

# **Celebal Assignment-6**

## **Step 1: Set Up Backend Servers**

### **1. Create Virtual Machines (VMs)**

- Open the Azure portal.
- Navigate to "Virtual machines."
- Click on "Add" to create a new VM.
- Choose your subscription, resource group, and give your VM a name.
- Select the region and image (e.g., Windows Server or Ubuntu).
- Choose the VM size.
- Configure the authentication type and username/password.
- Add inbound port rules for HTTP/HTTPS.
- Review and create the VM.
- Repeat the steps to create additional VMs as needed.

## **Step 2: Create an External Load Balancer**

### **1. Create a Public Load Balancer**

- In the Azure portal, navigate to "Create a resource."
- Search for and select "Load Balancer."
- Click on "Create" and choose "Load Balancer."
- Select the subscription and resource group.
- Enter the name for the load balancer.
- Select "Region" and "SKU."
- Choose "Public" for the type.
- Create a new public IP address or select an existing one.
- Review and create the load balancer.

### **2. Configure Backend Pool**

- Navigate to the created load balancer.
- Under "Settings," select "Backend pools."
- Click on "Add" and enter the name.
- Select the virtual network and add the VMs to the backend pool.

### **3. Configure Health Probes**

- Under "Settings," select "Health probes."
- Click on "Add" and enter the name.
- Choose the protocol, port, and other settings.
- Click "OK" to create the health probe.

### **4. Configure Load Balancing Rules**

- Under "Settings," select "Load balancing rules."
- Click on "Add" and enter the name.

- Select the frontend IP, protocol, and port.
- Choose the backend pool and health probe.
- Configure session persistence and idle timeout settings.
- Click "OK" to create the load balancing rule.

### Step 3: Create an Internal Load Balancer

#### 1. Create an Internal Load Balancer

- In the Azure portal, navigate to "Create a resource."
- Search for and select "Load Balancer."
- Click on "Create" and choose "Load Balancer."
- Select the subscription and resource group.
- Enter the name for the load balancer.
- Select "Region" and "SKU."
- Choose "Internal" for the type.
- Select the virtual network and subnet.
- Review and create the load balancer.

#### 2. Configure Backend Pool

- Navigate to the created load balancer.
- Under "Settings," select "Backend pools."
- Click on "Add" and enter the name.
- Select the virtual network and add the VMs to the backend pool.

#### 3. Configure Health Probes

- Under "Settings," select "Health probes."
- Click on "Add" and enter the name.
- Choose the protocol, port, and other settings.
- Click "OK" to create the health probe.

#### 4. Configure Load Balancing Rules

- Under "Settings," select "Load balancing rules."
- Click on "Add" and enter the name.
- Select the frontend IP, protocol, and port.
- Choose the backend pool and health probe.
- Configure session persistence and idle timeout settings.
- Click "OK" to create the load balancing rule.

### Step 4: Verify the Setup

#### 1. External Load Balancer

- Obtain the public IP address of the external load balancer from the Azure portal.
- Open a web browser and navigate to the IP address.
- You should see responses from your backend VMs.

#### 2. Internal Load Balancer

- SSH into a VM within the same virtual network as the internal load balancer.
- Use curl or a web browser on that VM to access the internal IP address of the load balancer.
- You should see responses from your backend VMs.

# For the external load balancer, use its public IP address

curl http://<external-load-balancer-public-IP>

# For the internal load balancer, use its internal IP address

curl http://<internal-load-balancer-internal-IP>