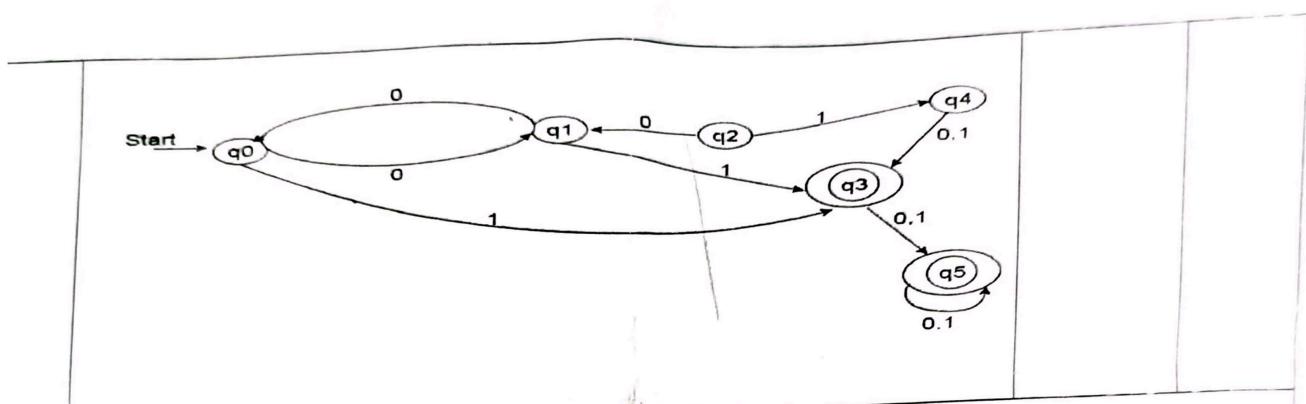


Guru Nanak Dev Engineering College, Ludhiana Department of Information Technology			
Program	B.Tech.(IT)	Semester	5 th
Subject Code		Subject Title	Theory of Computation
Mid Semester Test (MST) No.	PCIT-112 1	Course Coordinator(s)	Prof. Rupinder Kaur
Max. Marks	24	Time Duration	1 hour 30 minutes
Date of MST		Roll Number	
Note: Attempt all questions			
Q. No.	Question	COs, RBT level	Marks
Q1	Distinguish Kleen Closure and Kleen Positive with suitable example.	CO1, L2	2
Q2	Design a DFA for $ w \bmod 4 = 2$ over alphabet set { a , b }	CO4, L6	2
Q3	Articulate the following Mealy machine into equivalent Moore machine.	CO4, L3	4
	<pre> graph LR q1((q1)) -- "a/1" --> q2((q2)) q2 -- "b/0" --> q1 q2 -- "a/b/1" --> q4((q4)) q4 -- "a/0" --> q3((q3)) q3 -- "b/1" --> q4 q4 -- "b/1" --> q1 </pre>		
Q4	Explain Chomsky Classification of Languages in detail.	CO2, L1	4
Q5	Consider a Non-deterministic finite automata (NFA) and convert that NFA into equivalent Deterministic Finite Automata (DFA).	CO1, L5	4
	<pre> graph LR q0((q0)) -- a --> q0 q0 -- "a,b" --> q1((q1)) q1 -- b --> q1 q1 -- a --> q2((q2)) q2 -- a --> q2 q2 -- "a,b" --> q3((q3)) q3 -- a --> q3 q3 -- b --> q2 </pre>		
Q6	Illustrate the need for minimization of automata and minimize the following Finite Automata:	CO1, L4	8

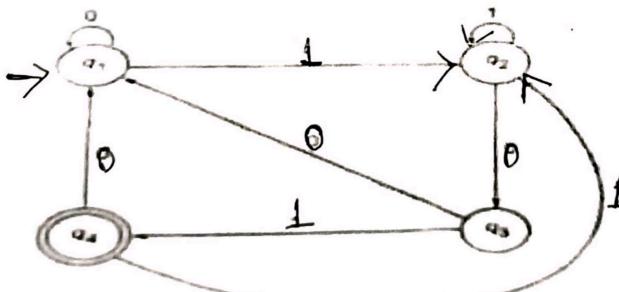


Course Outcomes (CO)

Students will be able to

- 1 Identify the different concepts in automata theory- deterministic automata, regular expressions, regular languages, context-free grammars, context-free languages and Turing machines
- 2 Demonstrate the various categories of languages and grammars in the Chomsky hierarchy
- 3 Illustrate the finite automata, regular expressions and context-free grammars accepting or generating a certain language.
- 4 Design finite automata, pushdown automata, Turing machines, formal languages, and grammars.
- 5 Contrast the computational strengths and weaknesses of these machines
- 6 Utilize automata concepts and techniques in designing systems that address real world problems.

BT Classification	Lower Order Thinking Levels (LOTS)			Higher Order Thinking Levels (HOTS)		
	L1	L2	L3	L4	L5	L6
BT Level Number	Remembering	Understanding	Applying	Analyzing	Evaluating	Creating

Guru Nanak Dev Engineering College, Ludhiana Department of Information Technology			
Program	B.Tech.(IT)	Semester	5 th
Subject Code	PCIT-112	Subject Title	Theory of Computation
Mid Semester Test (MST) No.	2	Course Coordinator(s)	Rupinder Kaur
Max. Marks	24	Time Duration	1 hour 30 minutes
Date of MST		Roll Number	
Note: Attempt all questions			
Q. No.	Question	COs, RBT level	Marks
Q1	List the applications of Context Free Grammar	CO1, L1	2
Q2	Is NDPDA more powerful than DPDA? Justify with suitable example.	CO5, L2	2
Q3	Explain ambiguity of Context free languages. Test whether the following language is ambiguous or not. $S \rightarrow S1S \mid 0$	CO5, L2	4
Q4	State Pumping Lemma for Regular Grammar. Show that the set $L = \{ a^p \mid p \text{ is prime} \}$ is not regular.	CO3, L3	4
Q5	Illustrate Arden's theorem. Convert the following automata into regular expression.	CO6, L4	4
			
Q6	Define Greibach Normal Form. Convert the following Grammar into Greibach Normal Form (GNF): $S \rightarrow XA \mid BB, B \rightarrow SB \mid b, X \rightarrow b, A \rightarrow a$	CO1, L6	8

Please check that this question paper contains 9 questions and 2 printed pages within first ten minutes.

[Total No. of Pages: 2]

[Total No. of Questions: 09]

Uni. Roll No.

Program: B.Tech. (Batch 2018 onward)

Semester: 5th

Name of Subject: Theory of Computation

Subject Code: PCIT-112

Paper ID: 16443

Max. Marks: 60

Time Allowed: 03 Hours

NOTE:

- 1) Parts A and B are compulsory
- 2) Part-C has Two Questions Q8 and Q9. Both are compulsory, but with internal choice
- 3) Any missing data may be assumed appropriately

[Marks: 02 each]

Part – A

Q1.

- a) Can you recall the different types of alphabets used in formal languages?
- b) Explain Chomsky's classification of languages and its significance.
- c) Compare and contrast the closure properties of different language classes.
- d) How are languages related in terms of inclusion and equality? Give examples to illustrate these relationships.
- e) Define the concept of acceptance by a Finite Automaton.
- f) State the pumping lemma for regular languages.

Part – B

[Marks: 04 each]

Q2. Compare and contrast Moore and Mealy machines in terms of their structure and functionality.

Q3. Design a Finite Automaton that recognizes a specific language described in words. Explain Arden's theorem in the context of regular grammars.

Q4. Create a regular grammar for a language that accepts all strings over the alphabet {0, 1} that end with '01'. Convert the regular expression $(0+1)^*$ into an equivalent finite automaton.

Q5. Construct a finite automaton for a language that accepts strings with alternating '0's and '1's.

- Q6. Demonstrate the equivalence between DFA and NDFA for a specific language.
- Q7. Evaluate the limitations of Turing Machines in solving certain types of problems and discuss potential alternatives.

[Marks: 12 each]

Part - C

- Q8. Explain the Pumping Lemma and its significance in the theory of context-free languages. Develop a formal language that cannot be expressed by regular grammar and explain why.

OR

Provide an example of a language that can be accepted by a Pushdown Automaton. Evaluate the statement: "Pushdown Automata can recognize more languages than Finite Automata." Is this true or false?

- Q9. a) Create a set of closure properties for a novel language class and discuss its potential applications. Explain the concept of closure properties in the context of formal languages.
b) Break down the steps involved in solving the Halting problem and explain the challenges associated with it.

OR

- a) Critically evaluate the limitations of context-sensitive languages in terms of computational efficiency and practical implementation. How do these limitations impact the broader field of formal languages and automata theory?
b) Propose a theoretical scenario where the Post Correspondence Problem can be utilized in a real-world application.

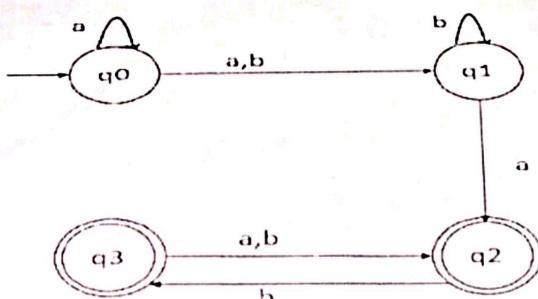
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Guru Nanak Dev Engineering College, Ludhiana			
Department of Information Technology			
Program	B.Tech.(IT)	Semester	5 th
Subject Code	PCIT-112	Subject Title	Theory of Computation
Mid Semester Test (MST) No.	2	Course Coordinator(s)	Rupinder Kaur
Max. Marks	24	Time Duration	1 hour 30 minutes
Date of MST	15 th November, 2022	Roll Number	
Note: Attempt all questions			
Q. No.	Question	COs, RBT level	Marks
Q1	List the applications of Context Free Grammar	CO1, L1	2
Q2	Elaborate sentential form with suitable example	CO4, L2	2
Q3	Explain ambiguity of Context free languages. Test whether the following language is ambiguous or not. $S \rightarrow S1S \mid 0$	CO5, L3	4
Q4	State Pumping Lemma for Regular Grammar. Show that the set $L = \{ a^n : p \text{ is prime} \}$ is not regular.	CO3, L4	4
Q5	Illustrate Arden's theorem. Convert the following automata into regular expression.	CO6, L4	4
	<pre> graph LR q1((q1)) -- "0" --> q2((q2)) q1((q1)) -- "1" --> q3((q3)) q2((q2)) -- "0" --> q1((q1)) q2((q2)) -- "1" --> q3((q3)) q3((q3)) -- "0" --> q1((q1)) q3((q3)) -- "1" --> q2((q2)) q3((q3)) -- "0" --> q3((q3)) </pre>		
	Please turn over page for Q6.		

$$(0 + 1(1+01)^*00 + 1(1+01)^*010)$$

Guru Nanak Dev Engineering College, Ludhiana
Department of Information Technology

Program	B.Tech.(IT)	Semester	5 th
Subject Code	PCIT-112	Subject Title	Theory of Computation
Mid Semester Test (MST) No.	1	Course Coordinator(s)	Prof. Rupinder Kaur
Max. Marks	24	Time Duration	1 hour 30 minutes
Date of MST	29 Sep.2022	Roll Number	
Note: Attempt all questions			
Q. No.	Question	COs, RBT level	Marks
Q1	Distinguish Kleen Closure and Kleen Positive with suitable example	CO1, L1	2
Q2	Generate a regular expression for $w \bmod 4 = 2$ over alphabet set { a , b }	CO3, L6	2
Q3	Differentiate Moore and Meally Machines along with valid diagrams of both.	CO4, L4	4
Q4	Explain Chomsky Classification of Languages in detail.	CO2, L2	4
Q5	Consider a Non-deterministic finite automata (NFA) and convert that NFA into equivalent Deterministic Finite Automata (DFA).	CO4, L5	4
Q6	Define need for minimization and minimize the following Deterministic Finite Automata	CO1, L6	8



Guru Nanak Dev Engineering College, Ludhiana Department of Information Technology			
Program	B.Tech.(IT)	Semester	5 th
Subject Code	PCIT-112	Subject Title	Theory of Computation
Mid Semester Test (MST) No.	2	Course Coordinator(s)	Rupinder Kaur
Max. Marks	24	Time Duration	1 hour 30 minutes
Date of MST		Roll Number	
Note: Attempt all questions			
Q. No.	Question	COs, RBT level	Marks
Q1	List the applications of Context Free Grammar	CO1, L1	2
Q2	Is NDPDA more powerful than DPDA? Justify with suitable example.	CO5, L2	2
Q3	Explain ambiguity of Context free languages. Test whether the following language is ambiguous or not. $S \rightarrow S1S \mid 0$	CO5, L2	4
Q4	State Pumping Lemma for Regular Grammar. Show that the set $L = \{ a^p \mid p \text{ is prime} \}$ is not regular.	CO3, L3	4
Q5	Illustrate Arden's theorem. Convert the following automata into regular expression.	CO6, L4	4
Q6	Define Greibach Normal Form. Convert the following Grammar into Greibach Normal Form (GNF): $S \rightarrow XA \mid BB, B \rightarrow SB \mid b, X \rightarrow b, A \rightarrow a$	CO1, L6	8

Guru Nanak Dev Engineering College, Ludhiana			
Department of Information Technology			
Program	B.Tech.(IT)	Semester	5 th
Subject Code	PCIT-112	Subject Title	Theory of Computation
Mid Semester Test (MST) No.	1	Course Coordinator(s)	Prof. Rupinder Kaur
Max. Marks	24	Time Duration	1 hour 30 minutes
Date of MST		Roll Number	
Note: Attempt all questions			
Q. No.	Question	COs, RBT level	Marks
Q1	Distinguish Kleen Closure and Kleen Positive with suitable example.	CO1, L2	2
Q2	Design a DFA for $ w \bmod 4 = 2$ over alphabet set { a , b }	CO4, L6	2
Q3	Articulate the following Mealy machine into equivalent Moore machine.	CO4, L3	4
	<pre> graph LR S(()) --> q1((q1)) q1 -- "a/1" --> q1 q1 -- "b/0" --> q2((q2)) q2 -- "b/1" --> q1 q2 -- "a/1, b/1" --> q4((q4)) q4 -- "a/1" --> q1 q4 -- "a/0" --> q3((q3)) q3 -- "b/1" --> q4 </pre>		
Q4	Explain Chomsky Classification of Languages in detail.	CO2, L1	4
Q5	Consider a Non-deterministic finite automata (NFA) and convert that NFA into equivalent Deterministic Finite Automata (DFA).	CO1, L5	4
	<pre> graph LR S(()) --> q0((q0)) q0 -- a --> q0 q0 -- "a,b" --> q1((q1)) q1 -- b --> q1 q1 -- a --> q2((q2)) q2 -- a --> q2 q2 -- b --> q3((q3)) q3 -- "a,b" --> q2 </pre>		
Q6	Illustrate the need for minimization of automata and minimize the following Finite Automata:	CO1, L4	8

$\frac{S_1}{S_2}$
 $\frac{S_2}{S_1}$
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Guru Nanak Dev Engineering College, Ludhiana				
Department of Information Technology				
Program	B.Tech.(IT)	Semester	5 th	
Subject Code	PCIT-112	Subject Title	Theory of Computation	
Mid Semester Test (MST) No.	1	Course Coordinator(s)	Prof. Rupinder Kaur	
Max. Marks	24	Time Duration	1 hour 30 minutes	
Date of MST	29 Sep,2022	Roll Number		
Note: Attempt all questions				
Q. No.	Question	COs, RBT level	Marks	
Q1	Distinguish Kleen Closure and Kleen Positive with suitable example	CO1, L1	2	
Q2	Generate a regular expression for $ w \bmod 4 = 2$ over alphabet set { a , b }	CO3, L6	2	
Q3	Differentiate Moore and Meally Machines along with valid diagrams of both.	CO4, L4	4	
Q4	Explain Chomsky Classification of Languages in detail.	CO2, L2	4	
Q5	Consider a Non-deterministic finite automata (NFA) and convert that NFA into equivalent Deterministic Finite Automata (DFA).	CO4, L5	4	
Q6	<p>Define need for minimization and minimize the following Deterministic Finite Automata</p> <pre> graph LR start(()) --> q0((q0)) q0 -- a --> q0 q0 -- b --> q1(((q1))) q1 -- a --> q1 q1 -- b --> q2((q2)) q2 -- a --> q2 q2 -- b --> q3((q3)) q3 -- a --> q3 q3 -- b --> q2 </pre>	CO1, L6	8	

a, a₅

a₀, a₄

a₂

a₃, a₆

Guru Nanak Dev Engineering College, Ludhiana

Department of Information Technology

Program	B.Tech.(IT)	Semester	5 th
Subject Code	PCIT-112	Subject Title	Theory of Computation
Mid Semester Test (MST) No.	1	Course Coordinator(s)	Prof. Rupinder Kaur
Max. Marks	24	Time Duration	1 hour 30 minutes
Date of MST		Roll Number	

Note: Attempt all questions

Q. No.	Question	COs, RBT level	Marks
Q1 ✓	Distinguish Kleen Closure and Kleen Positive with suitable example.	CO1, L2	2
Q2 ✓	Design a DFA for $ w \bmod 4 = 2$ over alphabet set { a , b }	CO4, L6	2
Q3 ✓	Articulate the following Mealy machine into equivalent Moore machine.	CO4, L3	4
	<pre> graph LR start(()) --> q1((q1)) q1 -- "a/1" --> q1 q1 -- "b/0" --> q2((q2)) q2 -- "b/1" --> q2 q2 -- "a/1, b/1" --> q4((q4)) q4 -- "a/1" --> q4 q4 -- "a/0" --> q3((q3)) q3 -- "b/1" --> q3 </pre>		
Q4 ✓	Explain Chomsky Classification of Languages in detail.	CO2, L1	4
Q5 ✓	Consider a Non-deterministic finite automata (NFA) and convert that NFA into equivalent Deterministic Finite Automata (DFA).	CO1, L5	4
	<pre> graph LR start(()) --> q0((q0)) q0 -- a --> q0 q0 -- "a,b" --> q1((q1)) q1 -- b --> q1 q1 -- a --> q2((q2)) q2 -- a --> q2 q2 -- b --> q3((q3)) q3 -- "a,b" --> q3 </pre>		
✓	Illustrate the need for minimization of automata and minimize the following Finite Automata:	CO1, L4	8

Please check that this question paper contains 9 questions and 2 printed pages within first ten minutes.

[Total No. of Questions: 09]

Uni. Roll No. A2144514

[Total No. of Pages: 2.]

Program: B.Tech. (Batch 2018 onward)

Semester: 5th

Name of Subject: Theory of Computation

Subject Code: PCIT-112

Paper ID: 16443

Time Allowed: 03 Hours

Max. Marks: 60

NOTE:

- 1) Parts A and B are compulsory
- 2) Part-C has Two Questions Q8 and Q9. Both are compulsory, but with internal choice
- 3) Any missing data may be assumed appropriately

Part – A

[Marks: 02 each]

Q1.

- a) Can you recall the different types of alphabets used in formal languages?
- b) Explain Chomsky's classification of languages and its significance.
- c) Compare and contrast the closure properties of different language classes.
- d) How are languages related in terms of inclusion and equality? Give examples to illustrate these relationships.
- e) Define the concept of acceptance by a Finite Automaton.
- f) State the pumping lemma for regular languages.

Part – B

[Marks: 04 each]

Q2. Compare and contrast Moore and Mealy machines in terms of their structure and functionality.

Q3. Design a Finite Automaton that recognizes a specific language described in words. Explain Arden's theorem in the context of regular grammars.

Q4. Create a regular grammar for a language that accepts all strings over the alphabet {0, 1} that end with '01'. Convert the regular expression $(0+1)^*$ into an equivalent finite automaton.

Q5. Construct a finite automaton for a language that accepts strings with alternating '0's and '1's.

- Q6.** Demonstrate the equivalence between DFA and NDFA for a specific language.
Q7. Evaluate the limitations of Turing Machines in solving certain types of problems and discuss potential alternatives.

Part – C

[Marks: 12 each]

- Q8.** Explain the Pumping Lemma and its significance in the theory of context-free languages.
Develop a formal language that cannot be expressed by regular grammar and explain why.

OR

Provide an example of a language that can be accepted by a Pushdown Automaton. Evaluate the statement: "Pushdown Automata can recognize more languages than Finite Automata." Is this true or false?

- Q9.** a) Create a set of closure properties for a novel language class and discuss its potential applications. Explain the concept of closure properties in the context of formal languages.
b) Break down the steps involved in solving the Halting problem and explain the challenges associated with it.

OR

- a) Critically evaluate the limitations of context-sensitive languages in terms of computational efficiency and practical implementation. How do these limitations impact the broader field of formal languages and automata theory?
b) Propose a theoretical scenario where the Post Correspondence Problem can be utilized in a real-world application.

Please check that this question paper contains 9 questions and 2 printed pages within first ten minutes.

[Total No. of Questions: 09]

Uni. Roll No.

[Total No. of Pages: 02]

Program: B.Tech. (Batch 2018 onward)

Semester: 5th

Name of Subject: Theory of Computation

Subject Code: PCIT-112

Paper ID: 16443

Scientific calculator is Not Allowed

MORNING

09 MAY 2023

Time Allowed: 03 Hours

Max. Marks: 60

NOTE:

- 1) Parts A and B are compulsory
- 2) Part-C has Two Questions Q8 and Q9. Both are compulsory, but with internal choice
- 3) Any missing data may be assumed appropriately

Part – A

[Marks: 02 each]

Q1.

- a) List the applications of Context Free Grammar.
- b) Explain Left -most derivation and right- most derivation tree along with suitable diagram.
- c) Articulate grammar for set of all strings starting and ending with different symbol over alphabet set {a, b}.
- d) Demonstrate Chomsky Normal Form with example.
- e) Is NDPDA more powerful than DPDA? Justify.
- f) Differentiate Kleen Star and Kleen Positive.

Part – B

[Marks: 04 each]

- Q2.** List the properties of LR (k) Grammar.
- Q3.** Discuss in detail model of finite automata.
- Q4.** Explain Halting Problem of Turing Machine.
- Q5.** Differentiate Moore and Mealy Machines.
- Q6.** Design a PDA for odd number of palindromes.

Q7. Compare and contrast Push Down Automata with Turing Machine.

MORNING

09 MAY 2023

Part – C

[Marks: 12 each]

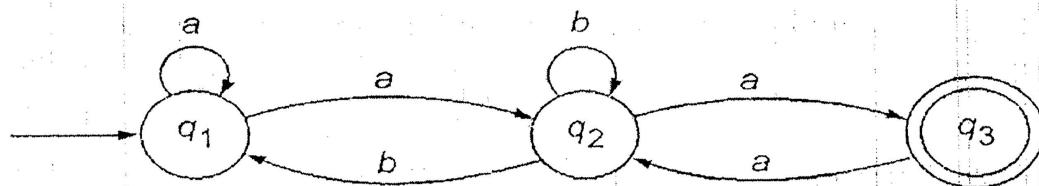
Q8. Describe Chomsky Classification of Languages in detail.

OR

State Pumping Lemma for regular languages. Show that $L = \{a^p \mid \text{where } p \text{ is prime}\}$ is not regular.

Q9. Construct a regular expression corresponding to the automata given using Arden's

Theorem:



OR

Formulate a grammar in Greibach Normal Form equivalent to grammar:

$$S \rightarrow AA \mid a$$

$$A \rightarrow SS \mid b$$

Please check that this question paper contains 09 questions and 02 printed pages within first ten minutes.

[Total No. of Questions: 09]

Uni. Roll No.

[Total No. of Pages: 02]

Program: B.Tech. (Batch 2018 onward)

Semester: 5th

EVENING

Name of Subject: Theory of Computation

04 JAN 2023

Subject Code: PCIT-112

Paper ID: 16443

Time Allowed: 03 Hours

Max. Marks: 60

NOTE:

- 1) Parts A and B are compulsory
- 2) Part-C has Two Questions Q8 and Q9. Both are compulsory, but with internal choice
- 3) Any missing data may be assumed appropriately

Part – A

[Marks: 02 each]

Q1.

- a) Differentiate between Pushdown Automata and Turing Machine.
- b) Describe the Recursively Enumerable Language with example.
- c) Prove that for any transition function δ and for any two input strings x and y ,
$$\delta(q, xy) = \delta(\delta(q, x), y)$$
- d) Let L be the set of all palindromes over $\{a, b\}$. Construct a grammar G generating L .
- e) Let $G = (\{S, A_1\}, \{0, 1, 2\}, P, S)$ where P consists of
$$S \rightarrow 0SA_12, S \rightarrow 012, 2A_1 \rightarrow A_12, 1A_1 \rightarrow 11$$

Find $L(G)$.
- f) Prove that following regular expressions are equivalent.
$$aa(b^* + a) + a(ab^* + aa) = aa(b^* + a)$$

Part – B

[Marks: 04 each]

- Q2. How Noam Chomsky classified the formal languages? Discuss each class with the help of suitable examples. Also name the automata accepting these languages.
- Q3. Discuss in detail Linear Bounded Automata.
- Q4. State and prove pumping lemma for regular grammars.

- Q5. Given the grammar $S \rightarrow AB, A \rightarrow a, B \rightarrow C|b, C \rightarrow D, D \rightarrow E, E \rightarrow a$, find an equivalent grammar which is reduced and has no unit productions.

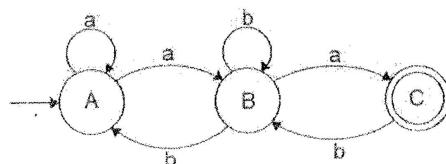
EVENING

04 JAN 2023

- Q6. Construct a minimum state automaton equivalent to Finite Automata given below:

STATE	INPUT	
	a	b
$\rightarrow q_0$	q_1	q_2
q_1	q_4	q_3
q_2	q_4	q_3
(q_3)	q_5	q_6
(q_4)	q_7	q_6
q_5	q_3	q_6
q_6	q_6	q_6
q_7	q_4	q_6

- Q7. Derive the regular expression of given automaton using Arden's Theorem.



Part - C

[Marks: 12 each]

- Q8. Describe and highlight the points that differentiate a mealy machine from a moore machine. Illustrate using an example, the conversion of moore machine to mealy machine.

OR

Discuss in detail the procedure to convert context free grammar into Greibach Normal Form. Also apply the discussed procedure to convert the following CFG into GNF

$$S \rightarrow AB, \quad A \rightarrow BS|b, \quad B \rightarrow SA|a$$

- Q9. What is the difference between PDA acceptance by empty stack and final state? Design a PDA to accept the language $L = \{\omega 2\omega | \omega \in \{0,1\}^*\}$ by final state.

OR

Design a Turing machine M to recognize the language $\{1^n 2^n 3^n | n \geq 1\}$. Obtain the computation sequence of M for processing the input string 112233.

Please check that this question paper contains 9 questions and 2 printed pages within first ten minutes.

EVENING

[Total No. of Questions: 09]

Uni. Roll No.

[Total No. of Pages: 2]

10 JUN 2023

Program: B.Tech. (Batch 2018 onward)

Semester: 5th Sem

Name of Subject: Theory of Computation

Subject Code: PCIT-112

Paper ID: 16443

Scientific calculator is Not Allowed

Time Allowed: 03 Hours

Max. Marks: 60

NOTE:

- 1) Parts A and B are compulsory
- 2) Part-C has Two Questions Q8 and Q9. Both are compulsory, but with internal choice
- 3) Any missing data may be assumed appropriately

Part – A

[Marks: 02 each]

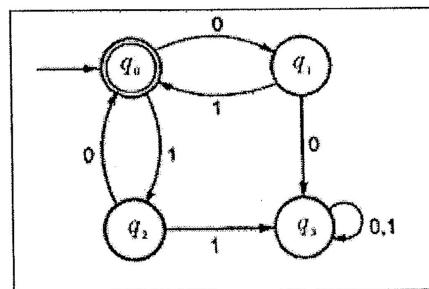
Q1.

- a) Comment on TOC in area of computer science.
- b) List the basic Symbols used in formal language.
- c) Compare Moore and meally machines example.
- d) List the Closure properties of language classes.
- e) Construct a Finite Automata for the regular expression $((a+b)(a+b))^*$.
- f) If L is a language accepted by a nondeterministic finite automation, then a deterministic finite automation exists accepting L. Discuss.

Part – B

[Marks: 04 each]

- Q2. Define finite state machine in TOC? Construct Finite State Machine as Processing input.
- Q3. Compare Kleen Closure and Kleen Positive with suitable example.
- Q4. Define Halting Problem. Comment on ATM = { $(M,w) \mid M$ is a TM and M halts at input w } .
- Q5. Construct RE for given finite automata with Arden's theorem.



P.T.O.

EVENING

10 JUN 2023

Please check that this question paper contains 9 questions and 2 printed pages within first ten minutes.

- Q6. Construct NFA and convert it to its equivalent DFA for the regular expression
 $1(1+10)^* + 10(0+01)^*$

- Q7. Construct a grammar in Greibach Normal Form equivalent to grammar

$$\begin{aligned} S &\rightarrow AA \mid a \\ A &\rightarrow SS \mid b \end{aligned}$$

Part - C

[Marks: 12 each]

- Q8. Design a Turing machine to add two given integers. Construct Turing machine for $L = \{a^n b^m a^{(n+m)} \mid n, m \geq 1\}$

OR

Construct Pushdown automata for $L = \{0^m 1^{(n+m)} 2^n \mid m, n \geq 0\}$

- Q9. Compare linear bounded automata and context sensitive language.

OR

- a) Explain Pumping Lemmas and its types.
b) Discuss Chomsky Classification of Grammars.

Please check that this question paper contains 9 questions and 2 printed pages within first ten minutes.

EVENING

[Total No. of Questions: 09]

14 DEC 2023 [Total No. of Pages: 2.]

Uni. Roll No.

Program: B.Tech. (Batch 2018 onward)

Semester: 5th

Name of Subject: Theory of Computation

Subject Code: PCIT-112

Paper ID: 16443

Time Allowed: 03 Hours

Max. Marks: 60

NOTE:

- 1) Parts A and B are compulsory
- 2) Part-C has Two Questions Q8 and Q9. Both are compulsory, but with internal choice
- 3) Any missing data may be assumed appropriately

Part – A

[Marks: 02 each]

Q1.

- a) Can you recall the different types of alphabets used in formal languages?
- b) Explain Chomsky's classification of languages and its significance.
- c) Compare and contrast the closure properties of different language classes.
- d) How are languages related in terms of inclusion and equality? Give examples to illustrate these relationships.
- e) Define the concept of acceptance by a Finite Automaton.
- f) State the pumping lemma for regular languages.

Part – B

[Marks: 04 each]

- Q2. Compare and contrast Moore and Mealy machines in terms of their structure and functionality.
- Q3. Design a Finite Automaton that recognizes a specific language described in words. Explain Arden's theorem in the context of regular grammars.
- Q4. Create a regular grammar for a language that accepts all strings over the alphabet {0, 1} that end with '01'. Convert the regular expression $(0+1)^*$ into an equivalent finite automaton.
- Q5. Construct a finite automaton for a language that accepts strings with alternating '0's and '1's.

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- Q6. Demonstrate the equivalence between DFA and NDFA for a specific language.
- Q7. Evaluate the limitations of Turing Machines in solving certain types of problems and discuss potential alternatives.

Part – C

[Marks: 12 each]

- Q8. Explain the Pumping Lemma and its significance in the theory of context-free languages.
Develop a formal language that cannot be expressed by regular grammar and explain why.

OR

Provide an example of a language that can be accepted by a Pushdown Automaton. Evaluate the statement: "Pushdown Automata can recognize more languages than Finite Automata." Is this true or false?

- Q9. a) Create a set of closure properties for a novel language class and discuss its potential applications. Explain the concept of closure properties in the context of formal languages.
b) Break down the steps involved in solving the Halting problem and explain the challenges associated with it.

OR

- a) Critically evaluate the limitations of context-sensitive languages in terms of computational efficiency and practical implementation. How do these limitations impact the broader field of formal languages and automata theory?
b) Propose a theoretical scenario where the Post Correspondence Problem can be utilized in a real-world application.

Please check that this question paper contains 9 questions and 2 printed pages within first ten minutes.

MORNING

[Total No. of Questions: 09]

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[Total No. of Pages: 02]

Uni. Roll No.

Program: B.Tech. (Batch 2018 onward)

Semester: 5th

Name of Subject: Theory of Computation

Subject Code: PCIT-112

Paper ID: 16443

Scientific calculator is not Allowed

Time Allowed: 03 Hours

Max. Marks: 60

NOTE:

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- 3) Any missing data may be assumed appropriately

Part – A

[Marks: 02 each]

Q1.

- a) Distinguish Kleen Star and Kleen Positive with suitable example.
- b) Is NDPDA more powerful than DPDA? Justify.
- c) Design a DFA for $|w| \bmod 4=2$ over alphabet set {a, b}
- d) Elaborate Sentential form.
- e) Articulate grammar for set of all strings starting and ending with different symbol over alphabet set {a, b}.
- f) Discuss Multi-tape Turing Machine.

Part – B

[Marks: 04 each]

- Q2. Differentiate Moore and Mealy Machines.
- Q3. Describe Chomsky Classification of Languages in detail.
- Q4. Design a PDA for odd number of palindromes.
- Q5. State Pumping Lemma for regular languages. Show that $L = \{a^p \mid p \text{ is prime}\}$ is not regular.
- Q6. Compare and Contrast Push Down Automata with Turing Machine.

MORNING

27 FEB 2024

Q7. Design model of Finite Automata with suitable diagram

Part - C

[Marks: 12 each]

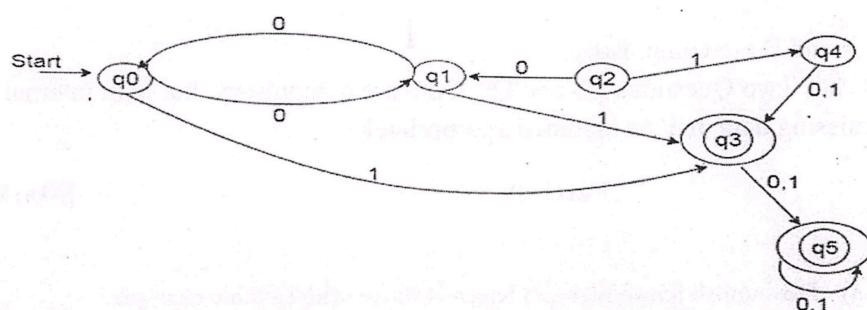
Q8. Formulate a grammar in Greibach Normal Form equivalent to grammar:

$$S \rightarrow AA \mid a$$

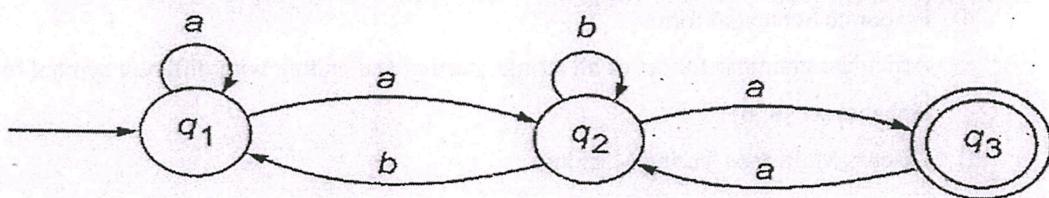
$$A \rightarrow SS \mid b$$

OR

Illustrate the need for minimization of automata and minimize the following Finite Automata:



Q9. Construct a regular expression corresponding to the automata given using Arden's Theorem:



OR

Explain Post Correspondence Problem of Turing Machine.

Please check that this question paper contains 9 questions and 2 printed pages within first ten minutes.

EVENING

[Total No. of Questions: 09]
Uni. Roll No.

05 JUN 2024

[Total No. of Pages: 02]

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Semester: 5th
Name of Subject: Theory of Computation
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Part – B

[Marks: 04 each]

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EVENING

05 JUN 2024

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Part - C

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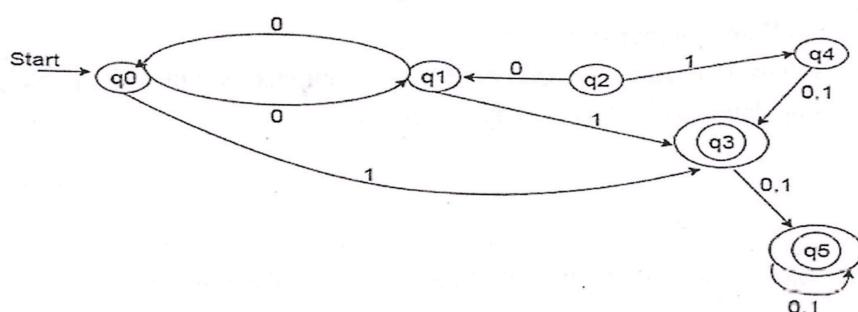
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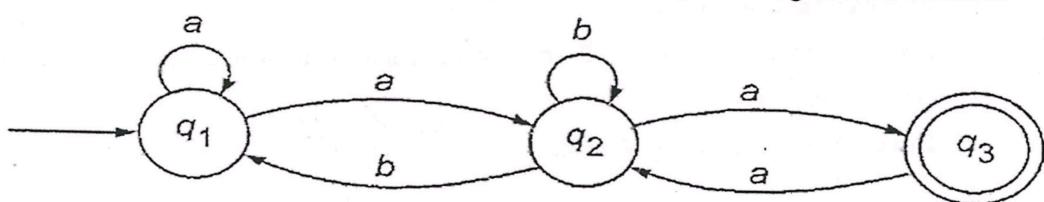
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