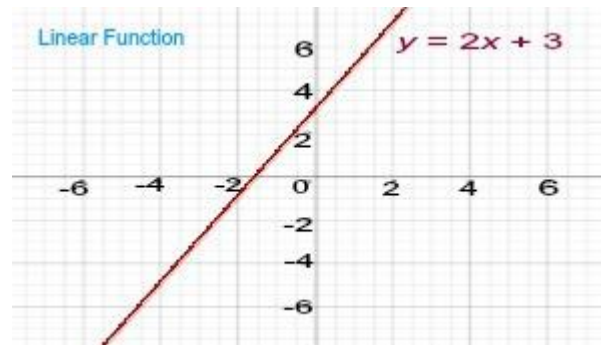


linear function

linear function can be defined as a polynomial with highest degree equal to 1.

Linear functions are functions that appear as *straight lines* when they are graphed.

For example, $y = 2x + 3$ is a linear function. Notice it is a polynomial with highest exponent equal to 1. Also, if we consider some random points that satisfy the equation, say $(-1, 1)$, $(0, 3)$, and $(7, 17)$, we see that the slope of the line between any two pairs of these is the same.



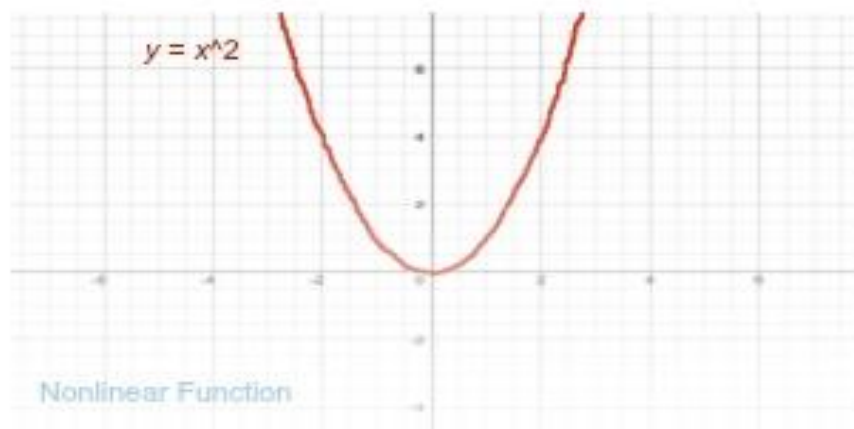
Nonlinear Functions

Non-linear function is a function that is not a straight line and has a degree other than 1.

An example of a nonlinear function is $y = x^2$. This is nonlinear because, although it is a polynomial, its highest exponent is 2, not 1. Also, if we consider some random points that satisfy the equation, say $(-3, 9)$, $(-1, 1)$, and $(4, 16)$, we see that when we calculate the slope of the line between these points, we get different results.

$(-3, 9)$ and $(-1, 1)$: Slope: $(1 - 9) / (-1 - (-3)) = -8 / 2 = -4$

$(-3, 9)$ and $(4, 16)$: Slope: $((16 - 9) / (4 - (-3))) = 7 / 7 = 1$



Nonlinear Function