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Describing the UI

React is a JavaScript library for rendering user interfaces (UI). UI is built from small units like buttons, text, and images. React lets you combine them into reusable, nestable *components*. From web sites to phone apps, everything on the screen can be broken down into components. In this chapter, you'll learn to create, customize, and conditionally display React components.

In this chapter

- How to write your first React component
- · When and how to create multi-component files
- How to add markup to JavaScript with JSX
- How to use curly braces with JSX to access JavaScript functionality from your components
- How to configure components with props
- · How to conditionally render components
- · How to render multiple components at a time
- · How to avoid confusing bugs by keeping components pure
- Why understanding your UI as trees is useful

Your first component

React applications are built from isolated pieces of UI called *components*. A React component is a JavaScript function that you can sprinkle with markup. Components can be as small as a button, or as large as an entire page. Here is a Gallery component rendering three Profile components:

App.js

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```
1 function Profile() {
     return (
       src="https://i.imgur.com/MK3eW3As.jpg"
alt="Katherine Johnson"
 6
 7
    );
 8 }
 9
10 export default function Gallery() {
12 <section>
13 <h1>Amazing scientists</h1>
14 <Profile />
15
        <Profile />
       <Profile />
16
    </section>
17
    );
18
19 }
20
```

Amazing scientists







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Ready to learn this topic?

Read Your First Component to learn how to declare and use React components.

Gallery.js Profile.js 5 Reset ☑ Fork

Amazing scientists

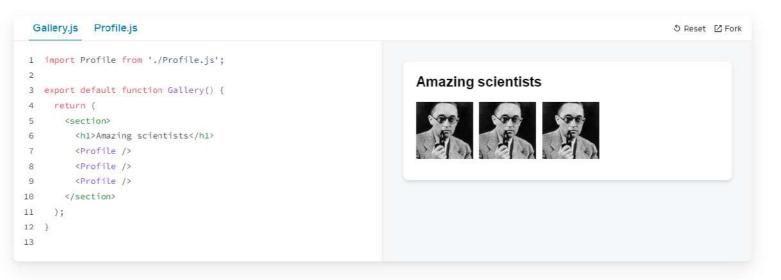






Importing and exporting components

You can declare many components in one file, but large files can get difficult to navigate. To solve this, you can export a component into its own file, and then *import* that component from another file:



Ready to learn this topic?

Read Importing and Exporting Components to learn how to split components into their own files.

Writing markup with JSX

Each React component is a JavaScript function that may contain some markup that React renders into the browser. React components use a syntax extension called JSX to represent that markup. JSX looks a lot like HTML, but it is a bit stricter and can display dynamic information.

If we paste existing HTML markup into a React component, it won't always work:



If you have existing HTML like this, you can fix it using a converter:

App.js ± Download 5 Reset ☑ Fork

```
1 export default function TodoList() {
   return (
       <h1>Hedy Lamarr's Todos</h1>
        src="https://i.imgur.com/yXOvdOSs.jpg"
6
        alt="Hedy Lamarr"
        className="photo"
8
      />
9
       10
        Invent new traffic lights
11
        Rehearse a movie scene
12
        Improve spectrum technology
15
     </>
16
   );
17 }
18
```

Hedy Lamarr's Todos



- · Invent new traffic lights
- · Rehearse a movie scene
- · Improve spectrum technology

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Ready to learn this topic?

Read Writing Markup with JSX to learn how to write valid JSX.

JavaScript in JSX with curly braces

App.js

JSX lets you write HTML-like markup inside a JavaScript file, keeping rendering logic and content in the same place. Sometimes you will want to add a little JavaScript logic or reference a dynamic property inside that markup. In this situation, you can use curly braces in your JSX to "open a window" to JavaScript:

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1 const person = { name: 'Gregorio Y. Zara', Gregorio Y. Zara's Todos theme: { backgroundColor: 'black', color: 'pink' 6 7 }; 8 Improve the videophone 9 export default function TodoList() { Prepare aeronautics lectures 10 return (· Work on the alcohol-fuelled engine <div style={person.theme}> 11 <h1>{person.name}'s Todos</h1> 12 13 className="avatar" 14 src="https://i.imgur.com/7vQD0fPs.jpg" 15 alt="Gregorio Y. Zara" 16 17 18 19 Improve the videophone 20 Prepare aeronautics lectures Vork on the alcohol-fuelled engine 21 22 </div> 24); 25 } 26

Ready to learn this topic?

Read JavaScript in JSX with Curly Braces to learn how to access JavaScript data from JSX.

Read More >

Passing props to a component

React components use *props* to communicate with each other. Every parent component can pass some information to its child components by giving them props. Props might remind you of HTML attributes, but you can pass any JavaScript value through them, including objects, arrays, functions, and even JSX!





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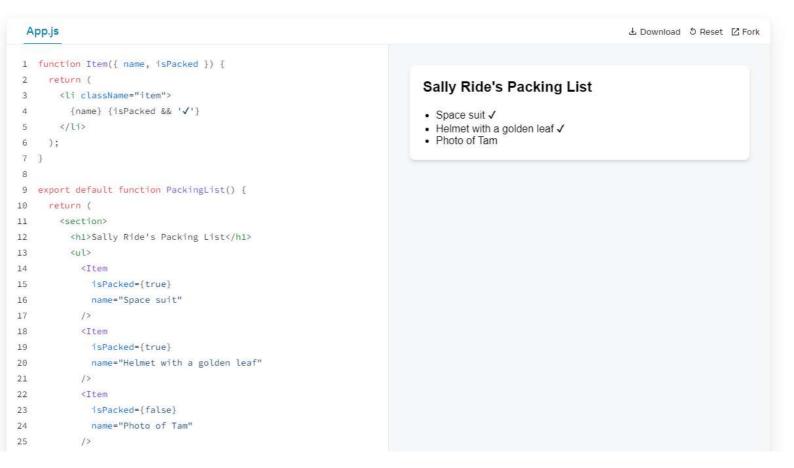
Ready to learn this topic?

Read Passing Props to a Component to learn how to pass and read props.

Conditional rendering

Your components will often need to display different things depending on different conditions. In React, you can conditionally render JSX using JavaScript syntax like if statements, &&, and ? : operators.

In this example, the JavaScript && operator is used to conditionally render a checkmark:



```
25 />
26 
27 </section>
28 );
29 }
```

Sally Ride's Packing List

- Space suit ✓
- Helmet with a golden leaf ✓
- Photo of Tam

▲ Show less

Ready to learn this topic?

Read Conditional Rendering to learn the different ways to render content conditionally.

Read More >

Rendering lists

You will often want to display multiple similar components from a collection of data. You can use JavaScript's filter() and map() with React to filter and transform your array of data into an array of components.

For each array item, you will need to specify a key . Usually, you will want to use an ID from the database as a key . Keys let React keep track of each item's place in the list even if the list changes.

App.js data.js utils.js 5 Reset 🖸 Fork

```
1 import { people } from './data.js';
   import { getImageUrl } from './utils.js';
2
3
   export default function List() {
     const listItems = people.map(person =>
       key={person.id}>
6
        <img
7
8
          src={getImageUrl(person)}
9
          alt={person.name}
10
        1>
11
12
          <b>{person.name}:</b>
          {' ' + person.profession + ' '}
13
14
          known for {person.accomplishment}
15
        16
       17
     );
18
     return (
19
      <article>
20
        <h1>Scientists</h1>
        {listItems}
21
      </article>
22
23
     );
24 }
25
```

Scientists











Creola Katherine Johnson: mathematician known for spaceflight calculations

Mario José Molina-Pasquel Henríquez: chemist known for discovery of Arctic ozone hole

Mohammad Abdus Salam: physicist known for electromagnetism theory

Percy Lavon Julian: chemist known for pioneering cortisone drugs, steroids and birth control pills

Subrahmanyan Chandrasekhar: astrophysicist known for white dwarf star mass calculations

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App.js data.js utils.js 5 Reset 🖸 Fork

```
id: 0,
     name: 'Creola Katherine Johnson',
    profession: 'mathematician',
     accomplishment: 'spaceflight calculations',
     imageId: 'MK3eW3A'
7 }, {
    id: 1.
9
    name: 'Mario José Molina-Pasquel Henríquez',
    profession: 'chemist',
    accomplishment: 'discovery of Arctic ozone hole',
11
    imageId: 'mynHUSa'
13 }, {
     id: 2,
    name: 'Mohammad Abdus Salam',
15
16 profession: 'physicist',
    accomplishment: 'electromagnetism theory',
    imageId: 'bE7W1ji'
18
19 }, {
20
    id: 3,
     name: 'Percy Lavon Julian',
21
22
    profession: 'chemist',
23 accomplishment: 'pioneering cortisone drugs, steroids and birth
    imageId: 'IOjWm71'
25 }, {
26
    id: 4,
27
     name: 'Subrahmanyan Chandrasekhar',
     profession: 'astrophysicist',
     accomplishment: 'white dwarf star mass calculations',
    imageId: 'lrWQx8l'
30
```

1 export const people = [{

31 }]; 32

Scientists











Creola Katherine Johnson: mathematician known for spaceflight calculations

Mario José Molina-Pasquel Henríquez: chemist known for discovery of Arctic ozone hole

Mohammad Abdus Salam: physicist known for electromagnetism theory

Percy Lavon Julian: chemist known for pioneering cortisone drugs, steroids and birth control pills

Subrahmanyan Chandrasekhar: astrophysicist known for white dwarf star mass calculations App.js data.js utils.js 5 Reset ☑ Fork

```
1 export function getImageUrl(person) {
2   return (
3   'https://i.imgur.com/' +
4   person.imageId +
5   's.jpg'
6  );
7 }
```

Scientists











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Ready to learn this topic?

Read Rendering Lists to learn how to render a list of components, and how to choose a key.



Keeping components pure

Some JavaScript functions are pure. A pure function:

- Minds its own business. It does not change any objects or variables that existed before it was called.
- Same inputs, same output. Given the same inputs, a pure function should always return the same result.

By strictly only writing your components as pure functions, you can avoid an entire class of baffling bugs and unpredictable behavior as your codebase grows. Here is an example of an impure component:

```
App.js

1 let guest = 0;
2
3 function Cup() {
4  // Bad: changing a preexisting variable!
5 guest = guest + 1;
6 return <h2>Tea cup for guest #4
Tea cup for guest #4
Tea cup for guest #6

Tea cup for guest #4
Tea cup for guest #6
```

You can make this component pure by passing a prop instead of modifying a preexisting variable:

```
App.js

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 1 function Cup({ guest }) {
    return <h2>Tea cup for guest #{guest}</h2>;
                                                                           Tea cup for guest #1
3 }
                                                                           Tea cup for guest #2
5 export default function TeaSet() {
                                                                           Tea cup for guest #3
6 return (
7
        <Cup guest={1} />
 8
9 <Cup guest={2} />
10 <Cup guest={3} />
11 </>
12 );
13 }
14
```

Ready to learn this topic?

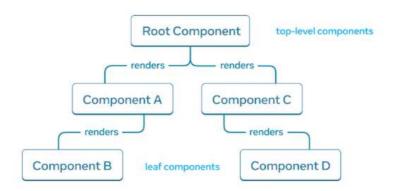
Read Keeping Components Pure to learn how to write components as pure, predictable functions.

Read More >

Your UI as a tree

React uses trees to model the relationships between components and modules.

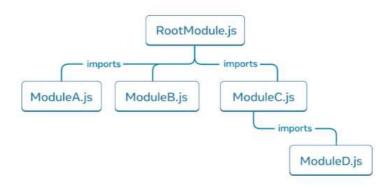
A React render tree is a representation of the parent and child relationship between components.



An example React render tree.

Components near the top of the tree, near the root component, are considered top-level components. Components with no child components are leaf components. This categorization of components is useful for understanding data flow and rendering performance.

Modelling the relationship between JavaScript modules is another useful way to understand your app. We refer to it as a module dependency tree.



An example module dependency tree.

A dependency tree is often used by build tools to bundle all the relevant JavaScript code for the client to download and render. A large bundle size regresses user experience for React apps. Understanding the module dependency tree is helpful to debug such issues.

Ready to learn this topic?

Read **Your UI as a Tree** to learn how to create a render and module dependency trees for a React app and how they're useful mental models for improving user experience and performance.

Read **Your UI as a Tree** to learn how to create a render and module dependency trees for a React app and how they're useful mental models for improving user experience and performance.

Read More >

What's next?

Head over to Your First Component to start reading this chapter page by page!

Or, if you're already familiar with these topics, why not read about Adding Interactivity?

NEXT

Your First Component