

MERN STACK - Task 4: Login Page Development

Objective

Develop a basic login page where users can input their credentials to log in. This task involves creating a ReactJS frontend, an ExpressJS backend, and integrating MongoDB for storing and verifying user credentials.

Project Steps

1. Frontend Development with ReactJS

- **Features:**
 - A login form with fields for **username/email** and **password**.
 - A submit button to send the credentials to the backend API.
 - Error messages for validation failures, such as missing fields or incorrect credentials.
 - **Implementation:**
 - **Client-side Validation:**
 - Check that all fields are filled before submission.
 - Highlight empty fields with error messages.
 - **Styling:**
 - Use a CSS framework like **Bootstrap** or **Tailwind CSS** for a professional design.
 - Arrange the form in a visually appealing layout with responsive design.
 - **Flow:**
 - On form submission:
 - Validate inputs.
 - Send a POST request to the backend API with the credentials.
 - Handle the response:
 - Display a success message or redirect to the dashboard on a successful login.
 - Show an error message for failed attempts.
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2. Backend Development with ExpressJS

- **Setup:**
 - Install necessary modules: `express`, `body-parser`, `mongoose`, `cors`.
 - Configure middleware to handle JSON requests and enable CORS.
 - **API Endpoint:**
 - Create a POST `/login` endpoint.
 - Parse the received credentials (username/email and password).
 - **Logic:**
 - Validate credentials against the database.
 - Return a success response (e.g., `{ status: "success", message: "Login successful" }`) or failure response (e.g., `{ status: "fail", message: "Invalid credentials" }`).
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3. Database Integration with MongoDB

- **Setup:**
 - Use MongoDB Atlas or a local MongoDB instance.
 - Create a `users` collection with fields like `email`, `username`, and `password`.
- **Password Handling:**
 - Store passwords securely using a hashing library like `bcrypt`.
 - During login, hash the input password and compare it to the stored hashed password.
- **Sample Data:**

Insert a few test users into the database:

```
{ "username": "testuser", "email": "test@example.com", "password": "hashed_password" }
```

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4. Testing and Debugging

- **Frontend Testing:**
 - Check input validation.
 - Test the form submission and API communication.
 - Verify UI behavior for both success and error responses.

- **Backend Testing:**
 - Test API endpoints with tools like **Postman** or **Thunder Client**.
 - Check database queries to ensure correct validation of credentials.
 - **End-to-End Testing:**
 - Run the application and verify:
 - Correct data flow from the frontend to the backend.
 - Proper database operations (queries, updates).
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5. Documentation

- **Setup Instructions:**
 - Steps to clone the repository and install dependencies.
 - Configuration details for connecting the backend to MongoDB.
 - Commands for starting the frontend and backend servers.
 - **Data Flow Description:**
 - User submits credentials → Frontend sends data to backend → Backend queries database → Response sent to frontend → Result displayed.
 - **API Details:**
 - Endpoint: `/login`
 - Method: POST
 - Request Body: `{ "email": "user@example.com", "password": "password123" }`
 - Response:
 - Success: `{ "status": "success", "message": "Login successful" }`
 - Failure: `{ "status": "fail", "message": "Invalid credentials" }`
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Deliverables

1. **Fully Functional Login Page:**
 - Responsive UI for the login form.
 - Working login process from frontend to backend.
2. **API Documentation:**
 - Details on the login endpoint and sample requests/responses.

3. **Database Integration:**

- MongoDB setup with sample user data.

4. **Testing Report:**

- Screenshots and details of testing (e.g., API responses, form validation results).

Would you like guidance on implementing specific parts of this task, such as the database connection or error handling?

Deadline Compliance

- **Restriction:** **Submit the project within 7 days** from the start date.
- **Reason:** Meeting deadlines is crucial in the real-world software development environment. This restriction helps students practice **time management** and **task prioritization**. In professional settings, tight deadlines are often the norm, and learning to meet them without compromising quality is an essential skill.
- **Learning Outcome:** Students will learn to manage their time effectively, complete projects under pressure, and **deliver results on time**, which are all important skills in the workplace.