

Project Report: Vehicle Parking System

Author

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 - **About:** I am a passionate developer with a keen interest in building full-stack web applications. I enjoy tackling challenges related to system architecture, database design, and creating seamless user experiences.
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Description

This project requires building a comprehensive vehicle parking system with a clear separation between a Flask backend API and a Vue.js frontend. The system needs to support two distinct roles (Admin and User) with different functionalities, handle real-time parking spot management, and include asynchronous background jobs for reports and notifications. **Approximately 20%** of the code for both the backend and frontend was generated using an AI assistant for tasks like initial setup, database modelling, and component generation.

Technologies Used

- **Backend:**
 - **Flask:** A lightweight Python web framework used to build the core REST API.
 - **Flask-SQLAlchemy:** An ORM for interacting with the database using Python objects, simplifying database operations.
 - **Flask-JWT-Extended:** Implements JSON Web Token (JWT) authentication for securing API endpoints.
 - **Flask-Bcrypt:** Used for securely hashing user passwords.
 - **Celery:** A distributed task queue for running time-consuming background jobs asynchronously.
 - **Redis:** An in-memory data store used as the message broker for Celery.
- **Frontend:**
 - **Vue.js (v3):** A progressive JavaScript framework for building a reactive Single Page Application (SPA).
 - **Vue Router:** The official router for Vue.js, used to handle client-side navigation.
 - **Pinia:** The official state management library for Vue, used to manage global application state.

- **Axios:** A promise-based HTTP client for making API requests from the frontend to the backend.
 - **Bootstrap 5:** The exclusive CSS framework used for styling and creating a responsive user interface.
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DB Schema Design

The database is designed with four interconnected tables to logically separate concerns and ensure data integrity.

- **User Table (users):**
 - id (Integer, Primary Key): Unique identifier for each user.
 - username (String, Unique, Not Null): The user's chosen name.
 - email (String, Unique, Not Null): The user's email, used for login.
 - password_hash (String, Not Null): The securely hashed password.
 - role (String, Not Null, Default: 'user'): Defines user permissions ('user' or 'admin').
- **ParkingLot Table (parking_lots):**
 - id (Integer, Primary Key): Unique identifier for each parking lot.
 - name (String, Unique, Not Null): The public name of the lot.
 - address (Text, Not Null): The physical address of the lot.
 - pin_code (String, Not Null): The postal code.
 - price_per_hour (Float, Not Null): The cost to park for one hour.
 - capacity (Integer, Not Null): The total number of spots in the lot.
- **Parking Spot Table (parking_spots):**
 - id (Integer, Primary Key): Unique identifier for each spot.
 - spot number (Integer, Not Null): The number of the spot within a lot.
 - status (String, Not Null, Default: 'Available'): The current status ('Available' or 'Occupied').
 - lot_id (Integer, Foreign Key to parking_lots.id): Links the spot to a specific parking lot.
- **Booking Table (bookings):**
 - id (Integer, Primary Key): Unique identifier for each booking transaction.
 - user_id (Integer, Foreign Key to users.id): Links the booking to a user.
 - spot_id (Integer, Foreign Key to parking_spots.id): Links the booking to a specific spot.
 - park_in_time (Date Time, Not Null): Timestamp when the booking started.

- `park_out_time` (DateTime, Nullable): Timestamp when the booking ended.
- `cost` (Float, Nullable): The final calculated cost of the booking.

Design Rationale: This schema normalizes data to reduce redundancy. Separating

Bookings from ParkingSpots allows a spot to have a simple current status while the Booking table maintains a complete history of all transactions. Foreign key constraints are used to maintain referential integrity.

API Design

The API is designed as a RESTful service, organized by resources and roles using Flask Blueprints.

- **Authentication (/auth):** This blueprint handles user registration (/register) and login (/login), and is responsible for validating credentials and issuing JWTs.
 - **User (/api):** This blueprint contains all endpoints for standard user actions, such as viewing lots, booking/releasing spots, and viewing booking history. All routes require a valid 'user' role JWT.
 - **Admin (/admin):** This blueprint provides endpoints for administrative control, including full CRUD operations for parking lots and system monitoring. All routes are protected by a custom decorator that requires a valid 'admin' role JWT.
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Architecture and Features

- **Project Organization:**

- The project is structured into

backend and frontend directories.

- The backend follows a modular Flask application factory pattern, with logic separated into

routes/, models/, and tasks/ directories. Configuration is managed in config.py.

- The frontend is a standard Vue CLI project with source code organized into

views/, components/, router/, store/, and services/.

- **Features Implemented:**

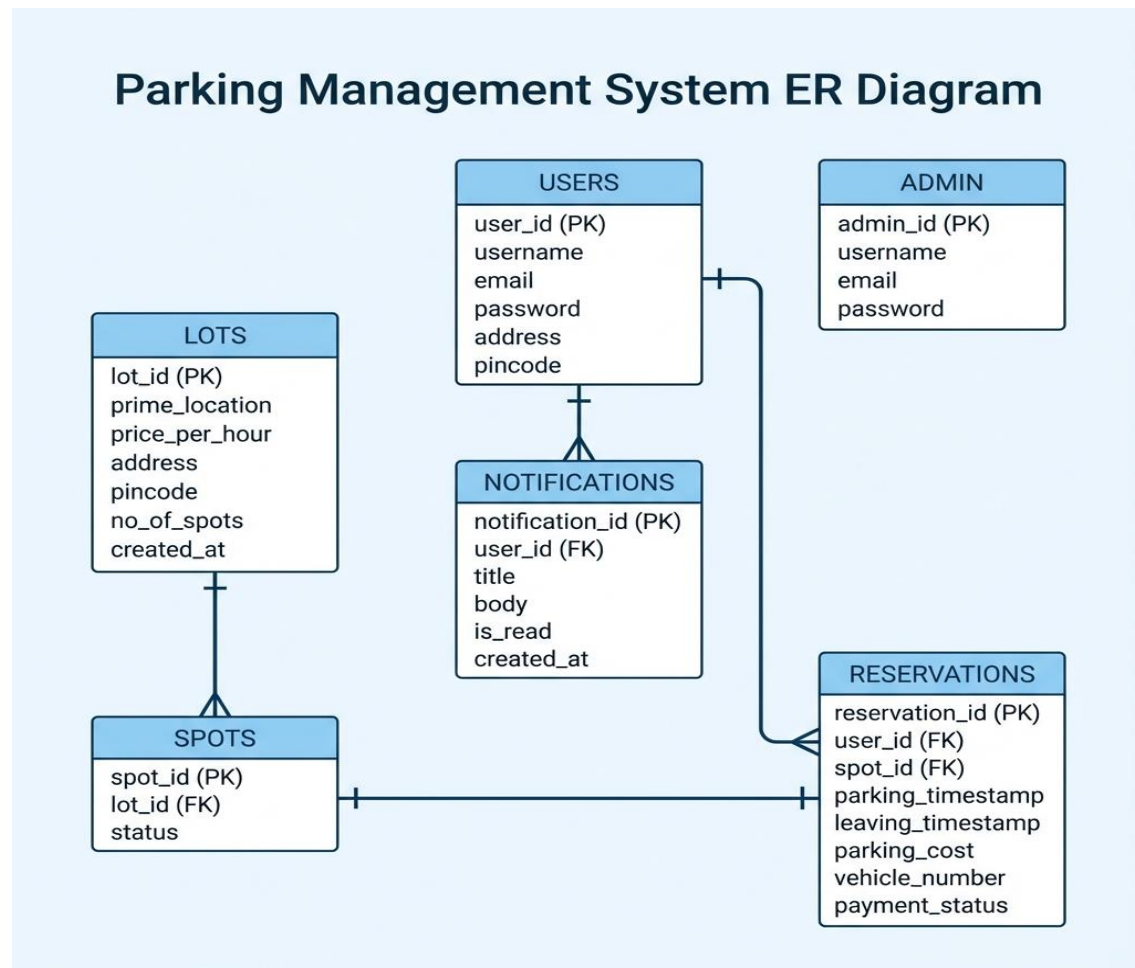
- **Role-Based Access Control:** Securely handles 'Admin' and 'User' roles using JWTs and a custom decorator (@admin_required) to protect administrative endpoints.
- **Full Parking Lifecycle:** Users can view lots, book spots, view their active bookings, and release spots, with the cost calculated automatically.

- **Admin Management Dashboard:** A comprehensive dashboard for admins to create, edit, and delete parking lots, as well as monitor all users and the real-time status of every spot.
- **Asynchronous Background Jobs:**
 - A user can trigger a non-blocking CSV export of their booking history.
 - The system uses Celery Beat for scheduled tasks like daily reminders and monthly reports.
- **Booking History:** Both users and admins can view historical booking records.

API Resource

- **Authentication & Authorization Signup:** `/api/signup/`
- **Login:** `/api/login`
- **User Profile & Management**
- **User Info:** `/api/user`
- **User Detail:** `/api/user/`
- **Parking Lot Management Create/View/Update/Delete**
- **Lot:** `/api/lot` Single Lot Operations: `/api/lot/`
- **Parking Spot Management Spot Detail:** `/api/spot/`
- **Reservation Management Create Reservation:** `/api/reservation`
- **Reserve Spot by ID:** `/api/reservation/spot/`
- **View/Update/Delete Reservation:** `/api/reservation/`
- **Payments & Transactions Payment:** `/api/payment`
- **Analytics & Statistics Dashboard Stats:** `/api/stats`
- **Data Export Export Parking History:** `/api/export`

Database ER_DIAGRAM



Video:

https://drive.google.com/file/d/11_W5R2L6zmOzf_V60HKyEiWf3EA0wGap/view?usp=drive_link