visualization

April 29, 2025

[67]:
```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
```

[68]:
```
df= pd.read_csv('heartdisease.csv')
df.head(5)
```

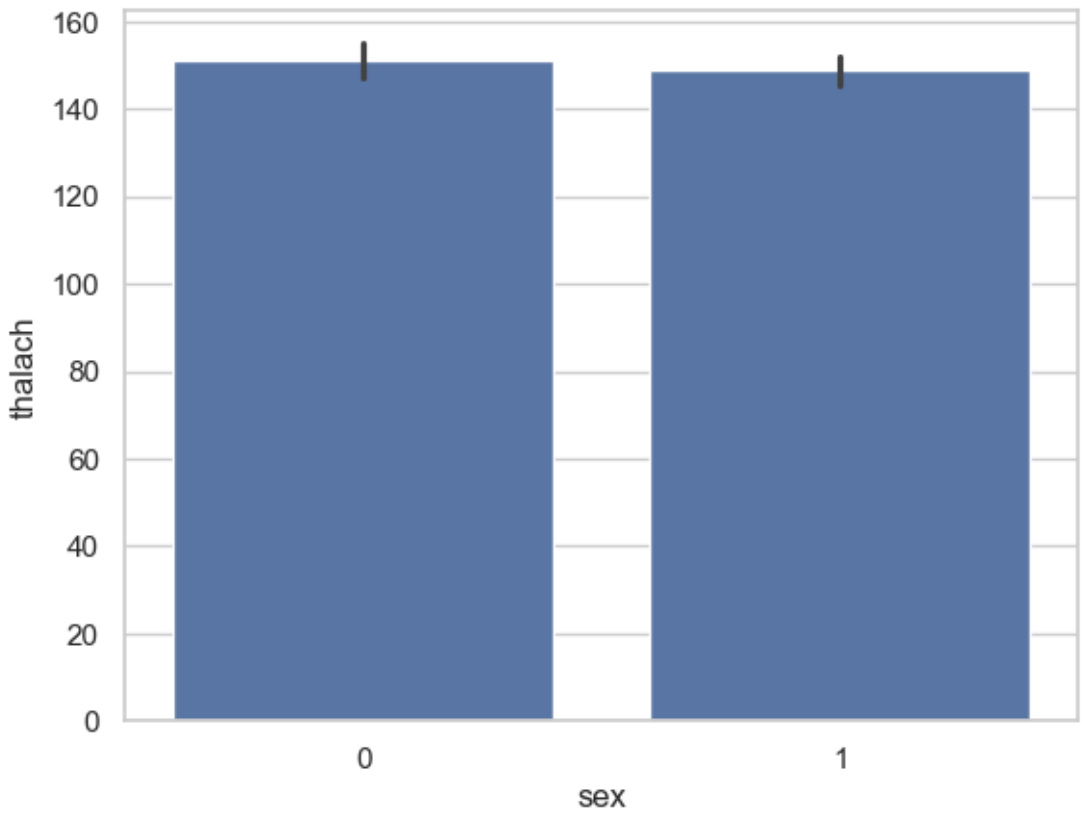
[68]:

	age	sex	cp	trestbps	chol	fbs	restecg	thalach	exang	oldpeak	slope	\
0	63	1	1	145	233	1	2	150	0	2.3	3	
1	67	1	4	160	286	0	2	108	1	1.5	2	
2	67	1	4	120	229	0	2	129	1	2.6	2	
3	37	1	3	130	250	0	0	187	0	3.5	3	
4	41	0	2	130	204	0	2	172	0	1.4	1	

	ca	thal	num
0	0	6	0
1	3	3	2
2	2	7	1
3	0	3	0
4	0	3	0

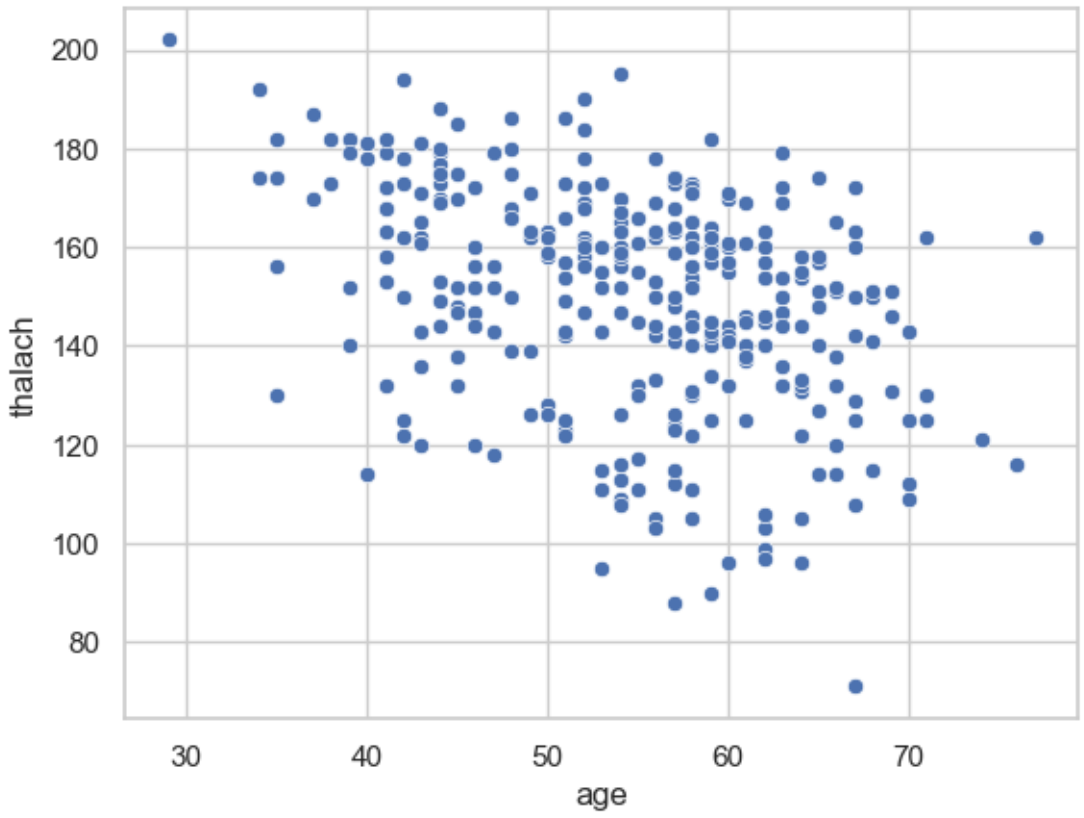
[69]:
```
#Barplot using seaborn
sns.barplot(x='sex', y='thalach', data = df)
```

[69]:
```
<Axes: xlabel='sex', ylabel='thalach'>
```



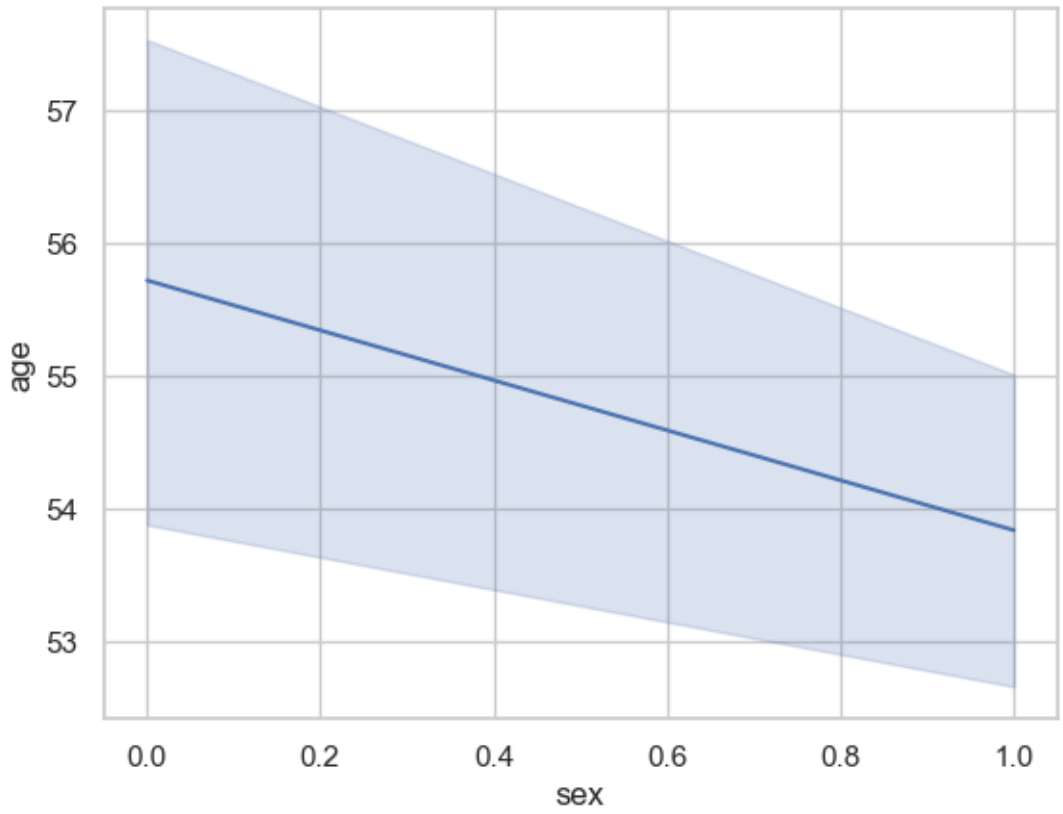
[70]:
```
#ScatterPlot using seaborn
sns.scatterplot(x='age', y='thalach', data = df)
```

[70]: <Axes: xlabel='age', ylabel='thalach'>



[71]:
```
#Lineplot using seaborn
sns.lineplot(x='sex', y='age', data = df)
```

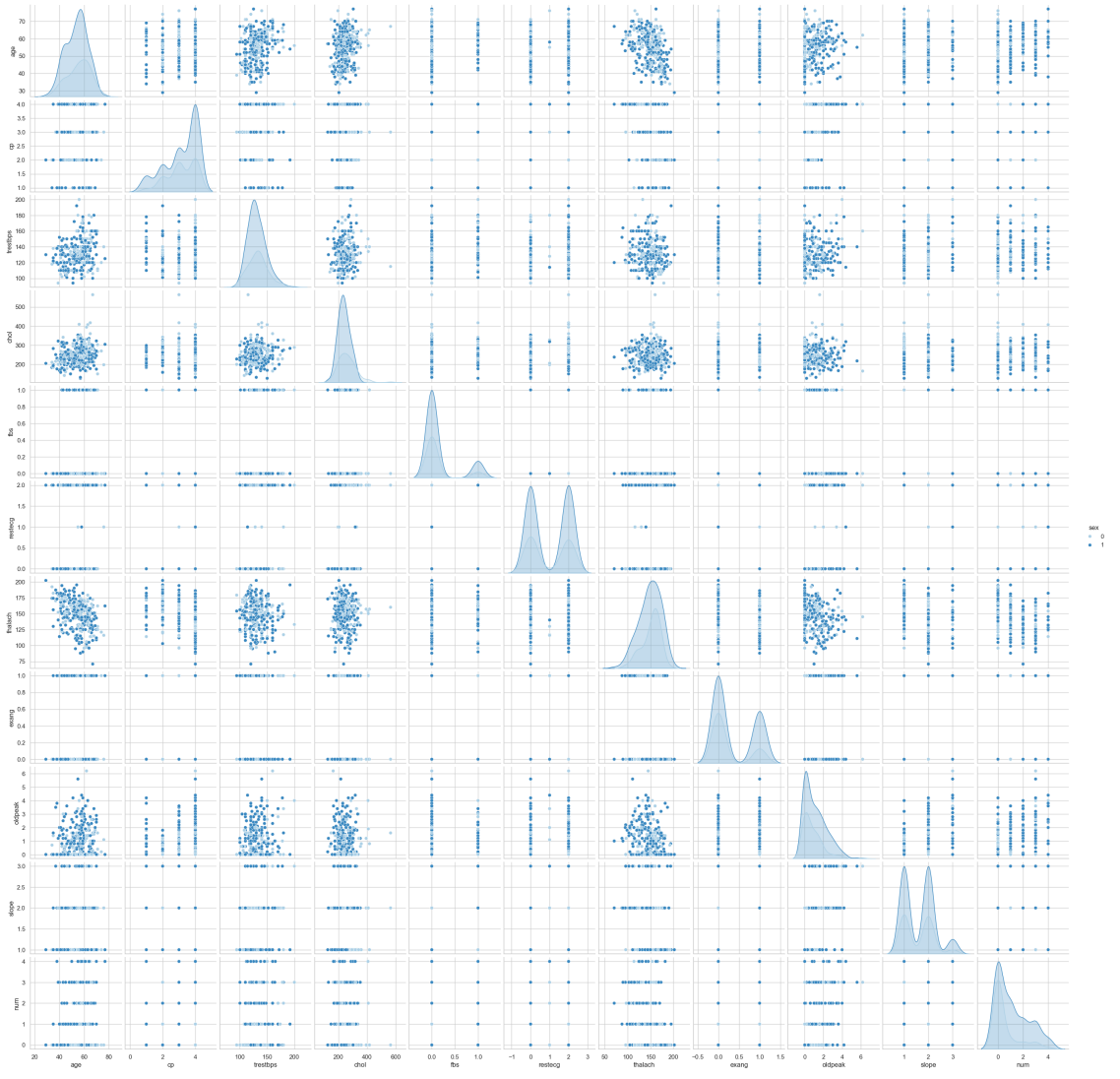
[71]: <Axes: xlabel='sex', ylabel='age'>



[72]:
```
#Pairplot using seaborn
plt.figure(figsize=(12,12))
sns.pairplot(df, hue= 'sex' , palette = 'Blues')
```

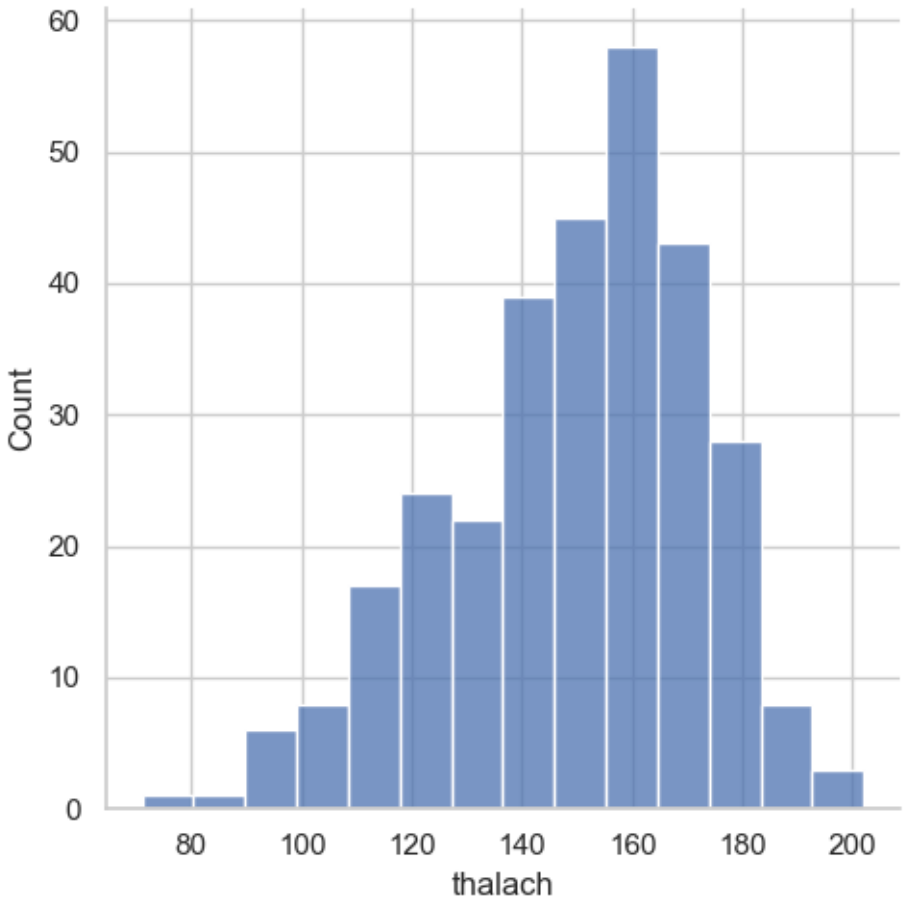
[72]: <seaborn.axisgrid.PairGrid at 0x2ad758de270>

<Figure size 1200x1200 with 0 Axes>

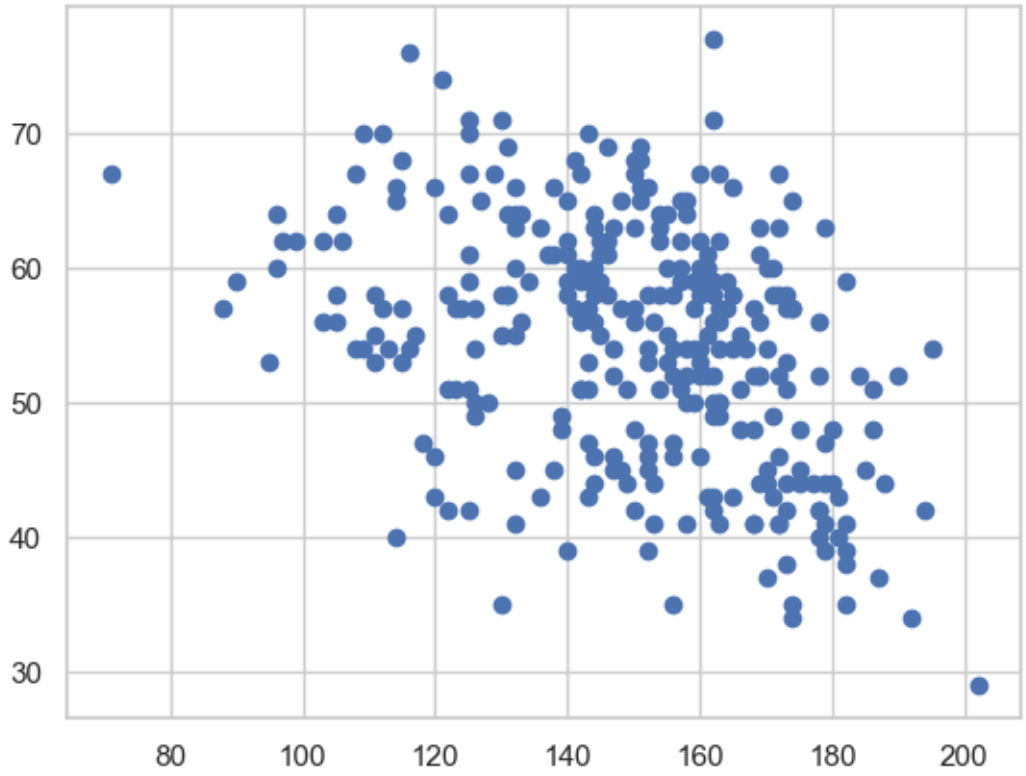


[73]:
```
#Displot using seaborn
sns.displot(df['thalach'])
```

[73]: <seaborn.axisgrid.FacetGrid at 0x2ad7d1babd0>

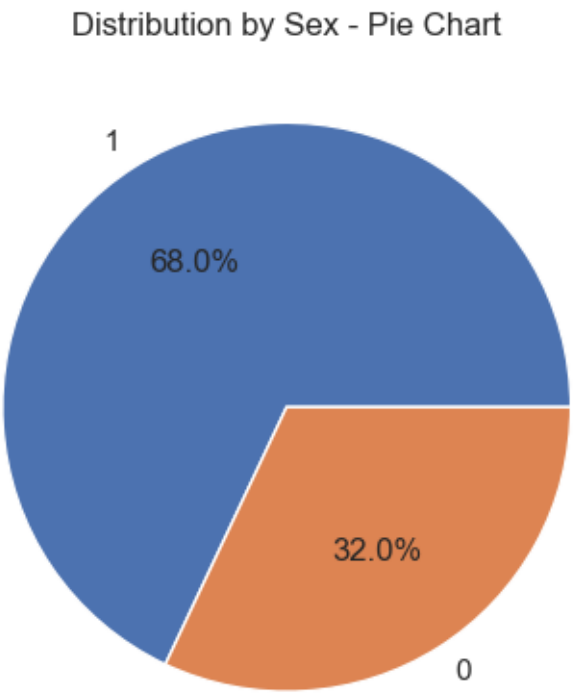


[74]:
```
#ScatterPlot using Matplotlib
plt.scatter(df['thalach'], df['age'])
plt.show()
```

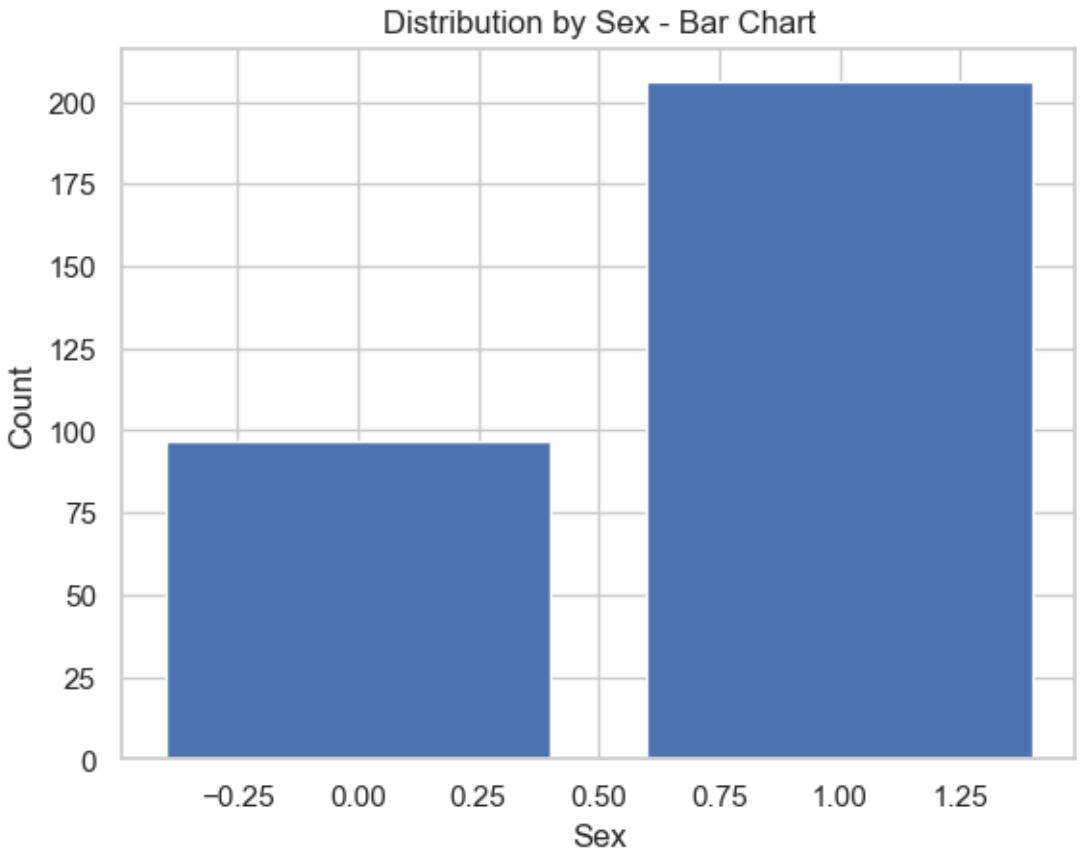


[75]:
```
# First, create the DataFrame correctly
sex_df = pd.DataFrame(df['sex'].value_counts())
sex_df.columns = ['count']  # Rename the column for clarity
```

[76]:
```
# Now plot
plt.pie(sex_df['count'], labels=sex_df.index, autopct='%1.1f%%')
plt.title("Distribution by Sex - Pie Chart")
plt.show()
```



[77]:
```
# Bar chart
plt.bar(sex_df.index, sex_df['count'])
plt.title("Distribution by Sex - Bar Chart")
plt.xlabel("Sex")
plt.ylabel("Count")
plt.show()
```



[78]:
```
# Step 1: Import libraries
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
```

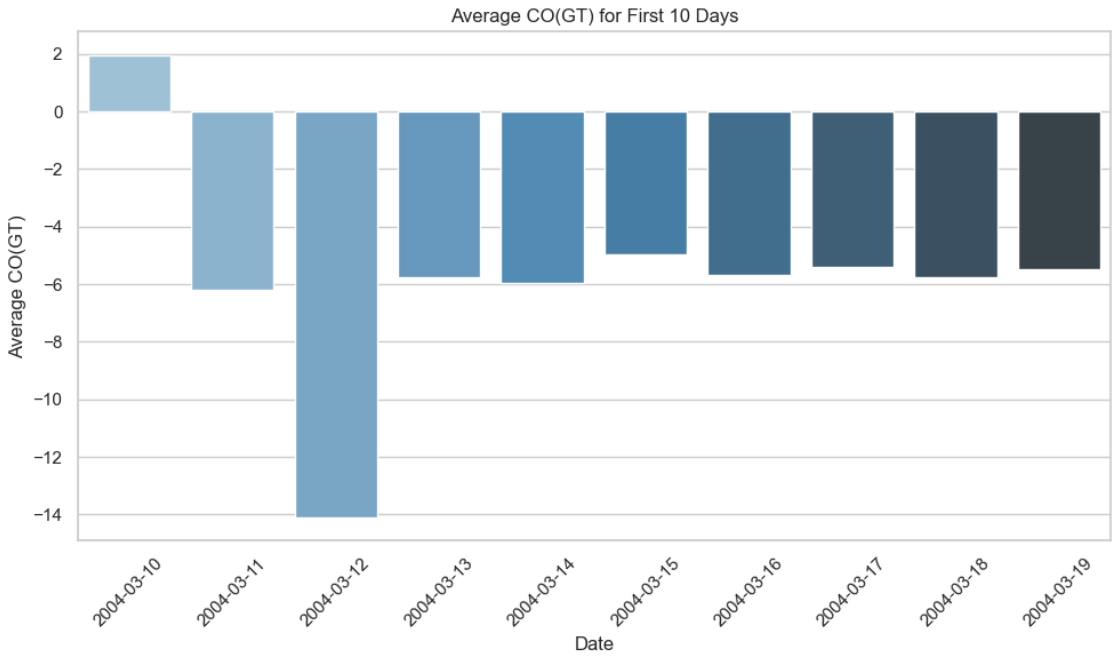
[79]:
```
# Step 2: Load dataset
df = pd.read_csv('AirQuality.csv')  # Ensure the file is in the same directory
df['Datetime'] = pd.to_datetime(df['Date'] + ' ' + df['Time'], dayfirst=True)
```

[80]:
```
# Set seaborn style
sns.set(style='whitegrid')
```

[81]:
```
# ----------------------------
# BAR PLOT: Average CO per day
# ----------------------------
df['Date'] = pd.to_datetime(df['Date'], dayfirst=True)
daily_avg_co = df.groupby(df['Date'].dt.date)['CO(GT)'].mean().head(10)  #␣
 ↪First 10 days for simplicity
```

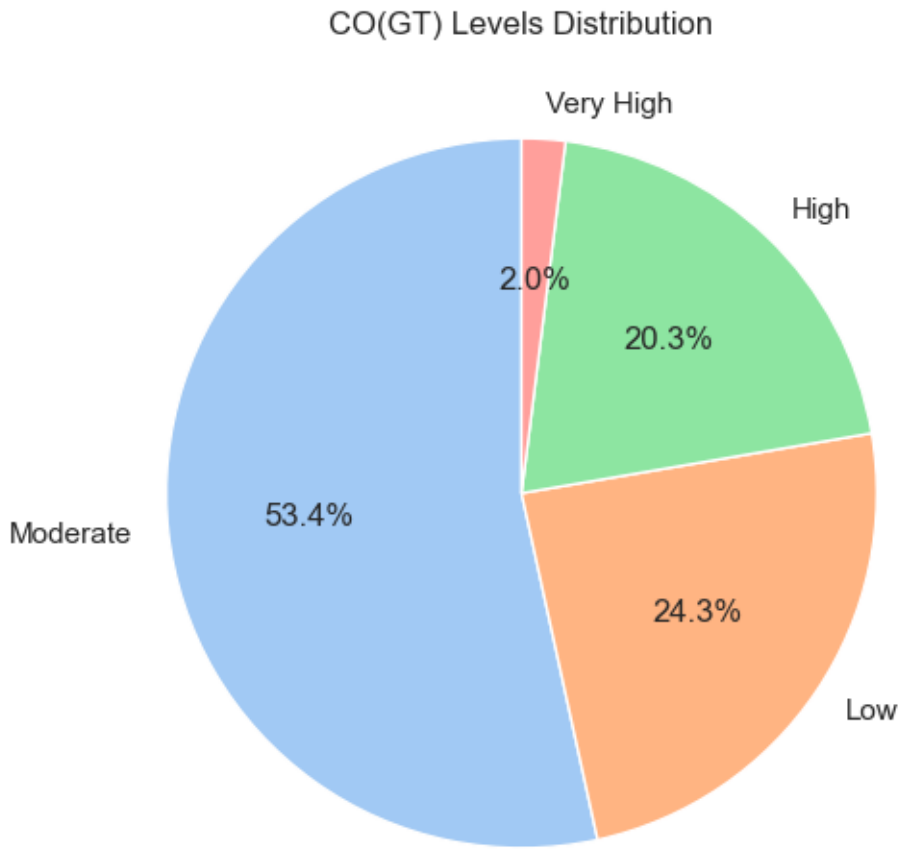
```
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
sns.barplot(x=daily_avg_co.index, y=daily_avg_co.values, palette='Blues_d')
plt.xticks(rotation=45)
plt.title('Average CO(GT) for First 10 Days')
plt.xlabel('Date')
plt.ylabel('Average CO(GT)')
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```

```
C:\Users\amans\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_14288\905959813.py:8: FutureWarning:

Passing `palette` without assigning `hue` is deprecated and will be removed in
v0.14.0. Assign the `x` variable to `hue` and set `legend=False` for the same
effect.

  sns.barplot(x=daily_avg_co.index, y=daily_avg_co.values, palette='Blues_d')
```

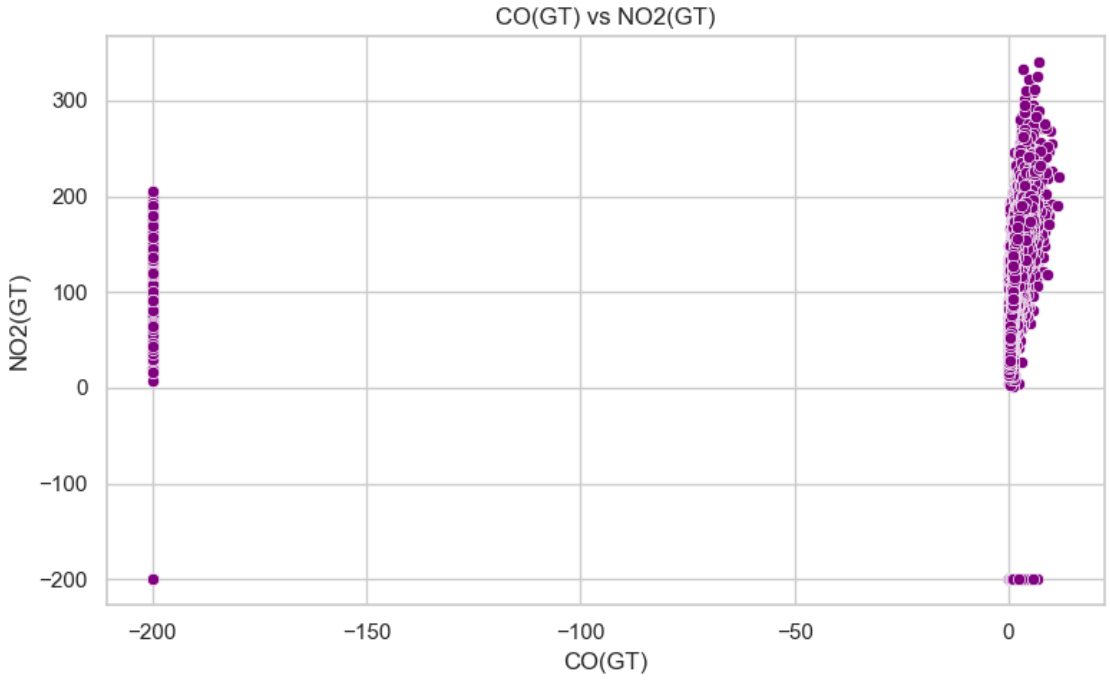


[82]:
```
# ----------------------------
# PIE PLOT: CO(GT) category proportions
# ----------------------------
co_levels = pd.cut(df['CO(GT)'], bins=[-1, 1, 3, 6, 10], labels=['Low',␣
 ↪'Moderate', 'High', 'Very High'])
co_counts = co_levels.value_counts()

plt.figure(figsize=(6, 6))
```

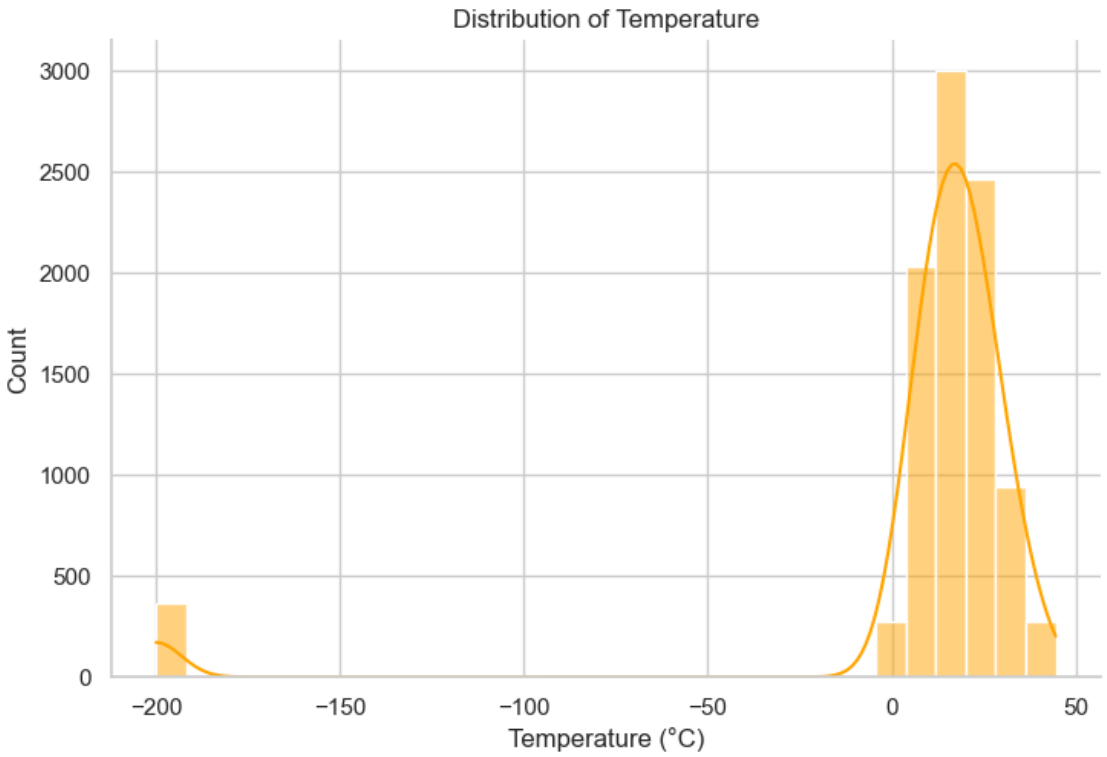
```
plt.pie(co_counts, labels=co_counts.index, autopct='%1.1f%%', startangle=90,␣
  ↪colors=sns.color_palette('pastel'))
plt.title('CO(GT) Levels Distribution')
plt.show()
```



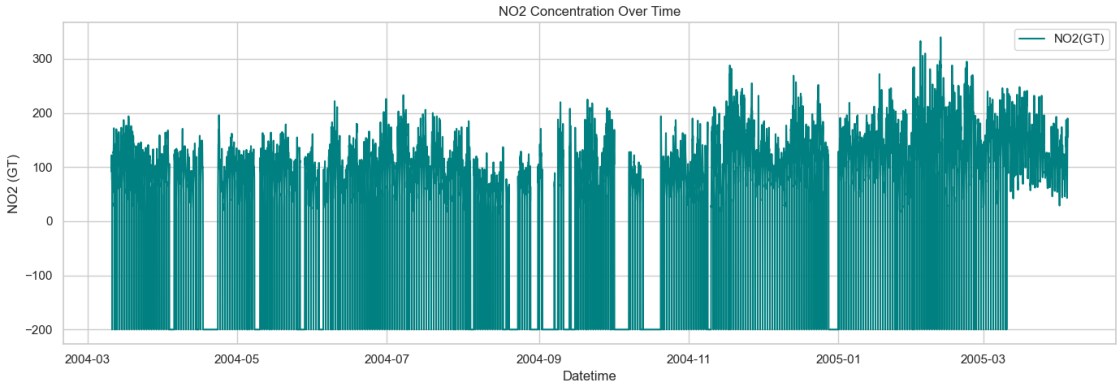
[83]:
```
# ----------------------------
# SCATTER PLOT: CO(GT) vs NO2(GT)
# ----------------------------
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 5))
sns.scatterplot(data=df, x='CO(GT)', y='NO2(GT)', color='purple')
plt.title('CO(GT) vs NO2(GT)')
plt.xlabel('CO(GT)')
plt.ylabel('NO2(GT)')
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```



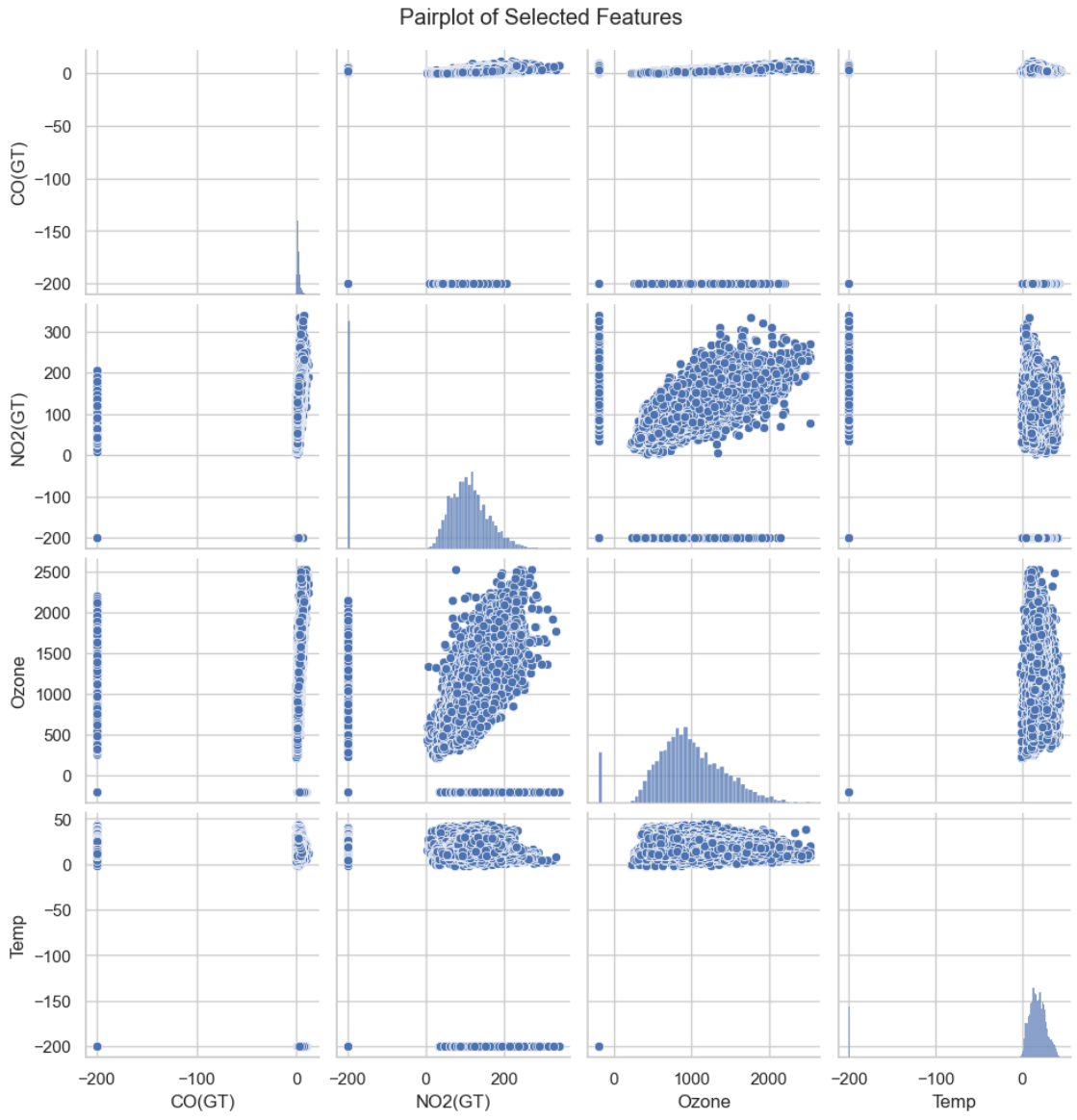
[84]:
```
# ------------------------------
# DISPLOT: Distribution of Temperature
# ------------------------------
sns.displot(df['Temp'].dropna(), bins=30, kde=True, color='orange', height=5,␣
 ↪aspect=1.5)
plt.title('Distribution of Temperature')
plt.xlabel('Temperature (°C)')
plt.show()
```



[85]:
```
# ----------------------------
# LINE PLOT: NO2(GT) Over Time
# ----------------------------
plt.figure(figsize=(14, 5))
plt.plot(df['Datetime'], df['NO2(GT)'], label='NO2(GT)', color='teal')
plt.title('NO2 Concentration Over Time')
plt.xlabel('Datetime')
plt.ylabel('NO2 (GT)')
plt.legend()
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```



[86]:
```
# Step 8: Pair Plot - Selected Features
selected_features = ['CO(GT)', 'NO2(GT)', 'Ozone', 'Temp']
sns.pairplot(df[selected_features].dropna())
plt.suptitle('Pairplot of Selected Features', y=1.02)
plt.show()
```



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