List of Practicals

- 1. Write a python program to greet users with welcome messages using print() method.
- 2. Write a python program to demonstrate the creation of List data structure along with its methods append(), extend(), insert(), remove(), clear(), index(), count(), sort(), reverse(), and copy().
 - a. Demonstrate positive and negative indexing with python List.
 - b. Demonstrate slicing operations on python List.
 - c. Demonstrate updation on List elements in python.
 - d. Demonstrate deletion of a single python list element and multiple elements using slicing operator.
- 3. Write a python program to demonstrate the creation of tuples along with its methods count() and index().
 - a. Demonstrate positive and negative indexing with python Tuple.
 - b. Demonstrate slicing operations on python Tuple.
 - c. Demonstrate updation on Tuple elements in python.
- 4. Write a python program to demonstrate the creation of a Dictionary *student* with the *name*, *age* and *branch* of a student.
 - a. Demonstrate the updation of python dictionary.
 - b. Demonstrate the removal of elements from the python dictionary.
 - c. Demonstrate the use of following dictionary methods clear(), copy(), get(), items(), keys(), popitem(), and values().
- 5. Demonstrate the use of basic string methods in python lower(), upper(), join(), split(), find(), and replace().
- 6. Write a python program to implement basic arithmetic operations on user entered numbers.
- 7. Write a python program to count how many times a specific number is occurring in a list. Take user input for both numbers and a list.
- 8. Write a python program that takes N number of integers from the user in a python list. Create a function that takes the list of user entered numbers and returns MAX and MIN numbers from that list to the user.
- 9. Write a python program to perform basic matrix operations on user entered matrices.
- 10. Write a python program to perform basic operations of a calculator. Provide choice for operations to users and make a program iterative. Provide specific exit option to users.
- 11. Write a python program to demonstrate the use of arbitrary arguments.
- 12. Create a class named *student* having attributes *std_name*, *std_age*, *std_branch*, and *std_city*. Create a method named *get_data()* in *student* class that takes user input for these attributes and a method named *display()* that prints the attribute values on the terminal. Call both the methods by creating an instance *std_obj* of the class *student*.

- 13. Write a python program to demonstrate basic banking operations. Create a class named banking having separate class methods for each operation. Call each method with an instance of the class and attribute values to be taken from the user.
- 14. Create a class named *employee* having attributes *emp_name*, *emp_age*, and *emp_city*. Create a method named *get_data()* in *employee* class that takes user input for these attributes. Derive a class named *emp_derived()* from the *employee* class, having an *init ()* method that displays the attributes of the *employee* class upon instantiation.
- 15. Create a base class named *university* with its attributes *name*, *year_of_estd*, and *city*. Derive following class from the super class *university*: *professor*, *lab_assistant*, *office_assistant*, and *peon*. Make the program choice based for user. The attributes and method of various class are as below:
 - Attributes of *professor* class: *designation*, *highest_qualification*, *area_of_research*, *year_of_joining*, *year_of_experience*, and *name_of_institute*.
 - Methods of professor class: __init__() method that gets invoked upon instantiation and takes values of class attributes. The *display*() method that prints class attribute values along with attributes of its super class.
 - Attributes of *lab_assistant* class: *designation* = "Lab Assistant" (static), *highest_qualification*, *additiobnal_skilss*, *year_of_joining*, and *name_of_institue*.
 - Methods of *lab_assistant* class: __init__() method that gets invoked upon instantiation and takes values of class attributes. The *display*() method that prints class attribute values along with attributes of its super class.
 - Attributes of *office_assistant* class: *designation* = "Office Assistant" (static), highest qualification, year of joining, and name of institute.
 - Methods of *office_assistant* class: __init__() method that gets invoked upon instantiation and takes values of class attributes. The display() method that prints class attribute values along with attributes of its super class.
 - Attributes of *peon* class: *job_role* = "office Peon" (static), *qualification*, *year of joining*, and *name of institute*.
 - Methods of *peon* class: __init__() method that gets invoked upon instantiation and takes values of class attributes. The *display*() method that prints class attribute values along with attributes of its super class.
- 16. Create three classes named *C, Python*, and *Web_Designing* each having two primary attributes as *learnings_* and *name_of_professor*. Derive a class named *student* from these classes. The student class hase following methods and attributes:
 - a. Global std college attribute with static values.
 - b. init () method with attributes std name, std enrollment no, and std course.
 - c. *display*() method to display various attribute values of the terminal.
- 17. Write a python program to demonstrate the use of data hiding.