## Angular Test-2 All questions are compulsory. Exam duration is 15 minutes Oraft saved samueljoy1999@gmail.com Switch account \* Required Email \* samuel.kanjani@neosoftmail.com Enter your Name Samuel Joy 1. Which of the following syntax is correct to add minimum length validator 1 point for any text field \* Validators.minlength Validators.minLength( [put here any length you want ]) Validator.minLength( [put here any length you want ]) Validators.minlength( [put here any length you want ]) 2. ---- module is needed to import in app.module.ts file to perform 1 point routing in angular application \* AppRoutingModule RoutingModule RouteModule AppRouteModule 3. ---- directive used in angular form to bind FormControl object with 1 point form control field. \* ∫ formControl formGroup formGroupName formControlName Other:

4. Suppose books is a collection name declared in component ts file, then which is the correct following syntax for ngFor? *	l point
*ngFor="let book for books"	
*ngFor="let books for book"	
*ngFor="let book of books"	
ngFor="let book of books"	
5. Suppose companyName is property declared in Component ts file, then which is the correct syntax of string interpolation *	l point
<pre>{ companyName }</pre>	
<pre>{{ companyName }}</pre>	
\$\ \( \companyName \}	
[[ companyName ]]	
6. Which if the following syntax of ngClass is correct *	l point
<pre></pre>	
<pre></pre>	
<pre></pre>	
<pre></pre>	
7. Which of the following syntax is correct to make two way data binding in Angular *	l point
(ngModel)="propertyname"	
[ngModel]="propertyname"	
<pre>[ngModel]="propertyname" [(ngModel)]="propertyname"</pre>	
(ngModel)]="propertyname"	
<ul><li>[(ngModel)]="propertyname"</li><li>None of the above</li></ul>	point
<ul> <li>[(ngModel)]="propertyname"</li> <li>None of the above</li> <li>8. If we declare property in @Component then new instance of</li> </ul>	point
<ul> <li>[(ngModel)]="propertyname"</li> <li>None of the above</li> <li>8. If we declare property in @Component then new instance of service will be provided to that component *</li> </ul>	point
<ul> <li>[(ngModel)]="propertyname"</li> <li>None of the above</li> <li>8. If we declare property in @Component then new instance of service will be provided to that component *</li> <li>providers: [Name of Service]</li> </ul>	I point
<ul> <li>[(ngModel)]="propertyname"</li> <li>None of the above</li> <li>8. If we declare property in @Component then new instance of service will be provided to that component *</li> <li>providers: [Name of Service]</li> <li>provider: [Name of Service]</li> </ul>	l point

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None of the above	
ngFormGroup	
*ngForm	
ngForm	
10. Template driven forms use directive to associate the form to FormGroup automatically. *	1 point
Services are injected in component using constructor injection	
Services always have only once instance provided to every component. multiple instances never be created	
Services can be injected in any defined component to have data sharing	
They make component class lean and effecient by seperating business logic	
9. What is true about services *	1 point

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