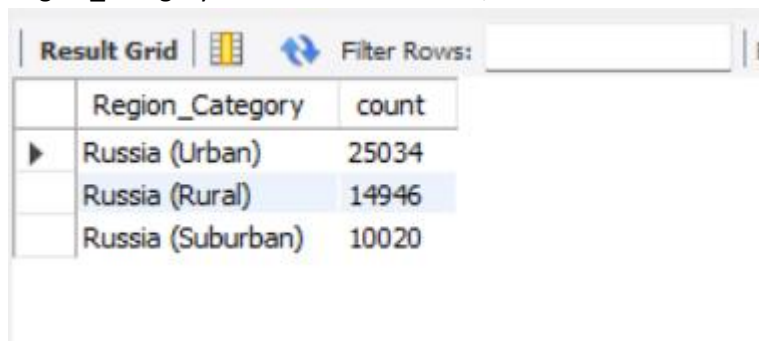


The screenshot shows a database interface with a 'Result Grid' tab. The grid contains a single row with the column name 'total\_records' and the value '50000'. Above the grid, there is a 'Filter Rows:' input field.

total_records
50000

**What is the distribution of individuals across different region categories?**

```
SELECT Region_Category, COUNT(*) AS count FROM cleaned_russia_dataset GROUP BY  
Region_Category ORDER BY count DESC;
```

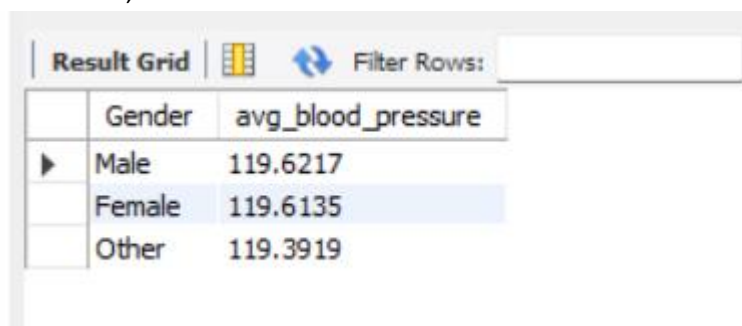


The screenshot shows a database interface with a 'Result Grid' tab. The grid contains three rows representing different region categories and their counts. The columns are 'Region\_Category' and 'count'. The rows are 'Russia (Urban)' with count 25034, 'Russia (Rural)' with count 14946, and 'Russia (Suburban)' with count 10020. Above the grid, there is a 'Filter Rows:' input field.

Region_Category	count
Russia (Urban)	25034
Russia (Rural)	14946
Russia (Suburban)	10020

**What is the average blood pressure based on gender?**

```
SELECT Gender, AVG(Blood_Pressure) AS avg_blood_pressure FROM cleaned_russia_dataset GROUP  
BY Gender;
```



The screenshot shows a database interface with a 'Result Grid' tab. The grid contains three rows representing different genders and their average blood pressure. The columns are 'Gender' and 'avg\_blood\_pressure'. The rows are 'Male' with avg\_blood\_pressure 119.6217, 'Female' with avg\_blood\_pressure 119.6135, and 'Other' with avg\_blood\_pressure 119.3919. Above the grid, there is a 'Filter Rows:' input field.

Gender	avg_blood_pressure
Male	119.6217
Female	119.6135
Other	119.3919

**How many individuals have high cholesterol levels ( $\geq 240$ )?**

```
SELECT COUNT(*) AS high_cholesterol_cases FROM cleaned_russia_dataset WHERE  
Cholesterol_Level >= 240;
```

Result Grid		Filter Rows:
	high_cholesterol_cases	
▶	10567	

**What is the average BMI for different physical activity levels?**

```
SELECT Physical_Activity, AVG(BMI) AS avg_BMI FROM cleaned_russia_dataset GROUP BY
Physical_Activity ORDER BY avg_BMI DESC;
```

Result Grid		Filter Rows:
	Physical_Activity	avg_BMI
▶	Low	25.047644808022042
	High	24.959277012182916
	Moderate	24.954937973256108


**How many individuals in the dataset have had a heart attack?**

```
SELECT COUNT(*) AS heart_attack_cases FROM cleaned_russia_dataset WHERE Heart_Attack = 'Yes';
```

Result Grid		Filter Rows:
	heart_attack_cases	
▶	5881	


**What is the relationship between smoking status and heart attack occurrence?**

```
SELECT Smoking_Status, COUNT(*) AS heart_attack_count
FROM cleaned_russia_dataset
WHERE Heart_Attack = 'Yes'
GROUP BY Smoking_Status
ORDER BY heart_attack_count DESC;
```

Result Grid    Filter Rows: <input type="text"/>		
	Smoking_Status	heart_attack_count
▶	No	4043
	Yes	1838


**What percentage of individuals have diabetes?**

```
SELECT COUNT() * 100.0 / (SELECT COUNT() FROM cleaned_russia_dataset) AS diabetes_percentage
FROM cleaned_russia_dataset
WHERE Diabetes = 'Yes';
```

Result Grid    Filter Rows: <input type="text"/>	
	diabetes_percentage
▶	15.02400


**What is the distribution of individuals based on alcohol consumption?**

```
SELECT Alcohol_Consumption, COUNT(*) AS count FROM cleaned_russia_dataset GROUP BY
Alcohol_Consumption ORDER BY count DESC;
```

Result Grid    Filter Rows: <input type="text"/>		
	Alcohol_Consumption	count
▶	Moderate	40054
	Heavy	9946


**What is the correlation between stress level and heart attack cases?**

```
SELECT Stress_Level, COUNT(*) AS heart_attack_cases
FROM cleaned_russia_dataset
WHERE Heart_Attack = 'Yes'
GROUP BY Stress_Level
ORDER BY heart_attack_cases DESC;
```

Result Grid    Filter Rows: <input type="text"/>		
	Stress_Level	heart_attack_cases
▶	Bad	2305
	Good	1796
	Moderate	1780


#### How does sleep duration vary with stress levels?

```
SELECT Stress_Level, AVG(Sleep_Hours) AS avg_sleep FROM cleaned_russia_dataset GROUP BY Stress_Level ORDER BY avg_sleep;
```

Result Grid    Filter Rows: <input type="text"/>		
	Stress_Level	avg_sleep
▶	Bad	7.000404797601193
	Good	7.0074225834620485
	Moderate	7.030099980136379



#### What is the distribution of individuals based on occupation type?

```
SELECT Occupation, COUNT(*) AS count FROM cleaned_russia_dataset GROUP BY Occupation ORDER BY count DESC;
```

Result Grid    Filter Rows: <input type="text"/>		
	Occupation	count
▶	Employed	25166
	Student	10068
	Unemployed	9843
	Retired	4923



#### How does income level affect health awareness?

```
SELECT Income_Level, COUNT(*) AS health_awareness_count
FROM cleaned_russia_dataset
WHERE Health_Awareness = 'High Awareness'
GROUP BY Income_Level
ORDER BY health_awareness_count DESC;
```

Result Grid     Filter Rows: <input type="text"/>		
	Income_Level	health_awareness_count
▶	Middle	4004
	Low	3961
	High	2017



### How does daily water intake impact obesity levels?

```
SELECT Daily_Water_Intake, COUNT(*) AS obese_count
FROM cleaned_russia_dataset
WHERE Obesity = 'Yes'
GROUP BY Daily_Water_Intake
ORDER BY obese_count DESC;
```

Result Grid     Filter Rows: <input type="text"/>		
	Daily_Water_Intake	obese_count
▶	High Intake	3823
	Moderate Intake	3783
	Very High Intake	1349
	Low Intake	1110

### What is the relationship between education level and medication usage?

```
SELECT Education_Level, COUNT(*) AS medication_users
FROM cleaned_russia_dataset
WHERE Medication = 'Yes'
GROUP BY Education_Level
ORDER BY medication_users DESC;
```

Result Grid     Filter Rows: <input type="text"/>		
	Education_Level	medication_users
▶	Secondary	4060
	Primary	2991
	Higher	2986

## FRANCE\_QUERIES

**What is the total number of records in the dataset?**

```
SELECT COUNT(*) AS total_records FROM cleaned_france_dataset;
```

Result Grid		Filter Rows:
	total_records	
▶	266786	

**What is the distribution of individuals across different region categories?**

```
SELECT Region_Category, COUNT(*) AS count FROM cleaned_france_dataset GROUP BY Region_Category ORDER BY count DESC;
```

Result Grid		Filter Rows:
	Region_Category	count
▶	France (North)	53529
	France (Central)	53472
	France (South)	53381
	France (West)	53345
	France (East)	53059

**What is the average BMI for different age groups?**

```
SELECT Age_Group, AVG(BMI) AS avg_BMI FROM cleaned_france_dataset GROUP BY Age_Group ORDER BY avg_BMI DESC;
```

Result Grid		Filter Rows:
	Age_Group	avg_BMI
▶	Adult	29.251908756533563
	Youth	29.221661479573243

**How many individuals have high cholesterol levels ( $\geq 240$ )?**

```
SELECT COUNT(*) AS high_cholesterol_cases FROM cleaned_france_dataset WHERE Cholesterol_Level >= 240;
```



Result Grid		Filter Rows:
	high_cholesterol_cases	
▶	106440	

#### How does smoking status impact heart attack cases?

```
SELECT Smoking_Status, COUNT(*) AS heart_attack_cases
FROM cleaned_france_dataset
WHERE Heart_Attack = 'Yes'
GROUP BY Smoking_Status
ORDER BY heart_attack_cases DESC;
```

Result Grid		Filter Rows:
Smoking_Status	heart_attack_cases	
Non-Smoker	26843	
Ex-Smoker	15942	
Current Smoker	10688	



#### What percentage of individuals have diabetes?

```
SELECT COUNT() * 100.0 / (SELECT COUNT() FROM cleaned_france_dataset) AS diabetes_percentage
FROM cleaned_france_dataset
WHERE Diabetes = 'Yes';
```

Result Grid		Filter Rows:
	diabetes_percentage	
▶	14.97792	



#### What is the distribution of individuals based on alcohol consumption?

```
SELECT Alcohol_Consumption, COUNT(*) AS count FROM cleaned_france_dataset GROUP BY
Alcohol_Consumption ORDER BY count DESC;
```

Result Grid     Filter Rows: <input type="text"/>		
	Alcohol_Consumption	count
▶	Moderate	199890
	Heavy	66896



#### How does stress level affect heart attack cases?

```
SELECT Stress_Level, COUNT(*) AS heart_attack_cases
FROM cleaned_france_dataset
WHERE Heart_Attack = 'Yes'
GROUP BY Stress_Level
ORDER BY heart_attack_cases DESC;
```

Result Grid     Filter Rows: <input type="text"/>		
	Stress_Level	heart_attack_cases
▶	Bad	26531
	Moderate	16088
	Good	10854


#### How does physical activity impact BMI levels?

```
SELECT Physical_Activity, AVG(BMI) AS avg_BMI FROM cleaned_france_dataset GROUP BY
Physical_Activity ORDER BY avg_BMI DESC;
```

Result Grid     Filter Rows: <input type="text"/>		
	Physical_Activity	avg_BMI
▶	Good	29.247030283221704
	Moderate	29.246102220893057
	Bad	29.190356066525112


#### How does blood pressure vary by age group?

```
SELECT Age_Group, AVG(Blood_Pressure) AS avg_bp FROM cleaned_france_dataset GROUP BY
Age_Group ORDER BY avg_bp DESC;
```

Result Grid    Filter Rows: <input type="text"/>		
	Age_Group	avg_bp
▶	Youth	111.7764
	Adult	111.7182


**What is the distribution of individuals based on education level?**

```
SELECT Education_Level, COUNT(*) AS count FROM cleaned_france_dataset GROUP BY
Education_Level ORDER BY count DESC;
```

Result Grid    Filter Rows: <input type="text"/>		
	Education_Level	count
▶	College	107204
	High School	106778
	Graduate	52804

**How does income level affect health insurance coverage?**

```
SELECT Income_Level, COUNT(*) AS insured_count
FROM cleaned_france_dataset
WHERE Health_Insurance = 'Yes'
GROUP BY Income_Level
ORDER BY insured_count DESC;
```

Result Grid    Filter Rows: <input type="text"/>			Export
	Income_Level	insured_count	
▶	Medium	85265	
	Low	85190	
	High	42803	

**What is the percentage of individuals who adhere to medication?**

```
SELECT COUNT() * 100.0 / (SELECT COUNT() FROM cleaned_france_dataset) AS
adherence_percentage
FROM cleaned_france_dataset
WHERE Medication_Adherence = 'Yes';
```

Result Grid		Filter Rows:
	adherence_percentage	
▶	90.02796	

### How does diet quality correlate with cholesterol levels?

```
SELECT Diet_Quality, AVG(Cholesterol_Level) AS avg_cholesterol
FROM cleaned_france_dataset
GROUP BY Diet_Quality
ORDER BY avg_cholesterol DESC;
```

Result Grid		Filter Rows:
	Diet_Quality	avg_cholesterol
▶	Mixed	224.5380
	Unhealthy	224.3533
	Healthy	224.2479

### What is the distribution of individuals based on regular health checkups?

```
SELECT Regular_Checkups, COUNT(*) AS count FROM cleaned_france_dataset GROUP BY
Regular_Checkups ORDER BY count DESC;
```

Result Grid		Filter Rows:
	Regular_Checkups	count
▶	Occasionally	133267
	Rarely	80330
	Frequently	53189

## CHINA\_QUERIES

**What is the total number of records in the dataset?**

```
SELECT COUNT(*) AS total_records FROM cleaned_china_dataset;
```

Result Grid	Filter Rows:
total_records	
270000	

**What is the average age of individuals based on gender?**

```
SELECT Gender, AVG(Age) AS avg_age FROM cleaned_china_dataset GROUP BY Gender;
```

Result Grid	Filter Rows:	Exp
Gender	avg_age	
Female	35.5410	
Male	35.5204	
Other	35.5028	

**How many individuals have had a heart attack?**

```
SELECT COUNT(*) AS heart_attack_cases FROM cleaned_china_dataset WHERE Heart_Attack = 'Yes';
```

Result Grid	Filter Rows:
heart_attack_cases	
31959	



**What is the percentage of individuals with high blood pressure?**

```
SELECT COUNT() * 100.0 / (SELECT COUNT() FROM cleaned_china_dataset) AS  
hypertension_percentage  
FROM cleaned_china_dataset  
WHERE Hypertension_Status = 'Yes';
```

Result Grid	Filter Rows:
hypertension_percentage	
19.98778	



**What is the distribution of smoking status in the dataset?**

```
SELECT Smoking_Status, COUNT(*) AS count FROM cleaned_china_dataset GROUP BY Smoking_Status;
```

Result Grid     Filter Rows: <input type="text"/>		
	Smoking_Status	count
▶	No	188792
	Yes	81208



**How does physical activity level vary based on employment status?**

```
SELECT Employment_Status, Physical_Activity, COUNT(*) AS count FROM cleaned_china_dataset GROUP BY Employment_Status, Physical_Activity ORDER BY Employment_Status;
```

Result Grid     Filter Rows: <input type="text"/>			
	Employment_Status	Physical_Activity	count
▶	Employed	High	37754
	Employed	Low	56654
	Employed	Moderate	94758
	Student	High	10842
	Student	Low	16074
	Student	Moderate	26855
	Unemployed	High	5475
	Unemployed	Low	8079
	Unemployed	Moderate	13509

**What is the average BMI of individuals based on their diet quality?**

```
SELECT Diet_Quality, AVG(BMI) AS avg_bmi FROM cleaned_china_dataset GROUP BY Diet_Quality;
```

Result Grid     Filter Rows: <input type="text"/>		
	Diet_Quality	avg_bmi
▶	Moderate	23.937904602820527
	Unhealthy	23.96213943862353
	Healthy	23.96107026257096

**How many individuals consume alcohol heavy?**

```
SELECT COUNT(*) AS alcohol_consumers FROM cleaned_china_dataset WHERE Alcohol_Consumption = 'Heavy';
```

Result Grid		Filter Rows:
	alcohol_consumers	
▶	53984	

### How does stress level correlate with sleep hours?

```
SELECT Stress_Level, Sleep_Hours, COUNT(*) AS count
FROM cleaned_china_dataset
GROUP BY Stress_Level, Sleep_Hours
ORDER BY Stress_Level;
```

Result Grid		Filter Rows:
Stress_Level	Sleep_Hours	count
Bad	6.7	2015
Bad	6.8	1967
Bad	6.9	1923
Bad	7	2027
Bad	7.1	2004
Bad	7.2	1987
Bad	7.3	1931
Bad	7.4	1927
Bad	7.5	1976
Bad	7.6	1952
Bad	7.7	1992
Bad	7.8	1960
Bad	7.9	1984

### What is the percentage of individuals with a family history of heart disease?

```
SELECT COUNT() * 100.0 / (SELECT COUNT() FROM cleaned_china_dataset) AS
family_history_percentage
FROM cleaned_china_dataset
WHERE Family_History = 'Yes';
```

Result Grid		Filter Rows:
	family_history_percentage	
▶	24.87815	