## Cardano.BM - benchmarking and logging

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## **Abstract**

This is a framework that combines logging, benchmarking and monitoring. Complex evaluations of STM or monadic actions can be observed from outside while reading operating system counters before and after, and calculating their differences, thus relating resource usage to such actions. Through interactive configuration, the runtime behaviour of logging or the measurement of resource usage can be altered. Further reduction in logging can be achieved by redirecting log messages to an aggregation function which will output the running statistics with less frequency than the original message.

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## Chapter 1

# Logging, benchmarking and monitoring

## 1.1 Overview

In figure 1.1 we display the relationships among modules in *Cardano.BM*. The arrows indicate import of a module. The arrows with a triangle at one end would signify "inheritance" in object-oriented programming, but we use it to show that one module replaces the other in the namespace, thus refines its interface.

## 1.2 Introduction

- 1.2.1 Logging with Trace
- 1.2.2 Setup procedure

Hierarchy of Traces

- 1.2.3 Measuring Observables
- 1.2.4 Information reduction in Aggregation
- 1.2.5 Output selection
- 1.2.6 Monitoring
- 1.3 Examples
- 1.3.1 Observing evaluation of a STM action
- 1.3.2 Observing evaluation of a monad action
- 1.3.3 Simple example showing plain logging

```
{-# LANGUAGE OverloadedStrings #-}

module Main
    (main)
    where

import Control.Concurrent (threadDelay)

import Cardano.BM.Configuration.Static (defaultConfigStdout)
```

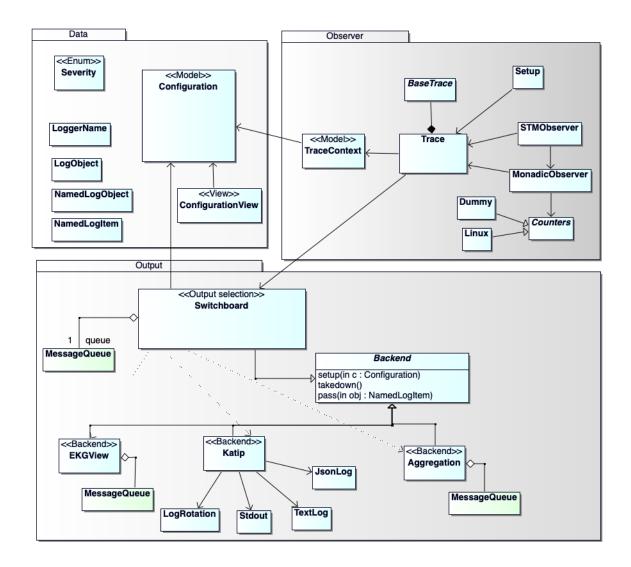


Figure 1.1: Overview of module relationships

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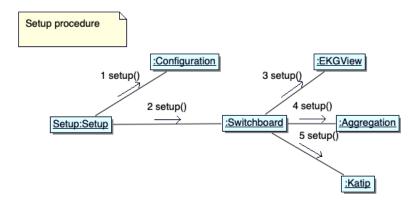


Figure 1.2: Setup procedure

return ()

# 1.3.4 Complex example showing logging, aggregation of log items, and observing *IO* actions

## Module header and import directives

```
{-# LANGUAGE OverloadedStrings #-}
module Main
  (main)
  where
import Control.Concurrent (threadDelay)
import qualified Control.Concurrent.Async as Async
import Control.Monad (forM, forM_)
import GHC.Conc.Sync (STM, TVar, atomically, newTVar, readTVar, writeTVar)
import Data.Text (pack)
import System.Random
import qualified Cardano.BM.Configuration.Model as CM
import Cardano.BM.Data.Aggregated (Measurable (...))
import Cardano.BM.Data.AggregatedKind
import Cardano.BM.Data.BackendKind
import Cardano.BM.Data.LogItem
import Cardano.BM.Data.Observable
import Cardano.BM.Data.Output
import Cardano.BM.Data.Severity
import Cardano.BM.Data.SubTrace
import Cardano.BM.Observer.Monadic (bracketObserveIO)
import qualified Cardano.BM.Observer.STM as STM
import Cardano.BM.Setup
import Cardano.BM.Trace
```

## Define configuration

The output can be viewed in EKG on <a href="http://localhost:12789">http://localhost:12789</a>.

```
config:: IO CM.Configuration
config = do
  c \leftarrow CM.empty
  CM.setMinSeverity c Debug
  CM.setSetupBackends c [KatipBK, AggregationBK, EKGViewBK]
  CM.setDefaultBackends c [KatipBK]
  CM.setSetupScribes c [ScribeDefinition {
      scName = "stdout"
      .scKind = StdoutSK
      , scRotation = Nothing
    ,ScribeDefinition {
      scName = "out.odd.json"
      ,scKind = FileJsonSK
      , scRotation = Nothing
    ,ScribeDefinition {
      scName = "out.even.json"
      scKind = FileIsonSK
      , scRotation = Nothing
    ,ScribeDefinition {
      scName = "out.txt"
      ,scKind = FileTextSK
      , scRotation = Nothing
  CM.setDefaultScribes c [ "StdoutSK::stdout" ]
  CM.setScribes c "complex.random" (Just ["StdoutSK::stdout", "FileTextSK::out.txt"])
  CM.setScribes c "#aggregated.complex.random" (Just [ "StdoutSK::stdout" ])
  for M_{-}[(1::Int)...10] $ \lambda x \rightarrow
    if odd x
    then
       CM.setScribes\ c\ ("\#aggregation.complex.observeSTM." <> (pack <math>\$show\ x)) \$Just\ ["FileJsonSK::output]
    else
       CM.setScribes\ c\ ("\#aggregation.complex.observeSTM." <> (pack <math>\$ show\ x)) \$ Just\ ["FileJsonSK::ou
  CM.setSubTrace c "complex.random" (Just $ TeeTrace "ewma")
  CM.setSubTrace c "#ekgview"
    (Just $ FilterTrace [(Drop (StartsWith "#ekgview.#aggregation.complex.random"),
         Unhide [(EndsWith ".count"),
           (EndsWith ".avg"),
           (EndsWith ".mean")]),
      (Drop (StartsWith "#ekgview.#aggregation.complex.observeIO"),
         Unhide [(Contains "diff.RTS.cpuNs.timed.")]),
```

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```
(Drop (StartsWith "#ekgview.#aggregation.complex.observeSTM"),
      Unhide [(Contains "diff.RTS.gcNum.timed.")]),
    (Drop (StartsWith "#ekgview.#aggregation.complex.message"),
      Unhide [(Contains ".timed.m")])
    1)
CM.setSubTrace c "complex.observeI0" (Just $ ObservableTrace [GhcRtsStats, MemoryStats])
for M_{-}[(1::Int)...10] $ \lambda x \rightarrow
  CM.setSubTrace
    С
    ("complex.observeSTM." <> (pack \$ show x))
    (Just $ ObservableTrace [GhcRtsStats, MemoryStats])
CM.setBackends c "complex.message" (Just [AggregationBK, KatipBK])
CM.setBackends c "complex.random" (Just [AggregationBK, KatipBK])
CM.setBackends c "complex.random.ewma" (Just [AggregationBK])
CM.setBackends c "complex.observeI0" (Just [AggregationBK])
for M_{-}[(1::Int)...10] $ \lambda x \rightarrow \mathbf{do}
  CM.setBackends c
    ("complex.observeSTM." <> (pack \$ show x))
    (Just [AggregationBK])
  CM.setBackends c
    ("#aggregation.complex.observeSTM." <> (pack <math>\$ show x))
    (Just [EKGViewBK])
CM.setAggregatedKind c "complex.random.rr" (Just StatsAK)
CM.setAggregatedKind c "complex.random.ewma.rr" (Just (EwmaAK 0.42))
CM.setBackends c "#aggregation.complex.message" (Just [EKGViewBK])
CM.setBackends c "#aggregation.complex.observeI0" (Just [EKGViewBK])
CM.setBackends c "#aggregation.complex.random" (Just [EKGViewBK])
CM.setBackends c "#aggregation.complex.random.ewma" (Just [EKGViewBK])
CM.setEKGport c 12789
return c
```

## Thread that outputs a random number to a Trace

```
randomThr:: Trace IO \rightarrow IO (Async.Async ())
randomThr trace = do

logInfo trace "starting random generator"

trace' \leftarrow subTrace "random" trace

proc \leftarrow Async.async (loop trace')

return proc

where

loop tr = do

threadDelay 500000 - 0.5 second

num \leftarrow randomRIO (42 - 42, 42 + 42):: IO Double

lo \leftarrow LogObject < $> mkLOMeta < *> pure (LogValue "rr" (PureD num))

traceNamedObject tr lo

loop tr
```

#### Thread that observes an IO action

```
observeIO:: Trace IO \rightarrow IO (Async.Async ())
observeIO trace = do
logInfo trace "starting observer"
proc \leftarrow Async.async (loop trace)
return proc
where
loop tr = do
threadDelay 5000000-5 seconds
-\leftarrow bracketObserveIO tr "observeIO" $do
num \leftarrow randomRIO (100000, 200000):: IO Int
ls \leftarrow return $reverse $init $reverse $42: [1..num]
pure $const ls ()
```

Thread that observes an IO action which downloads a txt in order to observe the I/O statistics

disabled for now! on Mac OSX this function was blocking all IO.

```
observeDownload :: \textbf{Trace } IO \rightarrow IO \ () observeDownload \ trace = loop \ trace \textbf{where} loop \ tr = \textbf{do} threadDelay \ 10000000-- \ 10 \ \text{seconds} tr' \leftarrow \textbf{appendName} \ "observeDownload" \ tr \textbf{bracketObserveIO} \ tr' \ " \ " \ $\textbf{do} license \leftarrow openURI \ "http://www.gnu.org/licenses/gpl.txt" \textbf{case} \ license \ \textbf{of} Right \ bs \rightarrow \textbf{logNotice} \ tr' \ $pack \ $take \ 100 \ $BS8.unpack \ bs Left \ \_ \rightarrow return \ () threadDelay \ 500000-- \ .5 \ \text{second} pure \ () loop \ tr
```

## Threads that observe STM actions on the same TVar

```
observeSTM:: Trace IO \rightarrow IO [Async.Async ()] observeSTM trace = \mathbf{do} logInfo trace "starting STM observer" tvar \leftarrow atomically newTVar ([1..1000]:: [Int]) -- spawn 10 threads proc \leftarrow forM [(1::Int)..10] \lambda x \rightarrow Async.async (loop trace tvar (pack new x)) return proc where loop tr tvarlist name = new x0
```

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```
threadDelay 10000000-- 10 seconds STM.bracketObserveIO tr ("observeSTM." <> name) (stmAction tvarlist) loop tr tvarlist name stmAction :: TVar [Int] \rightarrow STM \ () stmAction tvarlist = \mathbf{do} list \leftarrow readTVar tvarlist writeTVar tvarlist $ reverse $ list pure ()
```

## Thread that periodically outputs a message

```
msgThr:: Trace\ IO 	o IO\ (Async.Async\ ())
msgThr\ trace = do
logInfo\ trace\ "start\ messaging\ .."
trace' \leftarrow subTrace\ "message"\ trace
Async.async\ (loop\ trace')
where
loop\ tr = do
threadDelay\ 3000000--\ 3\ seconds
logNotice\ tr\ "N\ 0\ T\ I\ F\ I\ C\ A\ T\ I\ 0\ N\ !\ !\ !"
logDebug\ tr\ "a\ detailed\ debug\ message."
logError\ tr\ "Boooommm\ .."
```

## Main entry point

```
main :: IO ()
main = do
  -- create configuration
  c \leftarrow config
  -- create initial top-level Trace
  tr \leftarrow \mathbf{setupTrace} (Right c) "complex"
  logNotice tr "starting program; hit CTRL-C to terminate"
  logInfo tr "watch its progress on http://localhost:12789"
   {-start thread sending unbounded sequence of random numbers to a trace which aggregates them into
  procRandom \leftarrow randomThr tr
  -- start thread endlessly reversing lists of random length
  procObsvIO \leftarrow observeIO tr
  -- start threads endlessly observing STM actions operating on the same TVar
  procObsvSTMs \leftarrow observeSTM \ tr
  -- start a thread to output a text messages every n seconds
  procMsg \leftarrow msgThr\ tr
  -- wait for message thread to finish, ignoring any exception
```

```
_ ← Async.waitCatch procMsg
-- wait for observer thread to finish, ignoring any exception
_ ← forM procObsvSTMs Async.waitCatch
-- wait for observer thread to finish, ignoring any exception
_ ← Async.waitCatch procObsvIO
-- wait for random thread to finish, ignoring any exception
_ ← Async.waitCatch procRandom
return()
```

## 1.4 Code listings

#### 1.4.1 Cardano.BM.Observer.STM

```
stmWithLog :: STM.STM (t, [LogObject]) \rightarrow STM.STM (t, [LogObject]) 
stmWithLog \ action = action
```

#### Observe STM action in a named context

 $\_ \rightarrow pure ()$ 

pure t

With given name, create a SubTrace according to Configuration and run the passed STM action on it.

```
bracketObserveIO:: Trace IO \rightarrow Text \rightarrow STM.STM \ t \rightarrow IO \ t
bracketObserveIO logTrace0 name action = do
     logTrace ← subTrace name logTrace0
     let subtrace = typeofTrace logTrace
     bracketObserveIO' subtrace logTrace action
  where
     bracketObserveIO' :: SubTrace \rightarrow Trace IO \rightarrow STM.STM t \rightarrow IO t
     bracketObserveIO' NoTrace _ act =
       STM.atomically act
     bracketObserveIO' subtrace logTrace act = \mathbf{do}
       mCountersid \leftarrow observeOpen subtrace logTrace
       -- run action; if an exception is caught will be logged and rethrown.
       t \leftarrow (STM.atomically\ act)' (catch' (\lambda(e :: SomeException) \rightarrow (logError\ logTrace\ (pack\ (show\ e)) \gg throwM\ e'
       case mCountersid of
          Left openException \rightarrow
            -- since observeOpen faced an exception there is no reason to call observeClose
            -- however the result of the action is returned
            logNotice logTrace ("ObserveOpen: " <> pack (show openException))
          Right countersid \rightarrow do
            res \leftarrow observeClose subtrace logTrace countersid []
            case res of
               Left ex \rightarrow logNotice \ logTrace \ ("ObserveClose: " <> pack \ (show \ ex))
```

## Observe STM action in a named context and output captured log items

The *STM* action might output messages, which after "success" will be forwarded to the logging trace. Otherwise, this function behaves the same as Observe *STM* action in a named context.

```
bracketObserveLogIO :: Trace IO \rightarrow Text \rightarrow STM.STM (t, [LogObject]) \rightarrow IO t
bracketObserveLogIO logTrace0 name action = do
     logTrace \leftarrow subTrace name logTrace0
     let subtrace = typeofTrace logTrace
     bracketObserveLogIO' subtrace logTrace action
  where
     bracketObserveLogIO' :: SubTrace \rightarrow Trace IO \rightarrow STM.STM (t, [LogObject]) \rightarrow IO t
     bracketObserveLogIO' NoTrace \_ act = do
       (t, \_) \leftarrow STM.atomically \$ stmWithLog act
       pure t
     bracketObserveLogIO' subtrace\ logTrace\ act = \mathbf{do}
       mCountersid \leftarrow observeOpen subtrace logTrace
        -- run action, return result and log items; if an exception is
       -- caught will be logged and rethrown.
       (t, as) \leftarrow (STM.atomically \$ stmWithLog act) `catch`
            (\lambda(e :: SomeException) \rightarrow (logError logTrace (pack (show e)) \gg throwM e))
       case mCountersid of
          Left openException \rightarrow
            -- since observeOpen faced an exception there is no reason to call observeClose
            -- however the result of the action is returned
            logNotice logTrace ("ObserveOpen: " <> pack (show openException))
          Right countersid \rightarrow do
            res \leftarrow observeClose subtrace logTrace countersid as
               Left ex \rightarrow logNotice logTrace ("ObserveClose: " <> pack (show ex))
               \_ \rightarrow pure ()
       pure t
```

## 1.4.2 Cardano.BM.Observer.Monadic

#### Monadic.bracketObserverIO

Observes an *IO* action and adds a name to the logger name of the passed in Trace. An empty *Text* leaves the logger name untouched.

Microbenchmarking steps:

1. Create a *trace* which will have been configured to observe things besides logging.

```
import qualified Cardano.BM.Configuration.Model as CM \circ \circ \circ c \leftarrow config trace@(ctx, \_) \leftarrow setupTrace (Right c) "demo-playground"
```

```
where
  config :: IO CM.Configuration
  config = do
     c ← CM.empty
     CM.setMinSeverity c Debug
     CM.setSetupBackends c [KatipBK, AggregationBK]
     CM.setDefaultBackends c [KatipBK, AggregationBK]
     CM.setSetupScribes c [ScribeDefinition {
        scName = "stdout"
        ,scKind = StdoutSK
        ,scRotation = Nothing
     }
     ]
     CM.setDefaultScribes c ["StdoutSK::stdout"]
     return c
```

2. *c* is the Configuration of *trace*. In order to enable the collection and processing of measurements (min, max, mean, std-dev) *AggregationBK* is needed.

```
CM.setDefaultBackends c [KatipBK, AggregationBK]
```

in a configuration file (YAML) means

```
defaultBackends:
– KatipBK
– AggregationBK
```

3. Set the measurements that you want to take by changing the configuration of the *trace* using *setSubTrace*, in order to declare the namespace where we want to enable the particular measurements and the list with the kind of measurements.

```
CM.setSubTrace
    (configuration ctx)
    "demo-playground.submit-tx"
    (Just $ ObservableTrace observablesSet)
    where
        observablesSet = [MonotonicClock, MemoryStats]

4. Find an action to measure. e.g.:
    runProtocolWithPipe x hdl proto 'catch' (λProtocolStopped → return ())

and use bracketObserveIO. e.g.:
    bracketObserveIO trace "submit-tx" $
        runProtocolWithPipe x hdl proto 'catch' (λProtocolStopped → return ())

------

bracketObserveIO :: Trace IO → Text → IO t → IO t
    bracketObserveIO logTraceO name action = do
```

```
logTrace \leftarrow subTrace name logTrace0
  bracketObserveIO' (typeofTrace logTrace) logTrace action
where
  bracketObserveIO' :: SubTrace \rightarrow Trace IO \rightarrow IO t \rightarrow IO t
  bracketObserveIO' NoTrace _ act = act
  bracketObserveIO' subtrace logTrace act = \mathbf{do}
     mCountersid \leftarrow observeOpen subtrace logTrace
     -- run action; if an exception is caught will be logged and rethrown.
     t \leftarrow act' catch' (\lambda(e :: SomeException) \rightarrow (logError logTrace (pack (show e)) \gg throwM e))
     case mCountersid of
       Left openException \rightarrow
          -- since observeOpen faced an exception there is no reason to call observeClose
          -- however the result of the action is returned
          logNotice logTrace ("ObserveOpen: " <> pack (show openException))
       Right countersid \rightarrow do
          res \leftarrow observeClose subtrace logTrace countersid []
          case res of
            Left ex \rightarrow logNotice logTrace ("ObserveClose: " <> pack (show ex))
            \_ \rightarrow pure ()
    pure t
```

#### Monadic.bracketObserverM

Observes a *MonadIO*  $m \Rightarrow m$  action and adds a name to the logger name of the passed in Trace. An empty *Text* leaves the logger name untouched.

```
bracketObserveM :: (MonadCatch\ m, MonadIO\ m) \Rightarrow Trace IO \rightarrow Text \rightarrow m\ t \rightarrow m\ t
bracketObserveM\ logTraceO\ name\ action = \mathbf{do}
     logTrace \leftarrow liftIO \$ subTrace name logTrace0
     bracketObserveM' (typeofTrace logTrace) logTrace action
  where
     bracketObserveM' :: (MonadCatch m, MonadIO m) \Rightarrow SubTrace \rightarrow Trace IO \rightarrow m t \rightarrow m t
     bracketObserveM' NoTrace _ act = act
     bracketObserveM' subtrace logTrace act = \mathbf{do}
       mCountersid \leftarrow liftIO \$ observeOpen subtrace logTrace
        -- run action; if an exception is caught will be logged and rethrown.
       t \leftarrow act'catch'
          (\lambda(e :: SomeException) \rightarrow (liftIO (logError logTrace (pack (show e)) \gg throwM e)))
       case mCountersid of
          Left openException \rightarrow
             -- since observeOpen faced an exception there is no reason to call observeClose
             -- however the result of the action is returned
             liftIO $ logNotice logTrace ("ObserveOpen: " <> pack (show openException))
          Right countersid \rightarrow do
             res \leftarrow liftIO \$ observeClose subtrace logTrace countersid []
             case res of
               Left ex \rightarrow liftIO (logNotice logTrace ("ObserveClose: "<> pack (show ex)))
```

```
_{-} \rightarrow pure ()
```

## observerOpen

```
observeOpen :: SubTrace → Trace IO → IO (Either SomeException CounterState)
observeOpen subtrace logTrace = (do
identifier ← newUnique
-- take measurement
counters ← readCounters subtrace
let state = CounterState identifier counters
if counters ≡ []
then return ()
else do
-- send opening message to Trace
traceNamedObject logTrace ≠
LogObject < $ > mkLOMeta < * > pure (ObserveOpen state)
return (Right state)) 'catch' (return o Left)
```

#### observeClose

```
observeClose :: SubTrace \rightarrow Trace IO \rightarrow CounterState \rightarrow [LogObject] \rightarrow IO (Either SomeException ())
observeClose subtrace logTrace initState logObjects = (do
  let identifier = csIdentifier initState
    initialCounters = csCounters initState
  -- take measurement
  counters \leftarrow readCounters subtrace
  if counters \equiv []
  then return ()
  else do
    mle \leftarrow mkLOMeta
     -- send closing message to Trace
    traceNamedObject logTrace$
       LogObject mle (ObserveClose (CounterState identifier counters))
     -- send diff message to Trace
    traceNamedObject logTrace$
       LogObject mle (ObserveDiff (CounterState identifier (diffCounters initialCounters counters)))
  -- trace the messages gathered from inside the action
  forM_logObjects $ traceNamedObject logTrace
  return (Right ())) 'catch' (return ∘ Left)
```

## 1.4.3 BaseTrace

#### Contravariant

A covariant is a functor:  $F A \rightarrow F B$ A contravariant is a functor:  $F B \rightarrow F A$ 

*Op a b* implements the inverse to 'arrow' " $getOp :: b \to a$ ", which when applied to a BaseTrace of type "Op (m ()) s", yields " $s \to m ()$ ". In our case, Op accepts an action in a monad m with input type LogNamed LogObject (see 'Trace').

```
newtype BaseTrace m s = BaseTrace \{runTrace :: Op (m ()) s\}
```

## contramap

A covariant functor defines the function "fmap ::  $(a \to b) \to f$   $a \to f$  b". In case of a contravariant functor, it is the dual function "contramap ::  $(a \to b) \to f$   $b \to f$  a" which is defined.

In the following instance, runTrace extracts type "Op (m()) s" to which contramap applies f, thus " $f s \rightarrow m()$ ". The constructor BaseTrace restores "Op (m()) (f s)".

```
instance Contravariant (BaseTrace m) where contramap f = BaseTrace \circ contramap f \circ runTrace
```

#### traceWith

Accepts a Trace and some payload s. First it gets the contravariant from the Trace as type "Op (m ()) s" and, after " $getOp::b \rightarrow a$ " which translates to " $s \rightarrow m ()$ ", calls the action on the LogNamed LogObject.

```
traceWith :: BaseTrace m s \rightarrow s \rightarrow m ()
traceWith = getOp \circ runTrace
```

#### natTrace

Natural transformation from monad *m* to monad *n*.

```
natTrace :: (forall\ x \circ m\ x \to n\ x) \to BaseTrace\ m\ s \to BaseTrace\ n\ s

natTrace nat (BaseTrace (Op\ tr)) = BaseTrace \ Op\ \ nat \circ tr
```

#### noTrace

A Trace that discards all inputs.

```
noTrace :: Applicative m \Rightarrow BaseTrace m a
noTrace = BaseTrace $ Op $ const (pure ())
```

## 1.4.4 Cardano.BM.Trace

#### Utilities

Natural transformation from monad m to monad n.

```
natTrace :: (forall \ x \circ m \ x \to n \ x) \to Trace \ m \to Trace \ n

natTrace nat \ (ctx, trace) = (ctx, BaseTrace.natTrace \ nat \ trace)
```

```
Access type of Trace.

typeofTrace :: Trace m \to \text{SubTrace}

typeofTrace (ctx, \_) = \text{tracetype } ctx

Update type of Trace.

updateTracetype :: SubTrace \to Trace m \to Trace m

updateTracetype subtr(ctx, tr) = (ctx \{ \text{tracetype} = subtr \}, tr)
```

#### Enter new named context

The context name is created and checked that its size is below a limit (currently 80 chars). The minimum severity that a log message must be labelled with is looked up in the configuration and recalculated.

```
appendName :: MonadIO m ⇒ LoggerName → Trace m → m (Trace m)
appendName name (ctx, trace) = do
let prevLoggerName = loggerName ctx
    prevMinSeverity = minSeverity ctx
    newLoggerName = appendWithDot prevLoggerName name
    globMinSeverity ← liftIO $ Config.minSeverity (configuration ctx)
    namedSeverity ← liftIO $ Config.inspectSeverity (configuration ctx) newLoggerName
    case namedSeverity of
    Nothing → return (ctx {loggerName = newLoggerName}, trace)
    Just sev → return (ctx {loggerName = newLoggerName
        ,minSeverity = max (max sev prevMinSeverity) globMinSeverity}
        ,trace)
appendWithDot :: LoggerName → LoggerName → LoggerName
appendWithDot :: LoggerName = T.take 80 newName
appendWithDot xs "" = xs
appendWithDot xs newName = T.take 80 $ xs <> " . " <> newName
```

#### Contramap a trace and produce the naming context

```
named :: BaseTrace.BaseTrace \ m \ (LogNamed \ i) \rightarrow LoggerName \rightarrow BaseTrace.BaseTrace \ m \ i
named \ trace \ name = contramap \ (LogNamed \ name) \ trace
```

## Trace a LogObject through

```
traceNamedObject
:: MonadIO m

⇒ Trace m

→ LogObject

→ m ()
traceNamedObject trace@(ctx,logTrace) lo@(LogObject _ lc) = do
```

#### **Evaluation of FilterTrace**

A filter consists of a *DropName* and a list of *UnhideNames*. If the context name matches the *DropName* filter, then at least one of the *UnhideNames* must match the name to have the evaluation of the filters return *True*.

```
evalFilters :: [(DropName, UnhideNames)] \rightarrow LoggerName \rightarrow Bool evalFilters fs \ nm = all \ (\lambda(no, yes) \rightarrow if \ (dropFilter \ nm \ no) \ then \ (unhideFilter \ nm \ yes) \ else \ True) \ fs where dropFilter :: LoggerName \rightarrow DropName \rightarrow Bool dropFilter \ name \ (Drop \ sel) = \ \{-not \ -\} \ (matchName \ name \ sel) unhideFilter :: LoggerName \rightarrow UnhideNames \rightarrow Bool unhideFilter :: LoggerName \rightarrow UnhideNames \rightarrow Bool unhideFilter \ name \ (Unhide \ []) = False unhideFilter \ name \ (Unhide \ us) = any \ (\lambda sel \rightarrow matchName \ name \ sel) \ us matchName \ name \ (Exact \ name') = name \ = name' matchName \ name \ (Exact \ name') = name \ = name' matchName \ name \ (EndsWith \ postfix) = T.isPrefixOf \ postfix \ name matchName \ name \ (Contains \ name') = T.isInfixOf \ name' \ name'
```

## **Concrete Trace on stdout**

This function returns a trace with an action of type "(LogNamed LogObject)  $\rightarrow$  *IO* ()" which will output a text message as text and all others as JSON encoded representation to the console.

## TODO remove locallock

```
locallock :: MVar ()
locallock = unsafePerformIO $ newMVar ()
```

```
stdoutTrace :: TraceNamed IO

stdoutTrace = BaseTrace.BaseTrace \$ Op \$ \lambda(LogNamed logname (LogObject \_ lc)) \rightarrow withMVar locallock \$ \setminus \_ \rightarrow case lc of (LogMessage logItem) \rightarrow output logname \$ liPayload logItem obj \rightarrow output logname \$ toStrict (encodeToLazyText obj) where output nm msg = TIO.putStrLn \$ nm <> " :: " <> <math>msg
```

### Concrete Trace into a TVar

```
traceInTVar::STM.TVar\ [a] 
ightarrow BaseTrace.BaseTrace STM.STM\ a
traceInTVar\ tvar = BaseTrace.BaseTrace \$\ Op\ \$\ \lambda a 
ightarrow STM.modifyTVar\ tvar\ ((:)\ a)
traceInTVarIO::STM.TVar\ [LogObject] 
ightarrow TraceNamed\ IO
traceInTVarIO\ tvar = BaseTrace.BaseTrace\ \$\ Op\ \$\ \lambda ln\ 
ightarrow STM.atomically\ \$\ STM.modifyTVar\ tvar\ ((:)\ (lnItem\ ln))
traceNamedInTVarIO::STM.TVar\ [LogNamed\ LogObject] 
ightarrow TraceNamed\ IO
traceNamedInTVarIO\ tvar = BaseTrace.BaseTrace\ \$\ Op\ \$\ \lambda ln\ 
ightarrow STM.atomically\ \$\ STM.modifyTVar\ tvar\ ((:)\ ln)
```

#### Check a log item's severity against the Trace's minimum severity

## do we need three different minSeverity defined?

We do a lookup of the global minSeverity in the configuration. And, a lookup of the minSeverity for the current named context. These values might have changed in the meanwhile. A third filter is the minSeverity defined in the current context.

```
traceConditionally

:: MonadIO m

⇒ Trace m

→ LogObject

→ m ()

traceConditionally logTrace@(ctx, _) msg@(LogObject _ (LogMessage item)) = do

globminsev ← liftIO $ Config.minSeverity (configuration ctx)

globnamesev ← liftIO $ Config.inspectSeverity (configuration ctx) (loggerName ctx)

let minsev = max (minSeverity ctx) $ max globminsev (fromMaybe Debug globnamesev)

flag = (liSeverity item) ≥ minsev

when flag $ traceNamedObject logTrace msg

traceConditionally logTrace logObject =

traceNamedObject logTrace logObject
```

#### Enter message into a trace

The function traceNamedItem creates a LogObject and threads this through the action defined in the Trace.

```
traceNamedItem

:: MonadIO m

⇒ Trace m

→ LogSelection

→ Severity

→ T.Text

→ m ()

traceNamedItem trace p s m =

traceConditionally trace =≪

LogObject < $ > liftIO mkLOMeta

<*> pure (LogMessage LogItem {liSelection = p

, liSeverity = s

, liPayload = m

})
```

## Logging functions

```
logDebug, logInfo, logNotice, logWarning, logError, logCritical, logAlert, logEmergency
   :: MonadIO m \Rightarrow \text{Trace } m \rightarrow T.\text{Text} \rightarrow m ()
logDebug logTrace = traceNamedItem logTrace Both Debug
            logTrace = traceNamedItem logTrace Both Info
logInfo
logNotice logTrace = traceNamedItem logTrace Both Notice
logWarning logTrace = traceNamedItem logTrace Both Warning
            logTrace = traceNamedItem logTrace Both Error
logCritical logTrace = traceNamedItem logTrace Both Critical
logAlert
            logTrace = traceNamedItem logTrace Both Alert
logEmergency logTrace = traceNamedItem logTrace Both Emergency
logDebugS, logInfoS, logNoticeS, logWarningS, logErrorS, logCriticalS, logAlertS, logEmergencyS
   :: MonadIO m \Rightarrow \text{Trace } m \rightarrow T.\text{Text} \rightarrow m ()
logDebugS
              logTrace = traceNamedItem logTrace Private Debug
logInfoS
              logTrace = traceNamedItem logTrace Private Info
logNoticeS
              logTrace = traceNamedItem logTrace Private Notice
logWarningS logTrace = traceNamedItem logTrace Private Warning
logErrorS
              logTrace = traceNamedItem logTrace Private Error
logCriticalS logTrace = traceNamedItem logTrace Private Critical
logAlertS
              logTrace = traceNamedItem logTrace Private Alert
logEmergencyS logTrace = traceNamedItem logTrace Private Emergency
logDebugP,logInfoP,logNoticeP,logWarningP,logErrorP,logCriticalP,logAlertP,logEmergencyP
   :: MonadIO m \Rightarrow \text{Trace } m \rightarrow T.\text{Text} \rightarrow m ()
logDebugP
              logTrace = traceNamedItem logTrace Public Debug
logInfoP
              logTrace = traceNamedItem logTrace Public Info
              logTrace = traceNamedItem logTrace Public Notice
logNoticeP
```

```
logWarningP logTrace = traceNamedItem logTrace Public Warning
             logTrace = traceNamedItem logTrace Public Error
logErrorP
logCriticalP logTrace = traceNamedItem logTrace Public Critical
logAlertP
             logTrace = traceNamedItem logTrace Public Alert
logEmergencyP logTrace = traceNamedItem logTrace Public Emergency
logDebugUnsafeP,logInfoUnsafeP,logNoticeUnsafeP,logWarningUnsafeP,logErrorUnsafeP,
  logCriticalUnsafeP, logAlertUnsafeP, logEmergencyUnsafeP
  :: MonadIO m \Rightarrow \text{Trace } m \rightarrow T.\text{Text} \rightarrow m ()
logDebugUnsafeP logTrace = traceNamedItem logTrace PublicUnsafe Debug
logInfoUnsafeP
                   logTrace = traceNamedItem logTrace PublicUnsafe Info
logNoticeUnsafeP
                   logTrace = traceNamedItem logTrace PublicUnsafe Notice
logWarningUnsafeP logTrace = traceNamedItem logTrace PublicUnsafe Warning
logErrorUnsafeP
                   logTrace = traceNamedItem logTrace PublicUnsafe Error
logCriticalUnsafeP logTrace = traceNamedItem logTrace PublicUnsafe Critical
logAlertUnsafeP
                   logTrace = traceNamedItem logTrace PublicUnsafe Alert
logEmergencyUnsafeP logTrace = traceNamedItem logTrace PublicUnsafe Emergency
```

#### subTrace

Transforms the input Trace according to the Configuration using the logger name of the current Trace appended with the new name. If the empty *Text* is passed, then the logger name remains untouched.

```
subTrace :: MonadIO m \Rightarrow T.Text \rightarrow Trace m \rightarrow m (Trace m)
subTrace name tr@(ctx, \_) = \mathbf{do}
   let newName = appendWithDot (loggerName ctx) name
   subtrace0 \leftarrow liftIO \$ Config.findSubTrace (configuration ctx) newName
  let subtrace = \mathbf{case} \ subtrace 0 \ \mathbf{of} \ Nothing \rightarrow \mathbf{Neutral}; Just \ str \rightarrow str
   case subtrace of
     Neutral
                       \rightarrow do
                          tr' \leftarrow appendName name tr
                          return $ updateTracetype subtrace tr'
     UntimedTrace \rightarrow do
                          tr' \leftarrow appendName name tr
                          return $ updateTracetype subtrace tr'
     TeeTrace _
                       \rightarrow do
                          tr' \leftarrow appendName name tr
                          return $ updateTracetype subtrace tr'
     FilterTrace _ → do
                          tr' \leftarrow appendName name tr
                          return $ updateTracetype subtrace tr'
     NoTrace
                        \rightarrow return $ updateTracetype subtrace (ctx, BaseTrace.BaseTrace $ Op $ \_ \rightarrow pure ())
     DropOpening \rightarrow return $ updateTracetype subtrace (ctx, BaseTrace.BaseTrace $ Op $
                          \lambda(LogNamed \_lo@(LogObject \_lc)) \rightarrow do
                            case lc of
                               ObserveOpen \_ → return ()
                               \_ \rightarrow traceNamedObject tr lo)
```

```
ObservableTrace \_ \rightarrow \mathbf{do}

tr' \leftarrow \operatorname{appendName} name tr

return \$ \operatorname{updateTracetype} subtrace tr'
```

## 1.4.5 Cardano.BM.Setup

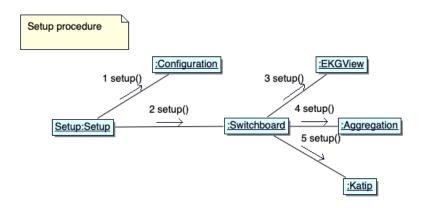


Figure 1.3: Setup procedure

## setupTrace

Setup a new Trace (Trace) with either a given Configuration (Configuration.Model) or a *FilePath* to a configuration file. After all tracing operations have ended; shutdownTrace must be called.

```
setupTrace :: MonadIO m ⇒ Either FilePath Config.Configuration → Text → m (Trace m)
setupTrace (Left cfgFile) name = do
    c ← liftIO $ Config.setup cfgFile
    setupTrace_c name
setupTrace_c name = setupTrace_c name
setupTrace_:: MonadIO m ⇒ Config.Configuration → Text → m (Trace m)
setupTrace_c name = do
    sb ← liftIO $ Switchboard.realize c
    sev ← liftIO $ Config.minSeverity c
    ctx ← liftIO $ newContext "" c sev sb
    subTrace name $ natTrace liftIO (ctx, Switchboard.mainTrace sb)
```

## shutdownTrace

Shut down a Trace and all the Traces related to it.

```
shutdownTrace :: MonadIO \ m \Rightarrow Trace \ m \rightarrow m () shutdownTrace (ctx, \_) = liftIO \$ shutdown ctx
```

#### withTrace

```
with Trace :: (MonadIO m, MonadMask m) \Rightarrow Config. Configuration \rightarrow Text \rightarrow (Trace m \rightarrow m t) \rightarrow m t with Trace cfg name action = bracket (setup Trace (Right cfg) name) shutdown Trace action
```

#### newContext

```
newContext :: LoggerName

→ Config.Configuration

→ Severity

→ Switchboard.Switchboard

→ IO TraceContext

newContext name cfg sev sb = do

return $ TraceContext {

loggerName = name

, configuration = cfg

, minSeverity = sev

, tracetype = Neutral

, shutdown = unrealize sb

}
```

#### 1.4.6 Cardano.BM.Counters

Here the platform is chosen on which we compile this program. Currently, we mainly support *Linux* with its 'proc' filesystem.

```
{-# LANGUAGE CPP #-}
# if defined (linux_HOST_OS)
# define LINUX
# endif
module Cardano.BM.Counters
    Platform.readCounters
  , diffTimeObserved
  , getMonoClock
  ) where
# ifdef LINUX
import qualified Cardano.BM.Counters.Linux as Platform
# else
import qualified Cardano.BM.Counters.Dummy as Platform
# endif
import Cardano.BM.Counters.Common (getMonoClock)
import Cardano.BM.Data.Aggregated (Measurable (...))
import Cardano.BM.Data.Counter
```

#### Calculate difference between clocks

```
diffTimeObserved :: CounterState → CounterState → Measurable
diffTimeObserved (CounterState id0 startCounters) (CounterState id1 endCounters) =
    let
        startTime = getMonotonicTime startCounters
        endTime = getMonotonicTime endCounters
    in
    if (id0 ≡ id1)
        then endTime - startTime
        else error "these clocks are not from the same experiment"
    where
        getMonotonicTime counters = case (filter isMonotonicClockCounter counters) of
        [(Counter MonotonicClockTime _ mus)] → mus
        _ → error "A time measurement is missing!"
        isMonotonicClockCounter :: Counter → Bool
        isMonotonicClockCounter = (MonotonicClockTime ≡) ∘ cType
```

## 1.4.7 Cardano.BM.Counters.Common

Common functions that serve readCounters on all platforms.

```
nominalTimeToMicroseconds :: Word64 \rightarrow Microsecond
nominalTimeToMicroseconds = fromMicroseconds \circ toInteger \circ ('div'1000)
```

#### Read monotonic clock

#### **Read GHC RTS statistics**

Read counters from GHC's RTS (runtime system). The values returned are as per the last GC (garbage collection) run.

```
readRTSStats :: IO [Counter]
readRTSStats = do
    iscollected ← GhcStats.getRTSStatsEnabled
    if iscollected
        then ghcstats
    else return []
    where
        ghcstats :: IO [Counter]
        ghcstats = do
```

```
-- need to run GC?
  rts \leftarrow GhcStats.getRTSStats
  let getrts = ghcval rts
  return [getrts (Bytes o fromIntegral o GhcStats.allocated_bytes, "bytesAllocated")
     , getrts (Bytes o fromIntegral o GhcStats.max_live_bytes, "liveBytes")
     , getrts (Bytes o fromIntegral o GhcStats.max_large_objects_bytes, "largeBytes")
     , getrts (Bytes o fromIntegral o GhcStats.max_compact_bytes, "compactBytes")
     , getrts (Bytes o fromIntegral o GhcStats.max_slop_bytes, "slopBytes")
     , getrts (Bytes o fromIntegral o GhcStats.max_mem_in_use_bytes, "usedMemBytes")
     , getrts (Nanoseconds ∘ fromIntegral ∘ GhcStats.gc_cpu_ns, "gcCpuNs")
     , getrts (Nanoseconds o fromIntegral o GhcStats.gc_elapsed_ns, "gcElapsedNs")
     , getrts (Nanoseconds ∘ fromIntegral ∘ GhcStats.cpu_ns, "cpuNs")
     , getrts (Nanoseconds o fromIntegral o GhcStats.elapsed_ns, "elapsedNs")
     , getrts (PureI ∘ toInteger ∘ GhcStats.gcs, "gcNum")
     , getrts (PureI o toInteger o GhcStats.major_gcs, "gcMa jorNum")
ghcval :: GhcStats.RTSStats \rightarrow ((GhcStats.RTSStats \rightarrow Measurable), Text) \rightarrow Counter
ghcval\ s\ (f,n) = Counter\ RTSStats\ n\ \$\ (f\ s)
```

## 1.4.8 Cardano.BM.Counters.Dummy

This is a dummy definition of *readCounters* on platforms that do not support the 'proc' filesystem from which we would read the counters.

The only supported measurements are monotonic clock time and RTS statistics for now.

```
readCounters :: SubTrace \rightarrow IO [Counter]
readCounters NoTrace
                             = return [ ]
readCounters Neutral
                             = return []
readCounters (TeeTrace _) = return []
readCounters (FilterTrace _) = return []
readCounters UntimedTrace = return []
readCounters DropOpening = return []
readCounters (ObservableTrace tts) = foldrM (\lambda(sel,fun) a \rightarrow
    if any (\equiv sel) tts
    then (fun \gg \lambda xs \rightarrow return \$ a + xs)
    else return a)[] selectors
  where
    selectors = [(MonotonicClock, getMonoClock)
       -- , (MemoryStats, readProcStatM)
       -- , (ProcessStats, readProcStats)
            -- , (IOStats, readProcIO)
         , (GhcRtsStats, readRTSStats)
```

#### 1.4.9 Cardano.BM.Counters.Linux

we have to expand the *readMemStats* function to read full data from *proc* 

```
readCounters :: SubTrace \rightarrow IO [Counter]
readCounters NoTrace
                               = return [ ]
readCounters Neutral
                               = return [ ]
readCounters (TeeTrace _) = return []
readCounters (FilterTrace _) = return []
readCounters UntimedTrace = return []
readCounters DropOpening = return []
readCounters (ObservableTrace tts) = foldrM (\lambda(sel, fun) a \rightarrow
     if any (\equiv sel) tts
     then (fun \gg \lambda xs \rightarrow return \$ a + xs)
     else return a)[] selectors
  where
     selectors = [(MonotonicClock, getMonoClock)
       , (MemoryStats, readProcStatM)
       , (ProcessStats, readProcStats)
       , (IOStats, readProcIO)
pathProc :: FilePath
pathProc = "/proc/"
pathProcStat :: ProcessID \rightarrow FilePath
pathProcStat pid = pathProc < / > (show pid) < / > "stat"
pathProcStatM :: ProcessID \rightarrow FilePath
pathProcStatM pid = pathProc < / > (show pid) < / > "statm"
pathProcIO :: ProcessID \rightarrow FilePath
pathProcIO pid = pathProc < / > (show pid) < / > "io"
```

## Reading from a file in /proc/<pid >

```
readProcList :: FilePath \rightarrow IO [Integer]
readProcList fp = do
cs \leftarrow readFile fp
return $ map (\lambda s \rightarrow maybe 0 id $ (readMaybe s :: Maybe Integer)) (words cs)
```

#### readProcStatM - /proc/<pid >/statm

```
/proc/[pid]/statm
      Provides information about memory usage, measured in pages. The columns are:
              size
                        (1) total program size
                            (same as VmSize in /proc/[pid]/status)
              resident (2) resident set size
                            (same as VmRSS in /proc/[pid]/status)
              shared
                         (3) number of resident shared pages (i.e., backed by a file)
                            (same as RssFile+RssShmem in /proc/[pid]/status)
              text
                         (4) text (code)
              lib
                         (5) library (unused since Linux 2.6; always 0)
              data
                         (6) data + stack
                         (7) dirty pages (unused since Linux 2.6; always 0)
```

```
readProcStatM :: IO [Counter]

readProcStatM = do

pid \leftarrow getProcessID

ps0 \leftarrow readProcList (pathProcStatM pid)

let ps = zip colnames ps0

psUseful = filter (("unused" <math>\neq) \circ fst) ps

return \$ map (\lambda(n,i) \rightarrow Counter MemoryCounter n (PureI i)) psUseful

where

colnames :: [Text]

colnames = ["size", "resident", "shared", "text", "unused", "data", "unused"]
```

### readProcStats - //proc//<pid >//stat

/proc/[pid]/stat

Status information about the process. This is used by ps(1). It is defined in the kernel source file fs/proc/array.c.

The fields, in order, with their proper scanf(3) format specifiers, are listed below. Whether or not certain of these fields display valid information is governed by a ptrace access mode PTRACE\_MODE\_READ\_FSCREDS | PTRACE\_MODE\_NOAUDIT check (refer to ptrace(2)). If the check denies access, then the field value is displayed as 0. The affected fields are indicated with the marking [PT].

- (2) comm %s The filename of the executable, in parentheses. This is visible whether or not the executable is swapped out.
- (3) state %c One of the following characters, indicating process state:
  - R Running
  - S Sleeping in an interruptible wait
  - D Waiting in uninterruptible disk sleep
  - 7 Zombie
  - T Stopped (on a signal) or (before Linux 2.6.33) trace stopped
  - t Tracing stop (Linux 2.6.33 onward)
  - W Paging (only before Linux 2.6.0)
  - X Dead (from Linux 2.6.0 onward)
  - x Dead (Linux 2.6.33 to 3.13 only)
  - K Wakekill (Linux 2.6.33 to 3.13 only)
  - W Waking (Linux 2.6.33 to 3.13 only)
  - P Parked (Linux 3.9 to 3.13 only)
- (4) ppid %d

The PID of the parent of this process.

(5) pgrp %d

The process group ID of the process.

(6) session %d

The session ID of the process.

(7) tty\_nr %d

The controlling terminal of the process. (The minor device number is contained in the combination of bits 31 to 20 and 7 to 0; the major device number is in bits 15 to 8.)

(8) tpgid %d

The ID of the foreground process group of the controlling terminal of the process.

(9) flags %u

The kernel flags word of the process. For bit meanings, see the  $PF_*$  defines in the Linux kernel source file include/linux/sched.h. Details depend on the kernel version.

The format for this field was %lu before Linux 2.6.

(10) minflt %lu

The number of minor faults the process has made which have not required loading a memory page from disk.

(11) cminflt %lu

The number of minor faults that the process's waited-for children have made.

(12) majflt %lu

The number of major faults the process has made which have required loading a memory page from disk.

(13) cmajflt %lu

The number of major faults that the process's waited-for children have made.

(14) utime %lu

Amount of time that this process has been scheduled in user mode, measured in clock ticks (divide by sysconf(\_SC\_CLK\_TCK)). This includes guest time, guest\_time (time spent running a virtual CPU, see below), so that applications that are not aware of the guest time field do not lose that time from their calculations.

(15) stime %lu

Amount of time that this process has been scheduled in kernel mode, measured in clock ticks (divide by  $sysconf(\_SC\_CLK\_TCK)$ ).

(16) cutime %1d

Amount of time that this process's waited-for children have been scheduled in user mode, measured in clock ticks (divide by sysconf(\_SC\_CLK\_TCK)). (See also times(2).) This includes guest time, cguest\_time (time spent running a virtual CPU, see below).

(17) cstime %1d

Amount of time that this process's waited-for children have been scheduled in kernel mode, measured in clock ticks (divide by  $sysconf(\_SC\_CLK\_TCK)$ ).

(18) priority %ld

(Explanation for Linux 2.6) For processes running a real-time scheduling policy (policy below; see sched\_setscheduler(2)), this is the negated scheduling priority, minus one; that is, a number in the range -2 to -100, corresponding to real-time priorities 1 to 99. For processes running under a non-real-time scheduling policy, this is the raw nice value (set-priority(2)) as represented in the kernel. The kernel stores nice values as numbers in the range 0 (high) to 39 (low), corresponding to the user-visible nice range of -20 to 19.

(19) nice %ld

The nice value (see setpriority(2)), a value in the range 19 (low priority) to -20 (high priority).

(20) num\_threads %1d

Number of threads in this process (since Linux 2.6). Before kernel 2.6, this field was hard coded to 0 as a placeholder for an earlier removed field.

(21) itrealvalue %ld

The time in jiffies before the next SIGALRM is sent to the process due to an interval timer. Since kernel 2.6.17, this field is no longer maintained, and is hard coded as 0.

(22) starttime %11u

The time the process started after system boot. In kernels before Linux 2.6, this value was expressed in jiffies. Since Linux 2.6, the value is expressed in clock ticks (divide by sysconf(\_SC\_CLK\_TCK)).

The format for this field was %lu before Linux 2.6.

(23) vsize %lu

Virtual memory size in bytes.

(24) rss %ld

Resident Set Size: number of pages the process has in real memory. This is just the pages which count toward text, data, or stack space. This does not include pages which have not been demand-loaded in, or which are swapped out.

(25) rsslim %lu

Current soft limit in bytes on the rss of the process; see the description of  $RLIMIT_RSS$  in qetrlimit(2).

(26) startcode %lu [PT]

The address above which program text can run.

(27) endcode %lu [PT]

The address below which program text can run.

(28) startstack %lu [PT]

The address of the start (i.e., bottom) of the stack.

(29) kstkesp %lu [PT]

The current value of ESP (stack pointer), as found in the kernel stack page for the process.

(30) kstkeip %lu [PT]

The current EIP (instruction pointer).

(31) signal %lu

The bitmap of pending signals, displayed as a decimal number. Obsolete, because it does not provide information on real-time signals; use /proc/[pid]/status instead.

(32) blocked %lu

The bitmap of blocked signals, displayed as a decimal number. Obsolete, because it does not provide information on real-time signals; use /proc/[pid]/status instead.

(33) sigignore %lu

The bitmap of ignored signals, displayed as a decimal number. Obsolete, because it does not provide information on real-time signals; use /proc/[pid]/status instead.

(34) sigcatch %1

The bitmap of caught signals, displayed as a decimal number. Obsolete, because it does not provide information on real-time signals; use /proc/[pid]/status instead.

(35) wchan %lu [PT]

This is the "channel" in which the process is waiting. It is the address of a location in the kernel where the process is sleeping. The corresponding symbolic name can be found in /proc/[pid]/wchan.

(36) nswap %1u

Number of pages swapped (not maintained).

(37) cnswap %lu

Cumulative nswap for child processes (not maintained).

(38) exit\_signal %d (since Linux 2.1.22)

Signal to be sent to parent when we die.

(39) processor %d (since Linux 2.2.8)

CPU number last executed on.

```
(40) rt_priority %u (since Linux 2.5.19)
              Real-time scheduling priority, a number in the range 1 to 99 for processes scheduled under a
              real-time policy, or 0, for non-real-time processes (see sched_setscheduler(2)).
 (41) policy %u (since Linux 2.5.19)
              Scheduling policy (see sched_setscheduler(2)). Decode using the SCHED_* constants in
              linux/sched.h.
              The format for this field was %lu before Linux 2.6.22.
 (42) delayacct_blkio_ticks %11u (since Linux 2.6.18)
              Aggregated block I/O delays, measured in clock ticks (centiseconds).
 (43) guest_time %lu (since Linux 2.6.24)
              Guest time of the process (time spent running a virtual CPU for a guest operating system),
              measured in clock ticks (divide by sysconf(_SC_CLK_TCK)).
 (44) cguest_time %ld (since Linux 2.6.24)
              Guest time of the process's children, measured in
                                                                          clock
                                                                                   ticks
                                                                                          (divide by
              sysconf(_SC_CLK_TCK)).
 (45) start_data %lu (since Linux 3.3) [PT]
              Address above which program initialized and uninitialized (BSS) data are placed.
 (46) end_data %lu (since Linux 3.3) [PT]
              Address below which program initialized and uninitialized (BSS) data are placed.
 (47) start_brk %lu (since Linux 3.3) [PT]
              Address above which program heap can be expanded with brk(2).
 (48) arg_start %lu (since Linux 3.5) [PT]
              Address above which program command-line arguments (argv) are placed.
 (49) arg end %lu (since Linux 3.5) [PT]
              Address below program command-line arguments (argv) are placed.
 (50) env_start %lu (since Linux 3.5) [PT]
              Address above which program environment is placed.
 (51) env_end %lu (since Linux 3.5) [PT]
              Address below which program environment is placed.
 (52) exit_code %d (since Linux 3.5) [PT]
              The thread's exit status in the form reported by waitpid(2).
readProcStats::IO [Counter]
readProcStats = \mathbf{do}
    pid \leftarrow getProcessID
    ps0 \leftarrow readProcList (pathProcStat pid)
    let ps = zip colnames ps0
       psUseful = filter(("unused" \not\equiv) \circ fst) ps
    return $ map (\lambda(n,i) \rightarrow Counter StatInfo n (PureI i)) psUseful
  where
    colnames :: [Text]
    colnames = ["pid", "unused", "ppid", "pgrp", "session", "ttynr", "tpgid", "flags", "minfl
       ,"cminflt","majflt","cmajflt","utime","stime","cutime","cstime","priority","nice","num
       ,"itrealvalue","starttime","vsize","rss","rsslim","startcode","endcode","startstack","
       ,"signal","blocked","sigignore","sigcatch","wchan","nswap","cnswap","exitsignal","proc
       ,"policy","blkio","guesttime","cguesttime","startdata","enddata","startbrk","argstart'
       ,"envend","exitcode"
```

## readProcIO - //proc//<pid >//io

colnames :: [Text]

/proc/[pid]/io (since kernel 2.6.20) This file contains I/O statistics for the process, for example: # cat /proc/3828/io rchar: 323934931 wchar: 323929600 syscr: 632687 syscw: 632675 read\_bytes: 0 write\_bytes: 323932160 cancelled\_write\_bytes: 0 The fields are as follows: rchar: characters read The number of bytes which this task has caused to be read from storage. This is simply the sum of bytes which this process passed to read(2) and similar system calls. It includes things such as terminal I/0 and is unaffected by whether or not actual physical disk I/0 was required (the read might have been satisfied from pagecache). wchar: characters written The number of bytes which this task has caused, or shall cause to be written to disk. Similar caveats apply here as with rchar. syscr: read syscalls Attempt to count the number of read I/0 operations-that is, system calls such as read(2) and pread(2). syscw: write syscalls Attempt to count the number of write I/0 operations-that is, system calls such as write(2) and pwrite(2). read\_bytes: bytes read Attempt to count the number of bytes which this process really did cause to be fetched from the storage layer. This is accurate for block-backed filesystems. write bytes: bytes written Attempt to count the number of bytes which this process caused to be sent to the storage layer. cancelled\_write\_bytes: The big inaccuracy here is truncate. If a process writes 1MB to a file and then deletes the file, it will in fact perform no writeout. But it will have been accounted as having caused 1MB of write. In other words: this field represents the number of bytes which this process caused to not happen, by truncating pagecache. A task can cause "negative" I/O too. If this task truncates some dirty pagecache, some I/O which another task has been accounted for (in its write\\_bytes) will not be happening. Note: In the current implementation, things are a bit racy on 32-bit systems: if process A reads process B's /proc/[pid]/io while process B is updating one of these 64-bit counters, process A could see an intermediate result. Permission to access this file is governed by a ptrace access mode PTRACE\\_MODE\\_READ\\_FSCREDS check; see ptrace(2). readProcIO::IO [Counter] readProcIO = do $pid \leftarrow getProcessID$  $ps0 \leftarrow readProcList (pathProcIO pid)$ **let** ps = zip 3 colnames ps 0 units return \$ map  $(\lambda(n,i,u) \rightarrow Counter\ IOCounter\ n\ (u\ i))$  ps where

```
colnames = ["rchar", "wchar", "syscr", "syscw", "rbytes", "wbytes", "cxwbytes"]
units = [Bytes \circ fromInteger, Bytes \circ fromInteger, PureI, PureI, Bytes \circ fromInteger, Bytes \circ
```

## 1.4.10 Cardano.BM.Data.Aggregated

#### Measurable

A Measurable may consist of different types of values. Time measurements are strict, so are *Bytes* which are externally measured. The real or integral numeric values are lazily linked, so we can decide later to drop them.

Measurable can be transformed to an integral value.

```
getInteger :: Measurable \rightarrow Integer
getInteger (Microseconds a) = toInteger a
getInteger (Nanoseconds a) = toInteger a
getInteger (Seconds a) = toInteger a
getInteger (Bytes a) = toInteger a
getInteger (PureI a) = a
getInteger (PureD a) = round a
```

Measurable can be transformed to a rational value.

```
getDouble :: Measurable \rightarrow Double
getDouble (Microseconds a) = fromIntegral a
getDouble (Nanoseconds a) = fromIntegral a
getDouble (Seconds a) = fromIntegral a
getDouble (Bytes a) = fromIntegral a
getDouble (PureI a) = fromInteger a
getDouble (PureD a) = a
```

It is a numerical value, thus supports functions to operate on numbers.

### instance Num Measurable where

```
(+) (Microseconds a) (Microseconds b) = Microseconds (a + b)
(+) (Nanoseconds a) (Nanoseconds b) = Nanoseconds (a + b)
(+) (Seconds a)
                   (Seconds b)
                                   = Seconds
                                                  (a+b)
(+) (Bytes a)
                   (Bytes\ b)
                                   = Bytes
                                                  (a+b)
(+) (PureI a)
                   (PureI b)
                                   = PureI
                                                  (a+b)
(+) (PureD a)
                   (PureD b)
                                   = PureD
                                                  (a+b)
(+)_{-}
                                   = error "Trying to add values with different units"
```

```
(*) (Microseconds a) (Microseconds b) = Microseconds (a * b)
(*) (Nanoseconds a) (Nanoseconds b) = Nanoseconds (a * b)
                    (Seconds b)
                                     = Seconds
(*) (Seconds a)
                                                    (a * b)
(*) (Bytes a)
                    (Bytes\ b)
                                     = Bytes
                                                    (a * b)
                                     = PureI
(*) (PureI a)
                    (PureI b)
                                                    (a*b)
(*) (PureD a)
                    (PureD b)
                                     = PureD
                                                    (a*b)
(*) ___
                                     = error "Trying to multiply values with different units"
abs (Microseconds a) = Microseconds (abs a)
abs(Nanoseconds a) = Nanoseconds(abs a)
abs (Seconds a)
                    = Seconds (abs a)
abs (Bytes a)
                     = Bytes
                               (abs a)
abs (PureI a)
                     = PureI
                               (abs a)
abs (PureD a)
                     = PureD \quad (abs \ a)
signum (Microseconds a) = Microseconds (signum a)
signum (Nanoseconds a) = Nanoseconds (signum a)
signum (Seconds a)
                        = Seconds
                                        (signum a)
signum (Bytes a)
                        = Bytes
                                        (signum a)
                        = PureI
signum (PureI a)
                                        (signum a)
signum (PureD a)
                        = PureD
                                        (signum a)
negate (Microseconds a) = Microseconds (negate a)
negate (Nanoseconds a) = Nanoseconds (negate a)
negate (Seconds a)
                        = Seconds
                                        (negate a)
negate (Bytes a)
                        = Bytes
                                        (negate a)
                        = PureI
                                        (negate a)
negate (PureI a)
                        = PureD
negate (PureD a)
                                        (negate a)
fromInteger = PureI
```

Pretty printing of Measurable.

```
instance Show Measurable where
  show (Microseconds a) = show a
  show (Nanoseconds a)
                         = show a
  show (Seconds a)
                          = show a
                          = show a
  show (Bytes a)
  show (PureI a)
                         = show a
  show (PureD a)
                         = show a
showUnits:: Measurable → String
showUnits (Microseconds _) = " s"
showUnits (Nanoseconds _) = " ns"
showUnits (Seconds _)
                           = " B"
showUnits (Bytes _)
                           = " "
showUnits (PureI _)
                           = " "
showUnits (PureD _)
-- show in S.I. units
showSI:: Measurable \rightarrow String
showSI (Microseconds a) = show (fromFloatDigits ((fromIntegral a) / (1000000 :: Float))) ++
                         showUnits (Seconds a)
```

```
showSI\ (Nanoseconds\ a) = show\ (fromFloatDigits\ ((fromIntegral\ a)/(10000000000::Float))) + showSI\ v@(Seconds\ a) = show\ a + showUnits\ v showSI\ v@(Bytes\ a) = show\ a + showUnits\ v showSI\ v@(PureI\ a) = show\ a + showUnits\ v showSI\ v@(PureD\ a) = show\ a + showUnits\ v
```

#### **Stats**

A **Stats** statistics is strictly computed.

```
data BaseStats = BaseStats {
  fmin ::!Measurable,
  fmax :: !Measurable,
  fcount ::!Word64,
  fsum_A :: !Double,
  fsum_B :: !Double
  } deriving (Generic, ToJSON, Show)
instance Eq BaseStats where
  (BaseStats\ mina\ maxa\ counta\ sumAa\ sumBa) \equiv (BaseStats\ minb\ maxb\ countb\ sumAb\ sumBb) =
     mina \equiv minb \land maxa \equiv maxb \land counta \equiv countb \land
     abs (sumAa - sumAb) < 1.0e-4 \land
     abs (sumBa - sumBb) < 1.0e-4
data Stats = Stats {
  flast ::!Measurable,
  fold ::!Measurable,
  fbasic :: !BaseStats,
  fdelta::!BaseStats,
  ftimed::!BaseStats
  } deriving (Eq, Generic, ToJSON, Show)
meanOfStats :: BaseStats \rightarrow Double
meanOfStats = fsum\_A
stdevOfStats :: BaseStats \rightarrow Double
stdevOfStats\ s =
  if fcount s < 2
  then 0
  else sqrt \$ (fsum\_B s) / (fromInteger \$ fromIntegral (fcount s) - 1)
```

instance Semigroup Stats disabled for the moment, because not needed.

We use a parallel algorithm to update the estimation of mean and variance from two sample statistics. (see https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Algorithms\_for\_calculating\_variance#Parallel\_algorithms\_for\_calc

```
instance Semigroup Stats where (<>) a b = let counta = fcount a
```

```
countb = fcountb
    newcount = counta + countb
    delta = fsum\_A b - fsum\_A a
    Stats \{flast = flast b - right associative\}
       , fmin = min (fmin a) (fmin b)
       , fmax = max (fmax a) (fmax b)
       , fcount = newcount
       fsum A = fsum A a + (delta / fromInteger newcount)
       fsum_B = fsum_B \ a + fsum_B \ b + (delta * delta) * (fromInteger (counta * countb) / fromInteger newcount)
stats2Text :: Stats \rightarrow Text
stats2Text (Stats slast _ sbasic sdelta stimed) =
    pack$
       "{ last=" ++ show slast ++
       ", basic-stats=" ++ showStats' (sbasic) ++
       ", delta-stats=" ++ showStats' (sdelta) ++
       ", timed-stats=" ++ showStats' (stimed) ++
  where
    showStats':: BaseStats → String
    showStats's =
       ", { min=" + show (fmin s) + 
       ", \max=" ++ show (fmax s) ++
       ", mean=" + show (meanOfStats s) + showUnits (fmin s) +
       ", std-dev=" ++ show (stdevOfStats s) ++
       ", count=" + show (fcount s) +
```

## Exponentially Weighted Moving Average (EWMA)

Following https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Moving\_average#Exponential\_moving\_average we calculate the exponential moving average for a series of values  $Y_t$  according to:

$$S_t = \begin{cases} Y_1, & t = 1 \\ \alpha \cdot Y_t + (1 - \alpha) \cdot S_{t-1}, & t > 1 \end{cases}$$

#### Aggregated

```
data Aggregated = AggregatedStats Stats
  | AggregatedEWMA EWMA
  deriving (Eq, Generic, ToJSON)
```

instance Semigroup Aggregated disabled for the moment, because not needed.

```
instance Semigroup Aggregated where
  (<>) (AggregatedStats a) (AggregatedStats b) =
    AggregatedStats(a <> b)
  (<>)__ = error "Cannot combine different objects"
singletonStats :: Measurable \rightarrow Aggregated
singletonStats a =
  let stats = Stats \{flast = a
    ,fold
    , fbasic = BaseStats
      \{fmin = a\}
      ,fmax = a
      , fcount = 1
      , fsum\_A = getDouble a
      , fsum\_B = 0
    ,fdelta = BaseStats
      \{fmin = 0\}
      ,fmax=0
      , fcount = 0
      ,fsum\_A = 0
      ,fsum\_B = 0
    ,ftimed = BaseStats
      , fmax = Nanoseconds 0
      fcount = (-1)
      ,fsum\_A = 0
      ,fsum\_B = 0}
  in
  AggregatedStats stats
instance Show Aggregated where
  show (AggregatedStats astats) =
    "{ stats = " ++ show astats ++ " }"
  show (AggregatedEWMA a) = show a
```

#### 1.4.11 Cardano, BM. Data, Backend

# Accepts a NamedLogItem

Instances of this type class accept a NamedLogItem and deal with it.

#### Declaration of a Backend

A backend is life-cycle managed, thus can be realized and unrealized.

```
class (IsEffectuator t) \Rightarrow IsBackend t where typeof :: t \rightarrow BackendKind realize :: Configuration <math>\rightarrow IO t realizefrom :: forall <math>s \circ (IsEffectuator s) \Rightarrow Trace IO \rightarrow s \rightarrow IO t default realizefrom :: forall <math>s \circ (IsEffectuator s) \Rightarrow Trace IO \rightarrow s \rightarrow IO t realizefrom (ctx, _) = realize (configuration ctx) unrealize :: t \rightarrow IO ()
```

#### **Backend**

This data structure for a backend defines its behaviour as an IsEffectuator when processing an incoming message, and as an IsBackend for unrealizing the backend.

```
data Backend = MkBackend
{bEffectuate :: NamedLogItem \rightarrow IO ()
,bUnrealize :: IO ()
}
```

# 1.4.12 Cardano.BM.Data.Configuration

Data structure to help parsing configuration files.

#### Representation

```
type Port = Int
data Representation = Representation
{minSeverity :: Severity
, rotation :: RotationParameters
, setupScribes :: [ScribeDefinition]
, defaultScribes :: [(ScribeKind, Text)]
, setupBackends :: [BackendKind]
, defaultBackends :: [BackendKind]
```

```
,hasEKG
                          :: Maybe Port
        , has GUI
                          :: Maybe Port
         , options
                          :: HM.HashMap Text Object
         deriving (Generic, Show, ToJSON, FromJSON)
parseRepresentation
      parseRepresentation :: FilePath \rightarrow IO Representation
      parseRepresentation fp = do
        repr :: Representation \leftarrow decodeFileThrow fp
        return $ implicit_fill_representation repr
   after parsing the configuration representation we implicitly correct it.
      implicit\_fill\_representation :: Representation \rightarrow Representation
      implicit_fill_representation =
           remove_ekgview_if_not_defined o
           filter_duplicates_from_backends o
           filter_duplicates_from_scribes o
           union_setup_and_usage_backends o
           add_ekgview_if_port_defined o
           add_katip_if_any_scribes
         where
          filter_duplicates_from_backends r =
             r {setupBackends = mkUniq $ setupBackends r}
          filter_duplicates_from_scribes r =
             r {setupScribes = mkUniq $ setupScribes r}
           union_setup_and_usage_backends r =
             r \{ setupBackends = setupBackends \ r <> defaultBackends \ r \}
           remove_ekgview_if _not_defined r =
             case hasEKG r of
             Nothing \rightarrow r {defaultBackends = filter (\lambda bk \rightarrow bk \not\equiv EKGViewBK) (defaultBackends r)
                , setupBackends = filter (\lambda bk → bk \neq EKGViewBK) (setupBackends r)
                }
             Just \_ \rightarrow r
           add_ekgview_if_port_defined r =
```

 $Just \_ \rightarrow r \{ setupBackends = setupBackends \ r <> [EKGViewBK] \}$ 

**if**  $(any \neg [null \$ setupScribes r, null \$ defaultScribes r])$ **then**  $r \{ setupBackends = setupBackends r <> [KatipBK] \}$ 

**case** has EKG r **of** Nothing  $\rightarrow r$ 

else r

add\_katip\_if\_any\_scribes r =

 $mkUniq :: Ord \ a \Rightarrow [a] \rightarrow [a]$  $mkUniq = Set.toList \circ Set.fromList$ 

#### 1.4.13 Cardano.BM.Data.Counter

#### Counter

```
data Counter = Counter
{cType :: CounterType
,cName :: Text
,cValue :: Measurable
}
deriving (Eq, Show, Generic, ToJSON)

data CounterType = MonotonicClockTime
| MemoryCounter
| StatInfo
| IOCounter
| CpuCounter
| RTSStats
deriving (Eq, Show, Generic, ToJSON)

instance ToJSON Microsecond where
toJSON = toJSON ∘ toMicroseconds
toEncoding = toEncoding ∘ toMicroseconds
```

#### Names of counters

```
nameCounter :: Counter → Text

nameCounter (Counter MonotonicClockTime _ _) = "Time-interval"

nameCounter (Counter MemoryCounter _ _) = "Mem"

nameCounter (Counter StatInfo _ _) = "Stat"

nameCounter (Counter IOCounter _ _) = "I0"

nameCounter (Counter CpuCounter _ _) = "Cpu"

nameCounter (Counter RTSStats _ _) = "RTS"
```

#### CounterState

```
data CounterState = CounterState {
    csIdentifier :: Unique
    ,csCounters :: [Counter]
    }
    deriving (Generic, ToJSON)

instance ToJSON Unique where
    toJSON = toJSON o hashUnique
    toEncoding = toEncoding o hashUnique

instance Show CounterState where
    show cs = (show o hashUnique) (csIdentifier cs)
    <> " => " <> (show $ csCounters cs)
```

#### Difference between counters

```
diffCounters :: [Counter] → [Counter] → [Counter]
diffCounters openings closings =
     getCountersDiff openings closings
  where
     getCountersDiff :: [Counter]
               \rightarrow [Counter]
               \rightarrow [Counter]
     getCountersDiff as bs =
       let
          getName counter = nameCounter counter <> cName counter
          asNames = map getName as
          aPairs = zip asNames as
          bsNames = map getName bs
          bs' = zip \ bsNames \ bs
          bPairs = HM.fromList\ bs'
       in
          catMaybes \$ (flip map) aPairs \$ \lambda (name, Counter \_ \_ startValue) \rightarrow
            case HM.lookup name bPairs of
               Nothing
                            \rightarrow Nothing
              Just counter \rightarrow let endValue = cValue counter
                              in Just counter {cValue = endValue - startValue}
```

# 1.4.14 Cardano.BM.Data.LogItem

# LoggerName

A LoggerName has currently type *Text*.

```
type LoggerName = Text
```

# NamedLogItem

```
type NamedLogItem = LogNamed LogObject
```

#### LogNamed

A LogNamed contains of a context name and some log item.

```
data LogNamed item = LogNamed
{InName :: LoggerName
,InItem :: item
} deriving (Show)
deriving instance Generic item ⇒ Generic (LogNamed item)
deriving instance (ToJSON item, Generic item) ⇒ ToJSON (LogNamed item)
```

# Logging of outcomes with LogObject

```
data LogObject = LogObject LOMeta LOContent
    deriving (Generic, Show, ToJSON)
Meta data for a LogObject:
  data LOMeta = LOMeta {
    tstamp:: {-# UNPACK #-} ! UTCTime
    ,tid:: {-# UNPACK #-} ! ThreadId
    deriving (Show)
 instance ToJSON LOMeta where
    toJSON (LOMeta _tstamp _tid) =
      object ["tstamp". = _tstamp, "tid". = show _tid]
 mkLOMeta:: IO LOMeta
 mkLOMeta =
    LOMeta < $ > getCurrentTime
      < * > myThreadId
Payload of a LogObject:
  data LOContent = LogMessage LogItem
    | LogValue Text Measurable
    | ObserveOpen CounterState
    | ObserveDiff CounterState
    | ObserveClose CounterState
    | AggregatedMessage [(Text, Aggregated)]
    | KillPill
      deriving (Generic, Show, ToJSON)
```

# LogItem

# TODO liPayload :: ToObject

```
data LogItem = LogItem
  {liSelection :: LogSelection
  ,liSeverity :: Severity
  ,liPayload :: Text-- TODO should become ToObject
  } deriving (Show, Generic, ToJSON)

data LogSelection =
  Public -- only to public logs.
  |PublicUnsafe-- only to public logs, not console.
  |Private-- only to private logs.
  |Both -- to public and private logs.
  deriving (Show, Generic, ToJSON, FromJSON)
```

#### 1.4.15 Cardano.BM.Data.Observable

#### ObservableInstance

# 1.4.16 Cardano.BM.Data.Output

# OutputKind

```
data OutputKind = TVarList (STM.TVar [LogObject])
  | TVarListNamed (STM.TVar [LogNamed LogObject])
  deriving (Eq)
```

#### ScribeKind

This identifies katip's scribes by type.

```
data ScribeKind = FileTextSK
  | FileJsonSK
  | StdoutSK
  | StderrSK
  deriving (Generic, Eq, Ord, Show, FromJSON, ToJSON)
```

#### ScribeId

A scribe is identified by ScribeKind *x Filename* 

```
type ScribeId = Text-- (ScribeKind :: Filename)
```

#### ScribeDefinition

This identifies katip's scribes by type.

```
data ScribeDefinition = ScribeDefinition
{scKind :: ScribeKind
,scName :: Text
,scRotation :: Maybe RotationParameters
}
deriving (Generic, Eq, Ord, Show, From JSON, To JSON)
```

# 1.4.17 Cardano.BM.Data.Severity

#### Severity

The intended meaning of severity codes:

Debug detailled information about values and decision flow Info general information of events; progressing properly Notice needs attention; something ¬ progressing properly Warning may continue into an error condition if continued Error unexpected set of event or condition occured Critical error condition causing degrade of operation Alert a subsystem is no longer operating correctly, likely requires manual at this point, the system can never progress without additional intervention

We were informed by the Syslog taxonomy: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Syslog#Severity\_level

```
data Severity = Debug
   Info
   Notice
   | Warning
   Error
  | Critical
   | Alert
   Emergency
    deriving (Show, Eq, Ord, Generic, ToJSON, Read)
instance From JSON Severity where
  parseJSON = with Text "severity" $ \lambda case
     "Debug"
                  \rightarrow pure Debug
     "Info"
                  \rightarrow pure Info
     "Notice" \rightarrow pure  Notice
     "Warning" → pure Warning
     "Error"
                 \rightarrow pure Error
     "Critical" → pure Critical
                 \rightarrow pure Alert
     "Alert"
     "Emergency" → pure Emergency
                  \rightarrow pure Info-- catch all
```

#### 1.4.18 Cardano.BM.Data.SubTrace

#### **SubTrace**

```
| DropOpening
| ObservableTrace [ObservableInstance]
| deriving (Generic, Show, From JSON, To JSON, Read, Eq.)
```

#### 1.4.19 Cardano.BM.Data.Trace

#### Trace

A Trace consists of a TraceContext and a TraceNamed in m.

```
type Trace m = (TraceContext, TraceNamed m)
```

#### TraceNamed

A TraceNamed is a specialized Contravariant of type NamedLogItem, a LogNamed with payload LogObject.

```
type TraceNamed m = BaseTrace m (NamedLogItem)
```

#### TraceContext

We keep the context's name and a reference to the Configuration in the TraceContext.

```
data TraceContext = TraceContext
    {loggerName :: LoggerName
    ,configuration :: Configuration
    ,tracetype :: SubTrace
    ,minSeverity :: Severity
    ,shutdown :: IO ()
}
```

# 1.4.20 Cardano.BM.Configuration

see Cardano.BM.Configuration.Model for the implementation.

```
getOptionOrDefault :: CM.Configuration \rightarrow Text \rightarrow Text \rightarrow IO (Text) getOptionOrDefault cg name def = \mathbf{do} opt \leftarrow CM.getOption cg name case opt of

Nothing \rightarrow return def

Just o \rightarrow return o
```

#### <<Model>> Configuration cgMinSeverity : Severity cgMapSeverity : Map = LoggerName -> Severity cgMapSubtrace : Map = LoggerName -> SubTrace cgOptions : Map = Text -> Aeson.Object cgMapBackend : Map = LoggerName -> [BackendKind] cgDefBackends : BackendKind [\*] cgSetupBackends : BackendKind [\*] cgMapScribe : Map = LoggerName -> [Scribeld] cgDefScribes : Scribeld [\*] cgSetupScribes : ScribeDefinition [\*] cbMapAggregatedKind : Map = LoggerName -> AggregatedKind cgDefAggregatedKind : AggregatedKind cgPortEKG: int cgPortGUI: int

Figure 1.4: Configuration model

# 1.4.21 Cardano.BM.Configuration.Model

# Configuration.Model

```
type ConfigurationMVar = MVar ConfigurationInternal
newtype Configuration = Configuration
  {getCG:: ConfigurationMVar}
-- Our internal state; see - "Configuration model"-
data ConfigurationInternal = ConfigurationInternal
  {cgMinSeverity
                  :: Severity
  -- minimum severity level of every object that will be output
  ,cgMapSeverity
                  :: HM.HashMap LoggerName Severity
  -- severity filter per loggername
                  :: HM.HashMap LoggerName SubTrace
  ,cgMapSubtrace
  -- type of trace per loggername
  ,cgOptions
                  :: HM.HashMap Text Object
  -- options needed for tracing, logging and monitoring
                  :: HM.HashMap LoggerName [BackendKind]
  ,cgMapBackend
  -- backends that will be used for the specific loggername
  ,cgDefBackendKs ::[BackendKind]
  -- backends that will be used if a set of backends for the
  -- specific loggername is not set
  ,cgSetupBackends ::[BackendKind]
  -- backends to setup; every backend to be used must have
  -- been declared here
                  :: HM.HashMap LoggerName [ScribeId]
  ,cgMapScribe
  -- katip scribes that will be used for the specific loggername
  ,cgMapScribeCache :: HM.HashMap LoggerName [ScribeId]
  -- map to cache info of the cgMapScribe
  ,cgDefScribes
                  ::[ScribeId]
  -- katip scribes that will be used if a set of scribes for the
```

```
-- specific loggername is not set
,cgSetupScribes ::[ScribeDefinition]
-- katip scribes to setup; every scribe to be used must have
-- been declared here
,cgMapAggregatedKind::HM.HashMap LoggerName AggregatedKind
-- kind of Aggregated that will be used for the specific loggername
,cgDefAggregatedKind :: AggregatedKind
-- kind of Aggregated that will be used if a set of scribes for the
-- specific loggername is not set
,cgPortEKG
                :: Int
-- port for EKG server
,cgPortGUI
                :: Int
-- port for changes at runtime (NOT IMPLEMENTED YET)
} deriving (Show, Eq)
```

# Backends configured in the Switchboard

For a given context name return the list of backends configured, or, in case no such configuration exists, return the default backends.

```
getBackends :: Configuration \rightarrow LoggerName \rightarrow IO [BackendKind]
getBackends configuration name =
  withMVar (getCG configuration) \lambda cg \rightarrow do
     let outs = HM.lookup name (cgMapBackend cg)
     case outs of
        Nothing \rightarrow do
           return (cgDefBackendKs cg)
        Iust os \rightarrow return os
getDefaultBackends :: Configuration \rightarrow IO [BackendKind]
getDefaultBackends configuration =
  with MVar (get CG configuration) \$ \lambda cg \rightarrow \mathbf{do}
     return (cgDefBackendKs cg)
setDefaultBackends :: Configuration \rightarrow [BackendKind] \rightarrow IO()
setDefaultBackends configuration bes = \mathbf{do}
  cg \leftarrow takeMVar (getCG configuration)
  putMVar (getCG configuration) $ cg {cgDefBackendKs = bes}
setBackends :: Configuration \rightarrow LoggerName \rightarrow Maybe [BackendKind] \rightarrow IO ()
setBackends configuration name be = do
  cg \leftarrow takeMVar (getCG configuration)
  putMVar (getCG configuration) $ cg \{cgMapBackend = HM.alter (\setminus \rightarrow be) name (cgMapBackend cg)\}
```

# Backends to be setup by the Switchboard

Defines the list of Backends that need to be setup by the Switchboard.

```
setSetupBackends :: Configuration \rightarrow [BackendKind] \rightarrow IO ()
setSetupBackends configuration bes = \mathbf{do}
```

```
cg \leftarrow takeMVar (getCG \ configuration)

putMVar (getCG \ configuration) \$ cg \{cgSetupBackends = bes\}

getSetupBackends :: Configuration \rightarrow IO [BackendKind]

getSetupBackends \ configuration =

withMVar (getCG \ configuration) \$ \lambda cg \rightarrow

return \$ cgSetupBackends \ cg
```

# Scribes configured in the Log backend

For a given context name return the list of scribes to output to, or, in case no such configuration exists, return the default scribes to use.

```
getScribes :: Configuration \rightarrow LoggerName \rightarrow IO [ScribeId]
getScribes configuration name = do
     (updateCache, scribes) \leftarrow withMVar (getCG configuration) \$ \lambda cg \rightarrow do
        let defs = cgDefScribes cg
        let mapScribe = cgMapScribe cg
        let find_s lname = case HM.lookup lname mapScribe of
          Nothing \rightarrow
             case dropToDot lname of
               Nothing \rightarrow defs
               Just lname' \rightarrow find_s lname'
          Just os \rightarrow os
       let outs = HM.lookup name (cgMapScribeCache cg)
        -- look if scribes are already cached
        return $ case outs of
           -- if no cached scribes found; search the appropriate scribes that
          -- they must inherit and update the cached map
          Nothing \rightarrow (True, find_s name)
          Just os \rightarrow (False, os)
     when updateCache $ setCachedScribes configuration name $ Just scribes
     return scribes
   where
     dropToDot :: Text \rightarrow Maybe\ Text
     dropToDot ts = dropToDot' (breakOnEnd " . " ts)
     dropToDot'(\_,"") = Nothing
     dropToDot'(name', \_) = Just \$ dropWhileEnd (\equiv '.') name'
getCachedScribes :: Configuration \rightarrow LoggerName \rightarrow IO (Maybe [ScribeId])
getCachedScribes configuration name =
     withMVar (getCG configuration) \$ \lambda cg \rightarrow \mathbf{do}
        return $ HM.lookup name $ cgMapScribeCache cg
setScribes :: Configuration \rightarrow LoggerName \rightarrow Maybe [ScribeId] \rightarrow IO ()
setScribes configuration name scribes = do
     cg \leftarrow takeMVar (getCG configuration)
     putMVar (getCG configuration) $
        cg \{cgMapScribe = HM.alter (\setminus \rightarrow scribes) name (cgMapScribe cg)\}
setCachedScribes :: Configuration \rightarrow LoggerName \rightarrow Maybe [ScribeId] \rightarrow IO ()
```

```
setCachedScribes \  \  \  \  configuration \  \  name \  scribes = \  \  do \\ cg \leftarrow takeMVar \  (getCG \  \  configuration) \\ putMVar \  (getCG \  \  configuration) \$ \\ cg \  \{cgMapScribeCache = HM.alter \  (\setminus_{-} \rightarrow scribes) \  name \  (cgMapScribeCache \  cg)\} \\ setDefaultScribes :: Configuration \rightarrow [ScribeId] \rightarrow IO \  () \\ setDefaultScribes \  \  configuration \  \  scs = \  \  do \\ cg \leftarrow takeMVar \  (getCG \  \  configuration) \\ putMVar \  (getCG \  \  configuration) \$ cg \  \{cgDefScribes = scs\} \\
```

# Scribes to be setup in the Log backend

Defines the list of *Scribes* that need to be setup in the Log backend.

```
setSetupScribes:: Configuration \rightarrow [ScribeDefinition] \rightarrow IO () setSetupScribes configuration sds = \mathbf{do} cg \leftarrow takeMVar (getCG configuration) putMVar (getCG configuration) putMVar
```

#### AggregatedKind to define the type of measurement

For a given context name return its *AggregatedKind* or in case no such configuration exists, return the default *AggregatedKind* to use.

```
getAggregatedKind :: Configuration \rightarrow LoggerName \rightarrow IO AggregatedKind
getAggregatedKind configuration name =
   with MVar (get CG configuration) \lambda cg \rightarrow do
     let outs = HM.lookup name (cgMapAggregatedKind cg)
     case outs of
        Nothing \rightarrow do
          return (cgDefAggregatedKind cg)
        Just os \rightarrow return \$ os
setDefaultAggregatedKind :: Configuration \rightarrow AggregatedKind \rightarrow IO ()
setDefaultAggregatedKind configuration defAK = \mathbf{do}
   cg \leftarrow takeMVar (getCG configuration)
  putMVar (getCG configuration) $ cg {cgDefAggregatedKind = defAK}
setAggregatedKind :: Configuration \rightarrow LoggerName \rightarrow Maybe AggregatedKind \rightarrow IO ()
setAggregatedKind configuration name ak = do
  cg \leftarrow takeMVar (getCG configuration)
  putMVar (getCG configuration) $ cg \{cgMapAggregatedKind = HM.alter (\setminus_- \to ak) name (cgMapAggregatedKind) $
```

# Access port numbers of EKG, GUI

```
getEKGport :: Configuration \rightarrow IO Int
getEKGport configuration =
  withMVar (getCG configuration) \$ \lambda cg \rightarrow \mathbf{do}
     return $ cgPortEKG cg
setEKGport :: Configuration \rightarrow Int \rightarrow IO ()
setEKGport configuration port = do
  cg \leftarrow takeMVar (getCG configuration)
  putMVar (getCG configuration) $ cg {cgPortEKG = port}
getGUIport :: Configuration \rightarrow IO Int
getGUIport configuration =
  withMVar (getCG configuration) \lambda cg \rightarrow do
     return $ cgPortGUI cg
setGUIport :: Configuration \rightarrow Int \rightarrow IO ()
setGUIport configuration port = do
  cg \leftarrow takeMVar (getCG configuration)
  putMVar (getCG configuration) $ cg {cgPortGUI = port}
```

# **Options**

```
getOption :: Configuration \rightarrow Text \rightarrow IO (Maybe Text) getOption configuration name = \mathbf{do} withMVar (getCG configuration) $\lambda cg \rightarrow$ case HM.lookup name (cgOptions cg) of Nothing \rightarrow return Nothing

Just 0 \rightarrow return $\lambda Just $\lambda pack $\lambda show 0$
```

# Global setting of minimum severity

```
minSeverity:: Configuration \rightarrow IO Severity
minSeverity configuration = withMVar (getCG configuration) $\lambda cg \rightarrow return $\scanselength{cgMinSeverity} cg$

setMinSeverity:: Configuration \rightarrow Severity \rightarrow IO ()

setMinSeverity configuration sev = do

cg \leftarrow takeMVar (getCG configuration)

putMVar (getCG configuration) $\scanselength{cgMinSeverity} = sev}
```

### Relation of context name to minimum severity

```
inspectSeverity :: Configuration → Text → IO (Maybe Severity) inspectSeverity configuration name = do with MVar (getCG configuration) $ \lambda cg →
```

```
return \$ HM.lookup \ name \ (cgMapSeverity \ cg)
setSeverity :: \textbf{Configuration} \rightarrow Text \rightarrow Maybe \ \textbf{Severity} \rightarrow IO \ ()
setSeverity \ \textbf{configuration} \ name \ sev = \textbf{do}
cg \leftarrow takeMVar \ (getCG \ \textbf{configuration})
putMVar \ (getCG \ \textbf{configuration}) \ \$ \ cg \ \{cgMapSeverity = HM.alter \ (\setminus_{-} \rightarrow sev) \ name \ (cgMapSeverity \ cg)\}
```

#### Relation of context name to SubTrace

A new context may contain a different type of Trace. The function appendName (Enter new named context) will look up the SubTrace for the context's name.

```
findSubTrace :: \textbf{Configuration} \rightarrow \textit{Text} \rightarrow IO \ (\textit{Maybe SubTrace}) findSubTrace \ \textbf{configuration} \ name = \textbf{do} withMVar \ (\textit{getCG configuration}) \$ \ \lambda \textit{cg} \rightarrow \\ return \$ \ HM.lookup \ name \ (\textit{cgMapSubtrace cg}) setSubTrace :: \textbf{Configuration} \rightarrow \textit{Text} \rightarrow \textit{Maybe SubTrace} \rightarrow IO \ () setSubTrace \ \textbf{configuration} \ name \ trafo = \textbf{do} cg \leftarrow takeMVar \ (\textit{getCG configuration}) putMVar \ (\textit{getCG configuration}) \$ \ cg \ \{\textit{cgMapSubtrace} = HM.alter \ (\setminus_- \rightarrow trafo) \ name \ (\textit{cgMapSubtrace cg})\}
```

# Parse configuration from file

Parse the configuration into an internal representation first. Then, fill in Configuration after refinement.

```
setup :: FilePath \rightarrow IO Configuration
setup fp = do
    r \leftarrow R.parseRepresentation fp
    setupFromRepresentation r
setupFromRepresentation :: R.Representation \rightarrow IO Configuration
setupFromRepresentation r = do
    cgref \leftarrow newEmptyMVar
    let mapseverity = HM.lookup "mapSeverity" (R.options r)
       mapbackends = HM.lookup "mapBackends" (R.options r)
       mapsubtrace = HM.lookup "mapSubtrace" (R.options r)
       mapscribes = HM.lookup "mapScribes" (R.options r)
       mapAggregatedKinds = HM.lookup "mapAggregatedkinds" (R.options r)
       mapScribe
                   = parseScribeMap mapscribes
    putMVar cgref $ ConfigurationInternal
       \{cgMinSeverity = R.minSeverity r\}
       ,cgMapSeverity = parseSeverityMap mapseverity
       ,cgMapSubtrace = parseSubtraceMap mapsubtrace
       , cgOptions = R.options r
       ,cgMapBackend = parseBackendMap mapbackends
       ,cgDefBackendKs = R.defaultBackends r
       , cgSetupBackends = R.setupBackends r
       ,cgMapScribe = mapScribe
```

```
,cgMapScribeCache = mapScribe
    ,cgDefScribes = r\_defaultScribes r
    ,cgSetupScribes = R.setupScribes r
    ,cgMapAggregatedKind = parseAggregatedKindMap mapAggregatedKinds
    ,cgDefAggregatedKind = StatsAK
    ,cgPortEKG = r\_hasEKG r
    ,cgPortGUI = r\_hasGUI r
  return $ Configuration cgref
where
  parseSeverityMap:: Maybe (HM.HashMap Text Value) → HM.HashMap Text Severity
  parseSeverityMap Nothing = HM.empty
  parseSeverityMap (Just hmv) = HM.mapMaybe mkSeverity hmv
  mkSeverity (String s) = Just (read (unpack s) :: Severity)
  mkSeverity = Nothing
  parseBackendMap Nothing = HM.empty
  parseBackendMap (Just hmv) = HM.map mkBackends hmv
  mkBackends (Array bes) = catMaybes $ map mkBackend $ Vector.toList bes
  mkBackends = []
  mkBackend (String s) = Just (read (unpack s) :: BackendKind)
  mkBackend = Nothing
  parseScribeMap Nothing = HM.empty
  parseScribeMap (Just hmv) = HM.map mkScribes hmv
  mkScribes (Array scs) = catMaybes $ map mkScribe $ Vector.toList scs
  mkScribes (String s) = [(s :: ScribeId)]
  mkScribes \_ = []
  mkScribe (String s) = Just (s :: ScribeId)
  mkScribe = Nothing
  parseSubtraceMap:: Maybe (HM.HashMap Text Value) → HM.HashMap Text SubTrace
  parseSubtraceMap Nothing = HM.empty
  parseSubtraceMap (Just hmv) = HM.mapMaybe mkSubtrace hmv
  mkSubtrace (String s) = Just (read (unpack s) :: SubTrace)
  mkSubtrace (Object hm) = mkSubtrace' (HM.lookup "tag" hm) (HM.lookup "contents" hm)
  mkSubtrace = Nothing
  mkSubtrace' Nothing _ = Nothing
  mkSubtrace' _ Nothing = Nothing
  mkSubtrace' (Just (String tag)) (Just (Array cs)) =
    if tag ≡ "ObservableTrace"
    then Just $ ObservableTrace $ map (\lambda(String s) \rightarrow (read (unpack s) :: ObservableInstance)) $ Vector.toLis
    else Nothing
  mkSubtrace' \_ \_ = Nothing
  r_hasEKG repr = case (R.hasEKG repr) of
    Nothing \rightarrow 0
    Just p \rightarrow p
  r_hasGUI repr = case (R.hasGUI repr) of
    Nothing \rightarrow 0
    Just p \rightarrow p
```

```
r\_defaultScribes\ repr = map\ (\lambda(k,n) \to pack\ (show\ k) <> "::" <> n)\ (R.defaultScribes\ repr)
parseAggregatedKindMap\ Nothing = HM.empty
parseAggregatedKindMap\ (Just\ hmv) =
let
listv = HM.toList\ hmv
mapAggregatedKind = HM.fromList\ s\ catMaybes\ s\ map\ mkAggregatedKind\ listv
in
mapAggregatedKind
mkAggregatedKind\ (name, String\ s) = Just\ (name, read\ (unpack\ s) :: AggregatedKind)
mkAggregatedKind\ _= Nothing
```

# Setup empty configuration

```
empty :: IO Configuration empty = \mathbf{do} cgref \leftarrow newEmptyMVar putMVar\ cgref \$ ConfigurationInternal\ Debug\ HM.empty\ HM.empty\
```

# 1.4.22 Cardano.BM.Output.Switchboard

#### Switchboard

```
type SwitchboardMVar = MVar SwitchboardInternal
newtype Switchboard = Switchboard
   {getSB :: SwitchboardMVar}

data SwitchboardInternal = SwitchboardInternal
   {sbQueue :: TBQ.TBQueue NamedLogItem
   ,sbDispatch :: Async.Async ()
   }
```

#### Trace that forwards to the Switchboard

Every Trace ends in the Switchboard which then takes care of dispatching the messages to outputs

```
mainTrace :: Switchboard \rightarrow TraceNamed IO
mainTrace sb = BaseTrace.BaseTrace $Op$ $\lambda lognamed \rightarrow \mathbf{do}
effectuate sb lognamed
```

#### **Process incoming messages**

Incoming messages are put into the queue, and then processed by the dispatcher. The queue is initialized and the message dispatcher launched.

```
instance IsEffectuator Switchboard where effectuate switchboard item = do
```

```
let writequeue :: TBQ.TBQueue NamedLogItem \rightarrow NamedLogItem \rightarrow IO () writequeue q i = do nocapacity \leftarrow atomically $ TBQ.isFullTBQueue q if nocapacity then return () else atomically $ TBQ.writeTBQueue q i withMVar (getSB switchboard) $ \lambdasb \rightarrow writequeue (sbQueue sb) item
```

# Switchboard implements Backend functions

Switchboard is an Declaration of a Backend

```
instance IsBackend Switchboard where
  typeof = SwitchboardBK
  realize cfg =
     let spawnDispatcher
           :: Configuration
           \rightarrow [(BackendKind, Backend)]
           → TBQ.TBQueue NamedLogItem
           \rightarrow IO(Async.Async())
       spawnDispatcher config backends queue =
          let sendMessage nli befilter = \mathbf{do}
               selectedBackends \leftarrow getBackends config (lnName nli)
               let selBEs = befilter selectedBackends
               forM_backends \ \lambda(bek, be) \rightarrow
                  when (bek \in selBEs) (bEffectuate be $nli)
             qProc = \mathbf{do}
               nli \leftarrow atomically \$ TBQ.readTBQueue queue
               case lnItem nli of
                  LogObject \_KillPill \rightarrow
                    for M_- backends (\lambda(\_, be) \rightarrow bUnrealize be)
                  LogObject \_ (AggregatedMessage \_) → do
                    sendMessage nli (filter (≠ AggregationBK))
                    aProc
                  \_ \rightarrow sendMessage nli id \gg qProc
          in
          Async.async qProc
     q \leftarrow atomically \$ TBQ.newTBQueue 2048
     sbref \leftarrow newEmptyMVar
     putMVar sbref $ SwitchboardInternal q $ error "unitialized dispatcher"
     let sb :: Switchboard = Switchboard sbref
     backends \leftarrow getSetupBackends cfg
     bs \leftarrow \mathbf{setupBackends} \ backends \ cfg \ sb \ [\ ]
     dispatcher \leftarrow spawnDispatcher \ cfg \ bs \ q
     -- link the given Async to the current thread, such that if the Async
```

```
-- raises an exception, that exception will be re-thrown in the current
  -- thread, wrapped in ExceptionInLinkedThread.
  Async.link dispatcher
  modifyMVar\_sbref \$ \lambda sbInternal \rightarrow return \$ sbInternal \{ sbDispatch = dispatcher \}
  return sb
unrealize switchboard = do
  let clearMVar :: MVar a \rightarrow IO ()
    clearMVar = void \circ tryTakeMVar
  (dispatcher, queue) \leftarrow withMVar (getSB switchboard) (\lambda sb \rightarrow return (sbDispatch sb,sbQueue sb))
  -- send terminating item to the queue
  lo \leftarrow LogObject < \$ > mkLOMeta < * > pure KillPill
  atomically $ TBQ.writeTBQueue queue $ LogNamed "kill.switchboard" lo
  -- wait for the dispatcher to exit
  res \leftarrow Async.waitCatch\ dispatcher
  either throwM return res
  (clear M Var \circ get SB) switchboard
```

# Realizing the backends according to configuration

return MkBackend

```
setupBackends :: [ BackendKind ]
        → Configuration
        → Switchboard
        \rightarrow [(BackendKind, Backend)]
        \rightarrow IO [(BackendKind, Backend)]
setupBackends [] _ _ acc = return acc
setupBackends (bk : bes) c sb acc = do
  be' \leftarrow setupBackend' bk c sb
  setupBackends bes c sb ((bk, be'): acc)
setupBackend' :: BackendKind \rightarrow Configuration \rightarrow Switchboard \rightarrow IO Backend
setupBackend' SwitchboardBK _ _ = error "cannot instantiate a further Switchboard"
setupBackend' EKGViewBK c = do
  be:: Cardano.BM.Output \circ EKGView.EKGView \leftarrow Cardano.BM.Output \circ EKGView.realize c
  return MkBackend
     {bEffectuate = Cardano.BM.Output o EKGView.effectuate be
     ,bUnrealize = Cardano.BM.Output o EKGView.unrealize be
setupBackend' AggregationBK c sb = \mathbf{do}
  let trace = mainTrace sb
     ctx = TraceContext {loggerName = " "
          , configuration = c
          , minSeverity = Debug
          , tracetype = Neutral
          , shutdown = pure()
  be :: Cardano.BM.Output \circ Aggregation.Aggregation \leftarrow Cardano.BM.Output \circ Aggregation.realize from (ctx, ctx)
```

```
\{bEffectuate = Cardano.BM.Output \circ \textbf{Aggregation}.effectuate \ be \\ ,bUnrealize = Cardano.BM.Output \circ \textbf{Aggregation}.unrealize \ be \\ \} \\ setupBackend' \ KatipBK \ c \_ = \textbf{do} \\ be :: Cardano.BM.Output \circ \textbf{Log.Log} \leftarrow Cardano.BM.Output \circ \textbf{Log}.realize \ c \\ return \ MkBackend \\ \{bEffectuate = Cardano.BM.Output \circ \textbf{Log}.effectuate \ be \\ ,bUnrealize = Cardano.BM.Output \circ \textbf{Log}.unrealize \ be \\ \}
```

# 1.4.23 Cardano.BM.Output.Log

# Internal representation

```
type LogMVar = MVar LogInternal
newtype Log = Log
{getK :: LogMVar}
data LogInternal = LogInternal
{kLogEnv :: K.LogEnv
, configuration :: Config.Configuration}
```

# **Log implements** *effectuate*

```
instance IsEffectuator Log where

effectuate katip item = do

c \leftarrow withMVar (getK \ katip) \$ \lambda k \rightarrow return (configuration \ k)

selscribes \leftarrow getScribes \ c \ (lnName \ item)

forM\_selscribes \$ \lambda sc \rightarrow passN \ sc \ katip \ item
```

### Log implements backend functions

```
instance IsBackend Log where
  typeof _ = KatipBK
  realize config = do
  let updateEnv :: K.LogEnv → IO UTCTime → K.LogEnv
     updateEnv le timer =
     le {K._logEnvTimer = timer, K._logEnvHost = "hostname"}
     register :: [ScribeDefinition] → K.LogEnv → IO K.LogEnv
     register [] le = return le
     register (defsc: dscs) le = do
     let kind = scKind defsc
     name = scName defsc
     name' = pack (show kind) <> "::" <> name
     scr ← createScribe kind name
```

```
register dscs ≪ K.registerScribe name' scr scribeSettings le
       mockVersion:: Version
       mockVersion = Version [0, 1, 0, 0][]
       scribeSettings:: KC.ScribeSettings
       scribeSettings =
         let bufferSize = 5000— size of the queue (in log items)
         KC.ScribeSettings bufferSize
       createScribe FileTextSK name = mkTextFileScribe (FileDescription $ unpack name) False
       createScribe FileJsonSK name = mkJsonFileScribe (FileDescription $ unpack name) False
       createScribe StdoutSK _ = mkStdoutScribe
       createScribe StderrSK _ = mkStderrScribe
    cfoKey ← Config.getOptionOrDefault config (pack "cfokey") (pack "<unknown>")
    le0 \leftarrow K.initLogEnv
            (K.Namespace ["iohk"])
            (fromString $ (unpack cfoKey) <> ": " <> showVersion mockVersion)
     -- request a new time 'getCurrentTime' at most 100 times a second
    timer \leftarrow mkAutoUpdate defaultUpdateSettings \{updateAction = getCurrentTime, updateFreq = 10000\}
    let le1 = updateEnv le0 timer
    scribes \leftarrow getSetupScribes config
    le \leftarrow register scribes le1
    kref \leftarrow newEmptyMVar
    putMVar kref $ LogInternal le config
    return $ Log kref
  unrealize katip = do
    le \leftarrow withMVar (getK \ katip) \ \ \lambda k \rightarrow return (kLogEnv \ k)
    void $ K.closeScribes le
example :: IO()
example = do
  config \leftarrow Config.setup "from_some_path.yaml"
  k \leftarrow setup \ config
  passN (pack (show StdoutSK)) k $ LogNamed
    {lnName = "test"
    , lnItem = LogMessage $ LogItem
       {liSelection = Both
       , liSeverity = Info
       ,liPayload = "Hello!"
  passN (pack (show StdoutSK)) k $ LogNamed
    {lnName = "test"
    , lnItem = LogValue "cpu-no" 1
```

Needed instances for *katip*:

```
deriving instance K.ToObject LogObject
deriving instance K.ToObject LogItem
deriving instance K.ToObject (Maybe LOContent)
instance KC.LogItem LogObject where
payloadKeys _ _ = KC.AllKeys
instance KC.LogItem LogItem where
payloadKeys _ _ = KC.AllKeys
instance KC.LogItem (Maybe LOContent) where
payloadKeys _ _ = KC.AllKeys
```

# Log.passN

The following function copies the NamedLogItem to the queues of all scribes that match on their name. Compare start of name of scribe to (*show backend* <> "::"). This function is non-blocking.

```
passN :: Text \rightarrow Log \rightarrow NamedLogItem \rightarrow IO ()
passN backend katip namedLogItem = do
  env \leftarrow withMVar (getK \ katip) \ \ \lambda k \rightarrow return (kLogEnv \ k)
  forM_(Map.toList $ K._logEnvScribes env) $
     \lambda(scName, (KC.ScribeHandle \_shChan)) \rightarrow
        -- check start of name to match ScribeKind
          if backend 'isPrefixOf' scName
           then do
             let (LogObject lometa loitem) = lnItem namedLogItem
             let (sev, msg, payload) = case loitem of
                   (LogMessage logItem) \rightarrow
                     (liSeverity logItem, liPayload logItem, Nothing)
                   (ObserveDiff_{-}) \rightarrow
                     let text = toStrict (encodeToLazyText loitem)
                     in
                     (Info, text, Just loitem)
                   (ObserveOpen \_) \rightarrow
                     let text = toStrict (encodeToLazyText loitem)
                     (Info, text, Just loitem)
                   (ObserveClose \_) \rightarrow
                     let text = toStrict (encodeToLazyText loitem)
                     in
                     (Info, text, Just loitem)
                   (AggregatedMessage aggregated) \rightarrow
                     let text = T.concat \$ (flip map) aggregated \$ \lambda (name, agg) \rightarrow
                        "\n" <> name <> ": " <> pack (show agg)
                     (Info, text, Nothing)
                   (LogValue\ name\ value) \rightarrow
                     (Debug, name <> " = " <> pack (show SI value), Nothing)
                   KillPill \rightarrow
```

```
(Info, "Kill pill received!", Nothing)
  if (msg \equiv "") \land (isNothing payload)
  then return ()
  else do
    let threadIdText = KC.mkThreadIdText (tid lometa)
    let ns = lnName namedLogItem
    let itemTime = tstamp lometa
    let itemKatip = K.Item {
                     = env^*. KC.logEnvApp
       _itemApp
                     = env \cdot . KC.logEnvEnv
      ,_itemEnv
      ,_itemSeverity = sev2klog sev
      ,_itemThread = threadIdText
      , \_itemHost = env^*. KC.logEnvHost
      , \_itemProcess = env^*. KC.logEnvPid
       ,_itemPayload = payload
      ,_itemMessage = K.logStr msg
                     = itemTime
       ,_itemTime
      , \_itemNamespace = (env \hat{\ }. KC.logEnvApp) <> (K.Namespace [ns])
       ,_itemLoc
                     = Nothing
    void $ atomically $ KC.tryWriteTBQueue shChan (KC.NewItem itemKatip)
else return ()
```

#### **Scribes**

```
mkStdoutScribe :: IO K.Scribe
mkStdoutScribe = \mathbf{do}
     -- duplicate stdout so that Katip's closing
     -- action will not close the real stdout
     stdout' \leftarrow hDuplicate\ stdout
     mkTextFileScribeH stdout' True
mkStderrScribe :: IO K.Scribe
mkStderrScribe = \mathbf{do}
     -- duplicate stderr so that Katip's closing
     -- action will not close the real stderr
     stderr' \leftarrow hDuplicate stderr
     mkTextFileScribeH stderr' True
mkTextFileScribeH :: Handle \rightarrow Bool \rightarrow IO K.Scribe
mkTextFileScribeH handler color = \mathbf{do}
     mkFileScribeH handler formatter color
  where
     formatter h colorize verbosity item =
        TIO.hPutStrLn h $! toLazyText $ formatItem colorize verbosity item
mkFileScribeH
     :: Handle
     \rightarrow (forall a \circ K.LogItem a \Rightarrow Handle \rightarrow Bool \rightarrow K.Verbosity \rightarrow K.Item a \rightarrow IO ())
```

```
\rightarrow Bool
      \rightarrow IO K.Scribe
mkFileScribeHh formatter colorize = \mathbf{do}
     hSetBuffering h LineBuffering
     locklocal \leftarrow newMVar()
     let logger :: forall \ a \circ K. LogItem \ a \Rightarrow K. Item \ a \rightarrow IO ()
        logger item = withMVar locklocal \$ \setminus \rightarrow
           formatter h colorize K.V0 item
     pure $ K.Scribe logger (hClose h)
mkTextFileScribe :: FileDescription \rightarrow Bool \rightarrow IO K.Scribe
mkTextFileScribe\ fdesc\ colorize = \mathbf{do}
     mkFileScribe fdesc formatter colorize
   where
     formatter :: Handle \rightarrow Bool \rightarrow K. Verbosity \rightarrow K. Item a \rightarrow IO ()
     formatter hdl colorize' v' item =
        case KC._itemMessage item of
           K.LogStr "" \rightarrow
              -- if message is empty do not output it
              return ()
           \rightarrow do
              let tmsg = toLazyText $ formatItem colorize' v' item
              TIO.hPutStrLn hdl tmsg
mkJsonFileScribe :: FileDescription \rightarrow Bool \rightarrow IO K.Scribe
mkJsonFileScribe fdesc colorize = do
     mkFileScribe fdesc formatter colorize
   where
     formatter :: (K.LogItem \ a) \Rightarrow Handle \rightarrow Bool \rightarrow K.Verbosity \rightarrow K.Item \ a \rightarrow IO()
     formatter h _ verbosity item = do
        let tmsg = case KC._itemMessage item of
           -- if a message is contained in item then only the
           -- message is printed and not the data
           K.LogStr "" \rightarrow K.itemJson\ verbosity\ item
           K.LogStr\ msg \rightarrow K.itemJson\ verbosity\$
              item {KC._itemMessage = K.logStr ("" :: Text)
                 , KC._itemPayload = LogItem Both Info $ toStrict $ toLazyText msg
         TIO.hPutStrLn h (encodeToLazyText tmsg)
mkFileScribe
      :: FileDescription
      \rightarrow (forall a \circ K.LogItem a \Rightarrow Handle \rightarrow Bool \rightarrow K.Verbosity \rightarrow K.Item <math>a \rightarrow IO ())
      \rightarrow Bool
      \rightarrow IO K.Scribe
mkFileScribe\ fdesc\ formatter\ colorize = \mathbf{do}
     let prefixDir = prefixPath fdesc
     (createDirectoryIfMissing True prefixDir)
         'catchIO' (prtoutException ("cannot log prefix directory: " + prefixDir))
     let fpath = filePath fdesc
```

```
h \leftarrow catchIO (openFile fpath WriteMode)$
          \lambda e \rightarrow \mathbf{do}
             prtoutException ("error while opening log: " ++ fpath) e
             -- fallback to standard output in case of exception
             return stdout
     hSetBuffering h LineBuffering
     scribestate \leftarrow newMVar h
     let finalizer :: IO ()
        finalizer = withMVar scribestate hClose
     let logger :: forall \ a \circ K. LogItem \ a \Rightarrow K. Item \ a \rightarrow IO ()
        logger item =
          withMVar scribestate \$ \lambdahandler \rightarrow
             formatter handler colorize K.V0 item
     return $ K.Scribe logger finalizer
formatItem :: Bool \rightarrow K.Verbosity \rightarrow K.Item \ a \rightarrow Builder
formatItem withColor _verb K.Item {..} =
     fromText header <>
     fromText " " <>
     brackets (fromText timestamp) <>
     fromText " " <>
     KC.unLogStr_itemMessage
  where
     header = colorBySeverity _itemSeverity$
        "["<> mconcat namedcontext <> ":" <> severity <> ":" <> threadid <> "]"
     namedcontext = KC.intercalateNs _itemNamespace
     severity = KC.renderSeverity _itemSeverity
     threadid = KC.getThreadIdText _itemThread
     timestamp = pack $ formatTime defaultTimeLocale tsformat _itemTime
     tsformat :: String
     tsformat = "%F %T%2Q %Z"
     colorBySeverity \ s \ m = \mathbf{case} \ s \ \mathbf{of}
        K.EmergencyS \rightarrow red m
        K.AlertS
                     \rightarrow red m
        K.CriticalS \rightarrow red m
        K.ErrorS \rightarrow red m
        K.NoticeS \rightarrow magenta m
        K.WarningS \rightarrow yellow m
                     \rightarrow blue m
        K.InfoS
        _{-} \rightarrow m
     red = colorize "31"
     yellow = colorize "33"
     magenta = colorize "35"
     blue = colorize "34"
     colorize c m
        | withColor = "\ESC[" <> c <> "m" <> m <> "\ESC[0m"
        | otherwise = m
```

```
-- translate Severity to Log. Severity
sev2klog :: Severity \rightarrow K.Severity
sev2klog = \lambda case
     Debug \rightarrow K.DebugS
               \rightarrow K.InfoS
     Info
     Notice \rightarrow K.NoticeS
     Warning \rightarrow K.WarningS
     Error \rightarrow K.ErrorS
     Critical \rightarrow K.CriticalS
     Alert \rightarrow K.AlertS
     Emergency \rightarrow K.EmergencyS
data FileDescription = FileDescription {
  filePath :: !FilePath}
  deriving (Show)
prefixPath :: FileDescription \rightarrow FilePath
prefixPath = takeDirectory ∘ filePath
-- display message and stack trace of exception on stdout
prtoutException :: Exception \ e \Rightarrow String \rightarrow e \rightarrow IO()
prtoutException \ msg \ e = \mathbf{do}
  putStrLn msg
  putStrLn ("exception: " ++ displayException e)
```

# 1.4.24 Cardano.BM.Output.EKGView

### Structure of EKGView

```
type EKGViewMVar = MVar EKGViewInternal
newtype EKGView = EKGView
  {getEV :: EKGViewMVar}

data EKGViewInternal = EKGViewInternal
  {evQueue :: TBQ.TBQueue (Maybe NamedLogItem)
  ,evLabels :: EKGViewMap
  ,evServer :: Server
 }
```

#### Relation from variable name to label handler

We keep the label handlers for later update in a *HashMap*.

```
type EKGViewMap = HM.HashMap Text Label.Label
```

#### **Internal Trace**

This is an internal Trace, named "#ekgview", which can be used to control the messages that are being displayed by EKG.

```
ekgTrace :: EKGView \rightarrow Configuration \rightarrow IO (Trace IO)
ekgTrace\ ekg\ c = \mathbf{do}
     let trace = ekgTrace' ekg
       ctx = TraceContext {loggerName = " "
             , configuration = c
             , minSeverity = Debug
             , tracetype = Neutral
             , shutdown = pure()
     Trace.subTrace "#ekgview" (ctx, trace)
  where
     ekgTrace':: EKGView → TraceNamed IO
     ekgTrace' ekgview = BaseTrace.BaseTrace $ Op $ \lambda(LogNamed lognamed lo) \rightarrow do
       let setlabel :: Text \rightarrow Text \rightarrow EKGViewInternal \rightarrow IO (Maybe EKGViewInternal)
          setlabel name label ekg_i@(EKGViewInternal _ labels server) =
            case HM.lookup name labels of
               Nothing \rightarrow do
                   ekghdl \leftarrow getLabel name server
                   Label.set ekghdl label
                   return $ Just $ ekg_i {evLabels = HM.insert name ekghdl labels}
               Just ekghdl \rightarrow do
                   Label.set ekghdl label
                   return Nothing
          update :: LogObject \rightarrow LoggerName \rightarrow EKGViewInternal \rightarrow IO (Maybe EKGViewInternal)
          update (LogObject _ (LogMessage logitem)) logname ekg_i =
            setlabel logname (liPayload logitem) ekg_i
          update (LogObject _ (LogValue iname value)) logname ekg_i =
            let logname' = logname <> " . " <> iname
            setlabel logname' (pack $ show value) ekg_i
          update _ _ _ = return Nothing
       ekgup \leftarrow takeMVar (getEV ekgview)
       let -- strip off some prefixes not necessary for display
          lognam1 = case stripPrefix "#ekgview.#aggregation." lognamed of
            Nothing \rightarrow lognamed
            Just ln' \rightarrow ln'
          logname = case stripPrefix "#ekgview." lognam1 of
            Nothing \rightarrow lognam1
            Iust ln' \rightarrow ln'
       upd ← update lo logname ekgup
       case upd of
          Nothing \rightarrow putMVar (getEV ekgview) ekgup
          Just ekgup' \rightarrow putMVar (getEV ekgview) ekgup'
```

#### EKG view is an effectuator

Function *effectuate* is called to pass in a NamedLogItem for display in EKG. If the log item is an *AggregatedStats* message, then all its constituents are put into the queue.

```
instance IsEffectuator EKGView where
  effectuate\ ekgview\ item = do
    ekg \leftarrow readMVar (getEV \ ekgview)
    let queue a = do
              nocapacity \leftarrow atomically \$ TBQ.isFullTBQueue (evQueue ekg)
              if nocapacity
              then return ()
              else atomically $ TBQ.writeTBQueue (evQueue ekg) (Just a)
    case (lnItem item) of
       (LogObject lometa (AggregatedMessage ags)) \rightarrow liftIO $ do
         let logname = lnName item
            traceAgg :: [(Text, Aggregated)] \rightarrow IO()
            traceAgg[] = return()
            traceAgg((n, AggregatedEWMA ewma): r) = do
              queue $ LogNamed (logname <> " . " <> n) $ LogObject lometa (LogValue "avg" $ avg ewma)
              traceAgg r
            traceAgg((n,AggregatedStats stats):r) = \mathbf{do}
              let statsname = logname <> " . " <> n
                 abasestats s' nm = do
                   queue $ LogNamed nm $ LogObject lometa (LogValue "mean" (PureD $ meanOfStats s'))
                   queue $ LogNamed nm $ LogObject lometa (LogValue "min" $ fmin s')
                   queue $ LogNamed nm $ LogObject lometa (LogValue "max" $ fmax s')
                   queue $ LogNamed nm $ LogObject lometa (LogValue "count" $ PureI $ fromIntegral $ fcoun
                   queue $ LogNamed nm $ LogObject lometa (LogValue "stdev" (PureD $ stdevOfStats s'))
              queue $ LogNamed statsname $ LogObject lometa (LogValue "last" $ flast stats)
              qbasestats (fbasic stats) $ statsname <> ".basic"
              qbasestats (fdelta stats) $ statsname <> ".delta"
              qbasestats (ftimed stats) $ statsname <> " . timed"
              traceAgg r
         traceAgg ags
       (LogObject \_(LogMessage \_)) \rightarrow queue item
       (LogObject \_(LogValue \_\_)) \rightarrow queue item
       \_ \rightarrow return ()
```

#### **EKGView** implements **Backend** functions

EKGView is an IsBackend

```
instance IsBackend EKGView where
  typeof _ = EKGViewBK

realize config = do
    evref ← newEmptyMVar
  let ekgview = EKGView evref
```

```
evport \leftarrow getEKGport\ config
  ehdl \leftarrow forkServer "127.0.0.1" evport
  ekghdl \leftarrow getLabel "iohk-monitoring version" ehdl
  Label.set ekghdl $ pack (show Version version)
  ekgtrace ← ekgTrace ekgview config
  queue \leftarrow atomically \$ TBQ.newTBQueue 512
  dispatcher ← spawnDispatcher queue ekgtrace
  -- link the given Async to the current thread, such that if the Async
  -- raises an exception, that exception will be re-thrown in the current
  -- thread, wrapped in ExceptionInLinkedThread.
  Async.link dispatcher
  putMVar evref $ EKGViewInternal
    \{evLabels = HM.empty
    , evServer = ehdl
    , evQueue = queue
  return ekgview
unrealize\ ekgview = do
  ekg \leftarrow takeMVar \$ getEV \ ekgview
  killThread $ serverThreadId $ evServer ekg
```

# Asynchrouniously reading log items from the queue and their processing

```
spawnDispatcher:: TBQ.TBQueue (Maybe NamedLogItem)

→ Trace.Trace IO

→ IO (Async.Async ())

spawnDispatcher evqueue trace =

Async.async $ qProc

where

qProc = do

maybeItem ← atomically $ TBQ.readTBQueue evqueue

case maybeItem of

Just (LogNamed logname logvalue) → do

trace' ← Trace.appendName logname trace

Trace.traceNamedObject trace' logvalue

qProc

Nothing → return ()-- stop here
```

# Interactive testing **EKGView**

```
test :: IO ()

test = do

c ← Cardano.BM.Setup.setupTrace (Left "test/config.yaml") "ekg"

ev ← Cardano.BM.Output ∘ EKGView.realize c

effectuate ev $ LogNamed "test.questions" (LogValue "answer" 42)

effectuate ev $ LogNamed "test.monitor023" (LogMessage (LogItem Public Warning "!!!! ALARM !!!!")
```

# 1.4.25 Cardano.BM.Output.Aggregation

# Internal representation

# Relation from context name to aggregated statistics

We keep the aggregated values (Aggregated) for a named context in a HashMap.

```
type AggregationMap = HM.HashMap Text AggregatedExpanded
```

# Info for Aggregated operations

Apart from the Aggregated we keep some valuable info regarding to them; such as when was the last time it was sent.

```
type Timestamp = Word64
data AggregatedExpanded = AggregatedExpanded
{aeAggregated :: !Aggregated
,aeResetAfter :: !(Maybe Word64)
,aeLastSent :: {-# UNPACK #-} ! Timestamp
}
```

#### **Aggregation** implements effectuate

Aggregation is an Accepts a NamedLogItem Enter the log item into the Aggregation queue.

#### instance IsEffectuator Aggregation where

```
effectuate agg item = do

ag ← readMVar (getAg agg)

nocapacity ← atomically $ TBQ.isFullTBQueue (agQueue ag)

if nocapacity

then return ()

else atomically $! TBQ.writeTBQueue (agQueue ag) $ Just item
```

# **Aggregation** implements **Backend** functions

Aggregation is an Declaration of a Backend

```
instance IsBackend Aggregation where
  typeof_- = AggregationBK
  realize _ = error "Aggregation cannot be instantiated by 'realize'"
  realizefrom trace0@(ctx, \_) \_ = do
    trace ← Trace.subTrace "#aggregation" trace0
    aggref \leftarrow newEmptyMVar
    aggregationQueue \leftarrow atomically \$ TBQ.newTBQueue 2048
    dispatcher \leftarrow spawnDispatcher (configuration ctx) HM.empty aggregationQueue trace
    -- link the given Async to the current thread, such that if the Async
    -- raises an exception, that exception will be re-thrown in the current
    -- thread, wrapped in ExceptionInLinkedThread.
    Async.link dispatcher
    putMVar aggref $ AggregationInternal aggregationQueue dispatcher
    return $ Aggregation aggref
  unrealize aggregation = do
    let clearMVar :: MVar a \rightarrow IO()
      clearMVar = void \circ tryTakeMVar
    (dispatcher, queue) \leftarrow with MVar (get Ag aggregation) (\lambdaag \rightarrow
      return (agDispatch ag, agQueue ag))
    -- send terminating item to the queue
    atomically $ TBQ.writeTBQueue queue Nothing
    -- wait for the dispatcher to exit
    -- TODO add a timeout to waitCatch in order
    -- to be sure that it will finish
    res \leftarrow Async.waitCatch dispatcher
    either throwM return res
    (clearMVar ∘ getAg) aggregation
```

# Asynchrouniously reading log items from the queue and their processing

```
spawnDispatcher::Configuration

→ AggregationMap

→ TBQ.TBQueue (Maybe NamedLogItem)

→ Trace.Trace IO

→ IO (Async.Async ())

spawnDispatcher conf aggMap aggregationQueue trace = Async.async $ qProc aggMap

where

qProc aggregatedMap = do

maybeItem ← atomically $ TBQ.readTBQueue aggregationQueue

case maybeItem of

Just (LogNamed logname lo@(LogObject lm _)) → do

(updatedMap,aggregations) ← update lo logname aggregatedMap
```

```
unless (null aggregations)$
         sendAggregated (LogObject lm (AggregatedMessage aggregations)) logname
       qProc updatedMap
    Nothing \rightarrow return ()
createNupdate name value lme agmap = do
  case HM.lookup name agmap of
    Nothing \rightarrow do
       -- if Aggregated does not exist; initialize it.
       aggregatedKind \leftarrow getAggregatedKind conf name
       case aggregatedKind of
         StatsAK \rightarrow return \$ singletonStats value
         EwmaAK\ aEWMA \rightarrow \mathbf{do}
           let initEWMA = EmptyEWMA aEWMA
            return $ AggregatedEWMA $ ewma initEWMA value
    Just a \rightarrow return $ updateAggregation value (aeAggregated a) lme (aeResetAfter a)
update :: LogObject
   → LoggerName
   \rightarrow Aggregation Map
   \rightarrow IO (AggregationMap, [(Text, Aggregated)])
update (LogObject lme (LogValue iname value)) logname agmap = do
  let fullname = logname <> " . " <> iname
  aggregated ← createNupdate fullname value lme agmap
  now \leftarrow getMonotonicTimeNSec
  let aggregatedX = AggregatedExpanded {
    aeAggregated = aggregated
    , aeResetAfter = Nothing
    , aeLastSent = now
    namedAggregated = [(iname, aeAggregated aggregatedX)]
    updatedMap = HM.alter (const $ Just $ aggregatedX) fullname agmap
  return (updatedMap, namedAggregated)
update (LogObject lme (ObserveDiff counterState)) logname agmap =
  updateCounters (csCounters counterState) lme (logname, "diff") agmap []
update (LogObject lme (ObserveOpen counterState)) logname agmap =
  updateCounters (csCounters counterState) lme (logname, "open") agmap []
update (LogObject lme (ObserveClose counterState)) logname agmap =
  updateCounters (csCounters counterState) lme (logname, "close") agmap []
update (LogObject lme (LogMessage msg)) logname agmap = do
  let iname = T.pack $ show (liSeverity msg)
  let fullname = logname <> " . " <> iname
  aggregated \leftarrow createNupdate fullname (PureI 0) lme agmap
  now \leftarrow getMonotonicTimeNSec
  let aggregatedX = AggregatedExpanded {
    aeAggregated = aggregated
    , aeResetAfter = Nothing
    ,aeLastSent = now
```

```
namedAggregated = [(iname, aeAggregated aggregatedX)]
    updatedMap = HM.alter (const $ Just $ aggregatedX) fullname agmap
  return (updatedMap, namedAggregated)
-- everything else
update \_ \_agmap = return (agmap, [])
updateCounters :: [Counter]
            \rightarrow LOMeta
            → (LoggerName, LoggerName)
            \rightarrow Aggregation Map
            \rightarrow [(Text, Aggregated)]
            \rightarrow IO (AggregationMap, [(Text, Aggregated)])
updateCounters [] _ aggrMap aggs = return $ (aggrMap, aggs)
updateCounters (counter: cs) lme (logname, msgname) aggrMap aggs = \mathbf{do}
  let name = cName counter
    subname = msgname <> "." <> (nameCounter counter) <> "." <> name
    fullname = logname <> " . " <> subname
    value = cValue counter
  aggregated ← createNupdate fullname value lme aggrMap
  now \leftarrow getMonotonicTimeNSec
  let aggregatedX = AggregatedExpanded {
    aeAggregated = aggregated
    , aeResetAfter = Nothing
    , aeLastSent = now
    namedAggregated = (subname, aggregated)
    updatedMap = HM.alter (const $ Just $ aggregatedX) fullname aggrMap
  updateCounters cs lme (logname, msgname) updatedMap (namedAggregated: aggs)
sendAggregated :: LogObject \rightarrow Text \rightarrow IO()
sendAggregated aggregatedMsg@(LogObject \_(AggregatedMessage \_)) logname = do
  -- enter the aggregated message into the Trace
  trace' \leftarrow Trace.appendName logname trace
  liftIO $ Trace.traceNamedObject trace' aggregatedMsg
-- ingnore every other message
sendAggregated \_ \_ = return ()
```

#### Update aggregation

We distinguish an unitialized from an already initialized aggregation. The latter is properly initialized.

We use Welford's online algorithm to update the estimation of mean and variance of the sample statistics. (see https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Algorithms\_for\_calculating\_variance#Welford's\_Online

```
      updateAggregation :: Measurable → Aggregated → LOMeta → Maybe Word64 → Aggregated

      updateAggregation v (AggregatedStats s) lme resetAfter =

      let count = fcount (fbasic s)

      reset = maybe False (count \geqslant) resetAfter

      in
```

```
if reset
     then
       singletonStats v
     else
       AggregatedStats \$! Stats \{flast = v\}
          , fold = mkTimestamp
          , fbasic = updateBaseStats (count \ge 1) v (fbasic s)
          \int ds ds = updateBaseStats (count \ge 2) (v - flast s) (fdelta s)
          , ftimed = updateBaseStats (count \ge 2) (mkTimestamp - fold s) (ftimed s)
  where
     mkTimestamp = utc2ns (tstamp lme)
     utc2ns (UTCTime days secs) =
       let yearsecs :: Rational
          yearsecs = 365 * 24 * 3600
          rdays, rsecs :: Rational
          rdays = toRational $ toModifiedJulianDay days
          rsecs = toRational secs
          s2ns = 10000000000
       in
       Nanoseconds $ round $ (fromRational $ s2ns * rsecs + rdays * yearsecs :: Double)
updateAggregation v (AggregatedEWMA e) _ _ = AggregatedEWMA p! ewma e v
updateBaseStats :: Bool \rightarrow Measurable \rightarrow BaseStats \rightarrow BaseStats
updateBaseStats\ False\ \_s = s\ \{fcount = fcount\ s + 1\}
updateBaseStats True \ v \ s =
     let newcount = fcount s + 1
       newvalue = getDouble v
       delta = newvalue - fsum\_A s
       dincr = (delta / fromIntegral newcount)
       delta2 = newvalue - fsum A s - dincr
     in
     BaseStats \{fmin = min (fmin s) v\}
                 = max \ v \ (fmax \ s)
       , fcount = newcount
       fsum_A = fsum_A s + dincr
       ,fsum\_B = fsum\_B \ s + (delta*delta2)
```

#### Calculation of EWMA

Following https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Moving\_average#Exponential\_moving\_average we calculate the exponential moving average for a series of values  $Y_t$  according to:

$$S_t = \begin{cases} Y_1, & t = 1\\ \alpha \cdot Y_t + (1 - \alpha) \cdot S_{t-1}, & t > 1 \end{cases}$$

The pattern matching below ensures that the EWMA will start with the first value passed in, and

will not change type, once determined.

```
ewma :: EWMA \rightarrow Measurable \rightarrow EWMA ewma (EmptyEWMA a) v = EWMA a v ewma (EWMA a s@(Microseconds \_)) y@(Microseconds \_) = EWMA a $ Microseconds $ round $ a * (getDouble y) + (1-a) * (getDouble s) ewma (EWMA a s@(Seconds \_)) y@(Seconds \_) = EWMA a $ Seconds $ round $ a * (getDouble y) + (1-a) * (getDouble s) ewma (EWMA a s@(Bytes \_)) y@(Bytes \_) = EWMA a $ Bytes $ round $ a * (getDouble y) + (1-a) * (getDouble s) ewma (EWMA a (PureI s)) (PureI y) = EWMA a $ PureI $ round $ a * (fromInteger y) + (1-a) * (fromInteger s) ewma (EWMA a (PureD s)) (PureD s) = EWMA a $ PureD $ a * s + s0 + s1 + s2 ewma s2 = s3 - s4 = s4 + s5 ewma s4 = s6 = s6 = s7 = s8 ewma s6 = s7 = s8 ewma s8 = s8 = s9 =
```

# Chapter 2

# **Testing**

# 2.1 Test coverage

Test coverage is calculated as the fraction of functions which are called from test routines. This percentage is calculated by the tool *hpc* with a call to

# 2.2 Test main entry point

```
module Main
    main
  ) where
import Test. Tasty
import qualified Cardano.BM.Test.Aggregated (tests)
import qualified Cardano.BM.Test.STM (tests)
import qualified Cardano.BM.Test.Trace (tests)
import qualified Cardano.BM.Test.Configuration (tests)
import qualified Cardano.BM.Test.Routing (tests)
main :: IO ()
main = defaultMain tests
tests::TestTree
tests =
  testGroup "iohk-monitoring"
  [Cardano.BM.Test \circ Aggregated.tests]
  , Cardano.BM.Test \circ STM.tests
  , Cardano.BM.Test o Trace.tests
  , Cardano.BM.Test ◦ Configuration.tests
```

Cardano.BM.Counters.Dummy	100%
Cardano.BM.Setup	100%
Cardano.BM.Data.Trace	100%
Cardano.BM.Counters.Common	100%
Cardano.BM.Counters	100%
Cardano.BM.Configuration	100%
Cardano.BM.Output.Switchboard	90%
Cardano.BM.Data.Configuration	83%
Cardano.BM.BaseTrace	80%
Cardano.BM.Configuration.Model	79%
Cardano.BM.Observer.Monadic	75%
Cardano.BM.Output.Aggregation	73%
Cardano.BM.Output.Log	66%
Cardano.BM.Data.Aggregated	64%
Cardano.BM.Data.Severity	63%
Cardano.BM.Data.Counter	56%
Cardano.BM.Data.Output	50%
Cardano.BM.Data.BackendKind	50%
Cardano.BM.Data.Backend	50%
Cardano.BM.Configuration.Static	50%
Cardano.BM.Data.LogItem	46%
Cardano.BM.Observer.STM	33%
Cardano.BM.Data.AggregatedKind	33%
Cardano.BM.Trace	31%
Cardano.BM.Data.Observable	20%
Cardano.BM.Data.SubTrace	10%
Cardano.BM.Data.Rotation	10%
Cardano.BM.Output.EKGView	0%
Paths_iohk_monitoring	0%
	52%

Figure 2.1: Test coverage of modules in percent as computed by the tool 'hpc'

```
, Cardano.BM.Test \circ Routing.tests
```

# 2.3 Test case generation

## 2.3.1 instance Arbitrary Aggregated

We define an instance of *Arbitrary* for an Aggregated which lets *QuickCheck* generate arbitrary instances of Aggregated. For this an arbitrary list of *Integer* is generated and this list is aggregated into a structure of Aggregated.

```
instance Arbitrary Aggregated where
  arbitrary = do
    vs' \leftarrow arbitrary :: Gen [Integer]
    let vs = 42:17:vs'
       ds = map (\lambda(a,b) \rightarrow a - b) $ zip vs (tail vs)
       (m1,s1) = updateMeanVar \$ map fromInteger vs
       (m2,s2) = updateMeanVar \$ map fromInteger ds
       mkBasicStats = BaseStats
         (PureI (minimum vs))
         (PureI (maximum vs))
         (fromIntegral $ length vs)
         (m1)
         (s1)
       mkDeltaStats = BaseStats
         (PureI (minimum ds))
         (PureI (maximum ds))
         (fromIntegral $ length ds)
         (m2)
         (s2)
       mkTimedStats = BaseStats
         (Nanoseconds 0)
         (Nanoseconds 0)
         (0)
         (0)
         (0)
    return $ AggregatedStats (Stats
       (PureI (last vs))
       (Nanoseconds 0)
       mkBasicStats
       mkDeltaStats
       mkTimedStats)
```

Estimators for mean and variance must be updated the same way as in the code.

```
updateMeanVar :: [Double] \rightarrow (Double, Double)

updateMeanVar [] = (0,0)

updateMeanVar (val : vals) = updateMeanVar' (val,0) 1 vals
```

```
where
updateMeanVar' (m,s) _ [] = (m,s)
updateMeanVar' (m,s) cnt (a:r) =
let \ delta = a - m
newcount = cnt + 1
m' = m + (delta / newcount)
s' = s + (delta * (a - m'))
in
updateMeanVar' (m',s') newcount r
```

#### 2.4 Tests

# 2.4.1 Testing aggregation

```
tests::TestTree
tests = testGroup "aggregation measurements" [
      property_tests
      ,unit_tests
property\_tests :: TestTree
property_tests = testGroup "Properties" [
                  testProperty "minimal" prop_Aggregation_minimal
      ,testProperty "commutative" prop_Aggregation_comm
unit_tests :: TestTree
unit_tests = testGroup "Unit tests" [
                  testCase "initial_minus_1" unit_Aggregation_initial_minus_1
      ,testCase "initial_plus_1" unit_Aggregation_initial_plus_1
       ,testCase "initial_0" unit_Aggregation_initial_zero
      ,testCase "initial_plus_1" unit_Aggregation_initial_plus_1_minus_1
      ,testCase "stepwise" unit_Aggregation_stepwise
prop_Aggregation_minimal:: Bool
prop_Aggregation_minimal = True
lometa::LOMeta
lometa = unsafePerformIO \$ mkLOMeta
prop\_Aggregation\_comm :: Integer \rightarrow Integer \rightarrow Aggregated \rightarrow Bool
prop_Aggregation_comm v1 v2 ag =
            let Aggregated Stats \ stats 1 = update Aggregation \ (Pure I \ v1) \ (update Aggregation \ (Pure I \ v2) \ ag \ lometa \ No. \ (Pure I \ v2) \ ag \ lometa \ No. \ (Pure I \ v3) \ (Pure I 
                  AggregatedStats stats2 = updateAggregation (PureI v2) (updateAggregation (PureI v1) ag lometa Not
            in
            fbasic\ stats1 \equiv fbasic\ stats2 \land
            (v1 \equiv v2) 'implies' (flast stats1 \equiv flast stats2)
 -- implication: if p1 is true, then return p2; otherwise true
implies :: Bool \rightarrow Bool \rightarrow Bool
```

```
implies p1 p2 = (\neg p1) \lor p2
unit_Aggregation_initial_minus_1 :: Assertion
unit\_Aggregation\_initial\_minus\_1 = do
         let AggregatedStats stats1 = updateAggregation (-1) firstStateAggregatedStats lometa Nothing
        flast stats 1 @? = (-1)
         (fbasic stats1) @? = BaseStats (-1) 0 2 (-0.5) 0.5
         (fdelta\ stats1) @? = BaseStats 0 0 1 0 0
              -- AggregatedStats (Stats (-1) 0 (BaseStats (-1) 0 2 (-0.5) 0.5) (BaseStats 0 0 1 0
unit_Aggregation_initial_plus_1 :: Assertion
unit\_Aggregation\_initial\_plus\_1 = do
         let AggregatedStats stats1 = updateAggregation 1 firstStateAggregatedStats lometa Nothing
        flast stats1 @? = 1
         (fbasic\ stats1) @? = BaseStats\ 0\ 1\ 2\ 0.5\ 0.5
         (fdelta\ stats1) @? = BaseStats 0 0 1 0 0
              -- AggregatedStats (Stats 1 0 (BaseStats 0 1 2 0.5 0.5) (BaseStats 0 0 1 0 0) (Base
unit_Aggregation_initial_zero :: Assertion
unit\_Aggregation\_initial\_zero = do
         let AggregatedStats stats1 = updateAggregation 0 firstStateAggregatedStats lometa Nothing
        flast stats 1 @? = 0
         (fbasic\ stats1) @? = BaseStats\ 0\ 0\ 2\ 0\ 0
         (fdelta\ stats1) @? = BaseStats 0 0 1 0 0
              -- AggregatedStats (Stats 0 0 (BaseStats 0 0 2 0 0) (BaseStats 0 0 1 0 0) (BaseStat
unit_Aggregation_initial_plus_1_minus_1 :: Assertion
unit\_Aggregation\_initial\_plus\_1\_minus\_1 = \mathbf{do}
         \textbf{let } Aggregated Stats \ stats 1 = \textbf{updateAggregation} \ (-1) \ (\textbf{updateAggregation} \ 1 \ first State Aggregated Stats \ logical terms of the property 
         (fbasic\ stats1) @? = BaseStats\ (-1)\ 1\ 3\ 0.0\ 2.0
         (fdelta\ stats1)\ @? = BaseStats\ (-2)\ 0\ 2\ (-1.0)\ 2.0
unit_Aggregation_stepwise:: Assertion
unit\_Aggregation\_stepwise = do
         stats0 \leftarrow pure \$ singletonStats (Bytes 3000)
         putStrLn $ show stats0
         threadDelay 50000-- 0.05 s
         t1 \leftarrow mkLOMeta
         stats1 \leftarrow pure \$ updateAggregation (Bytes 5000) stats0 t1 Nothing
         putStrLn $ show stats1
         showTimedMean stats1
         threadDelay 50000-- 0.05 s
         t2 \leftarrow mkLOMeta
         stats2 \leftarrow pure \$ updateAggregation (Bytes 1000) stats1 t2 Nothing
         putStrLn $ show stats2
         showTimedMean stats2
         checkTimedMean stats2
         threadDelay 50000-- 0.05 s
         t3 \leftarrow mkLOMeta
         stats3 \leftarrow pure \$ updateAggregation (Bytes 3000) stats2 t3 Nothing
         putStrLn $ show stats 3
         showTimedMean stats3
```

```
checkTimedMean stats3
    threadDelay 50000-- 0.05 s
    t4 \leftarrow mkLOMeta
    stats4 \leftarrow pure \$ updateAggregation (Bytes 1000) stats3 t4 Nothing
    putStrLn $ show stats4
    showTimedMean stats4
    checkTimedMean stats4
  where
    checkTimedMean (AggregatedEWMA \_) = return ()
    checkTimedMean (AggregatedStats s) = \mathbf{do}
       let mean = meanOfStats (ftimed s)
       assertBool "the mean should be >= the minimum" (mean \ge getDouble (fmin (ftimed s)))
       assertBool "the mean should be =< the maximum" (mean \leq getDouble (fmax (ftimed s)))
    showTimedMean (AggregatedEWMA \_) = return ()
    showTimedMean (AggregatedStats s) = putStrLn $ "mean = " ++ show (meanOfStats (ftimed s)) ++ showUnit
firstStateAggregatedStats::Aggregated
firstStateAggregatedStats = AggregatedStats (Stats 0 0 (BaseStats 0 0 1 0 0) (BaseStats 0 0 0 0 0) (BaseStats 0 0 0 0 0)
```

#### 2.4.2 STM

```
module Cardano.BM.Test.STM (
    tests
    ) where
import Test.Tasty
import Test.Tasty.QuickCheck
tests :: TestTree
tests = testGroup "observing STM actions" [
    testProperty "minimal" prop_STM_observer
    ]
prop_STM_observer :: Bool
prop_STM_observer = True
```

#### 2.4.3 Trace

```
tests :: TestTree
tests = testGroup "testing Trace" [
    unit_tests
    ,testCase "forked traces stress testing" stress_trace_in_fork
    ,testCase "stress testing: ObservableTrace vs. NoTrace" timing_Observable_vs_Untimed
    ,testCaseInfo "demonstrating nested named context logging" example_with_named_contexts
    ]
unit_tests :: TestTree
unit_tests = testGroup "Unit tests" [
    testCase "opening messages should not be traced" unit_noOpening_Trace
```

```
,testCase "hierarchy of traces" unit_hierarchy
,testCase "forked traces" unit_trace_in_fork
,testCase "hierarchy of traces with NoTrace"$
    unit_hierarchy' [Neutral, NoTrace, (ObservableTrace observablesSet)]
       onlyLevelOneMessage
,testCase "hierarchy of traces with DropOpening"$
    unit_hierarchy' [Neutral, DropOpening, (ObservableTrace observablesSet)]
       notObserveOpen
,testCase "hierarchy of traces with UntimedTrace"$
    unit_hierarchy' [Neutral, UntimedTrace, UntimedTrace]
       observeNoMeasures
,testCase "changing the minimum severity of a trace at runtime"
     unit_trace_min_severity
,testCase "changing the minimum severity of a named context at runtime"
    unit_named_min_severity
,testCase "appending names should not exceed 80 chars" unit_append_name
,testCase "creat subtrace which duplicates messages" unit_trace_duplicate
,testCase "testing name filtering" unit_name_filtering
,testCase "testing throwing of exceptions" unit_exception_throwing
,testCase "NoTrace: check lazy evaluation" unit_test_lazy_evaluation
where
  observablesSet = [MonotonicClock, MemoryStats]
  notObserveOpen :: [LogObject] \rightarrow Bool
  notObserveOpen = all\ (\lambda case\ \{ LogOb\ ject\ \_\ (ObserveOpen\ \_) \rightarrow False; \_ \rightarrow True \})
  notObserveClose :: [LogObject] \rightarrow Bool
  notObserveClose = all (\lambda case \{ LogObject \_ (ObserveClose \_) \rightarrow False; \_ \rightarrow True \})
  notObserveDiff :: [LogObject] \rightarrow Bool
  notObserveDiff = all\ (\lambda case\ \{ Log0b\ ject\ \_\ (ObserveDiff\ \_) \rightarrow False; \_ \rightarrow True \})
  onlyLevelOneMessage :: [Log0b ject] \rightarrow Bool
  onlyLevelOneMessage = \lambda case
    [LogObject_(LogMessage(LogItem__ "Message from level 1."))] \rightarrow True
    \_ \rightarrow False
  observeNoMeasures :: [Log0b ject] \rightarrow Bool
  observeNoMeasures\ obs = notObserveOpen\ obs\ \land\ notObserveClose\ obs\ \land\ notObserveDiff\ obs
```

#### Helper routines

```
data TraceConfiguration = TraceConfiguration
{tcOutputKind :: OutputKind
,tcName :: LoggerName
,tcSubTrace :: SubTrace
,tcSeverity :: Severity
}
setupTrace :: TraceConfiguration → IO (Trace IO)
setupTrace (TraceConfiguration outk name subTr sev) = do
```

```
c \leftarrow liftIO \$ Cardano.BM.Configuration \circ Model.empty
mockSwitchboard \leftarrow newMVar \$ error "Switchboard uninitialized."
ctx \leftarrow liftIO \$ newContext name c sev \$ Switchboard mockSwitchboard
let logTrace0 = case outk of

TVarList tvar \rightarrow BaseTrace.natTrace liftIO \$ traceInTVarIO tvar
TVarListNamed tvar \rightarrow BaseTrace.natTrace liftIO \$ traceNamedInTVarIO tvar
setSubTrace (configuration ctx) name (Just subTr)
logTrace' \leftarrow subTrace "" (ctx,logTrace0)
return logTrace'
setTransformer\_::Trace IO \rightarrow LoggerName \rightarrow Maybe SubTrace \rightarrow IO ()
setTransformer\_(ctx,\_) name subtr = do
let c = configuration ctx
n = (loggerName ctx) <> "." <> name
setSubTrace c n subtr
```

## Example of using named contexts with Trace

```
example_with_named_contexts:: IO String
example_with_named_contexts = do
    cfg \leftarrow defaultConfigTesting
    logTrace ← Setup.setupTrace (Right cfg) "test"
    putStrLn "\n"
    logInfo logTrace "entering"
    logTrace0 ← appendName "simple-work-0" logTrace
    work0 \leftarrow complexWork0 \log Trace0 "0"
    logTrace1 ← appendName "complex-work-1" logTrace
    work1 ← complexWork1 logTrace1 "42"
    Async.wait work0
    Async.wait work1
    -- the named context will include "complex" in the logged message
    logInfo logTrace "done."
    threadDelay 1000
    Setup.shutdownTrace logTrace
    return ""
  where
    complexWork0 tr msg = Async.async$logInfo tr("let's see (0): "'append'msg)
    complexWork1 tr msg = Async.async $ do
      logInfo tr ("let's see (1): "'append' msg)
      trInner@(ctx, \_) \leftarrow appendName "inner-work-1" tr
      let observablesSet = [MonotonicClock]
      setSubTrace (configuration ctx) "test.complex-work-1.inner-work-1.STM-action"$
        Just $ ObservableTrace observablesSet
      _ ← STMObserver.bracketObserveIO trInner "STM-action" setVar_
      logInfo trInner "let's see: done."
      -- logInfo logTrace' "let's see: done."
```

## Show effect of turning off observables

```
run\_timed\_action :: Trace IO \rightarrow Int \rightarrow IO Measurable
run\_timed\_action\ logTrace\ reps = do
     runid \leftarrow newUnique
     t0 \leftarrow \texttt{getMonoClock}
    forM_{-}[(1::Int)..reps] $ const $ observeAction logTrace
     t1 \leftarrow \text{getMonoClock}
     return $ diffTimeObserved (CounterState runid t0) (CounterState runid t1)
  where
     observeAction\ trace = do
       \_\leftarrow MonadicObserver.bracketObserveIO trace "" action
       return ()
     action = return \$ forM [1 :: Int..100] \$ \lambda x \rightarrow [x] + (init \$ reverse [1 :: Int..10000])
timing_Observable_vs_Untimed:: Assertion
timing\_Observable\_vs\_Untimed = \mathbf{do}
     msgs1 \leftarrow STM.newTVarIO
     traceObservable \leftarrow setupTrace \$ TraceConfiguration
       (TVarList msgs1)
        "observables"
       (ObservableTrace observablesSet)
       Debug
     msgs2 \leftarrow STM.newTVarIO[]
     traceUntimed \leftarrow setupTrace \$ TraceConfiguration
       (TVarList msgs2)
        "no timing"
       UntimedTrace
       Debug
     msgs3 \leftarrow STM.newTVarIO
     traceNoTrace \leftarrow setupTrace \$ TraceConfiguration
       (TVarList msgs3)
        "no trace"
       NoTrace
       Debug
     t\_observable \leftarrow run\_timed\_action\ traceObservable\ 100
     t\_untimed \leftarrow run\_timed\_action\ traceUntimed\ 100
     t\_notrace \leftarrow run\_timed\_action\ traceNoTrace\ 100
     assertBool
       ("Untimed consumed more time than ObservableTrace " + (show [t_untimed,t_observable]))
       (t\_untimed < t\_observable)
     assertBool
       ("NoTrace consumed more time than ObservableTrace" + (show [t\_notrace, t\_observable]))
       (t\_notrace < t\_observable)
     assertBool
       ("NoTrace consumed more time than Untimed" + (show [t_notrace,t_untimed]))
       True
```

#### where

```
observablesSet = [MonotonicClock,GhcRtsStats,MemoryStats]
```

#### Control tracing in a hierarchy of Traces

We can lay out traces in a hierarchical manner, that the children forward traced items to the parent Trace. A NoTrace introduced in this hierarchy will cut off a branch from messaging to the root.

```
unit_hierarchy:: Assertion
unit_hierarchy = do
  msgs \leftarrow STM.newTVarIO[]
  trace0 ← setupTrace $ TraceConfiguration (TVarList msgs) "test" Neutral Debug
  logInfo trace0 "This should have been displayed!"
  -- subtrace of trace which traces nothing
  setTransformer_trace0 "inner" (Just NoTrace)
  trace1 \leftarrow subTrace "inner" trace0
  logInfo trace1 "This should NOT have been displayed!"
  setTransformer_trace1 "innermost" (Just Neutral)
  trace2 ← subTrace "innermost" trace1
  logInfo trace2 "This should NOT have been displayed also due to the trace one level above
  -- acquire the traced objects
  res \leftarrow STM.readTVarIO\ msgs
  -- only the first message should have been traced
  assertBool
    ("Found more or less messages than expected: " ++ show res)
    (length res \equiv 1)
```

#### Change a trace's minimum severity

A trace is configured with a minimum severity and filters out messages that are labelled with a lower severity. This minimum severity of the current trace can be changed.

```
unit_trace_min_severity :: Assertion
unit_trace_min_severity = do
    msgs ← STM.newTVarIO[]
    trace@(ctx,_) ← setupTrace $ TraceConfiguration (TVarList msgs) "test min severity" Neutral Debug
logInfo trace "Message #1"
    -- raise the minimum severity to Warning
    setMinSeverity (configuration ctx) Warning
    msev ← Cardano.BM.Configuration.minSeverity (configuration ctx)
    assertBool ("min severity should be Warning, but is " + (show msev))
    (msev ≡ Warning)
    -- this message will not be traced
logInfo trace "Message #2"
    -- lower the minimum severity to Info
```

```
setMinSeverity (configuration ctx) Info
-- this message is traced
logInfo trace "Message #3"
-- acquire the traced objects
res \leftarrow STM.readTVarIO msgs
-- only the first and last messages should have been traced
assertBool

("Found more or less messages than expected: " + show res)

(length res \equiv 2)
assertBool

("Found Info message when Warning was minimum severity: " + show res)

(all (\lambdacase {LogObject _ (LogMessage (LogItem _ Info "Message #2")) \rightarrow False; _ \rightarrow True}) res)
```

## Define a subtrace's behaviour to duplicate all messages

The SubTrace will duplicate all messages that pass through it. Each message will be in its own named context.

```
unit_trace_duplicate :: Assertion
unit_trace_duplicate = do
    msgs ← STM.newTVarIO[]
    traceO@(ctx,_) ← setupTrace $ TraceConfiguration (TVarList msgs) "test duplicate" Neutral Debug
logInfo traceO "Message #1"
    -- create a subtrace which duplicates all messages
    setSubTrace (configuration ctx) "test duplicate.orig" $ Just (TeeTrace "dup")
    trace ← subTrace "orig" traceO
    -- this message will be duplicated
logInfo trace "You will see me twice!"
    -- acquire the traced objects
    res ← STM.readTVarIO msgs
    -- only the first and last messages should have been traced
    assertBool
    ("Found more or less messages than expected: " + show res)
    (length res = 3)
```

## Change the minimum severity of a named context

A trace of a named context can be configured with a minimum severity, such that the trace will filter out messages that are labelled with a lower severity.

```
unit_named_min_severity :: Assertion
unit_named_min_severity = do
   msgs ← STM.newTVarIO []
   trace0 ← setupTrace $ TraceConfiguration (TVarList msgs) "test named severity" Neutral Debug
   trace@(ctx,_) ← appendName "sev-change" trace0
   logInfo trace "Message #1"
```

```
-- raise the minimum severity to Warning
  setSeverity (configuration ctx) (loggerName ctx) (Just Warning)
  msev \leftarrow Cardano.BM.Configuration.inspectSeverity (configuration ctx) (loggerName ctx)
  assertBool("min severity should be Warning, but is " ++ (show msev))
    (msev \equiv Just Warning)
  -- this message will not be traced
  logInfo trace "Message #2"
  -- lower the minimum severity to Info
  setSeverity (configuration ctx) (loggerName ctx) (Just Info)
  -- this message is traced
  logInfo trace "Message #3"
  -- acquire the traced objects
  res \leftarrow STM.readTVarIO\ msgs
  -- only the first and last messages should have been traced
  assertBool
    ("Found more or less messages than expected: " ++ show res)
    (length res \equiv 2)
  assertBool
    ("Found Info message when Warning was minimum severity: " + show res)
    (all (\lambda case \{ LogObject \_ (LogMessage (LogItem \_ Info "Message #2")) \rightarrow False; \_ \rightarrow True \}) res)
unit\_hierarchy' :: [SubTrace] \rightarrow ([Log0bject] \rightarrow Bool) \rightarrow Assertion
unit\_hierarchy' subtraces f = \mathbf{do}
  let (t1:t2:t3:\_) = cycle subtraces
  msgs \leftarrow STM.newTVarIO
  -- create trace of type 1
  trace1 ← setupTrace $ TraceConfiguration (TVarList msgs) "test" t1 Debug
  logInfo trace1 "Message from level 1."
  -- subtrace of type 2
  setTransformer_trace1 "inner" (Just t2)
  trace2 \leftarrow subTrace "inner" trace1
  logInfo trace2 "Message from level 2."
  -- subsubtrace of type 3
  setTransformer_trace2 "innermost" (Just t3)
  _ ← STMObserver.bracketObserveIO trace2 "innermost" setVar_
  logInfo trace2 "Message from level 3."
  -- acquire the traced objects
  res \leftarrow STM.readTVarIO\ msgs
  -- only the first message should have been traced
  assertBool
    ("Found more or less messages than expected: " ++ show res)
    (f res)
```

## Logging in parallel

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```
unit_trace_in_fork :: Assertion
unit_trace_in_fork = do
    msgs \leftarrow STM.newTVarIO[]
    trace ← setupTrace $ TraceConfiguration (TVarListNamed msgs) "test" Neutral Debug
    trace0 ← appendName "work0" trace
    trace1 \leftarrow appendName "work1" trace
    work0 \leftarrow work\ trace0
    threadDelay 5000
    work1 \leftarrow work \ trace1
    Async.wait $ work0
    Async.wait $ work1
    res \leftarrow STM.readTVarIO\ msgs
    let names@(\_:namesTail) = map lnName res
    -- each trace should have its own name and log right after the other
    assertBool
       ("Consecutive loggernames are not different: " + show names)
       (and \$ zipWith (\not\equiv) names namesTail)
  where
    work :: Trace IO \rightarrow IO (Async.Async ())
    work trace = Async.async $ do
       logInfoDelay trace "1"
       logInfoDelay trace "2"
       logInfoDelay trace "3"
    logInfoDelay :: Trace IO \rightarrow Text \rightarrow IO ()
    logInfoDelay trace msg =
       logInfo trace msg ≫
       threadDelay 10000
```

#### Stress testing parallel logging

```
("Frequencies of logged messages according to loggername: " ++ show frequencyMap) (all (\lambda name \rightarrow (lookup \ ("test." <> name) frequencyMap) \equiv Just totalMessages) names) where work:: Trace <math>IO \rightarrow IO \ (Async.Async \ ()) work trace = Async.async \ forM_[1..totalMessages] \ (logInfo trace) \circ pack \circ show totalMessages :: Int totalMessages = 10
```

# Dropping ObserveOpen messages in a subtrace

# Assert maximum length of log context name

The name of the log context cannot grow beyond a maximum number of characters, currently the limit is set to 80.

```
unit_append_name :: Assertion
unit_append_name = do
     cfg \leftarrow defaultConfigTesting
     Setup.withTrace cfg "test" \$ \lambda trace0 \rightarrow do
       trace1 \leftarrow appendName \ bigName \ trace0
       (ctx2, \_) \leftarrow appendName\ bigName\ trace1
       assertBool
          ("Found logger name with more than 80 chars: "+show (loggerName ctx2))
          (T.length (loggerName ctx2) \leq 80)
  where
     bigName = T.replicate 30 "abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz"
setVar_:: STM.STM Integer
setVar_{-} = do
  t \leftarrow STM.newTVar 0
  STM.writeTVar t 42
  res \leftarrow STM.readTVart
  return res
```

#### Testing log context name filters

```
unit_name_filtering:: Assertion
unit_name_filtering = do
  let contextName = "test.sub.1"
  let loname = "sum" -- would be part of a "LogValue loname 42"
  let filter1 = [(Drop (Exact "test.sub.1"), Unhide [])]
  assertBool("Dropping a specific name should filter it out and thus return False")
    (False \equiv evalFilters filter1 contextName)
  let filter 2 = [(Drop (EndsWith " . 1"), Unhide [])]
  assertBool("Dropping a name ending with a specific text should filter out the context name
    (False \equiv evalFilters filter2 contextName)
  let filter3 = [(Drop (StartsWith "test."), Unhide [])]
  assertBool("Dropping a name starting with a specific text should filter out the context r
    (False \equiv evalFilters filter3 contextName)
  let filter4 = [(Drop (Contains " . sub . "), Unhide [])]
  assertBool("Dropping a name starting containing a specific text should filter out the cor
    (False \equiv evalFilters filter4 contextName)
  let filter5 = [(Drop (StartsWith "test."),
      Unhide [(Exact "test.sub.1")])]
  assertBool("Dropping all and unhiding a specific name should the context name allow passi
    (True \equiv evalFilters filter5 contextName)
  let filter6 = [(Drop (StartsWith "test."),
      Unhide [(EndsWith ".sum"),
        (EndsWith ".other")])]
  assertBool("Dropping all and unhiding some names, the LogObject should pass the filter")
    (True \equiv evalFilters filter6 (contextName <> "." <> loname))
  let filter7 = [(Drop (StartsWith "test."),
      Unhide [(EndsWith ".product")])]
  \it assertBool ("Dropping all and unhiding an inexistant named value, the Log\it 0bject should not
    (False \equiv evalFilters filter7 (contextName <> "." <> loname))
  let filter8 = [(Drop (StartsWith "test."),
      Unhide [(Exact "test.sub.1")]),
    (Drop (StartsWith "something.else."),
      Unhide [(EndsWith ".this")])]
  assertBool("Disjunction of filters that should pass")
    (True \equiv evalFilters filter8 contextName)
  let filter9 = [(Drop (StartsWith "test."),
      Unhide [(Exact ".that")]),
    (Drop (StartsWith "something.else."),
      Unhide [(EndsWith ".this")])]
  assertBool("Disjunction of filters that should not pass")
    (False \equiv evalFilters filter9 contextName)
```

#### **Exception throwing**

Exceptions encountered should be thrown.

```
unit_exception_throwing:: Assertion
unit_exception_throwing = do
    action ← work msg
    res \leftarrow Async.waitCatch\ action
    assertBool
       ("Exception should have been rethrown")
       (isLeft res)
  where
    msg::Text
    msg = error "faulty message"
    work :: Text \rightarrow IO (Async.Async ())
    work\ message = Async.async $ do 
       cfg \leftarrow defaultConfigTesting
       trace ← Setup.setupTrace (Right cfg) "test"
       logInfo trace message
       Setup.shutdownTrace trace
```

# Check lazy evaluation of trace

Exception should not be thrown when type of Trace is NoTrace.

```
unit_test_lazy_evaluation:: Assertion
unit_test_lazy_evaluation = do
    action \leftarrow work \, msg
    res \leftarrow Async.waitCatch\ action
    assertBool
       ("Exception should not have been rethrown when type of Trace is NoTrace")
       (isRight res)
  where
    msg::Text
    msg = error "faulty message"
    work :: Text \rightarrow IO (Async.Async ())
    work\ message = Async.async $ do
       cfg \leftarrow defaultConfigTesting
       trace0@(ctx, \_) \leftarrow Setup.setupTrace (Right cfg) "test"
       setSubTrace (configuration ctx) "test.work" (Just NoTrace)
       trace ← subTrace "work" trace0
       logInfo trace message
       Setup.shutdownTrace trace
```

## 2.4.4 Testing configuration

#### Test declarations

```
tests :: TestTree
tests = testGroup "config tests" [
```

```
property_tests
,unit_tests
]
property_tests::TestTree
property_tests = testGroup "Properties" [
    testProperty "minimal" prop_Configuration_minimal
]
unit_tests::TestTree
unit_tests = testGroup "Unit tests" [
    testCase "static_representation" unit_Configuration_static_representation
    ,testCase "parsed_representation" unit_Configuration_parsed_representation
    ,testCase "parsed_configuration" unit_Configuration_parsed
    ,testCase "include_EKG_if_defined" unit_Configuration_check_EKG_positive
    ,testCase "not_include_EKG_if_ndef" unit_Configuration_check_EKG_negative
    ,testCase "check_scribe_caching" unit_Configuration_check_scribe_cache
]
```

# **Property tests**

```
prop_Configuration_minimal :: Bool
prop_Configuration_minimal = True
```

#### **Unit tests**

The configuration file only indicates that EKG is listening on port nnnnn. Infer that EKGViewBK needs to be started as a backend.

```
unit_Configuration_check_EKG_positive :: Assertion
unit_Configuration_check_EKG_positive = do
  let c = ["rotation:"]
    ," rpLogLimitBytes: 5000000"
     " rpKeepFilesNum: 10"
     " rpMaxAgeHours: 24"
     "minSeverity: Info"
    ,"defaultBackends:"
     " - KatipBK"
     "setupBackends:"
     " - KatipBK"
    ,"defaultScribes:"
     "- - StdoutSK"
     " - stdout"
     "setupScribes:"
     "- scName: stdout"
     " scRotation: null"
     " scKind: StdoutSK"
    ,"hasEKG: 18321"
```

```
,"options:"
         test:"
            value: nothing"
     fp = "/tmp/test ekgv config.yaml"
    writeFile fp $ unlines c
    repr \leftarrow parseRepresentation fp
    assertBool "expecting EKGViewBK to be setup"$
      EKGViewBK \in (setupBackends repr)
If there is no port defined for EKG, then do not start it even if present in the
 unit_Configuration_check_EKG_negative :: Assertion
 unit_Configuration_check_EKG_negative = do
   let c = ["rotation:"]
      ," rpLogLimitBytes: 5000000"
       " rpKeepFilesNum: 10"
       " rpMaxAgeHours: 24"
      ,"minSeverity: Info"
       "defaultBackends:"
       " - KatipBK"
       " - EKGViewBK"
       "setupBackends:"
      " - KatipBK"
       " - EKGViewBK"
      "defaultScribes:"
       "- - StdoutSK"
       " - stdout"
      "setupScribes:"
       "- scName: stdout"
      " scRotation: null"
       " scKind: StdoutSK"
      ,"###hasEKG: 18321"
       options:"
         test:"
            value: nothing"
     fp = "/tmp/test_ekgv_config.yaml"
    writeFile fp $ unlines c
    repr \leftarrow parseRepresentation fp
    assertBool "EKGViewBK shall not be setup"$
      \neg \$EKGViewBK \in (setupBackends repr)
    assertBool "EKGViewBK shall not receive messages"$
      \neg \$EKGViewBK \in (defaultBackends repr)
 unit_Configuration_static_representation :: Assertion
```

unit\_Configuration\_static\_representation =

config.

```
let r = Representation
      {minSeverity = Info
      , rotation = RotationParameters 5000000 24 10
      , setupScribes =
        [ScribeDefinition {scName = "stdout"
                       ,scKind = StdoutSK
                       ,scRotation = Nothing}
      , defaultScribes = [(StdoutSK, "stdout")]
      , setupBackends = [EKGViewBK, KatipBK]
      , defaultBackends = [KatipBK]
      hasGUI = Just 12789
      hasEKG = Just 18321
      , options =
        HM.fromList [("test1",(HM.singleton "value" "object1"))
          ,("test2",(HM.singleton "value" "object2"))]
  in
  encode r @? = " "
"rotation:\n"
" rpLogLimitBytes: 5000000\n"
   rpKeepFilesNum: 10\n"
   rpMaxAgeHours: 24\n"
"defaultBackends:\n"
"- KatipBK\n"
"setupBackends:\n"
"- EKGViewBK\n"
"- KatipBK\n"
"hasGUI: 12789\n"
"defaultScribes:\n"
"- - StdoutSK\n"
" - stdout\n"
"options:\n"
   test2:\n"
     value: object2\n"
   test1:\n"
     value: object1\n"
"setupScribes:\n"
"- scName: stdout\n"
   scRotation: null\n"
   scKind: StdoutSK\n"
"hasEKG: 18321\n"
"minSeverity: Info\n"
unit_Configuration_parsed_representation:: Assertion
unit\_Configuration\_parsed\_representation = \mathbf{do}
  repr ← parseRepresentation "test/config.yaml"
  encode repr@? = " "
```

```
"rotation:\n"
  rpLogLimitBytes: 5000000\n"
  rpKeepFilesNum: 10\n"
" rpMaxAgeHours: 24\n"
"defaultBackends:\n"
"- KatipBK\n"
"setupBackends:\n"
"- AggregationBK\n"
"- EKGViewBK\n"
"- KatipBK\n"
"hasGUI: null\n"
"defaultScribes:\n"
"- - StdoutSK\n"
" - stdout\n"
"options:\n"
  mapSubtrace:\n"
     iohk.benchmarking:\n"
       tag: ObservableTrace\n"
       contents:\n"
       - GhcRtsStats\n"
       - MonotonicClock\n"
     iohk.deadend: NoTrace\n"
  mapSeverity:\n"
     iohk.startup: Debug\n"
     iohk.background.process: Error\n"
     iohk.testing.uncritical: Warning\n"
  mapAggregatedkinds:\n"
     iohk.interesting.value: EwmaAK \{alpha = 0.75\}\n"
     iohk.background.process: StatsAK\n"
  cfokey:\n"
     value: Release-1.0.0\n"
  mapScribes:\n"
     iohk.interesting.value:\n"
     - StdoutSK::stdout\n"
     - FileTextSK::testlog\n"
     iohk.background.process: FileTextSK::testlog\n"
  mapBackends: \n"
     iohk.interesting.value:\n"
     - EKGViewBK\n"
     AggregationBK\n"
"setupScribes:\n"
"- scName: testlog\n"
  scRotation:\n"
     rpLogLimitBytes: 25000000\n"
     rpKeepFilesNum: 3\n"
     rpMaxAgeHours: 24\n"
  scKind: FileTextSK\n"
"- scName: stdout\n"
```

```
scRotation: null\n"
   scKind: StdoutSK\n"
"hasEKG: 12789\n"
"minSeverity: Info\n"
unit_Configuration_parsed:: Assertion
unit\_Configuration\_parsed = \mathbf{do}
  cfg \leftarrow setup \text{"test/config.yaml"}
  cfgInternal \leftarrow readMVar \$ getCG cfg
  cfgInternal @? = ConfigurationInternal
    {cgMinSeverity
                      = Info
    ,cgMapSeverity
                      = HM.fromList [("iohk.startup", Debug)
                        ,("iohk.background.process", Error)
                        ,("iohk.testing.uncritical", Warning)
    ,cgMapSubtrace
                      = HM.fromList [("iohk.benchmarking",
                            ObservableTrace [GhcRtsStats,MonotonicClock])
                        ,("iohk.deadend",NoTrace)
                      = HM.fromList
    ,cgOptions
      [("mapSubtrace",
        HM.fromList [("iohk.benchmarking",
                      Object (HM.fromList [("tag", String "ObservableTrace")
                        ,("contents", Array $ V.fromList
                                    [String "GhcRtsStats"
                                    , String "MonotonicClock"])]))
          ,("iohk.deadend", String "NoTrace")])
      ,("mapSeverity",HM.fromList[("iohk.startup",String "Debug")
        ,("iohk.background.process",String "Error")
        ,("iohk.testing.uncritical",String "Warning")])
      ,("mapAggregatedkinds",HM.fromList[("iohk.interesting.value",
                                    String "EwmaAK {alpha = 0.75}")
                                  ,("iohk.background.process",
                                    String "StatsAK")])
      ,("cfokey", HM.fromList[("value", String "Release-1.0.0")])
      ,("mapScribes",HM.fromList[("iohk.interesting.value",
                        Array $ V.fromList [String "StdoutSK::stdout"
                          ,String "FileTextSK::testlog"])
        ,("iohk.background.process", String "FileTextSK::testlog")])
      ,("mapBackends", HM.fromList[("iohk.interesting.value",
        Array $ V.fromList [String "EKGViewBK"
          , String "AggregationBK"])])
    ,cgMapBackend
                      = HM.fromList [("iohk.interesting.value", [EKGViewBK, AggregationBK])]
    ,cgDefBackendKs
                      = [KatipBK]
    ,cgSetupBackends = [AggregationBK, EKGViewBK, KatipBK]
    ,cgMapScribe
                      = HM.fromList [("iohk.interesting.value",
                            ["StdoutSK::stdout", "FileTextSK::testlog"])
```

```
,("iohk.background.process",["FileTextSK::testlog"])
      ,cgMapScribeCache = HM.fromList[("iohk.interesting.value",
                              ["StdoutSK::stdout", "FileTextSK::testlog"])
                          ,("iohk.background.process",["FileTextSK::testlog"])
      ,cgDefScribes
                        = ["StdoutSK::stdout"]
      ,cgSetupScribes
                        = [ScribeDefinition
                            {scKind = FileTextSK
                            ,scName = "testlog"
                            , scRotation = Just $ RotationParameters
                              \{rpLogLimitBytes = 25000000
                              ,rpMaxAgeHours = 24
                              , rpKeepFilesNum = 3
                            }
                          ,ScribeDefinition
                            \{scKind = StdoutSK\}
                            ,scName = "stdout"
                            ,scRotation = Nothing
      cgMapAggregatedKind = HM.fromList [("iohk.interesting.value",EwmaAK {alpha = 0.75}),
                          ,("iohk.background.process", StatsAK)
      ,cgDefAggregatedKind = StatsAK
      ,cgPortEKG
                        =12789
                        = 0
      ,cgPortGUI
Test caching and inheritance of Scribes.
  unit_Configuration_check_scribe_cache :: Assertion
  unit_Configuration_check_scribe_cache = do
    configuration \leftarrow empty
    let defScribes = ["FileTextSK::node.log"]
    setDefaultScribes configuration defScribes
    let scribes12 = ["StdoutSK::stdout", "FileTextSK::out.txt"]
    setScribes configuration "name1.name2" $ Just scribes12
    scribes1234 ← getScribes configuration "name1.name2.name3.name4"
    scribes1 ← getScribes configuration "name1"
    scribes1234cached \leftarrow getCachedScribes configuration "name1.name2.name3.name4"
    scribesXcached ← getCachedScribes configuration "nameX"
    assertBool "Scribes for name1.name2.name3.name4 must be the same as name1.name2" $
      scribes1234 \equiv scribes12
    assertBool "Scribes for name1 must be the default ones" $
      scribes1 \equiv defScribes
```

assertBool "Scribes for name1.name2.name3.name4 must have been cached" \$
 scribes1234cached ≡ Just scribes1234
assertBool "Scribes for nameX must not have been cached since getScribes was not called" \$
 scribesXcached ≡ Nothing

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