General Aptitude 18PDH101T

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Voices



Voices

What are Voices?

The voice of a **verb** tells whether the **subject** of the sentence

- Performs, or
- Receives an action



Types of Voices

There are two types of voices

- Active Voice
 - the subject performs the action expressed by the verb.

Example: Ram sings a song.

- Passive Voice
 - the subject receives the action expressed by the verb.

Example: A song is sung by Ram.



Active Voice vs. Passive Voice

Tense	Active Voice	Passive Voice
Present Simple	He writes a letter.	
Present Continuous	He is writing a letter.	
Present Perfect	He has written a letter.	
Present Perfect Continuous	He has been writing a letter.	
Past Simple	He wrote a letter.	
Past Continuous	He was writing a letter.	
Past Perfect	He had written a letter.	
Past Perfect Continuous	He had been writing a letter.	
Future Simple	He will write a letter.	
Future Continuous	He will be writing a letter.	
Future Perfect	He will have written a letter.	
Future Perfect Continuous	He will have been writing a letter.	



Active Voice vs. Passive Voice

Tense	Active Voice	Passive Voice
Present Simple	He writes a letter.	A letter is written by him.
Present Continuous	He is writing a letter.	A letter is being written by him.
Present Perfect	He has written a letter.	A letter has been written by him.
Present Perfect Continuous	He has been writing a letter.	Not applicable
Past Simple	He wrote a letter.	A letter was written by him.
Past Continuous	He was writing a letter.	A letter was being written by him.
Past Perfect	He had written a letter.	A letter had been written by him.
Past Perfect Continuous	He had been writing a letter.	Not applicable
Future Simple	He will write a letter.	A letter will be written by him.
Future Continuous	He will be writing a letter.	Not applicable
Future Perfect	He will have written a letter.	A letter will have been written by him.
Future Perfect Continuous	He will have been writing a letter.	Not applicable



Voice Rules

There are two basic rules

- The places of subject and object will be interchanged in the sentence.
- Only 3rd form of the verb or past participle (e.g. written) will be used as a main verb in passive voice.

The sentences of following tenses can't be changed to passive voices.

- Present perfect continuous
- Past perfect continuous
- Future perfect continuous
- Future continuous
- Sentences having intransitive verbs



Frame questions using the Passive voice. Some are in Present Tense and some are in Past Tense

- 1. Ask about glass. (how / make?)
- 2. Ask about television. (when / invent?)
- 3. Ask about mountains. (how / form?)
- 4. Ask about DNA. (when / discover?)
- 5. Ask about silver. (what / use for?)

Frame questions using the Passive voice. Some are in Present Tense and some are in Past Tense

1. Ask about glass. (how / make?)

How is glass made?

2. Ask about television. (when / invent?)

When was television invented?

3. Ask about mountains. (how / form?)

How are mountains formed?

4. Ask about DNA. (when / discover?)

When was DNA discovered

5. Ask about silver. (what / use for?)

What is silver used for?

Frame the second sentence from the words in brackets. Sometimes the verb is active, sometimes passive.

- 1. There's somebody behind us. (We / follow)
- 2. This door is a different color, isn't it? (you / paint?)
- 3. My bike has disappeared. (It / steal!)
- 4. My umbrella has disappeared. (Somebody / take)
- 5. A neighbor of mine disappeared six months ago.(He / not / see / since then)

Frame the second sentence from the words in brackets. Sometimes the verb is active, sometimes passive.

There's somebody behind us. (We / follow)

We are being followed.

This door is a different color, isn't it? (you / paint?)

Have you painted it?

My bike has disappeared. (It / steal!)

It has been stolen!

My umbrella has disappeared. (Somebody / take)

Somebody has taken it!

A neighbor of mine disappeared six months ago.(He / not / see / since then)

He hasn't been seen since then.

1 a: What's the City Hotel like? Can you recommend it'b: I've never stayed there, butvery good.	? (it / supposed)
2 a: How much are these paintings worth? b: I'm not sure, but supposed) very valuable.	(they /
3 a: I heard that Laura has gone away. b: Yes, / living) in London now.	_(she / supposed
4 a: Is it true that your neighbours were lucky in the lott b: Yes, / win) a lot of money.	tery? (they / supposed
5 a: Is it possible to climb to the top of the tower? b: Yes, supposed) very nice.	_ (the view /

1 a: What's the City Hotel like? Can you recommend it?

b: I've never stayed there, **but it is supposed to be** (it / supposed) very good.

2 a: How much are these paintings worth?

b: I'm not sure, but they are supposed to be (they / supposed) very valuable.

3 a: I heard that Laura has gone away.

b: Yes, she is supposed to be living (she / supposed / living) in London now.

4 a: Is it true that your neighbours were lucky in the lottery?

b: Yes, they are supposed to have won (they / supposed / win) a lot of money.

5 a: Is it possible to climb to the top of the tower?

b: Yes, the view is supposed to be (the view / supposed) very nice.

THANK YOU