

THE CCET ACM TECH MAGAZINE

Digital Outlet

April-May 2022





read inside

Power of Al in Surgery

How Artificial Intelligence is advancing in medical surgeries

IOT and Cloud Computing

How IOT is changing our perspective about cloud computing and its applications

VOL 2, ISSUE 4

VISION

Chandigarh College of Engineering and Technology aims to be a center of excellence for imparting technical education and serving the society with self-motivated and highly competent technocrats.

MISSION

- 1. To provide high quality and value based technical education.
- 2. To establish a center of excellence in emerging and cutting edge technologies by encouraging research and consultancy in collaboration with industry and organizations of repute.
- 3. To foster a transformative learning environment for technocrats focused on inter-disciplinary knowledge; problem-solving; leadership, communication, and interpersonal skills.
- 4. To imbibe spirit of entrepreneurship and innovation for development of enterprising leaders for contributing to Nation progress and Humanity.

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LOOK WHAT OUR MENTORS HAVE TO SAY



Our mission at CCET is not only to produce engineering graduates but to produce engineering minds.

- Dr. Manpreet Singh **Principal CCET (Degree Wing)**

ACM CCET provides student a great opportunity to learn scientific and practical approach of computer science.

- Dr. Sunil K. Singh Professor and HOD, CSE **Faculty Mentor**





Every person should be provided with an opportunity to learn and explore the field of computer science.

- Sudhakar Kumar **Assistant Professor, CSE Faculty Sponsor**

We, at CASC encourage students to diligently pursue their interest in technologies and contribute towards the computing revolution.

- Muskaan Chopra UG Scholar, 5th Semester, CSE Chairperson, CASC





CASC provides people a platform where they can develop themselves on a professional and personal level.

-Kriti Aggarwal UG Scholar, 5th Semester, CSE Chairperson, CCET ACM-W











ABOUT CASC

ACM boosts up the potential and talent, supporting the overall development needs of the students to facilitate a structured path from education to employment. Our Chapter CASC focuses on all the aspects of growth and development towards computer technologies and various different fields. Overall, we at CCET ACM Student Chapter, through collaboration and engagement in a plethora of technical activities and projects, envision building a community of like-minded people who love to code, share their views, technical experiences, and have fun.

We have been trying to encourage more women to join the computing field, so we started an ACM-W Chapter to increase the morale of women. CASC launched an app which aimed at maintaining decorum of reading among CS members and sharing their ideas.

ROBOTICS AND EMBEDDED SYSTEMS

April 19, 2022

Event Details

CASC in association with CCET ACM-W Student Chapter organized an offline event for the students to learn about the concepts of computer hardware, embedded systems, working with sensors, and Arduino which is used to program robots. This was followed by a hands-on session in which the speakers demonstrated a line follower robot. The event witnessed 40 students and their queries were addressed by the speakers.



Speakers



Arjun Gupta

UG Scholar, CSE @ CCET 6th Semester





Rupesh Batra

UG Scholar, CSE @ CCET 6th Semester





Event Gallery







INTRODUCTION TO REACT

May 14, 2022

Event Details

Event hosted by CASC and CASC-W to introduce students about a JavaScript framework ReactJS which a very popular framework for single page applications in web development this was an online event and witnessed a total of 50 students and was followed by a hands on session where the students made a todo list app using react and the queries were answered by the



Speakers



Devashish Gupta

UG Scholar, CSE @ CCET 4th Semester







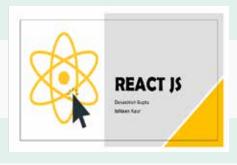
Ishleen Kaur

UG Scholar, CSE @ CCET 4th Semester

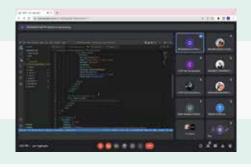




Event Gallery





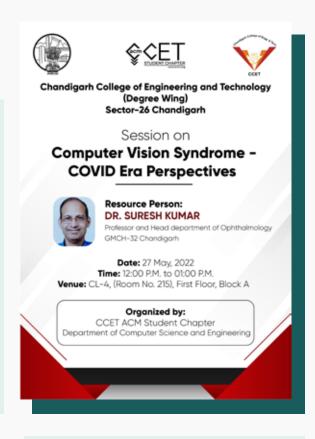


COMPUTER VISION SYNDROME - COVID ERA PERSPECTIVES

May 27, 2022

Event Details

CCET ACM Student Chapter, Department of Computer Science and Engineering, successfully conducted an expert talk by Dr. Suresh Kumer on the topic "Computer Vision Syndrome - COVID Era Perspectives". The event was held on 27 May 2022 from 12:00 P.M. to 01:30 P.M. in CL-4, Block A, CCET and was attended by 65 students as well as the faculty of CCET. With everything turning online in the post-Covid era, he discussed how we should take care of our eyes, as screen time and usage of digital devices are on the rise. He also discussed computer vision syndrome and measures to keep our eyes healthy.



Speaker



Dr. Suresh Kumar

Professor and Head of Department of Ophthalmology GMCH-32 Chandigarh

Dr. Kumar completed his Post Graduation from PGI Chandigarh. He has a teaching experience of 30+ years, Dr. Kumar is a well-known researcher and has been part of more than 60+ national and international indexed well-known journals. Dr. Kumar has been mentoring and guiding many young enthusiasts. He has given over 150+ guest lectures.

Event Gallery







BLOCKCHAIN RELATED AI

By Deepika Sharma, UG scholar CSE @ CCET co20313@ccet.ac.in

The Core Research complex is 273 acres in size and includes two on-site substations as well as a hydroelectric power dam. Core Scientific guarantees that company data centers, blockchain and AI infrastructures, and blockchain and AI infrastructures constantly run at peak performance since blockchain and AI demand massive amounts of computing generating electricity. Machine learning techniques may produce predictions or assess data using data stored in the public blockchain.

From disclosing treatment ideas and allowing user demands to detecting insights from patient data and presenting trends, AI may assist improve practically every discipline in healthcare. Companies may cooperate to enhance treatment while maintaining patient privacy by storing patient data, such as electronic health records, on blockchain. It has the ability to improve openness and control of the medicine supply chain, as well as drastically raise clinical trial success rates in the pharmaceutical business. When current data analysis is combined with a decentralized clinical study architecture, data integrity, transparency, patient monitoring, permission control, trial participation, and data collection automation are available. It is also being used to transform the banking industry by increasing trust, reducing friction from multi-party transactions, and speeding up purchases.

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and higher customer satisfaction.

Al Crypto is a forerunner in this business that seeks to improve people's lives. These are the world's first AI DApps for worldwide public stakeholders in the AI crypto sector for AI researchers, consumers, and suppliers, according to the project website. The program's goal is to use blockchain technology to revolutionize the AI environment. This allows us to solve issues associated with early cryptoartificial intelligence currencies and research. These points highlight the significance of cost, proof, usefulness, as well as other critical elements in the progress of cryptocurrency and artificial intelligence.

The program creates its own cryptocurrency, AIC coins, to fund the complete AI Crypto ecosystem structure. The AIC coins, which are built on Ethereum-based

smart contracts, are the foundation of the project. These tokens are also distributed across community players, enabling them to interact with the AI Coin platform through Ethereum. Simultaneously, the coins are utilized to reward system contributors and to compensate members who donate storage space inside the ecosystem. In addition to conducting important duties, the coins are utilized to verify transactions and construct blocks within the AI crypto ecosystem, therefore supporting the organization's mission of creating value utilizing and through widely available resources.

As sharp cutting technologies, blockchain and artificial intelligence offer comparable integration opportunities in addition to their own benefits, which have the potential to significantly revolutionize information future technology.

E-COMMERCE: AI DRIVEN DECISION MAKING

By Sonali Mittal, UG scholar CSE @ CCET co20358@ccet.ac.in

Due to the 24/7 nature of global commerce, businesses must always be ready to serve their customers at all hours, no matter what time of day it is. Through artificial intelligence, e-commerce companies can gather and analyze data in real-time, making them more efficient, and allowing them to personalize the experience for customers based on what they know about those customers. This has directly impacted customer experiences and conversion rates as well as how sales on the web and communication are conducted. It's no secret that every giant in the tech world is racing to become a world leader in artificial intelligence (AI). Leading companies are embracing AI to develop innovative products and services. Alexa, Amazon's digital voice assistant, is not the only piece of artificial intelligence in its business. It is also used in other areas of the company. Microsoft's vision statement states that artificial intelligence is a key element of everything the company does. Artificial intelligence is the soul of data driven business intelligence.

Data is the prime support of a business or an e-commerce which when collected and anlyzed correctly - can give decision

makers deep, unparalleled insight into every aspect of a business. Businesses use Al platforms for data processing to enable faster, more accurate and consistent decision making and performing predictions. Customers hold the supremacy in the business world. Earlier it was difficult for a retailer to analyze his customer's needs as it is just not possible for a human brain to process huge amounts of data. With artificial intelligence, it is no longer a problem for both buyers and sellers.avoided by edge computing. Concept of cloud offloading: The edge computing model can be used very beneficial in online purchasing businesses.

Smart Cities and Smart Home: Edge computing in this sector will be cost-effective and more secure than cloud computing.

Data processing using AI

A lot of information about customer habits, activities, likes, dislikes and their personal preferences and feedback are available through the internet that was impossible a decade ago.

Social media profiles of users, their product reviews, social activity, shared and liked content, interests, and CRM liked content, interests, and CRM (customer relationship management) systems, all contribute their share in the big data pool. After structured, semi-structured, and unstructured data is extracted, it is transformed into a form that ML systems can interpret, this is referred to as data processing. AI follows the concept of learning by itself, means it can adapt to fluctuations and changes in the

data trends. It builds models from data collections like what consumers buying, customer reviews, market ups and downs, etc. and based on these models are predictions, decisions, recommendations and categorizations made which drive the business and e-commerce to make great commercial decisions and strategies. After data collection, first, data is fed into the AI engine which processes data using various algorithms, making the Al smarter. Now, based on the resulting Al models, humans are able to make wise decisions.

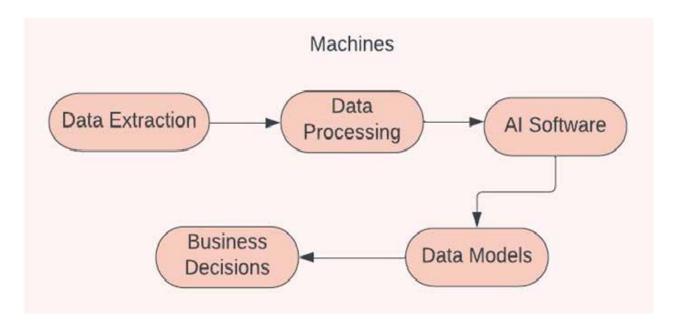
Al support to e-commerce

Al lays out its support to increase customers buying manufactured products and to expand the business. Al always works to support producers, businessmen, and consumers smoothly to do the production process and capture the market.

Augment Search: Augmenting search results involving artificial intelligence (AI) means combining natural-language processing (NLP) and machine learning in order to determine what the user actually wants. An Al-based search can help site visitors find exactly what they're looking for, which can positively impact conversion rates, customer satisfaction, and revenue.

Search is the prime feature of web-based business and AI. By analyzing data collected on users, Al-powered search platforms become better at producing relevant and accurate results. As the person searches, the results accumulate in the background based on this learning in real time and the best result shows up. This way AI software visually searches content by tags and labeling features of the image or video. This is used in online e-commerce sites such as amazon, flipkart, and many other e-commerce websites.

Target Marketing: The bulk of the data in



different forms have urged the use of advanced technologies like artificial intelligence (AI) in e-commerce businesses so that they reach the right customer at the right time with the right message and render better return on investments on every coin spent. For instance, AI collects data based on who buys the products and places the order for delivering the goods to their homes. Thus, AI analyzes the consumer buying behavior about purchasing the specified goods and services. Based on this information, AI and machine learning algorithms provide models such that when a particular user visits the site again, he will be shown products that match his previous interests.

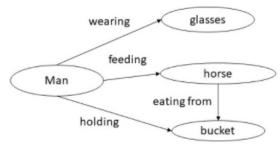
This way, AI models convince the intentional interest group to purchase a specif ic item. Hence, we can say that the face of sales is changing continuously with businesses interacting directly with the customer and responding to their needs. It is as if businesses are reading the minds of customers and it's all thanks to the data used with AI.

Personalization Strategy: Personalized customer experiences are a growing concern for businesses and e-commerce currently. Customers prefer getting the best knowledge about the product and then proceed to purchase. Al-based chatbots have proved to be the guides of customers through the internet which have the ability to provide targeted, personal responses to customers queries and can play a comfortable conversation with the customer. With the right tools combined, Al is widely used to speak the language of customers worldwide. With the implementation of AI, brands have been able to achieve success with personalized ads that reflect customers' purchase histories and browsing habits.

Conclusion:

Al is really the boon for e-commerce and businesses in their growth. In the future, Al itself will be a lot more than what it is today as it advances with the technological trends. The drastic change has occurred from the previous years in the marketing journey of brands as earlier, what they had to put their time and huge costs into, now with just limited costs and algorithms, AI is arranging it all for them and thus, they do not need to take the burden of finding ways to increase customer input for increased revenues. Al provides the businesses with every information about their company and enables businesses to make wise and smart decisions and strategies for their best performance in the market.





GAN: AI-GENERATED FAKE FACE

By Deepak Mahto, UG scholar CSE @ CCET co20318@ccet.ac.in

In the last several years, there has been a lot of progress in the field of artificial intelligence. Al-generated artificial faces are one of these great developments. Using Al models, it is simple to create a fake face that is indistinguishable from a real person's face. It has evolved through time to a high level of sophistication. Deep learning models can be used to generate Al-generated fake faces. Computer algorithms have advanced to the point where it is difficult to distinguish between real and fake images generated by them. Some of the technologies used to create Al-generated fake faces include GAN (Generative Adversarial Network) and deep fakes. These technologies use a large dataset of real-world images to train on to create a realistic Al-generated fake face.

This person does not exist is a well-known website to look into it. Here, one can see Al-generated fake faces that are so realistic that it's difficult to tell if it's a real person or not. It is developed by software engineer Phillip Wang who said that each time website is refreshed, a new Al-generated face is shown. This is possible due to the large dataset available of real images. In a Forbes article, it was noted that Generated Photos could be the future of modelling if it produces millions of fake faces.

Generative **Adversarial Network** (GAN)

Generative Adversarial Network (or GAN), is an Artificial Intelligence technique or, more precisely, a deep learning model technique to generating new and comparable datasets from real datasets. Ian Goodfellow and his colleagues built this machine learning framework in June 2014. Generative models generate new data based on the data they have been trained on. A discriminative model might identify a monkey from a cow, while a generative model could generate fresh photographs of animals that seem like genuine animals. In contrast to discriminative models, "generative" describes a class of statistical models. Neither type of model is required to return a probability number.

GAN Working

A generative adversarial network (GAN) is made up of two different models a generator and a discriminator.

By adding discriminator input to the generator part of the GAN, the generator learns to generate fake data. Over time, the generator becomes more competent at creating credible data. In generator training, the generator convinces the discriminator that the output is the real thing, which involves more integration between the discriminator and generator to get good output. When training a neural net, we modify its weights to minimise inaccuracy or loss of output. If discriminator neural network classifies a sample fake, the generator is penalised by the generator loss. The discriminator in a GAN is simply a classifier that is trained to distinguish between true and false data produced by the generator.

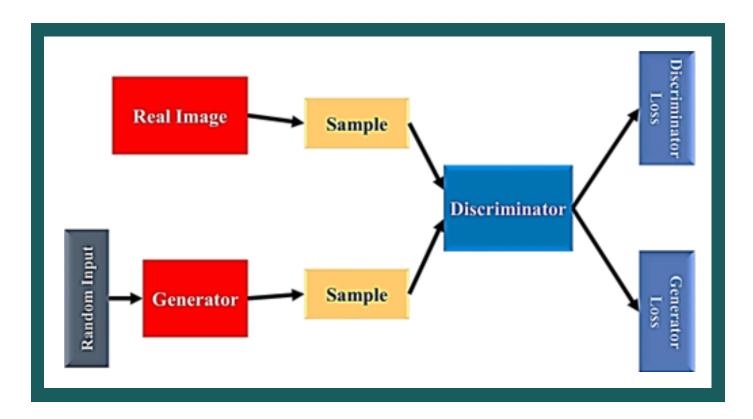
For this, any neural network architecture appropriate to the data type being classified may be used. Its training data originates from two sources: actual data (deemed positive throughout training) and false data (The generator created false data objects).

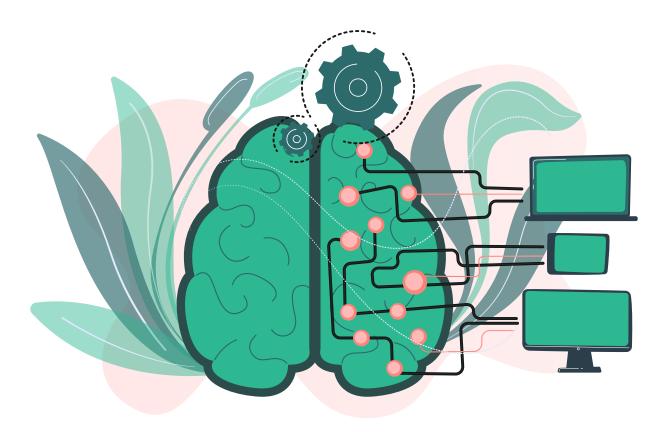
During the start of the training, the generator creates easily discernible data objects that the discriminator quickly and easily recognises. With further training, if generator is performing correctly, the generator becomes more likely to produce output that may possibly fool the

discriminator neural net. At the end, after generator training is successful, it becomes less likely that the discriminator will be able to tell the difference between true and false data. There is a direct connection between the discriminator's input and the generator's output, both being neural networks. Backpropagation updates the discriminator's weights based on the signals the discriminator provides.

Real-Life Applications of GAN Generating image datasets.

It's very helpful in medicine or material science, where there are very few data to work with. Generating data samples that are seemingly real can help study advance by leaps and bound. According to Ian Goodfellow, the GAN's applications detailed in his paper were generating plausible samples for the handwritten digit dataset, the small object image dataset, and the Toronto Face Database.





Generating seemingly real human faces photographs.

In a 2017 paper, demonstrations were given of how realistic photographs of human faces can be generated using GAN. They appear so lifelike, in fact, that the end product is quite astounding. Due to the fact that the faces were made using famous examples, but show familiar features that are not exactly the same as those of celebrities, media attention was drawn to the findings. The creators of video games can use this to create human faces that are realistic but not real for characters in game.

Generate Realistic Photographs.

It is shown in a 2018 paper that synthetic photographs can be generated using the technique named BigGAN that are virtually indistinguishable from real human photographs. Photographers and videographers will find it very useful for their work.

Generate Cartoon Characters.

Yanghua Jin presented a technique for training and deploying a GAN to generate anime characters' faces in his 2017 paper. This can be applied to creating new character designs, cartoon scenes, or even video games. For Example, many people have attempted to generate Pokémon characters in the pokeGAN project, but to differing degrees of success.

Image-to-Image Translation.

These algorithms may be used by photographers to transform day to night, summer to winter, and so forth. In his 2016 paper, Phillip Isola showed how GANs can be used to perform many different image-to-image translation tasks. Other applications of GAN include text-to-image translation, frontal view generation, emoji generation, video prediction, and 3D object generation.

HOW IOT HAS CHANGED OUR PERSPECTIVE OF **CLOUD COMPUTING AND ITS APPLICATIONS**

By Soumya Sharma, UG scholar CSE @ CCET co20359@ccet.ac.in

The potential of technology is offering new drives to our lives every day with smarter and innovative additions. IoT and cloud computing are two of the individual arenas which have benefited us in many ways. IoT and cloud computing complement each other. The benefits of cloud computing in IoT are pervasive in many ways. As cloud and IoT technologies evolve, the world around us appears to be more linked than ever before. By building networks of linked gadgets and sensors, the Internet of Things (IoT) is altering our daily lives. Linked technologies such as smart cities, smart homes, smart retail, smart autos, and wearables are examples of connected technologies that disrupt the status quo and lead to a more efficient and automated society.

The cloud, which is based on the ideas of agility and scalability, is widely regarded as a cutting-edge technology. The adoption of IoT efforts on a wide scale can be aided by cloud solutions.

Perks

1. Data Mobility: The data saved on the cloud server may be accessed virtually from any location on the planet, indicating that it is not limited by infrastructure or network limitations. Mobility is crucial in IoT programmes that demand real-time monitoring and management of connected devices.

2. Scalability: The simplicity with which

the IoT system may be scaled is one of the benefits of putting it on the cloud. Scaling up on-premise network infrastructures entails purchasing equipment, devoting time and effort, and attempting additional configurations to get it to operate properly. Adding extra resources to a cloud-based IoT system, on the other hand, usually requires authorising another virtual server or more cloud space, both of which have the added bonus of being simple to implement. If you want to

minimise the number of IoT-enabled devices, IoT cloud platform services can

help.

. Security: Since its inception, security has been a major worry for the IoT system. It's all about dependability when it comes to cloud platforms vs. on-premise IoT technology. On-premise servers under the control of the organisation and are subject to the company's security

policies. As a result, it's completely valid that some businesses are apprehensive about just giving or handing over control of their sensitive and susceptible data to a third party. However, both service providers and clients agree that storing and processing Internet of Things data in the cloud is more safe than doing it on-premise.

Applications

Cloud computing and IoT make it possible to design IoT applications that are portable and interoperable over a network of diverse cloud settings. Not to mention the intercloud advantages that companies may take advantage of. SDKs are available for such intercloud solutions, allowing businesses to construct applications without having to worry about the backend procedures. In addition, the cloud allows IoT applications to be hosted, deployed, and updated.

Fog computing is also seen as a good fit for Internet of Things use cases such as connected vehicles, smart grids, smart cities, and wireless sensors and actuators networks (WSANs). You may quickly and efficiently innovate network structure here. Fog computing allows one to directly use "things," eliminating the need to add new machines to the network. However, SDK is used for backend tasks such as URL wrapping, location tracking, content tagging, and behaviour monitoring.

1. Appliances: The Internet of Things (IoT) uses cloud technology to control everyday goods like air conditioners and refrigerators. Because the cloud has such a large storage capacity, it eliminates the need for on-premise equipment. With the advent of miniaturisation and the shift to 4G, developers will be able to offload rapid processing activities to the cloud.

- 2. Security: The Internet of Things plays a huge role in enabling mobility. Its prowess, on the other hand, would be incomplete without security. With preventative, investigative, and remedial measures, the cloud has made IoT more secure. By offering excellent authentication and encryption mechanisms, it has provided consumers with strong security protections. Furthermore, biometrics have made it feasible for IoT gadgets to manage and secure user identities. Because of the cloud's security, all of this is feasible.
- 3. Hosting: Many IoT-related technologies are now focusing on plug-and-play hosting services. As a result, it's a natural fit for cloud computing. Hosting providers don't have to rely on bulky equipment or even technology that can't handle the agility that IoT devices demand. Most hosting companies can now provide their customers a ready-to-use model thanks to the cloud, lowering entrance obstacles for them.
- 4. Communication: When it comes to IoT, the cloud serves as a bridge in the form of a mediator or communication facilitator. Cloud communications provide several sophisticated APIs, such as Cloudflare, CloudCache, and Dropstr, allowing for easy smartphone integration. This makes it easier for devices to communicate with

one another rather than simply with humans, which is essentially the IoT cloud's concept.

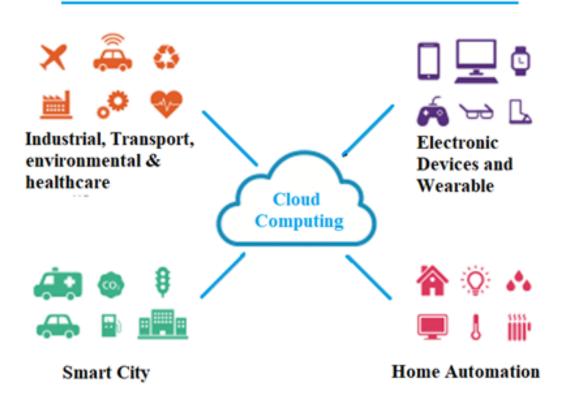
It's safe to assume that the Internet of Things (IoT) has the potential to accelerate the expansion of cloud computing. However, there are several drawbacks and limitations to using cloud technology. Not because the cloud is a faulty technology, but because the combination of IoT cloud might present certain challenges to consumers. If you decide to go through with an IoT cloud solution, it's best to be aware of the potential issues ahead of time.

Drawbacks

1. It might be difficult to process enormous volumes of data, especially when there are so many devices. This is due to the application's overall performance being jeopardised. As a result, while following the NoSQL trend may be useful, it has not been thoroughly verified in a long time. As a result, there is no sound or reliable technique to manage massive data on the cloud.

- 2. Sensor networks allow users to monitor, infer, and analyse fine-grained environmental variables. Processing massive volumes of sensor data in a timely manner, on the other hand, has always been a big difficulty. Although the cloud opens up new possibilities for collecting sensor data, it also creates challenges in terms of security and privacy.
- Machine-to-machine communication amongst several sorts of devices using multiple protocols is a big part of cloud and IoT. Managing this transformation might be challenging because most application areas do not include mobility. Wi-Fi and Bluetooth have been employed to some extent as temporary solutions to improve mobility.

Integration of Cloud Computing and Internet of Things



NFTS (NON-FUNGIBLE TOKENS): THE **FUTURE**

By Munish Sharma, UG scholar CSE @ CCET co2o333@ccet.ac.in

As the value of digital art arises everyone is wondering, what are NFTs? A non-fungible token (NFT) is a digital asset that may be used to represent real-world assets like art, music, in-game goods, movies. Because of their unique features, some goods cannot be substituted by other items. They're usually encoded with the same software as many cryptos and are available for purchase and sale on the internet. NFTs are generally one-of-a-kind or limited-edition, and they come with a unique identifying number. The realm of digital art and collectibles in the future can be influenced by NFTs, as a result of large- scale sales to a new crypto-audience the livelihood of digital artists are changing. Celebrities are joining in as well, viewing it as a fresh opportunity to engage with their fans. NFTs may be employed in a wide range of applications, including digital art or they can be used to symbolise ownership of any one-of-a-kind object, such as a digital or physical deed. NFTs have been around for a while, but it took Beeple, CryptoPunks, and the Bored Ape Yacht Club to bring them to the public's attention. Since then, Nike, Disney, McDonald's, Coca-Cola, and a plethora of celebrities have all jumped aboard the

NFT train.

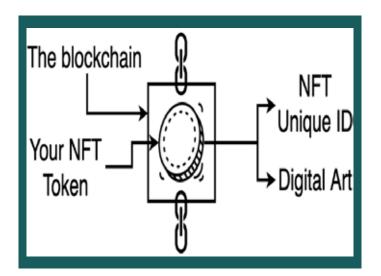
NFTs are only getting started.

The first-known NFT 'Quantum' on the Namecoin network was produced by digital artist Kevin McCoy on May 3rd, 2014. Quantum is a hypnotically changing colour and pulsating digital picture of an octagon. Following these events, there was a lot of testing and development, and systems based on the Bitcoin block chain were created. With the migration of NFTs to Ethereum, a set of token specifications was released, allowing developers to construct their own tokens. A subset of the smart contract standard is the token standard and it explains how to create, issue, and distribute new tokens in accordance with block chain technology. The year 2021 was declared the Year of the NFT, with a massive increase in NFT supply and demand.

How Does an NFT Function?

The bulk of NFTs are stored on the Ethereum block chain that is a public ledger which keeps track of transactions. Individual NFTs contain vital information. Because their value is primarily decided by market and demand, they may be

bought and sold just like other tangible works of art. The unique data on NFTs makes checking and authenticating ownership and token transfers between owners a breeze. Individuals interested in Crypto- trading and collecting artwork regularly utilise NFTs.



For example, NBA Top Shot a partnership between Dapper Labs (creator of the CryptoKitties game) and in recent years, National Basketball Association (NBA) has become one of the most popular non-fungible tokens. The NBA licences individual highlight video reels to Dapper Labs, which digitises the film and sells it to customers.

In India, how do you get NFTs?

Create an account on WazirX, which is currently the sole Indian marketplace for NFTs. Create a WazirX account — WazirX's native token WRX is the sole way to buy NFTs. A single WRX costs Rs 87. NFTs on WazirX now have a set price, however an auction mechanism will be implemented in the near future. Choose the NFT you want to purchase and pay with the WRX token.

Teenagers are growing more interest in NFTs?

From an early age, everyone in the NFT world may post online, advertise themselves on Twitter, and grow a following. It's similar to the way social media is causing people to be discovered at a really young age. Traditionally, affluent individuals would demonstrate their wealth by purchasing gold or paintings, but the digital age has opened up new possibilities. Purchasing popular NFTs for hundreds, if not millions, of pounds demonstrates your riches while taking up no physical space. While you may have spent thousands on an NFT, you may be able to sell it for a profit if interest rises.

Are NFTs beneficial or harmful?

NFTs can never truly replace actual traditional art unless they offer the same benefits, which seems unlikely given Ethereum's decentralised nature (the crypto currency used to buy and sell NFTs) on the other hand, NFTs are revolutionising the way artists are compensated, as well as how people may operate, create new initiatives, and take charge of their career. NFT art is revolutionising the way artists are compensated. NFTs have the ability to decentralise and democratise wealth while also generating new revenue streams. If you've always wanted to make your own video game, film, or even create an art school, NFTs can assist.

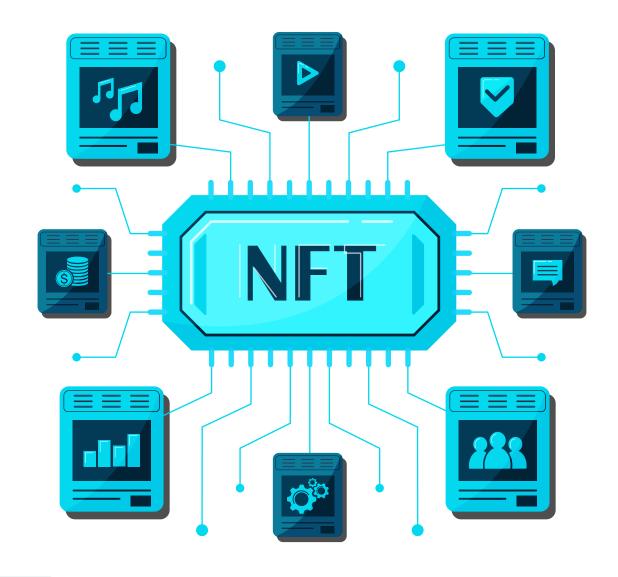
Scope of NFTs in India

The present business model incorporates a number of parties, including NFT markets (such as WazirX, Binance, and others), NFT creators, buyers, and sellers. The NFT marketplace makes money via commissions on NFT sales, as well as fees for minting and selling NFTs. The inventor receives a one-time payment or a mix of a payout on the first sale and a royalty on subsequent NFT sales. In India's domestic tax legislation, there are presently no provisions dealing specifically with NFT taxes. Furthermore, there is no regulatory structure in place to control NFTs. NFTs have recently made news since numerous well-known Indian celebrities (such as Amitabh Bachchan, Rajnikant, and Sonu Nigam) are trading them.

The "Cryptocurrency Bill," which was

due to be submitted to parliament in November 2021, was supposed to give some clarification on the tax and legislative framework controlling NFTs. However, the stated Bill is still pending, and it is envisaged that in the next Budget 2022, the Finance Minister would address the taxability of bitcoin and NFTs.

Clarification about the appropriate tax and regulatory framework for NFT transactions will minimise ambiguity and enhance investor trust, which is critical given the NFT space's exponential development potential in future years. Furthermore, a well-designed structure would provide India's economy the needed boost.



THE POWER OF AI IN SURGERY

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The potential relevance of artificial intelligence in preoperative and intraoperative planning – as well as surgical robots – is important.

Man-made brainpower (AI), characterized as calculations that empower machines to fill mental roles, (for example, critical thinking and navigation), has changed for quite a while the substance of medical care through AI (ML) and normal language handling (NLP).

Its utilization in medical procedure, be that as it may, required a more drawn out investment than in other clinical claims to fame, principally due to missing data in regards to the conceivable outcomes of computational execution in viable medical procedure. On account of quick improvements enrolled, AI is presently seen as an enhancement and not a trade for the expertise of a human specialist.

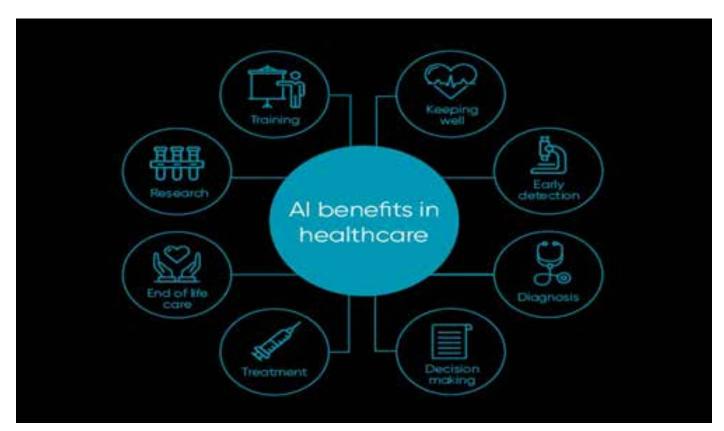


Figure 1: Benefits of AI in healthcare.

Furthermore, albeit the capability of the specialist patient-PC relationship is quite far from being completely investigated, the utilization of AI in medical procedure is now driving massive changes for specialists and patients the same.

For instance, careful preparation and route have worked on reliably through figured tomography (CT), ultrasound and attractive reverberation imaging (MRI), while negligibly obtrusive medical procedure (MIS), joined with automated help, brought about diminished careful injury and worked on tolerant recuperation.

How AI is molding preoperative preparation?

Preoperative organizing is the stage where experts plan the cautious intervention considering the patient's clinical records and imaging. This stage, which utilizations general picture examination procedures and conventional AI for order, is being helped by profound realizing, which has been utilized for physical characterization, discovery division and picture enlistment.

Profound-gaining calculations had the option to distinguish from CT examines irregularities, for example, calvarial crack, intracranial discharge and midline shift. Significant learning makes emergency care serviceable for these peculiarities and addresses a potential key for the future computerization of crisis.

Profound learning intermittent brain organizations (RNN) - which have been utilized to foresee renal disappointment continuously, and mortality and postoperative draining after heart medical procedure - have gotten superior outcomes contrasted with standard clinical reference devices. These discoveries, accomplished only through the assortment of clinical information, without manual handling, can work on basic consideration by allowing more regard for patients most in danger in fostering these sorts of complexities.

Simulated intelligence's job in intraoperative direction:

PC helped intraoperative direction has forever been viewed as a groundwork of insignificantly intrusive medical procedure (MIS).

Man-made intelligence's learning procedures have been executed in a few areas of MIS, for example, tissue following.

Careful following of tissue bending is basic in intraoperative bearing and course in MIS. Since tissue misshapening can't be definitively formed with promotion libbed depictions, analysts have encouraged a web learning framework considering computations that recognize the reasonable following strategy for in vivo practice.

Al assistance through surgical robotics

Expected to help during undertakings with cautious instruments' control and arranging, Al-driven cautious robots are PC controlled devices that grant experts to focus in on the muddled pieces of an operation.

Their utilization diminishes specialists' changes during a medical procedure and assists them with working on their abilities and perform better during intercessions, consequently acquiring unrivaled patient results and diminishing generally

medical care consumptions.

With the assistance of ML procedures, careful robots assist with distinguishing basic experiences and cutting edge rehearses by perusing a huge number of informational collections. Asensus Surgical has an exhibition directed laparoscopic AI robot that gives data back to specialists, like size of tissue, as opposed to requiring an actual estimating tape. Simultaneously, human abilities utilized for programming these robots by exhibit - and for showing them by mimicking tasks led by specialists.

Acquiring from show (LfD) is used for "getting ready" robots to lead new endeavors openly, taking into account assembled information. In the essential stage, LfD parts a complex cautious endeavor into a couple subtasks and principal signals. In a resulting stage, cautious robots see, model and lead the subtasks in a progressive mode, hence offering human experts a reprieve from monotonous tasks.

The kinematics and sound framework video were gotten. The subtasks analyzed were sewing, needle passing and bundle tying. The movements - the most diminutive levels of an operation's colossal bits - performed during the execution of each subtask - were seen with a precision of around 80%. The result, though encouraging, showed there is an open door to improve, especially in anticipating the sign activities drove by different trained professionals.

For some careful errands, support learning (RL) is a frequently utilized AI worldview to address subtasks, like cylinder addition and delicate tissue control, for which delivering exact scientific models is troublesome. RL calculations are arranged in light of approaches gained from shows, rather than gaining from nothing, consequently diminishing the time required for the growing experience.

Examples of Al-assisted surgery

- 1. The relationship among individuals and robots is a locale that engages human experts to work cautious robots through touchless control. This control is possible through head or hand advancements, through talk and voice affirmation, or through the expert's look.
- 2. Specialists' head developments have been utilized to control automated laparoscopes from a distance. "FAce MOUSe" - a human-robot interface - screens continuously the facial movements of the specialist with next to no body-contact gadgets required. The movement of the laparoscope is basically and precisely constrained by the facial tokens of the specialist, subsequently giving painless and nonverbal participation between the human and the robot for different surgeries.
- 3. In 2017, Maastricht University Medical Center in the Netherlandsused an Al-driven robot in a microsurgery mediation. The cautious robot was used to line veins some place in the scope of 0.03 and 0.08 millimeters in a patient affected by lymphedema.

This consistent condition is commonly an

optional impact that occurs during treatment of chest harmful development that causes growing due to created fluids.

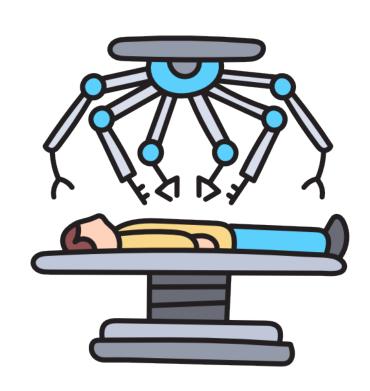
- 4. Mechanized Hair Restoration engages cautious robots to harvest hair follicles and join them into precise area of the scalp, with the help of AI estimations. The robot conducts MIS without requiring cautious departure of a patron area and discards the necessity for a hair migrate expert to actually isolate every individual follicle two or three hours-in length technique.
- 5. Da Vinci cardio operation is mechanized heart operation drove through close to no section focuses in the chest, cut with robot-controlled gadgets and little instruments. Cardio mechanical operation has been used for different heart-related technique, for instance, coronary vein evade, valve operation, cardiovascular tissue expulsion, malignant growth departure and heart-disfigurement fix.
- **6.** Gestonurse is a mechanical clean medical attendant that has been intended for dealing with careful instruments to specialists in the working room. The goal is decreasing the mistakes that might happen that would have an adverse result on the result of the medical procedure.
- **7.** Its capability and safe use have been shown during a fake a medical procedure performed at Purdue University, where

Gesto Nurse involved fingertip affirmation and sign induction for controlling the expected instruments.

Conclusion

Specialists make associations with researchers to catch, process and characterize information across each period of care to give valuable clinical setting. Computerized reasoning can possibly change how medical procedure is educated and drilled.

For cautious robots, expert robot facilitated endeavors will think about regulatory and genuine solicitations, for instance, where a free robot stops to be an essential Al-driven contraption, or the shortfall of association of authoritative bodies in dealing with this new sort of equipment's support and endorsement. The inevitable destiny of Al in operation is exploding, and it is invigorating to see where it will take us.



VIRTUAL REALITY IN HEALTHCARE

By Uday Madan, UG scholar CSE @ CCET co20365@ccet.ac.in

Abstract

Computers and related technologies are emerging in every field very rapidly as in this modern 21st century, we can't even imagine ourselves without computers. Virtual Reality has started its fascinating takeover of medical care, doubtlessly arousing a lot of pleasure for both patients and experts. It not only has aroused the curiosity of sci-fi fans, but also of clinical analysts and clinical experts.

Virtual Reality(VR)

VR is an artificial copy of a real environment created by software with which you can interact. It looks like the real world, but only you know it's not real. It's experiences are only possible when accessed through a computer. It can stimulate sight and sound but not smell, taste, or touch.

The most simple kind of virtual reality is a three-dimensional picture that can be explored naturally at a device, normally by controlling an image using some simple keys so that the image moves along a way or zooms in or out. It is basically a branch of computer science in which the real world is presented to users in the form of different computer based models. This allows users an

opportunity to interact with these models through various human-computer interfaces.

Virtual Reality for Health-care staff

1.VR in Medical Education and Staff **Training**

In medical institutes, the students spend most of their time on hands-on training. They do this training on different training software and hands-on devices. It has made their task very easy and these tools have trained many professionals for years. These days, novel augmented experience innovations exist that show the physical data by means of hear-able and haptic modalities furthermore to the envisioned information. The sound can be heard and touch can be felt by the client from the computerized body likewise as one would see it from genuine communication. This can improve the exhibition, permitting the augmented experience framework to be utilized for cutting edge applications like careful preparation.

Emerging Virtual Reality in Surgery

Virtual reality in blend with restoration advanced mechanics can not just ease debilitating treatment meetings of actual specialists. The virtual reality-based surgical simulator system provides a very elegant way to enhance traditional healthcare education. In recent years, various VR simulator systems have been proposed and implemented. Some of them are limited to purely diagnostic endoscopy, but others allow training in surgical procedures, for example for laparoscopy, arthroscopy or radiation intervention.

Need of VR in making Diagnose

In past years we have achieved extraordinary change in understanding mindfulness and a Sense of unfriendly impacts in clinical consideration. Virtual reality is a new and highly innovative concept, and its advances in medical diagnostics take this technology to another level. The virtual reality simulator provides essential prerequisites for trolled preparation, patient pressure-free operation without supervision.

Virtual Reality for Patients

VR as an knowledge tool for Patients

In this era Virtual Reality plays an important role in the education of patients. It also inspires patients to prepare longer while they are upheld by the robotic machine in an astonishing counterfeit climate. In addition, augmented reality apps are also utilized in psychotherapy, for instance for fear therapy like the dread of insects, shut rooms, unclosed spaces or the dread of flying. The Virtual Reality framework mimics the genuine circumstances where the client is faced with the phobic upgrade. One of the upsides of computer-generated reality is the capacity to change the level of the various circumstances and the quick end of the system. Computer-generated reality applications are very fruitful in fear treatment, in any case, they ought to just be utilized notwithstanding customary methodologies.

Intra-restorative expansion, for example, intra-usable route, can help doctors during treatment or medical procedures. Additionally analytic and pre-therapeutic arranging can be upgraded by 3D reproductions and graphical liveliness of the singular patient.

Role of VR in Patient Rehabilitation

VE and VR can be considered a high level PC interface that permits the client to communicate and become submerged inside PC produced recreated conditions. Quick advancement in current innovation and modern PC frameworks have made it conceivable to show complex visual pictures that adjust the reaction to directions from clients on personal computers. Analysts are looking for novel systems to improve and make engine recovery seriously captivating and compelling. Computer generated Reality (VR) has as of late arisen as a substantial expansion to traditional treatment by consolidating recovery systems in a novel and minimal expense approach. VR-based treatment can give a positive opportunity for growth, and be drawing in and inspiring.

Benefits

There are a few advantages of applying virtual reality innovation to medication.



than traditional methods of books and dead bodies. VR is likewise time and case autonomous, as the clients can prepare and rehash clinical abilities whenever they need. Specialists can rehearse medicines in outrageous circumstances without facing a challenge for their clients, as straightforwardly persons are no involved. Systems are noticeable and execution can be noted and utilized for appraisal or assessment of the procedure treatment[9]. of the In addition, increased data can be shown to help the treatment or dynamic. Clinical applications can profit from virtual reality in a few regions. Augmented reality in medication plans to enhance the cost, work on the nature of the schooling and treatment, permit long and proficient instructional meetings, and increment security.

Challenges

In this world of VR, there are many challenges which are not yet solved. We currently don't have the technology to implement VR to its max composition.

There are certain bandwidth issues which stop us from reaching its next level. These challenges can be solved with the help of various Automatic parallelization techniques which help us reduce the bandwidth with the help of Multi Threading.

Limitations

As the utilization of virtual reality (VR) has developed, so has the number of issues that have emerged because of the innovation. Users might encounter queasiness, unsteadiness, eye strain, cerebral pain, bewilderment, or regurgitating because of the alleged cybersickness. Obviously, the seriousness of the ailment is controlled by the client's weakness. Manifestations might show up during the VR meeting and persevere for quite a long time from that point. One of the reasons for cybersickness could be specialized difficulties. A 15 ms inactivity in a head-mounted presentation, instance, can cause cybersickness in the client.

Conclusion

Virtual reality is a pseudo atmosphere generated using software with which you can interact. It is emerging day by day making our lives easier. Nowadays it is playing a very important role in the field of medicine. From relaxing patients to training surgeons this technology is widely used.

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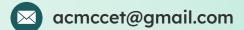
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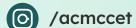
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