# **Exercises: Data Definition and Data Types**

### 1. Create Database

In that task you will be required to create a database using only SQL queries. Firstly, just create new database named shop.

#### 2. Create Tables

In the newly created database Shop add table **products (id, name, price)**. Then add new table **towns (id, name).** Set **id** columns of both tables to be **primary key** as **constraint**.

### 3. Alter Products Table

Change the structure of the Products table to have **new column town\_id** that would be of the same type as the **id** column of **towns table**. Add **new constraint** that makes **town\_id foreign key** and references to **id** column of **towns** table.

#### 4. Insert Records in Both Tables

Populate both tables with sample records given in the table below.

products			
id	name	price	town_id
1	Adibas	22.50	2
2	Niki	15.30	1
3	Persi	21.60	3

towns			
id name			
1	Sofia		
2	Targovishte		
3	Plovdiv		

#### 5. Truncate Table Products

Delete all the data from the products table using SQL query.

# 6. Drop All Tables

Delete all tables from the shop database using SQL query.

# 7. Create Table People

Using **SQL query** create table "people" with columns:

- id unique number for every person there will be no more than 2<sup>31</sup>-1people. (Auto incremented)
- name full name of the person will be no more than 200 Unicode characters. (Not null)
- height In meters. Real number precise up to 2 digits after floating point. (Allow nulls)
- weight In kilograms. Real number precise up to 2 digits after floating point. (Allow nulls)
- gender Possible states are m or f. (Not null)
- birthdate (Allow nulls)
- biography detailed biography of the person it can contain max allowed Unicode characters. (Allow nulls)

Make id primary key. Populate the table with 5 records.

### 8. Create Table Users

Using **SQL query** create table **users** with columns:

- id unique number for every user. There will be no more than 2<sup>63-1</sup> users. (Auto incremented)
- username unique identifier of the user will be no more than 30 characters (non Unicode). (Required)
- password password will be no longer than 26 characters (non Unicode). (Required)
- last\_login\_time

Make id primary key. Populate the table with 5 records.

# 9. Change Primary Key

Using **SQL** queries modify table users from the previous task. First **remove current primary key** then create **new primary key** that would be **combination** of fields **id** and **username**. The initial primary key name on **id** is **pk\_users**.