

Assignment-1

OOP Coding Questions

Class Definition and Object Instantiation

1. Create a class to represent a Student with attributes like name, age, and grades.

Example Test Case:

- Input: name = "Alice", age = 20, grades = [90, 85, 88]
- Output: name: "Alice", age: 20, grades: [90, 85, 88]

2. Given a CSV file with employee details (name, position, salary), create a class to represent an Employee.

Example Test Case:

- Input: CSV file content = [["John Doe", "Manager", 75000], ["Jane Smith", "Engineer", 80000]]
- Output: Employee(name="John Doe", position="Manager", salary=75000), Employee(name="Jane Smith", position="Engineer", salary=80000)

3. Implement a program that simulates a basic bank account using a BankAccount class.

Example Test Case:

- Input: account_number = "12345678", initial_balance = 1000
- Output: account_number: "12345678", balance: 1000

4. Write a Python program that uses a Rectangle class to calculate the area and perimeter of a rectangle.

Example Test Case:

- Input: length = 5, width = 3
- Output: area: 15, perimeter: 16

5. Create a class to represent a Car with attributes like make, model, and year.

Example Test Case:

- Input: make = "Toyota", model = "Camry", year = 2020
- Output: make: "Toyota", model: "Camry", year: 2020

6. Given a JSON file with customer data, create a Customer class to store and manipulate the data.

Example Test Case:

- Input: JSON file content = { "name": "John Doe", "email": "john.doe@example.com" }
- Output: Customer(name="John Doe", email="john.doe@example.com")

7. Write a program that uses a Person class to keep track of a person's name, age, and address.

Example Test Case:

- **Input:** name = "John Doe", age = 30, address = "123 Main St"
 - **Output:** name: "John Doe", age: 30, address: "123 Main St"
8. **Implement a program that uses a Circle class to calculate the area and circumference of multiple circles.**
Example Test Case:
- **Input:** radius = 4
 - **Output:** area: 50.27, circumference: 25.13
9. **Given a CSV file with product details (name, price, quantity), create a Product class to manage the data.**
Example Test Case:
- **Input:** CSV file content = [["Laptop", 1000, 5], ["Phone", 500, 10]]
 - **Output:** Product(name="Laptop", price=1000, quantity=5), Product(name="Phone", price=500, quantity=10)
10. **Create a class to represent a Movie with attributes like title, director, and rating.**
Example Test Case:
- **Input:** title = "Inception", director = "Christopher Nolan", rating = 8.8
 - **Output:** title: "Inception", director: "Christopher Nolan", rating: 8.8

Class Hierarchies and Inheritance

1. **Create a base class Shape with methods to calculate area and perimeter, and derive classes Circle and Square.**
Example Test Case:
- **Input:** Circle(radius=4), Square(side=5)
 - **Output:** Circle area: 50.27, Circle perimeter: 25.13, Square area: 25, Square perimeter: 20
2. **Implement a class hierarchy to represent different types of employees (Manager, Engineer) with their attributes.**
Example Test Case:
- **Input:** Manager(name="John Doe", department="Sales"), Engineer(name="Jane Smith", field="Software")
 - **Output:** Manager: John Doe, Department: Sales, Engineer: Jane Smith, Field: Software
3. **Write a Python program that uses inheritance to represent a hierarchy of shapes (Triangle, Rectangle, etc.).**
Example Test Case:

- **Input:** `Triangle(base=5, height=3), Rectangle(length=4, width=2)`
 - **Output:** `Triangle area: 7.5, Rectangle area: 8`
4. **Create a class hierarchy to represent different types of animals (Bird, Fish) with their own attributes and methods.**
- Example Test Case:**
- **Input:** `Bird(name="Parrot", can_fly=True), Fish(name="Goldfish", can_swim=True)`
 - **Output:** `Bird: Parrot, Can Fly: True, Fish: Goldfish, Can Swim: True`
5. **Given a JSON file with product details (name, price, quantity), create a Product class with encapsulated attributes.**
- Example Test Case:**
- **Input:** `JSON file content = {"name": "Laptop", "price": 1000, "quantity": 5}`
 - **Output:** `Product(name="Laptop", price=1000, quantity=5)`
6. **Implement a program that uses inheritance to represent a hierarchy of vehicles (Car, Bike, Truck, etc.).**
- Example Test Case:**
- **Input:** `Car(make="Toyota", model="Camry"), Bike(make="Yamaha", model="MT-07")`
 - **Output:** `Car: Toyota Camry, Bike: Yamaha MT-07`
7. **Write a Python program that uses encapsulation to protect sensitive information in a User class.**
- Example Test Case:**
- **Input:** `User(username="john_doe", password="secure123")`
 - **Output:** `username: "john_doe", password: "*****"`

Assignment-2
Class Definition and Object Instantiation

1. Create a class **Library** with attributes like **name**, **address**, and a list of books. Implement methods to add and remove books.
 - Example Test Case:
 - Input: name = "City Library", address = "123 Main St", books = []
 - Method Calls: add_book("Book1"), add_book("Book2"), remove_book("Book1")
 - Output: name: "City Library", address: "123 Main St", books: ["Book2"]
2. Create a class **House** with attributes like **address**, **num_rooms**, and **price**. Implement a method to display the house details.
 - Example Test Case:
 - Input: address = "456 Elm St", num_rooms = 4, price = 350000
 - Method Call: display_details()
 - Output: address: "456 Elm St", num_rooms: 4, price: 350000

Instance Methods

3. Create a class **Book** with attributes **title**, **author**, and **price**. Implement a method **discount** to apply a discount to the book's price.
 - Example Test Case:
 - Input: title = "Python 101", author = "John Doe", price = 29.99
 - Method Call: discount(0.1)
 - Output: title: "Python 101", author: "John Doe", price: 26.99
4. Create a class **Restaurant** with attributes **name**, **cuisine_type**, and **rating**. Implement a method **update_rating** to change the restaurant's rating.
 - Example Test Case:
 - Input: name = "Sushi Place", cuisine_type = "Japanese", rating = 4.5
 - Method Call: update_rating(4.8)

- **Output:** name: "Sushi Place", cuisine_type: "Japanese", rating: 4.8

Class Variables

5. Create a class **School** with a class variable **total_students** and instance variables **name** and **students**. Implement a method to enroll students and update the total count.
 - **Example Test Case:**
 - **Input:** name = "Greenwood High", students = 300
 - **Method Call:** enroll_students(50)
 - **Output:** name: "Greenwood High", students: 350, total_students: 350
6. Create a class **Company** with a class variable **industry** and instance variables **name** and **num_employees**. Implement a method to update the number of employees.
 - **Example Test Case:**
 - **Input:** name = "TechCorp", num_employees = 200
 - **Method Call:** update_employees(220)
 - **Output:** name: "TechCorp", num_employees: 220, industry: "Technology"

Static Methods

7. Create a class **MathUtils** with a static method **is_prime** to check if a number is prime.
 - **Example Test Case:**
 - **Input:** number = 17
 - **Method Call:** is_prime(17)
 - **Output:** True
8. Create a class **TemperatureConverter** with a static method **celsius_to_fahrenheit** to convert Celsius to Fahrenheit.
 - **Example Test Case:**
 - **Input:** celsius = 25
 - **Method Call:** celsius_to_fahrenheit(25)
 - **Output:** 77.0

Inheritance

9. Create a base class **Employee** with attributes **name** and **salary**. Create a subclass **Developer** that adds an attribute **programming_language**.
 - Example Test Case:
 - Input: name = "Alice", salary = 70000, programming_language = "Python"
 - Output: name: "Alice", salary: 70000, programming_language: "Python"
10. Create a base class **Appliance** with a method **turn_on**. Create a subclass **WashingMachine** that overrides the **turn_on** method.
 - Example Test Case:
 - Input: Appliance.turn_on(), WashingMachine(model="LG").turn_on()
 - Output: "Appliance is turned on", "Washing Machine LG is turned on"

Encapsulation

11. Create a class **PrivateData** with private attributes **username** and **password**. Implement methods to get and set these attributes.
 - Example Test Case:
 - Input: username = "user1", password = "pass123"
 - Method Calls: get_username(), set_password("newpass123"), get_password()
 - Output: username: "user1", password: "newpass123"
12. Create a class **Account** with private attributes **account_number** and **balance**. Implement methods to deposit and withdraw money.
 - Example Test Case:
 - Input: account_number = "987654321", balance = 5000
 - Method Calls: deposit(1500), withdraw(2000), get_balance()
 - Output: account_number: "987654321", balance: 4500

Polymorphism

13. Create a function **operate_vehicle** that takes a vehicle object and calls its **move** method. Create classes **Car** and **Bike** that implement **move** differently.

- **Example Test Case:**
 - **Input:** `Car(model="Toyota").move(),`
`Bike(model="Yamaha").move()`
 - **Output:** "Toyota is driving", "Yamaha is riding"
- 14. Create a function **operate_device** that takes a device object and calls its **operate** method. Create classes **Laptop** and **Smartphone** that implement **operate** differently.
 - **Example Test Case:**
 - **Input:** `Laptop(model="Dell").operate(),`
`Smartphone(model="iPhone").operate()`
 - **Output:** "Dell is operating", "iPhone is operating"

Abstraction

15. Define an abstract class **Transport** with an abstract method **travel**. Create subclasses **Bus** and **Train** that implement the **travel** method.
 - **Example Test Case:**
 - **Input:** `Bus(route="10A").travel(),`
`Train(route="Express").travel()`
 - **Output:** "Bus 10A is traveling", "Train Express is traveling"
16. Define an abstract class **Payment** with an abstract method **process**. Create subclasses **CreditCard** and **PayPal** that implement the **process** method.
 - **Example Test Case:**
 - **Input:** `CreditCard(number="1234").process(),`
`PayPal(account="user@example.com").process()`
 - **Output:** "Processing credit card payment for 1234",
"Processing PayPal payment for user@example.com"