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Realtime Websockets (and Socket.io) for Delphi

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What are Websockets?

- Part of the HTML5 specification
- bi-directional direct communication over HTTP
 - bi-directional: server can push (!) data to one or more clients, no need for (long) polling!
 - direct: no http (header) overhead: data is send and received with minimal processing
- Looks similar to TCP
 - 。but “stream of messages” vs “stream of bytes”
- Full duplex: similar with Super TCP
 - 。but super tcp (in Delphi) heavy weight: uses a thread for each client connection (slow debugging in Delphi when many connection in services!)

What are Websockets? (2)

- So nothing really new...
- But a big step for web/html programming
 - uses same port 80 (firewall, proxies, etc)
 - fast web apps possible (realtime, low latency)
 - Google Chrome demos with mobile as remote game controller
 - default full duplex: easy pushing from the server!
- http is only used for initial handshake
 - for the rest, it's an independent protocol
- But, both server and client must support it...

What are Websockets? (3)

●HTTP Handshake

Client:

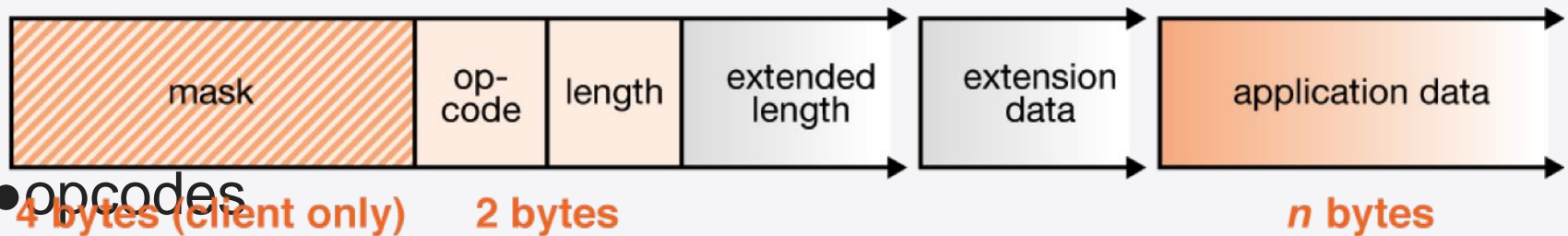
```
GET ws://server.example.com/mychat HTTP/1.1
Host: server.example.comUpgrade: websocket
Connection: Upgrade
Sec-WebSocket-Key: x3JJHMbDL1EzLkh9GBhXDw==
Sec-WebSocket-Protocol: chat
Sec-WebSocket-Version: 13
Origin: http://example.com
```

Server response:

```
HTTP/1.1 101 Switching ProtocolsUpgrade: websocket
Connection: Upgrade
Sec-WebSocket-Accept: HSmrc0sMlYUkAGmm5OPpG2HaGWk=
Sec-WebSocket-Protocol: chat
```

What are Websockets? (4)

- Websocket frames
 - very small header:



- opcodes
 - Text and binary data
 - ping/pong frames (for heartbeat)

- Indy 10
 - websocket IOHandler
 - both server and client
 - basic support
 - no extensions like [compression](#), [RFB](#), [SRPC](#), etc
 - Mixed server: http and ws (and [RemObjects SDK](#)) connections
- Single wait thread per 64 client handles (using [winsock2.select\(\)](#) API)

Broadcasting text messages...

That's pretty it...

Socket.io (communication library)

- Websocket itself very simple (only “messages”)
 - Need extra protocol/handling on top of it
- [.RemObjects SDK](#), [Socket.io](#)
- Socket.io:
 - javascript communication library
 - [.node.js](#) (server side javascript)
 - [.webbrowser](#) (client side javascript)
 - Works in every browser (IE6, older Android devices)
 - works on top of websockets, http, Flash sockets
 - Event driven (async)

```
var socket = io.connect('http://localhost');
socket.on('eventfromserver',
function(data) {
    console.log(data);
});
socket.emit('request2server', {data: 'text'}, function(ack){} );
```

Socket.io (protocol)

●Protocol

.1::: = Connect
.2::: = Heartbeat
.3::: test = Simple message

3:1+:/chat:data= Msg with msg number (1) and
request for acknowledge (+) for only “/chat” room

.4::: {a:b} = Json message

o5:2+::: { "name": "myevent", "args": ["data"] }

Event with arguments and waiting for result (2+)

o6:::2 [{a:b}] = Acknowledge for msg

nr 2 and with data

Delphi implementation

- Indy 10
 - uses websocket IOHandler (incl. http fallback)
 - separate socket.io handling
 - both server and client
 - basic support (no rooms, subprotocols, authentication, etc)
 - Mixed server: http, ws, RO and socket.io connections
- Simple replacement for RemObjects and Datasnap?
 - events are very easy to use
 - default duplex communications
 - BUT: no type safety: hard coded strings and json...
 - Using interfaces and [TVirtualInterface](#) for automatic client side wrapping?

Delphi implementation (2)

- Example:

```
FWSServer.SocketIO.OnEvent (  
    'getProgress',  
    procedure (const ASocket: ISocketIOContext; const  
                aArgument: TSuperArray;  
                const aCallbackObj: TSocketIOCallbackObj)  
    begin  
        aCallbackObj.SendResponse (SO ('result'));  
    end);
```

- It's open source!

<https://github.com/andremussche/DelphiWebsockets>

- So fork it and add missing features!

Why or when to use?

- Windows Service with html front-end for monitoring
 - direct pushing state changes, log messages, etc
 - Single port Service, one port for all communication:
 - normal http (static files, html front-end)
 - Can change web view without rebuilding service executable
 - normal ws (web + new Delphi clients?)
 - RemObjects over http (web clients, json msg)
 - RemObjects over ws (Delphi clients, bin msg)
 - Also between other services (SOA: Service Oriented Architecture)

Why or when to use? (2)

- HTML5 Web app
 - single page: static html+js files
 - direct change, no recompile needed
 - dynamic html/layout using javascript
 - only data is transferred (json/xml)
 - different apps/views possible
 - no app store needed, runs on any device (iOS, Android, Win8, Phone7, Blackberry, Firefox OS, Tizen, etc) within private/own network

Why or when to use? (3)

- Example: replace Adobe Flash visualization
 - Export to html5 canvas ([createjs](#)/[easeljs](#) library)
 - Websocket server:
 - .serving static files
 - .realtime pushing PLC changes
 - [MongoDB](#): noSQL database using bson (binary json) for dynamic data

Event based visualization

The Smart Way (node.js in the cloud)

- Html5 client in [Smart Mobile Studio](#)
 - full client side socket.io implementation
 - single page app, can be used on any device
- [Node.js](#) in Smart Mobile Studio
 - full server side socket.io implementation
 - generated javascript can be directly used in cloud

- Smart Mobile Studio (IDE)
 - pascal language
 - .with many cool improvements (type inference, inline variables, lambda expression, etc)
 - compiles to javascript
 - .smart linking (only “active” code)
 - .obfuscation possible
 - .“asm” sections for low level javascript code
 - .external classes for JS libraries (jQuery etc)
 - best of both worlds
 - .code completion, type checking, classes, etc
 - .runs on every device

- Node.js: javascript on the server
 - Very different to “normal” browser
 - Google’s V8 javascript engine
 - almost native compilation (JIT), garbage collection
 - no webkit rendering (no “document” and “window” globals! no DOM, no jQuery)
 - no sandbox, but full access (files, processes, databases, etc)
 - own API (event based, async)
 - User code is single threaded, rest is async (background threads?)
 - so very fast for small requests or async stuff (waiting for files, database queries etc)
 - bad for complex calculations (compressing etc)

Smart node.js http server (with socket.io)
Smart html5 client