# 1. AccessToken Generation Technique:

- 1) Compute SHA256 hash of plain password.
- 2) Generate Timestamp.
- 3) Concatenate the output of step 1 and step 2 (Step 1 output + Step 2 output)
- 4) Compute SHA256 hash of Step 3 output.
- 5) Concatenate the output of step 3 and PwdSecretKey (Step 3 output + PwdSecretKey)
- 6) Compute SHA256 hash of Step 5 output.

Note: Username, Password, and PwdSecretKey will be shared separately via Email/SMS.

# **Timestamp Generation (C#):**

string TS = DateTime.UtcNow.ToString("yyyyMMddHHmmss");

# **Hash Generation Method(C#):**

```
public string ComputeSha256Hash(string pstrInputString)
{
    string lstrcode = pstrInputString;
    // Create a SHA256
    using (SHA256 sha256Hash = SHA256.Create())
    {
        // ComputeHash - returns byte array
        byte[] bytes = sha256Hash.ComputeHash(Encoding.UTF8.GetBytes(lstrcode));
        string hashString = string.Empty;
        foreach (byte x in bytes)
        {
             hashString += String.Format("{0:x2}", x);
        }
        return hashString;
    }
}
```

## 2. Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) for Encryption:

- ➤ Cipher Mode Operation : Galois/Counter Mode (GCM) with No Padding
- ➤ Cryptographic Key: 256 bits\*
- ➤ **IVector**: First 12 byte of cryptographic key (Secret Key)
- ➤ GCM Tag Length: 16 Bytes

Note: AES secret key will be shared separately via Email/SMS.

```
AES Encryption Logic (Programming Language: C#):
using Org.BouncyCastle.Crypto.Engines;
using Org.BouncyCastle.Crypto.Modes;
using Org.BouncyCastle.Crypto.Parameters;
using System. Security. Cryptography;
var key = <Dynamic Key 32 character>
var secretkey = Encoding.UTF8.GetBytes(key);
var iv = Encoding.UTF8.GetBytes(Encoding.UTF8.GetString(secretkey).Substring(0, 12));
public string AESEncrypt(string PlainText, byte[] key, byte[] iv)
       string EncryptedStr = string.Empty;
       try
         byte[] plainBytes = Encoding.UTF8.GetBytes(PlainText);
         GcmBlockCipher cipher = new GcmBlockCipher(new AesEngine()); //GCM Cipher
         AeadParameters parameters =
                new AeadParameters(new KeyParameter(key), 128, iv, null);
         cipher.Init(true, parameters);
         byte[] encryptedBytes = new byte[cipher.GetOutputSize(plainBytes.Length)];
         Int32 retLen = cipher.ProcessBytes
                  (plainBytes, 0, plainBytes.Length, encryptedBytes, 0);
         cipher.DoFinal(encryptedBytes, retLen);
         EncryptedStr = Convert.ToBase64String(encryptedBytes, Base64FormattingOptions.None);
       catch (Exception ex) { }
       return EncryptedStr;
```

#### **Function Definition:**

public string AESEncrypt(string PlainText, byte[] key, byte[] iv)

- Public string: The function returns a string.
- AESEncrypt: The name of the function.
- string PlainText: The plaintext string to be encrypted.
- byte[] key: The encryption key as a byte array.
- byte[] iv: The initialization vector (IV) as a byte array.

#### Variable Initialization:

• sR: A string variable initialized to an empty string to store the result.

#### **Convert PlainText to Byte Array:**

byte[] plainBytes = Encoding.UTF8.GetBytes(PlainText);

#### **GCM Cipher Initialization:**

GcmBlockCipher cipher = new GcmBlockCipher(new AesEngine());

- GcmBlockCipher: Uses Galois/Counter Mode (GCM) for AES.
- new AesEngine(): Specifies the AES encryption engine.

### **Set Parameters:**

AcadParameters parameters = new AcadParameters(new KeyParameter(key), 128, iv,null);

- AeadParameters: Parameters for authenticated encryption with associated data (AEAD).
- new KeyParameter(key): The encryption key.
- 128: The MAC size in bits.
- iv: The initialization vector.
- null: Additional associated data (AAD), not used here.

# **Initialize Cipher:**

cipher.Init(true, parameters);

- true: Specifies encryption mode (false would be decryption).
- parameters: The parameters for the cipher.

#### **Encrypt Plain Bytes:**

byte[] encryptedBytes = new byte[cipher.GetOutputSize(plainBytes.Length)]; Int32 retLen = cipher.ProcessBytes(plainBytes, 0, plainBytes.Length,

#### encryptedBytes, 0);

cipher.DoFinal(encryptedBytes, retLen);

- encryptedBytes: Byte array to hold the encrypted data.
- cipher.GetOutputSize(plainBytes.Length): Gets the size of the output buffer needed.
- cipher.ProcessBytes: Processes the input bytes.
- cipher.DoFinal: Completes the encryption process.

# **Convert Encrypted Bytes to Base64 String:**

sR = Convert.ToBase64String(encryptedBytes, Base64FormattingOptions.None);

- Convert.ToBase64String: Converts the encrypted byte array to a Base64 string.
- Base64FormattingOptions.None: Specifies no line breaks in the output string.

# **AES Decryption Logic (Programming Language: C#):**

```
public string AESDecrypt(string EncryptedText, byte[] key, byte[] iv)
      string DecryptedStr = string.Empty;
       try
         byte[] encryptedBytes = Convert.FromBase64String(EncryptedText);
         GcmBlockCipher cipher = new GcmBlockCipher(new AesEngine());
         AeadParameters parameters =
               new AeadParameters(new KeyParameter(key), 128, iv, null);
         //ParametersWithIV parameters = new ParametersWithIV(new KeyParameter(key), iv);
         cipher.Init(false, parameters);
         byte[] plainBytes = new byte[cipher.GetOutputSize(encryptedBytes.Length)];
         Int32 retLen = cipher.ProcessBytes
                  (encryptedBytes, 0, encryptedBytes.Length, plainBytes, 0);
         cipher.DoFinal(plainBytes, retLen);
         DecryptedStr = Encoding.UTF8.GetString(plainBytes).TrimEnd("\n\0".ToCharArray());
       catch (Exception ex) { }
       return DecryptedStr;
```

Note: Kindly modify the above programming logic according to your own implementation.

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