#### LP1:

#### Factorial. java

```
import java.math.BigInteger;
public interface Factorial extends java.rmi.Remote{
   public BigInteger factorial(int n) throws java.rmi.RemoteException;
}
```

# FactorialClient. java

```
import java.rmi.Naming;
import java.net.MalformedURLException;
import java.rmi.NotBoundException;
import java.rmi.RemoteException;
public class FactorialClient {
public static void main(String[] args) {
Factorial fact = (Factorial) Naming. lookup ("rmi://localhost/FactorialService");
System. out. println(fact. factorial(30));
 } catch (MalformedURLException e) {
System.out.println("Malformed URL: " + e);
 } catch (RemoteException e) {
System.out.println("Remote Exception: " + e);
} catch (NotBoundException e) {
System.out.println("Not Bound Exception: " + e);
}catch (ArithmeticException ae) {
System.out.println("Arithmetic Exception: "+ae);
} }
```

#### FactorialImpl. java

```
import java.math.BigInteger;
import java.rmi.RemoteException;

public class FactorialImpl extends java.rmi.server.UnicastRemoteObject implements
Factorial{
   protected FactorialImpl() throws RemoteException {
    super();
   }
   @Override

   public BigInteger factorial(int n) throws RemoteException {
      BigInteger fact = BigInteger.ONE;
   for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++) {</pre>
```

```
fact = fact.multiply(BigInteger.valueOf(i));
}
return fact;
}
```

## FactorialServer. java

```
import java.rmi.Naming;
public class FactorialServer {
   public FactorialServer() {
    try {
      Factorial factorial = new FactorialImpl();
      Naming.rebind("rmi://localhost/FactorialService", factorial);
      } catch (Exception e) {
      System.out.println("Exception: "+e);
    }
    public static void main(String[] args) {
      new FactorialServer();
    }
}
```

#### **OUTPUT:**

```
PS C:\Users\ IdeaProjects\DS_Assignment1> cd src
PS C:\Users\ IdeaProjects\DS_Assignment1\src> javac Factorial.java FactorialImpl.java
FactorialClient.java
FactorialServer.java
PS C:\Users\IdeaProjects\DS_Assignment1\src> rmic FactorialImpl
Warning: generation and use of skeletons and static stubs for JRMP
is deprecated. Skeletons are unnecessary, and static stubs have
been superseded by dynamically generated stubs. Users are
encouraged to migrate away from using rmic to generate skeletons and static
stubs. See the documentation for java.rmi.server.UnicastRemoteObject.
```

# LP3:

# Pr3. py

```
import numpy as np
import multiprocessing as mp

def calculate_sum(array):
    partial_sum = np.sum(array)
    return partial_sum
```

```
if name == ' main ':
    num_processes = mp.cpu_count() # Number of available processes/threads
    print("Enter size of array")
    array_size = int(input()) # Size of the input array
    array = np.arange(1, array_size + 1) # Input array
    print("Input Array:", array)
    # Divide the array into equal chunks for each process
    chunk size = array size // num processes
    chunks = [array[i:i+chunk size] for i in range(0, array size, chunk size)]
    # Calculate partial sums using OpenMP
    with mp. Pool (processes=num processes) as pool:
        partial_sums = pool.map(calculate_sum, chunks)
   # Display intermediate sums calculated at different processes
    for i, partial_sum in enumerate(partial_sums):
       print(f"Process {i}: Partial Sum = {partial sum}")
   # Calculate the final sum by combining the partial sums
    total sum = np. sum(partial sums)
    print("Total Sum:", total sum)
OUTPUT:
Enter size of array
 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36
37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54
```

```
150
Input Array: [ 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18
55 56 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72
73 74 75 76 77 78 79 80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 90
91 92 93 94 95 96 97 98 99 100 101 102 103 104 105 106 107 108
109 110 111 112 113 114 115 116 117 118 119 120 121 122 123 124 125 126
127 128 129 130 131 132 133 134 135 136 137 138 139 140 141 142 143 144
145 146 147 148 149 150]
Process 0: Partial Sum = 45
Process 1: Partial Sum = 126
Process 2: Partial Sum = 207
Process 3: Partial Sum = 288
Process 4: Partial Sum = 369
Process 5: Partial Sum = 450
Process 6: Partial Sum = 531
Process 7: Partial Sum = 612
Process 8: Partial Sum = 693
Process 9: Partial Sum = 774
Process 10: Partial Sum = 855
```

```
Process 11: Partial Sum = 936
Process 12: Partial Sum = 1017
Process 13: Partial Sum = 1098
Process 14: Partial Sum = 1179
Process 15: Partial Sum = 1260
Process 16: Partial Sum = 885
Total Sum: 11325
Total sum is the sum of process 0 to 16 i.e.
Process0+Process1+Process2+..+process16=11325 and not the sum of first 150 numbers
LP4:
Server. py
# Python3 program imitating a clock server
from functools import reduce
from dateutil import parser
import threading
import datetime
import socket
import time
# datastructure used to store client address and clock data
client data = {}
"" nested thread function used to receive
     clock time from a connected client '''
def startReceivingClockTime(connector, address):
     while True:
          # receive clock time
          clock_time_string = connector.recv(1024).decode()
          clock_time = parser.parse(clock_time_string)
          clock time diff = datetime.datetime.now() - \
                                                            clock_time
          client data[address] = {
                         "clock_time" : clock_time,
                         "time_difference" : clock_time_diff,
                         "connector" : connector
```

print("Client Data updated with: "+ str(address),

```
"" master thread function used to open portal for
    accepting clients over given port '''
def startConnecting(master server):
     # fetch clock time at slaves / clients
     while True:
          # accepting a client / slave clock client
          master slave connector, addr = master server.accept()
          slave address = str(addr[0]) + ":" + str(addr[1])
          print(slave address + " got connected successfully")
          current_thread = threading.Thread(
                              target = startReceivingClockTime,
                              args = (master_slave_connector,
                                                  slave_address, ))
          current thread. start()
# subroutine function used to fetch average clock difference
def getAverageClockDiff():
     current_client_data = client_data.copy()
     time difference list = list(client['time difference']
                                        for client_addr, client
                                             in client_data.items())
     sum_of_clock_difference = sum(time_difference_list, \
                                        datetime. timedelta(0, 0))
     average clock difference = sum of clock difference \
                                                  / len(client data)
    return average clock difference
   master sync thread function used to generate
     cycles of clock synchronization in the network '''
def synchronizeAllClocks():
     while True:
          print("New synchronization cycle started.")
```

time. sleep (5)

end =  $" \setminus n \setminus n"$ )

```
str(len(client data)))
          if len(client data) > 0:
               average_clock_difference = getAverageClockDiff()
               for client_addr, client in client_data.items():
                    try:
                         synchronized_time = \
                              datetime.datetime.now() + \
                                              average clock difference
                         client['connector'].send(str(
                                   synchronized time).encode())
                    except Exception as e:
                         print("Something went wrong while " + \
                               "sending synchronized time " + \setminus
                              "through " + str(client addr))
          else:
               print("No client data." + \
                              " Synchronization not applicable.")
          print("\n\n")
          time. sleep (5)
# function used to initiate the Clock Server / Master Node
def initiateClockServer(port = 8080):
     master_server = socket.socket()
     master server.setsockopt(socket.SOL SOCKET,
                                         socket. SO REUSEADDR, 1)
     print("Socket at master node created successfully\n")
     master server.bind(('', port))
     # Start listening to requests
     master server. listen(10)
     print("Clock server started...\n")
     # start making connections
     print("Starting to make connections...\n")
     master_thread = threading.Thread(
                              target = startConnecting,
```

print("Number of clients to be synchronized: " + \

```
args = (master server, ))
     master thread.start()
     # start synchronization
     print("Starting synchronization parallelly...\n")
     sync_thread = threading.Thread(
                              target = synchronizeAllClocks,
                              args = ())
     sync thread.start()
# Driver function
if __name__ == '__main__':
     # Trigger the Clock Server
     initiateClockServer(port = 8080)
client.py
# Python3 program imitating a client process
from timeit import default timer as timer
from dateutil import parser
import threading
import datetime
import socket
import time
# client thread function used to send time at client side
def startSendingTime(slave client):
     while True:
          # provide server with clock time at the client
          slave client.send(str(
                         datetime.datetime.now()).encode())
          print("Recent time sent successfully",
                                                  end = " \n\n"
          time. sleep (5)
# client thread function used to receive synchronized time
def startReceivingTime(slave_client):
     while True:
          # receive data from the server
          Synchronized_time = parser.parse(
```

```
slave client. recv(1024). decode())
          print("Synchronized time at the client is: " + \
                                             str(Synchronized time),
                                             end = " \n\n"
# function used to Synchronize client process time
def initiateSlaveClient(port = 8080):
     slave client = socket.socket()
     # connect to the clock server on local computer
     slave_client.connect(('127.0.0.1', port))
     # start sending time to server
     print("Starting to receive time from server\n")
     send time thread = threading.Thread(
                         target = startSendingTime,
                         args = (slave_client, ))
     send time thread.start()
     # start receiving synchronized from server
     print("Starting to receiving " + \
                              "synchronized time from server\n")
     receive_time_thread = threading.Thread(
                         target = startReceivingTime,
                         args = (slave client, ))
     receive_time_thread.start()
# Driver function
if __name__ == '__main__':
     # initialize the Slave / Client
     initiateSlaveClient(port = 8080)
OUTPUT:
```

```
sever.py
```

```
New synchronization cycle started.
Number of clients to be synchronized: 0
No client data. Synchronization not applicable.
127.0.0.1:56656 got connected successfully
```

Client Data updated with: 127.0.0.1:56656
New synchronization cycle started.
Number of clients to be synchronized: 1
127.0.0.1:56664 got connected successfully
Client Data updated with: 127.0.0.1:56664
New synchronization cycle started.
Number of clients to be synchronized: 2
Client Data updated with: 127.0.0.1:56656
Client Data updated with: 127.0.0.1:56664
New synchronization cycle started.
Number of clients to be synchronized: 2

#### client1.py

Starting to receive time from serve
Starting to receiving synchronized time from server
Recent time sent successfully
Synchronized time at the client is: 2023-05-18 15:15:14.293920

#### client2.py

Starting to receive time from server
Starting to receiving synchronized time from server
Recent time sent successfully
Synchronized time at the client is: 2023-05-18 15:15:34.296732

# LP5:

## Client. java

```
import java.io.BufferedReader;
import java.io.IOException;
import java.io.InputStreamReader;
import java.io.PrintWriter;
import java.net.Socket;

public class Client {
  private String serverAddress;
  private int serverPort;
  private BufferedReader reader;
  private PrintWriter writer;
  public Client(String serverAddress, int serverPort) {
```

```
this.serverAddress = serverAddress;
this.serverPort = serverPort;
public void connect() {
try {
Socket socket = new Socket(serverAddress, serverPort);
System.out.println("Connected to server: " +
socket.getInetAddress().getHostAddress());
reader = new BufferedReader(new InputStreamReader(socket.getInputStream()));
writer = new PrintWriter(socket.getOutputStream(), true);
// Start sending and receiving messages
startMessageExchange();
} catch (IOException e) {
e.printStackTrace();
public void startMessageExchange() {
new Thread(() -> {
try {
while (true) {
// Read message from server
String message = reader.readLine();
if (message != null) {
System.out.println("Message received: " + message);
} catch (IOException e) {
  e. printStackTrace();
}). start();
 try {
BufferedReader consoleReader = new BufferedReader(new InputStreamReader(System.in));
while (true) {
// Read input from console
String input = consoleReader.readLine();
if (input != null) {
// Send message to server
writer.println(input);
} catch (IOException e) {
e.printStackTrace();
 public static void main(String[] args) {
Client client = new Client ("localhost", 8080);
client.connect();
```

#### Mutualserver. java

```
import java.io.BufferedReader;
import java. io. IOException;
import java.io.InputStreamReader;
import java.io.PrintWriter;
import java.net.ServerSocket;
import java.net.Socket;
public class MutualServer {
private ServerSocket serverSocket;
private Socket client1Socket;
private Socket client2Socket;
private BufferedReader client1Reader;
private PrintWriter client1Writer;
private BufferedReader client2Reader;
 private PrintWriter client2Writer;
public MutualServer(int port) {
 trv {
 serverSocket = new ServerSocket(port);
System.out.println("Server started and listening on port " + port);
} catch (IOException e) {
e.printStackTrace();
 public void acceptConnections() {
 trv {
  // Accept client 1 connection
client1Socket = serverSocket.accept();
System.out.println("Client 1 connected: " +
client1Socket.getInetAddress().getHostAddress());
client1Reader = new BufferedReader(new
InputStreamReader(client1Socket.getInputStream()));
client1Writer = new PrintWriter(client1Socket.getOutputStream(), true);
   // Accept client 2 connection
client2Socket = serverSocket.accept();
System.out.println("Client 2 connected: " +
client2Socket.getInetAddress().getHostAddress());
client2Reader = new BufferedReader(new
InputStreamReader(client2Socket.getInputStream()));
client2Writer = new PrintWriter(client2Socket.getOutputStream(), true);
   // Start message exchange
startMessageExchange();
} catch (IOException e) {
```

```
e. printStackTrace();
 public void startMessageExchange() {
new Thread(() \rightarrow {
  try {
while (true) {
// Read message from client 1
String messageFromClient1 = client1Reader.readLine();
if (messageFromClient1 != null) {
System.out.println("Message received from Client 1: " + messageFromClient1);
// Forward message to client 2
client2Writer.println(messageFromClient1);
} catch (IOException e) {
e.printStackTrace();
}).start()
try {
while (true) {
// Read message from client 2
String messageFromClient2 = client2Reader.readLine();
if (messageFromClient2 != null) {
System.out.println("Message received from Client 2: " + messageFromClient2);
// Forward message to client 1
client1Writer.println(messageFromClient2);
} catch (IOException e) {
e.printStackTrace();
public static void main(String[] args) {
MutualServer server = new MutualServer (8080);
server.acceptConnections();
} }
```

#### **OUTPUT:**

Create 2 client.java files viz. Client and Clients Client will behave as client1 and Clients will behave as Client 2 For Clients public class Clients First run Mutualserver.java then Client.java and last run Clients.java All 3 in same folder

# MutualServer. java

```
Server started and listening on port 8080
Client 1 connected: 127.0.0.1
Client 2 connected: 127.0.0.1
Message received from Client 1: Hello, Client 2
Message received from Client 2: Hello, Client 1
Message received from Client 1: This is Token Ring Algorithm for client2
Message received from Client 2: Thankyou client1
Client1
Connected to server: 127.0.0.1
Hello, Client 2
Message received: Hello, Client 1
This is Token Ring Algorithm for client2
Message received: Thankyou client1
Client2
Connected to server: 127.0.0.1
Message received: Hello, Client 2
Hello, Client 1
Message received: This is Token Ring Algorithm for client2
Thankyou client1
```

#### LP6:

# BullyAlgorithm. java

```
import java.util.ArrayList;
import java.util.List;

public class BullyAlgorithm {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        // Create nodes
        List<Node> nodes = new ArrayList<>();
```

```
for (int i = 1; i <= 5; i++) {
    nodes.add(new Node(i));
}

// Node 3 initiates the election
nodes.get(2).sendElectionMessage(nodes);
// Node 1 crashes
nodes.get(0).crash();
// Node 4 initiates the election
nodes.get(3).sendElectionMessage(nodes);
} }</pre>
```

## Node. java

```
import java.util.List;
class Node {
   private int nodeId;
   private boolean isActive = true;
   Node(int nodeId) {
        this.nodeId = nodeId;
   void sendElectionMessage(List<Node> nodes) {
       System.out.println("Node " + nodeId + " sends Election message.");
        for (Node node : nodes) {
           if (node.nodeId > this.nodeId) {
               node.receiveElectionMessage(this);
       // If no higher node responds, this node becomes the leader
       System.out.println("Node" + nodeId + " becomes the leader.");
   }
   void receiveElectionMessage(Node sender) {
       System.out.println("Node" + nodeId + " received Election message from Node"
+ sender. nodeId + ".");
       if (isActive) {
           // Node is active, respond with an OK message
           System.out.println("Node" + nodeId + " sends OK message to Node" +
sender.nodeId + ".");
           sender.receiveOKMessage(this);
   void receiveOKMessage(Node sender) {
       System.out.println("Node" + nodeId + " received OK message from Node" +
sender. nodeId + ".");
       // Ignore the OK message since this node is not initiating the election
```

```
void crash() {
    System.out.println("Node " + nodeId + " crashes.");
    isActive = false;
}
```

#### **OUTPUT:**

#### Run BullyAlgorithm

```
Node 3 sends Election message.

Node 4 received Election message from Node 3.

Node 4 sends OK message to Node 3.

Node 3 received OK message from Node 4.

Node 5 received Election message from Node 3.

Node 5 sends OK message to Node 3.

Node 3 received OK message from Node 5.

Node 3 becomes the leader

Node 1 crashes.

Node 4 sends Election message.

Node 5 received Election message from Node 4.

Node 5 sends OK message to Node 4.

Node 6 sends OK message from Node 5.

Node 6 sends OK message from Node 5.

Node 7 received OK message from Node 5.

Node 8 becomes the leader.

Process finished with exit code 0
```

#### LP7:

#### Distributed\_application.py

```
import requests
import multiprocessing
import os

def consume_web_service(app_id):
    url = f'http://127.0.0.1:5000/api/hello?app_id={app_id}'
    response = requests.get(url)
if response.status_code == 200:
    data = response.json()
    message = data['message']
    print(f'Response from App ID {app_id}:', message)

else:
    print(f'Failed to fetch data from the web service for App ID {app_id}')
```

```
if name == ' main ':
    num_instances = 5 # Number of distributed application instances to run
  processes = []
for i in range (num instances):
  process = multiprocessing.Process(target=consume_web_service, args=(i,))
  process. start()
  processes. append (process)
for process in processes:
  process. join()
Web service.py
from flask import Flask, jsonify
app = Flask( name )
@app.route('/api/hello', methods=['GET'])
def hello():
  return jsonify(message='Hello, World!')
if __name__ == '_ main ':
  app. run (debug=True)
OUTPUT:
web-service.py
* Serving Flask app 'web_service2'
* Debug mode: on
WARNING: This is a development server. Do not use it in a production deployment. Use a
production WSGI server
instead.
* Running on http://127.0.0.1:5000
Press CTRL+C to quit
* Restarting with watchdog (windowsapi)
* Debugger is active!
* Debugger PIN: 375-964-059
127.0.0.1 - - [18/May/2023 15:28:57] "GET /api/hello?app_id=0 HTTP/1.1" 200 -
127. 0. 0. 1 - - [18/May/2023 15:28:57] "GET /api/hello?app_id=1 HTTP/1.1" 200 -
127.0.0.1 - - [18/May/2023 15:28:57] "GET /api/hello?app_id=2 HTTP/1.1" 200 -
127.0.0.1 - - [18/May/2023 15:28:57] "GET /api/hello?app_id=3 HTTP/1.1" 200 -
127.0.0.1 - - [18/May/2023 15:28:57] "GET /api/hello?app id=4 HTTP/1.1" 200 -
127.0.0.1 - - [18/May/2023 15:29:09] "GET /api/hello?app id=1 HTTP/1.1" 200 -
```

127. 0. 0. 1 - - [18/May/2023 15:29:09] "GET /api/hello?app\_id=0 HTTP/1.1" 200 - 127. 0. 0. 1 - - [18/May/2023 15:29:09] "GET /api/hello?app\_id=2 HTTP/1.1" 200 - 127. 0. 0. 1 - - [18/May/2023 15:29:09] "GET /api/hello?app id=3 HTTP/1.1" 200 -

# distributed\_application.py (App 1)

```
Response from App ID 0: Hello, World!
Response from App ID 1: Hello, World!
Response from App ID 2: Hello, World!
Response from App ID 3: Hello, World!
Response from App ID 4: Hello, World!
distributed_application.py (App 2)

Response from App ID 0: Hello, World!
Response from App ID 1: Hello, World!
Response from App ID 2: Hello, World!
Response from App ID 3: Hello, World!
Response from App ID 3: Hello, World!
Response from App ID 4: Hello, World!
```