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#### **Abstract**

This is a framework that combines logging, benchmarking and monitoring. Complex evaluations of STM or monadic actions can be observed from outside while reading operating system counters before and after, and calculating their differences, thus relating resource usage to such actions. Through interactive configuration, the runtime behaviour of logging or the measurement of resource usage can be altered. Further reduction in logging can be achieved by redirecting log messages to an aggregation function which will output the running statistics with less frequency than the original message.

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## Chapter 1

# Logging, benchmarking and monitoring

#### 1.1 Overview

In figure 1.1 we display the relationships among modules in *Cardano.BM*. Central is the Switchboard (see Cardano.BM.Output.Switchboard) that will redirect incoming log messages to selected backends according the Configuration (see Cardano.BM.Configuration.Model). The log items are created in the application's context and passed via a hierarchy of Traces (see Cardano.BM.Trace). Such a hierarchy can be built with the function subTrace. The newly added child Trace will add its name to the logging context and behave as configured. Among the different kinds of Traces implemented are NoTrace which suppresses all log items, FilterTrace which filters the log items passing through it, and ObservableTrace which allows capturing of operating system counters (see Cardano.BM.Data.SubTrace). The backend EKGView (see Cardano.BM.Output.EKGView) displays selected values in a browser. The Log backend is based on *katip* and outputs log items in files or the console. The format can be chosen to be textual or JSON representation. And finally, the Aggregation backend computes simple statistics over incoming log items (e.g. last, min, max, mean, etc.) (see Cardano.BM.Data.Aggregated).

Output selection determines which log items of a named context are routed to which backend. In the case of the Log output, this includes a configured output sink (e.g. which file). Items that are aggregated lead to the creation of an output of their current statistics. To prevent a potential infinite loop these aggregation statistics cannot be routed again back into the Aggregation.

With *Monitoring* we aim to shortcut the logging-analysis cycle and immediately evaluate monitors on logged values when they become available. In case a monitor is triggered a number of actions can be run: either internal actions that can alter the Configuration, or actions that can lead to alerting in external systems.

It is not the intention that this framework should (as part of normal use) record sufficient information so as to make the sequence of events reproducible, i.e. it is not an audit or transaction log.

### 1.2 Requirements

#### 1.2.1 Observables

We can observe the passage of the flow of execution through particular points in the code (really the points at which the graph is reduced). Typically observables would be part of an outcome (which has a start and an end). Where the environment permits these outcomes could also gather additional environmental context (e.g read system counters, 'know' the time). The

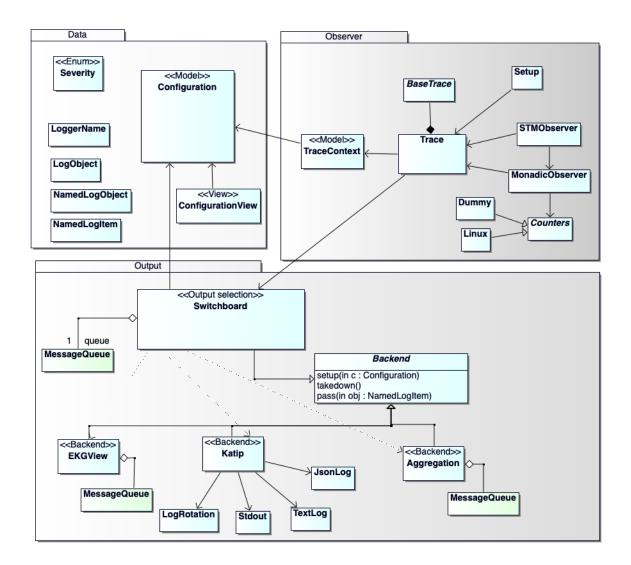


Figure 1.1: Overview of module relationships. The arrows indicate import of a module. The arrows with a triangle at one end would signify "inheritance" in object-oriented programming, but we use it to show that one module replaces the other in the namespace, thus specializes its interface.

proposed framework would be able to aggregate, filter such outcome measures so as to calculation things (where appropriate) such as:

- min/max/mean/variance of the resource costs of achieving an outcome
- elapsed wall-clock time
- CPU cycles
- memory allocations, etc
- exponentially weighted moving average of outcomes, events
- min/max/mean/variance of inter-arrival times of demand for service (the arrival pattern)

• measuring offered load against the system (e.g rate/distribution of requests against the wallet by an exchange, transactions being forwarded between nodes)

#### STM evaluation

We treat STM evaluation as a black box and register measurables (counters) before entering, and report the difference at exit together with the result. Logging in an STM will keep a list of log items which at the exit of the evaluation will be passed to the logging subsystem. Since we do not know the exact time an event occurred in the STM action, we annotate the event afterwards with the time interval of the STM action.

#### **Function evaluation**

We treat a function call as a black box and register measurables (counters) before entering, and report the difference at exit together with the result. The function is expected to accept a 'Trace' argument which receives the events.

#### QuickCheck properties tentatively

The function

```
quickCheckResult :: Testable prop => prop -> IO Result
```

will return a *Result* data structure from which we can extract the number of tests performed. Recording the start and end times allows us to derive the time spent for a single test. (although this measurement is wrong as it includes the time spent in QuickCheck setting up the test case (and shrinking?))

#### 1.2.2 Traces

Log items are sent as streams of events to the logging system for processing (aggregation, ..) before output. Functions that need to log events must accept a *Trace* argument. There is no monad related to logging in the monad stack, thus this can work in any monadic environment.

#### **Trace Context**

A Trace maintains a named context stack. A new name can be put onto it, and all subsequent log messages are labeled with this named context. This is also true to all downstream functions which receive the modified Trace. We thus can see the call tree and how the evaluation entered the context where a logging function was called. The context also maintains a mapping from name to Severity: this way a logging function call can early end and not produce a log item when the minimum severity is not reached.

#### **SubTrace**

A Trace is created in *IO* within setupTrace with the intent to pass the traced items to a down-stream logging framework for outputting to various destinations in different formats. Apart from adding a name to the naming stack we can also alter the behaviour of the Trace. The newly created Trace with a specific function to process the recorded items will forward these to the upstream Trace. This way we can, for example, locally turn on aggregation of observables and only report a summary to the logs.

#### 1.2.3 Aggregation

Log items contain a named context, severity and a payload (message, structured value). Thinking of a relation

```
(name, severity) -> value
```

, folding a summarizing function over it outputs

```
(name, severity) -> Summary
```

- . Depending on the type of *value*, the summary could provide for example:
  - \*: first, last, count, the time between events (mean, sigma)
  - Num: min, max, median, quartiles, mean, sigma, the delta between events (mean, sigma)

Other possible aggregations:

- exponentially weighted moving average
- histograms

#### 1.2.4 Monitoring

- Enable (or disable) measuring events and performance at runtime (e.g. measure how block holding time has changed).
- Send alarms when observables give evidence for abnormalities
- Observe actions in progress, i.e. have started and not yet finished
- Bridge to *Datadog*?

#### 1.2.5 Reporting

We might want to buffer events in case an exception is detected. This FIFO queue could then be output to the log for post-factum inspection.

#### 1.2.6 Visualisation

#### **EKG**

#### https://hackage.haskell.org/package/ekg

This library allows live monitor a running instance over HTTP. There is a way we can add our own metrics to it and update them.

#### Log files

The output of observables immediately or aggregated to log files. The format is chosen to be JSON for easier post-processing.

#### Web app

```
Could combine EKG, log files and parameterization into one GUI. (e.g. https://github.com/HeinrichApfelmus/threepenny-gui)
```

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#### 1.3 Description

#### 1.3.1 Logging with Trace

#### Setup procedure

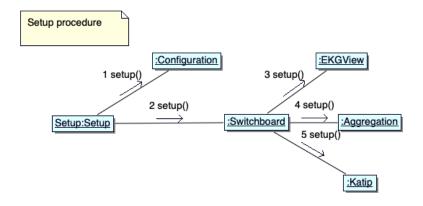


Figure 1.2: Setup procedure

#### Hierarchy of Traces

#### 1.3.2 Micro-benchmarks record observables

Micro-benchmarks are recording observables that measure resource usage of the whole program for a specific time. These measurements are then associated with the subsystem that was observed at that time. Caveat: if the executable under observation runs on a multiprocessor computer where more than one parallel thread executes at the same time, it becomes difficult to associate resource usage to a single function. Even more so, as Haskell's thread do not map directly to operating system threads. So the expressiveness of our approach is only valid statistically when a large number of observables have been captured.

#### **Counters**

The framework provides access to the following O/S counters (defined in ObservableInstance) on *Linux*:

- monotonic clock (see MonotonicClock)
- CPU or total time (/proc/<pid >/stat) (see ProcessStats)
- memory allocation (/proc/<pid >/statm) (see MemoryStats)
- network bytes received/sent (/proc/<pid >/net/netstat) (see NetStats)
- disk input/output (/proc/<pid >/io) (see IOStats)

On all platforms, access is provided to the RTS counters (see GhcRtsStats).

#### Implementing micro-benchmarks

In a micro-benchmark we capture operating system counters over an STM evaluation or a function, before and afterwards. Then, we compute the difference between the two and report all three measurements via a *Trace* to the logging system. Here we refer to the example that can be found in complex example.

The capturing of STM actions is defined in Cardano.BM.Observer.STM and the function STM.bracketObserveIO STM.bracketObserveIO trace "observeSTM" (stmAction args) has type:

```
bracket0bserveI0 :: Trace \ I0 \ -> \ Text \ -> \ STM.STM \ t \ -> \ I0 \ t
```

It accepts a Trace to which it logs, adds

a name to the context name and enters this with a SubTrace, and finally the STM action which will be evaluated. Because this evaluation can be retried, we cannot pass to it a Trace to which it could log directly. A variant of this function <a href="mailto:bracketObserveLogIO">bracketObserveLogIO</a> also captures log items in its result, which then are threaded through the Trace.

Capturing observables for a function evaluation in *IO*, the type of bracketObserveIO (defined in Cardano.BM.Observer.Monadic) is:

```
bracketObserveIO :: Trace IO -> Text -> IO t -> IO t
```

It accepts a Trace to which it logs items, adds a name to the context name and enters this with a SubTrace, and then the IO action which will be evaluated.

Counters are evaluated before the bracketObserveIO trace "observeDownload" \$ do license <- openURI "http://www.gnu.org/licenses/gpl.txt"</pre> evaluation and afcase license of terwards. We trace Right bs -> logInfo trace \$ pack \$ BS8.unpack bs Left e -> logError trace \$ "failed to download; error: " ++ (show e) these as log items threadDelay 50000 -- .05 second ObserveOpen and pure () ObserveClose, as well as the difference with type ObserveDiff.

#### Configuration of mu-benchmarks

Observed STM actions or functions enter a new named context with a SubTrace. Thus, they need a configuration of the behaviour of this SubTrace in the new context. We can define this in the configuration for our example:

```
CM.setSubTrace c "complex.observeDownload" (Just $ ObservableTrace [NetStats,IOStats]]
```

This enables the capturing of network and I/O stats from the operating system. Other Observables are implemented in Cardano.BM.Data.Observable.

Captured observables need to be routed to backends. In our example we configure:

```
CM.setBackends c "complex.observeIO" (Just [AggregationBK])
```

to direct observables from named context complex.observeIO to the Aggregation backend.

#### 1.3.3 Configuration

#### **Format**

The configuration is parsed from a file in *Yaml* format (see https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/YAML) on startup. In a first parsing step the file is loaded into an internal *Representation*. This structure is then further processed and validated before copied into the runtime Configuration.

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#### Configuration editor

The configuration editor (figure 1.3) provides a minimalistic GUI accessible through a browser that directly modifies the runtime configuration of the logging system. Most importantly, the global minimum severity filter can be set. This will suppress all log messages that have a severity assigned that is lower than this setting. Moreover, the following behaviours of the logging system can be changed through the GUI:

- Backends: relates the named logging context to a BackendKind
- *Scribes*: if the backend is *KatipBK*, defines to which outputs the messages are directed (see ScribeId)
- Severities a local minimum severity filter for just the named context (see Severity)
- SubTrace entering a new named context can create a new Trace with a specific behaviour (see SubTrace)
- Aggregation if the backend is Aggregation BK, defines which aggregation method to use (see AggregatedKind)

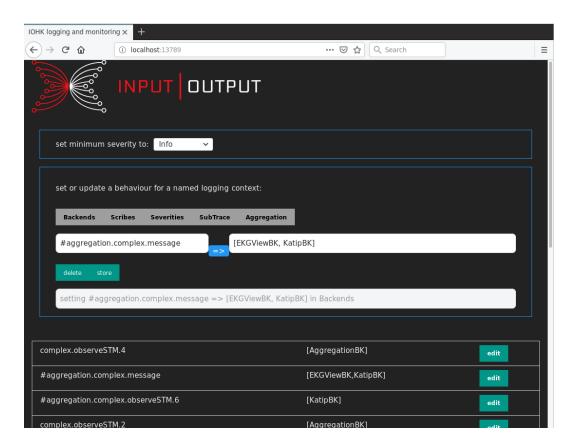


Figure 1.3: The configuration editor is listening on *localhost* and can be accessed through a browser. At the top is the setting for the global minimum severity filter, that drops all messages that have a severity lower than this setting. Below are the settings for various behaviours of the logging system.

#### 1.3.4 Information reduction in Aggregation

**Statistics** 

Configuration

#### 1.3.5 Output selection

Configuration

#### 1.3.6 Monitoring

Configuration

**Evaluation of monitors** 

**Actions fired** 

#### 1.4 Examples

#### 1.4.1 Simple example showing plain logging

```
{-# LANGUAGE OverloadedStrings #-}
module Main
  (main)
  where
import Control.Concurrent (threadDelay)
import Cardano.BM.Configuration.Static (defaultConfigStdout)
import Cardano.BM.Setup (setupTrace)
import Cardano.BM.Trace (logDebug, logError, logInfo, logNotice,
         logWarning)
main :: IO ()
main = do
  c \leftarrow defaultConfigStdout
  tr \leftarrow setupTrace (Right c) "simple"
  logDebug tr "this is a debug message"
  logInfo tr "this is an information."
  logNotice tr "this is a notice!"
  logWarning tr "this is a warning!"
  logError tr "this is an error!"
  threadDelay 80000
  return ()
```

# 1.4.2 Complex example showing logging, aggregation, and observing *IO* actions Module header and import directives

```
{-# LANGUAGE CPP #-}
{-# LANGUAGE OverloadedStrings #-}
# if defined (linux_HOST_OS)
# define LINUX
# endif
```

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```
{-define the parallel procedures that create messages -}
# define RUN_ProcMessageOutput
# define RUN_ProcObserveIO
# define RUN_ProcObseverSTM
# define RUN_ProcObseveDownload
# define RUN_ProcRandom
module Main
  (main)
  where
import Control.Concurrent (threadDelay)
import qualified Control.Concurrent.Async as Async
import Control.Monad (forM_)
# ifdef ENABLE_OBSERVABLES
import Control.Monad (forM)
import GHC.Conc.Sync (atomically, STM, TVar, new TVar, read TVar, write TVar)
# ifdef LINUX
import qualified Data.ByteString.Char8 as BS8
import Network.Download (openURI)
# endif
# endif
import Data. Text (pack)
import System.Random
# ifdef ENABLE_GUI
import qualified Cardano.BM.Configuration.Editor as CME
# endif
import qualified Cardano.BM.Configuration.Model as CM
import Cardano.BM.Data.Aggregated (Measurable (...))
import Cardano.BM.Data.AggregatedKind
import Cardano.BM.Data.BackendKind
import Cardano.BM.Data.LogItem
import Cardano.BM.Data.Output
import Cardano.BM.Data.Rotation
import Cardano.BM.Data.Severity
import Cardano.BM.Data.SubTrace
# ifdef ENABLE_OBSERVABLES
import Cardano.BM.Data.Observable
import Cardano.BM.Observer.Monadic (bracketObserveIO)
import qualified Cardano.BM.Observer.STM as STM
# endif
import Cardano.BM.Setup
import Cardano.BM.Trace
```

#### Define configuration

```
Selected values can be viewed in EKG on http://localhost:12789. The configuration editor listens on http://localhost:13789.
```

```
config :: IO CM. Configuration

config = do

c \leftarrow CM.empty

CM.setMinSeverity c Debug
```

```
CM.setSetupBackends c [KatipBK
# ifdef ENABLE_AGGREGATION
      , Aggregation BK
# endif
# ifdef ENABLE_EKG
      , EKGViewBK
# endif
 CM.setDefaultBackends c [KatipBK]
 CM.setSetupScribes c [ScribeDefinition {
      scName = "stdout"
      .scKind = StdoutSK
      ,scPrivacy = ScPublic
      , scRotation = Nothing
    ,ScribeDefinition {
      scName = "logs/out.odd.json"
      ,scKind = FileJsonSK
      ,scPrivacy = ScPublic
      , scRotation = Nothing
    ,ScribeDefinition {
      scName = "logs/out.even.json"
      ,scKind = FileJsonSK
      ,scPrivacy = ScPublic
      , scRotation = Nothing
      }
    ,ScribeDefinition {
      scName = "logs/downloading.json"
      ,scKind = FileJsonSK
      ,scPrivacy = ScPublic
      , scRotation = Nothing
    ,ScribeDefinition {
      scName = "logs/out.txt"
      ,scKind = FileTextSK
      ,scPrivacy = ScPublic
      ,scRotation = Just $ RotationParameters
        \{rpLogLimitBytes = 5000 - - 5kB\}
        ,rpMaxAgeHours = 24
        , rpKeepFilesNum = 3
      }
 CM.setDefaultScribes c [ "StdoutSK::stdout" ]
 CM.setScribes c "complex.random" (Just ["StdoutSK::stdout", "FileTextSK::logs/out.txt"])
 CM.setScribes c "#aggregated.complex.random" (Just ["StdoutSK::stdout"])
 for M_{-}[(1::Int)...10] $ \lambda x \rightarrow
    if odd x
    then
      CM.setScribes\ c\ ("\#aggregation.complex.observeSTM." <> (pack <math>\$show\ x)) \$Just\ ["FileJsonSK:
```

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```
else
      CM.setScribes\ c\ ("\#aggregation.complex.observeSTM." <> (pack <math>\$show\ x))\ \$Just\ ["FileJsonSKs]
# ifdef LINUX
# ifdef ENABLE_OBSERVABLES
 CM.setSubTrace c "complex.observeDownload" (Just $ ObservableTrace [IOStats, NetStats])
 CM.setBackends c "complex.observeDownload" (Just [KatipBK])
 CM.setScribes c "complex.observeDownload" (Just ["StdoutSK::stdout", "FileJsonSK::logs/down
# endif
 CM.setSubTrace c "complex.random" (Just $ TeeTrace "ewma")
 CM.setSubTrace c "#ekgview"
    (Just $ FilterTrace [ (Drop (StartsWith "#ekgview.#aggregation.complex.random"),
        Unhide [(EndsWith ".count"),
          (EndsWith ".avg"),
          (EndsWith ".mean")]),
      (Drop (StartsWith "#ekgview.#aggregation.complex.observeIO"),
        Unhide [(Contains "diff.RTS.cpuNs.timed.")]),
      (Drop (StartsWith "#ekgview.#aggregation.complex.observeSTM"),
        Unhide [(Contains "diff.RTS.gcNum.timed.")]),
      (Drop (StartsWith "#ekgview.#aggregation.complex.message"),
        Unhide [(Contains ".timed.m")])
      1)
# ifdef ENABLE_OBSERVABLES
 CM.setSubTrace c "complex.observeI0" (Just $ ObservableTrace [GhcRtsStats, MemoryStats])
 for M_{-}[(1::Int)...10] $ \lambda x \rightarrow
    CM.setSubTrace
      ("complex.observeSTM." <> (pack $ show x))
      (Just $ ObservableTrace [GhcRtsStats, MemoryStats])
# endif
# ifdef ENABLE_AGGREGATION
 CM.setBackends c "complex.message" (Just [AggregationBK, KatipBK])
 CM.setBackends c "complex.random" (Just [AggregationBK, KatipBK])
 CM.setBackends c "complex.random.ewma" (Just [AggregationBK])
 CM.setBackends c "complex.observeI0" (Just [AggregationBK])
# endif
 for M_{-}[(1 :: Int)...10] \$ \lambda x \to do
# ifdef ENABLE_AGGREGATION
    CM.setBackends c
      ("complex.observeSTM." <> (pack \$ show x))
      (Just [ AggregationBK ])
# endif
    CM.setBackends c
      ("#aggregation.complex.observeSTM." <> (pack \$ show x))
      (Just [KatipBK])
 CM.setAggregatedKind c "complex.random.rr" (Just StatsAK)
 CM.setAggregatedKind c "complex.random.ewma.rr" (Just (EwmaAK 0.42))
# ifdef ENABLE_EKG
 CM.setBackends c "#aggregation.complex.message" (Just [EKGViewBK])
 CM.setBackends c "#aggregation.complex.observeI0" (Just [EKGViewBK])
```

```
CM.setBackends c "#aggregation.complex.random" (Just [EKGViewBK])

CM.setBackends c "#aggregation.complex.random.ewma" (Just [EKGViewBK])

CM.setEKGport c 12789

# endif

CM.setGUIport c 13789

return c
```

#### Thread that outputs a random number to a Trace

```
randomThr:: Trace IO \rightarrow IO (Async.Async ())
randomThr trace = do

logInfo trace "starting random generator"

trace' \leftarrow subTrace "random" trace

proc \leftarrow Async.async (loop trace')

return proc

where

loop tr = do

threadDelay 500000 - 0.5 second

num \leftarrow randomRIO (42 - 42, 42 + 42):: IO Double

lo \leftarrow LogObject < $ > (mkLOMeta\ Debug) < * > pure (LogValue\ "rr"\ (PureD\ num))

traceNamedObject tr\ lo

loop tr
```

#### Thread that observes an IO action

```
# ifdef ENABLE_OBSERVABLES
observeIO :: Trace IO → IO (Async.Async ())
observeIO trace = do
logInfo trace "starting observer"
proc ← Async.async (loop trace)
return proc
where
loop tr = do
threadDelay 5000000-- 5 seconds
_ ← bracketObserveIO tr Debug "observeIO" $ do
num ← randomRIO (100000, 200000) :: IO Int
ls ← return $ reverse $ init $ reverse $ 42 : [1..num]
pure $ const ls ()
loop tr
# endif
```

#### Threads that observe STM actions on the same TVar

```
# ifdef ENABLE_OBSERVABLES
observeSTM :: Trace IO \rightarrow IO [Async.Async ()]
observeSTM trace = do
logInfo trace "starting STM observer"
tvar \leftarrow atomically $ newTVar ([1..1000]:: [Int])
```

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```
-- spawn 10 threads

proc ← forM [(1::Int)..10] $ λx → Async.async (loop trace tvar (pack $ show x))

return proc

where

loop tr tvarlist name = do

threadDelay 10000000-- 10 seconds

STM.bracketObserveIO tr Debug ("observeSTM." <> name) (stmAction tvarlist)

loop tr tvarlist name

stmAction :: TVar [Int] → STM ()

stmAction tvarlist = do

list ← readTVar tvarlist

writeTVar tvarlist $ reverse $ list

pure ()

# endif
```

Thread that observes an IO action which downloads a text in order to observe the I/O statistics

```
# ifdef LINUX
# ifdef ENABLE_OBSERVABLES
observeDownload:: Trace IO \rightarrow IO (Async.Async ())
observeDownload\ trace = \mathbf{do}
  proc \leftarrow Async.async (loop trace)
  return proc
  where
    loop tr = do
       threadDelay 1000000-- 1 second
       tr' \leftarrow appendName "observeDownload" tr
       bracketObserveIO tr' Debug " " $ do
          license \leftarrow openURI "http://www.gnu.org/licenses/gpl.txt"
          case license of
            Right bs \rightarrow logNotice tr' \$ pack \$ BS8.unpack bs
            Left \_ \rightarrow return ()
          threadDelay 50000-- .05 second
         pure()
       loop tr
# endif
# endif
```

#### Thread that periodically outputs a message

```
msgThr :: Trace IO \rightarrow IO (Async.Async ())
msgThr trace = do
logInfo trace "start messaging .."
trace' \leftarrow subTrace "message" trace
Async.async (loop trace')
where
loop tr = do
threadDelay 3000000-- 3 seconds
```

```
\begin{array}{c} \textbf{logNotice} \ tr \ "N \ 0 \ T \ I \ F \ I \ C \ A \ T \ I \ 0 \ N \ ! \ ! \ !" \\ \textbf{logDebug} \ tr \ "a \ detailed \ debug \ message." \\ \textbf{logError} \ tr \ "Boooommm \ .." \\ \textbf{loop} \ tr \end{array}
```

#### Main entry point

```
main :: IO ()
main = do
  -- create configuration
 c \leftarrow config
# ifdef ENABLE_GUI
  -- start configuration editor
 CME.startup c
# endif
  -- create initial top-level Trace
 tr \leftarrow setupTrace (Right c) "complex"
 logNotice tr "starting program; hit CTRL-C to terminate"
-- user can watch the progress only if EKG is enabled.
# ifdef ENABLE_EKG
  logInfo tr "watch its progress on http://localhost:12789"
# endif
# ifdef RUN_ProcRandom
   {-start thread sending unbounded sequence of random numbers to a trace which aggregates them in
 procRandom \leftarrow randomThr tr
# endif
# ifdef RUN_ProcObserveIO
  -- start thread endlessly reversing lists of random length
# ifdef ENABLE_OBSERVABLES
 procObsvIO \leftarrow observeIO tr
# endif
# endif
# ifdef RUN_ProcObseverSTM
  -- start threads endlessly observing STM actions operating on the same TVar
# ifdef ENABLE_OBSERVABLES
 procObsvSTMs \leftarrow observeSTM \ tr
# endif
# endif
# ifdef LINUX
# ifdef RUN_ProcObseveDownload
 -- start thread endlessly which downloads sth in order to check the I/O usage
# ifdef ENABLE_OBSERVABLES
 procObsvDownload \leftarrow observeDownload tr
# endif
# endif
# endif
# ifdef RUN_ProcMessageOutput
  -- start a thread to output a text messages every n seconds
 procMsg \leftarrow msgThr\ tr
```

```
-- wait for message thread to finish, ignoring any exception
  \_\leftarrow Async.waitCatch\ procMsg
# endif
# ifdef LINUX
# ifdef RUN_ProcObseveDownload
 -- wait for download thread to finish, ignoring any exception
# ifdef ENABLE_OBSERVABLES
  \_\leftarrow Async.waitCatch\ procObsvDownload
# endif
# endif
# endif
# ifdef RUN_ProcObseverSTM
 -- wait for observer thread to finish, ignoring any exception
# ifdef ENABLE_OBSERVABLES
 \_ \leftarrow forM\ procObsvSTMs\ Async.waitCatch
# endif
# endif
# ifdef RUN_ProcObserveIO
  -- wait for observer thread to finish, ignoring any exception
# ifdef ENABLE_OBSERVABLES
  \_\leftarrow Async.waitCatch\ procObsvIO
# endif
# endif
# ifdef RUN_ProcRandom
 -- wait for random thread to finish, ignoring any exception
  \_\leftarrow Async.waitCatch\ procRandom
# endif
 return ()
```

#### 1.5 Code listings

#### 1.5.1 Cardano.BM.Observer.STM

```
stmWithLog :: STM.STM (t, [LogObject]) \rightarrow STM.STM (t, [LogObject])
stmWithLog action = action
```

#### Observe STM action in a named context

With given name, create a SubTrace according to Configuration and run the passed *STM* action on it.

```
bracketObserveIO :: Trace IO \rightarrow Severity \rightarrow Text \rightarrow STM.STM\ t \rightarrow IO\ t
bracketObserveIO logTrace0 severity name action = \mathbf{do}
logTrace \leftarrow \mathbf{subTrace} name logTrace0
let subtrace = \mathbf{typeofTrace} logTrace
bracketObserveIO' subtrace severity\ logTrace\ action
where
bracketObserveIO' :: \mathbf{SubTrace} \rightarrow \mathbf{Severity} \rightarrow \mathbf{Trace}\ IO \rightarrow STM.STM\ t \rightarrow IO\ t
bracketObserveIO' NoTrace \_\_ act =
STM.atomically\ act
```

#### Observe STM action in a named context and output captured log items

The *STM* action might output messages, which after "success" will be forwarded to the logging trace. Otherwise, this function behaves the same as Observe *STM* action in a named context.

```
bracketObserveLogIO :: Trace IO \rightarrow Severity \rightarrow Text \rightarrow STM.STM (t, [LogObject]) \rightarrow IO t
bracketObserveLogIO logTrace0 severity name action = do
     logTrace \leftarrow subTrace name logTrace0
     let subtrace = typeofTrace logTrace
     bracketObserveLogIO' subtrace severity logTrace action
  where
     bracketObserveLogIO' :: SubTrace \rightarrow Severity \rightarrow Trace IO \rightarrow STM.STM (t, [LogObject]) \rightarrow IO t
     bracketObserveLogIO' NoTrace _ _ act = do
       (t, \_) \leftarrow STM.atomically \$ stmWithLog act
       pure t
     bracketObserveLogIO' subtrace sev logTrace act = do
       mCountersid \leftarrow observeOpen subtrace sev logTrace
       -- run action, return result and log items; if an exception is
       -- caught, then it will be logged and rethrown.
       (t, as) \leftarrow (STM.atomically \$ stmWithLog act) `catch`
            (\lambda(e :: SomeException) \rightarrow (logError logTrace (pack (show e)) \gg throwM e))
       case mCountersid of
          Left openException \rightarrow
            -- since observeOpen faced an exception there is no reason to call observeClo
            -- however the result of the action is returned
            logNotice logTrace ("ObserveOpen: " <> pack (show openException))
          Right countersid \rightarrow do
            res \leftarrow observeClose subtrace sev logTrace countersid as
            case res of
               Left ex \rightarrow logNotice logTrace ("ObserveClose: " <> pack (show ex))
               \_ \rightarrow pure()
       pure t
```

#### 1.5.2 Cardano.BM.Observer.Monadic

#### Monadic.bracketObserverIO

Observes an *IO* action and adds a name to the logger name of the passed in Trace. An empty *Text* leaves the logger name untouched.

Microbenchmarking steps:

1. Create a trace which will have been configured to observe things besides logging.

2. *c* is the Configuration of *trace*. In order to enable the collection and processing of measurements (min, max, mean, std-dev) *AggregationBK* is needed.

```
CM.setDefaultBackends c [KatipBK, AggregationBK]
```

in a configuration file (YAML) means

```
defaultBackends :

– KatipBK

– AggregationBK
```

3. Set the measurements that you want to take by changing the configuration of the *trace* using setSubTrace, in order to declare the namespace where we want to enable the particular measurements and the list with the kind of measurements.

```
CM.setSubTrace
  (configuration ctx)
  "demo-playground.submit-tx"
  (Just $ ObservableTrace observablesSet)
  where
    observablesSet = [MonotonicClock, MemoryStats]
```

4. Find an action to measure. e.g.:

```
runProtocolWithPipe \ x \ hdl \ proto \ `catch' \ (\lambda ProtocolStopped \rightarrow return \ ())
and use bracketObserveIO. e.g.:
  bracketObserveIO trace "submit-tx"$
     runProtocolWithPipe \ x \ hdl \ proto \ `catch' \ (\lambda ProtocolStopped \rightarrow return \ ())
  bracketObserveIO :: Trace IO \rightarrow Severity \rightarrow Text \rightarrow IO t \rightarrow IO t
  bracketObserveIO logTrace0 severity name action = do
       logTrace \leftarrow subTrace name logTrace0
       bracketObserveIO' (typeofTrace logTrace) severity logTrace action
     where
       bracketObserveIO' :: SubTrace \rightarrow Severity \rightarrow Trace IO \rightarrow IO t \rightarrow IO t
       bracketObserveIO' NoTrace _ _ act = act
       bracketObserveIO' subtrace sev logTrace act = do
          mCountersid \leftarrow observeOpen subtrace sev logTrace
          -- run action; if an exception is caught will be logged and rethrown.
          t \leftarrow act' catch' (\lambda(e :: SomeException) \rightarrow (logError logTrace (pack (show e)) \gg throwM e))
          case mCountersid of
             Left openException \rightarrow
                -- since observeOpen faced an exception there is no reason to call observeClo
               -- however the result of the action is returned
               logNotice logTrace ("ObserveOpen: " <> pack (show openException))
             Right countersid \rightarrow do
               res \leftarrow observeClose subtrace sev logTrace countersid []
               case res of
                  Left ex \rightarrow logNotice \ logTrace \ ("ObserveClose: " <> pack \ (show \ ex))
                  \_ \rightarrow pure()
          pure t
```

#### Monadic.bracketObserverM

Observes a *MonadIO*  $m \Rightarrow m$  action and adds a name to the logger name of the passed in Trace. An empty *Text* leaves the logger name untouched.

```
bracketObserveM :: (MonadCatch \ m, MonadIO \ m) \Rightarrow Trace \ IO \rightarrow Severity \rightarrow Text \rightarrow m \ t \rightarrow m \ t bracketObserveM \ logTrace0 \ severity \ name \ action = \mathbf{do} logTrace \leftarrow liftIO \$ \ subTrace \ name \ logTrace0 bracketObserveM' \ (typeofTrace \ logTrace) \ severity \ logTrace \ action \mathbf{where} bracketObserveM' :: (MonadCatch \ m, MonadIO \ m) \Rightarrow SubTrace \rightarrow Severity \rightarrow Trace \ IO \rightarrow m \ t \rightarrow m \ t bracketObserveM' \ NoTrace \ \_ \ act = act bracketObserveM' \ subtrace \ sev \ logTrace \ act = \mathbf{do} mCountersid \leftarrow liftIO \$ \ observeOpen \ subtrace \ sev \ logTrace -- \ run \ action; \ if \ an \ exception \ is \ caught \ will \ be \ logged \ and \ rethrown. t \leftarrow act' \ catch' \ (\lambda(e::SomeException) \rightarrow (liftIO \ (logError \ logTrace \ (pack \ (show \ e)) \gg throwM \ e))) \mathbf{case} \ mCountersid \ \mathbf{of} Left \ openException \rightarrow
```

```
-- since observeOpen faced an exception there is no reason to call observeCle
-- however the result of the action is returned
liftIO $logNotice logTrace ("ObserveOpen: "<> pack (show openException))
Right countersid → do
res ← liftIO $ observeClose subtrace sev logTrace countersid []
case res of
Left ex → liftIO (logNotice logTrace ("ObserveClose: "<> pack (show ex)))
_→ pure ()
pure t
```

#### observerOpen

```
observeOpen :: SubTrace → Severity → Trace IO → IO (Either SomeException CounterState)
observeOpen subtrace severity logTrace = (do
identifier ← newUnique
-- take measurement
counters ← readCounters subtrace
let state = CounterState identifier counters
if counters ≡ []
then return ()
else do
-- send opening message to Trace
traceNamedObject logTrace ≠
LogObject < $ > (mkLOMeta severity) < * > pure (ObserveOpen state)
return (Right state)) 'catch' (return o Left)
```

#### observeClose

```
observeClose
  :: SubTrace
  \rightarrow Severity
   → Trace IO
  → CounterState
   \rightarrow [LogObject]
   \rightarrow IO (Either SomeException ())
observeClose subtrace sev logTrace initState logObjects = (do
  let identifier = csIdentifier initState
    initialCounters = csCounters initState
  -- take measurement
  counters \leftarrow readCounters subtrace
  if counters \equiv []
  then return ()
  else do
    mle \leftarrow mkLOMeta sev
    -- send closing message to Trace
    traceNamedObject logTrace$
       LogObject mle (ObserveClose (CounterState identifier counters))
    -- send diff message to Trace
    traceNamedObject logTrace$
```

```
LogObject mle (ObserveDiff (CounterState identifier (diffCounters initialCounters counters))) -- trace the messages gathered from inside the action forM_logObjects $ traceNamedObject logTrace return (Right ())) 'catch' (return \circ Left)
```

#### 1.5.3 BaseTrace

#### Contravariant

A covariant is a functor:  $F A \rightarrow F B$ A contravariant is a functor:  $F B \rightarrow F A$ 

*Op a b* implements the inverse to 'arrow' " $getOp::b \rightarrow a$ ", which when applied to a BaseTrace of type "Op (m ()) s", yields " $s \rightarrow m ()$ ". In our case, Op accepts an action in a monad m with input type LogNamed LogObject (see 'Trace').

```
newtype BaseTrace m s = BaseTrace \{runTrace :: Op (m ()) s\}
```

#### contramap

A covariant functor defines the function "fmap:: $(a \to b) \to f \ a \to f \ b$ ". In case of a contravariant functor, it is the dual function "contramap:: $(a \to b) \to f \ a$ " which is defined.

In the following instance, *runTrace* extracts type "Op(m()) s" to which contramap applies f, thus " $f s \rightarrow m()$ ". The constructor BaseTrace restores "Op(m()) (f s)".

```
instance Contravariant (BaseTrace m) where contramap f = BaseTrace \circ contramap f \circ runTrace
```

#### traceWith

Accepts a Trace and some payload s. First it gets the contravariant from the Trace as type "Op(m()) s" and, after " $getOp: b \rightarrow a$ " which translates to " $s \rightarrow m()$ ", calls the action on the LogNamed LogObject.

```
traceWith :: BaseTrace m s \rightarrow s \rightarrow m ()
traceWith = getOp \circ runTrace
```

#### natTrace

Natural transformation from monad m to monad n.

```
natTrace :: (forall\ x \circ m\ x \to n\ x) \to BaseTrace\ m\ s \to BaseTrace\ n\ s

natTrace nat\ (BaseTrace\ (Op\ tr)) = BaseTrace\ S\ Op\ nat\circ tr
```

#### noTrace

A Trace that discards all inputs.

```
noTrace :: Applicative m \Rightarrow BaseTrace m a
noTrace = BaseTrace \Leftrightarrow Op \Leftrightarrow const (pure ())
```

#### 1.5.4 Cardano.BM.Trace

#### **Utilities**

Natural transformation from monad m to monad n.

```
natTrace :: (forall \ x \circ m \ x \to n \ x) \to Trace \ m \to Trace \ n
natTrace nat \ (ctx, trace) = (ctx, BaseTrace.natTrace \ nat \ trace)
Access type of Trace.

typeofTrace :: Trace m \to SubTrace
typeofTrace (ctx, \_) = tracetype \ ctx

Update type of Trace.

updateTracetype :: SubTrace \to Trace \ m \to Trace \ m
updateTracetype subtr \ (ctx, tr) = (ctx \ \{tracetype = subtr\}, tr)
```

#### Enter new named context

The context name is created and checked that its size is below a limit (currently 80 chars). The minimum severity that a log message must be labelled with is looked up in the configuration and recalculated.

```
appendName :: MonadIO m ⇒ LoggerName → Trace m → m (Trace m)
appendName name =
    modifyName (λprevLoggerName → appendWithDot name prevLoggerName)
appendWithDot :: LoggerName → LoggerName → LoggerName
appendWithDot " " newName = newName
appendWithDot xs " " = xs
appendWithDot xs newName = xs <> " . " <> newName
```

#### Change named context

The context name is created and checked that its size is below a limit (currently 80 chars). The minimum severity that a log message must be labelled with is looked up in the configuration and recalculated.

```
modifyName :: MonadIO m ⇒ (LoggerName → LoggerName) → Trace m → m (Trace m)
modifyName f (ctx, basetrace0) =
    let basetrace = modifyNameBase f basetrace0
    in
    return (ctx, basetrace)
modifyNameBase
    :: (LoggerName → LoggerName)
    → TraceNamed m
    → TraceNamed m
modifyNameBase k = contramap f
where
    f (LogNamed name item) = LogNamed (k name) item
```

#### Contramap a trace and produce the naming context

```
named :: BaseTrace.BaseTrace m (LogNamed i) \rightarrow BaseTrace.BaseTrace m i named = contramap (LogNamed mempty)
```

#### Trace a LogObject through

```
traceNamedObject
  :: MonadIO m
  \Rightarrow Trace m
  → LogObject
  \rightarrow m ()
traceNamedObject trace@(\_,logTrace) lo@(LogObject \_ lc) = do
  doOutput \leftarrow \mathbf{case} (typeofTrace trace) of
    FilterTrace filters →
       case lc of
         LogValue _loname _ →
            return $ evalFilters filters "TODO"
            -- (lname <> "." <> loname)
            return $ evalFilters filters "TODO"
            -- lname
    TeeTrace secName \rightarrow do
       -- create a newly named copy of the LogObject
       (\_, logTrace') \leftarrow appendName secName trace
       BaseTrace.traceWith (named logTrace') lo
       return True
     \_ \rightarrow return\ True
  if doOutput
  then BaseTrace.traceWith (named logTrace) lo
  else return ()
```

#### **Evaluation of FilterTrace**

A filter consists of a *DropName* and a list of *UnhideNames*. If the context name matches the *DropName* filter, then at least one of the *UnhideNames* must match the name to have the evaluation of the filters return *True*.

```
evalFilters :: [(DropName, UnhideNames)] \rightarrow LoggerName \rightarrow Bool

evalFilters fs nm =

all (\lambda(no, yes) \rightarrow if (dropFilter\ nm\ no)\ then\ (unhideFilter\ nm\ yes)\ else\ True)\ fs

where

dropFilter :: LoggerName \rightarrow DropName \rightarrow Bool

dropFilter\ name\ (Drop\ sel) = \ \{-not\ -\}\ (matchName\ name\ sel)

unhideFilter :: LoggerName \rightarrow UnhideNames \rightarrow Bool

unhideFilter\ (Unhide\ [\ ]) = False

unhideFilter\ name\ (Unhide\ us) = any\ (\lambda sel \rightarrow matchName\ name\ sel)\ us

matchName\ name\ (Exact\ name') = name\ \equiv name'

matchName\ name\ (StartsWith\ prefix) = T.isPrefixOf\ prefix\ name
```

```
matchName name (EndsWith postfix) = T.isSuffixOf postfix name
matchName name (Contains name') = T.isInfixOf name' name
```

#### **Concrete Trace on stdout**

This function returns a trace with an action of type "(LogNamed LogObject)  $\rightarrow$  *IO* ()" which will output a text message as text and all others as JSON encoded representation to the console.

#### TODO remove locallock

```
locallock :: MVar () \\ locallock = unsafePerformIO \$ newMVar () \\ \\ \textbf{stdoutTrace} :: TraceNamed IO \\ \textbf{stdoutTrace} = BaseTrace.BaseTrace \$ Op \$ \lambda(LogNamed logname (LogObject \_ lc)) \rightarrow \\ withMVar locallock \$ \setminus \_ \rightarrow \\ \textbf{case } lc \textbf{ of} \\ (LogMessage logItem) \rightarrow \\ output logname \$ liPayload logItem \\ obj \rightarrow \\ output logname \$ toStrict (encodeToLazyText obj) \\ \textbf{where} \\ output nm msg = TIO.putStrLn \$ nm <> " :: " <> msg \\ \end{aligned}
```

#### Concrete Trace into a TVar

```
traceInTVar :: STM.TVar [a] \rightarrow BaseTrace.BaseTrace STM.STM a
traceInTVar\ tvar = BaseTrace.BaseTrace \ Op \ \lambda a \rightarrow STM.modifyTVar\ tvar\ ((:)\ a)
traceInTVarIO :: STM.TVar [LogObject] → TraceNamed IO
traceInTVarIO\ tvar = \frac{BaseTrace}{BaseTrace} $ Op $ \lambda ln \rightarrow
  STM.atomically $ STM.modifyTVar tvar ((:) (lnItem ln))
traceNamedInTVarIO:: STM.TVar [LogNamed LogObject] → TraceNamed IO
traceNamedInTVarIO tvar = BaseTrace.BaseTrace \$ Op \$ \lambda ln \rightarrow
  STM.atomically $ STM.modifyTVar tvar ((:) ln)
traceInTVarIOConditionally :: STM.TVar [LogObject] \rightarrow TraceContext \rightarrow TraceNamed IO
traceInTVarIOC onditionally\ tvar\ ctx =
  BaseTrace.BaseTrace \ Op \ \lambda item@(LogNamed loggername (LogObject meta \_)) \rightarrow do
     globminsev \leftarrow Config.minSeverity (configuration ctx)
    globnamesev \leftarrow Config.inspectSeverity (configuration ctx) loggername
     let minsev = max globminsev $ fromMaybe Debug globnamesev
     if (severity meta) \geq minsev
     then STM.atomically $STM.modifyTVar tvar ((:) (lnItem item))
     else return ()
traceNamedInTVarIOC onditionally :: STM.TVar [LogNamed LogObject] \rightarrow TraceContext \rightarrow TraceNamed
traceNamedInTVarIOC onditionally\ tvar\ ctx =
  BaseTrace.BaseTrace \ Op \ \lambda item@(LogNamed loggername (LogObject meta \_)) \rightarrow do
     globminsev \leftarrow Config.minSeverity (configuration ctx)
     globnamesev \leftarrow Config.inspectSeverity (configuration ctx) loggername
     let minsev = max globminsev $ fromMaybe Debug globnamesev
```

```
if (severity meta) ≥ minsev
then STM.atomically $ STM.modifyTVar tvar ((:) item)
else return ()
```

#### Enter message into a trace

The function traceNamedItem creates a LogObject and threads this through the action defined in the Trace.

```
traceNamedItem

:: MonadIO m

⇒ Trace m

→ LogSelection

→ Severity

→ T.Text

→ m ()

traceNamedItem trace p s m =

traceNamedObject trace =≪

LogObject < $ > liftIO (mkLOMeta s)

<*>pure (LogMessage LogItem {liSelection = p
,liPayload = m
})
```

#### Logging functions

```
logDebug, logInfo, logNotice, logWarning, logError, logCritical, logAlert, logEmergency
  :: MonadIO m \Rightarrow \text{Trace } m \rightarrow T.\text{Text} \rightarrow m ()
logDebug logTrace = traceNamedItem logTrace Both Debug
            logTrace = traceNamedItem logTrace Both Info
logInfo
logNotice logTrace = traceNamedItem logTrace Both Notice
logWarning logTrace = traceNamedItem logTrace Both Warning
            logTrace = traceNamedItem logTrace Both Error
logError
logCritical logTrace = traceNamedItem logTrace Both Critical
            logTrace = traceNamedItem logTrace Both Alert
logAlert
logEmergency logTrace = traceNamedItem logTrace Both Emergency
logDebugS, logInfoS, logNoticeS, logWarningS, logErrorS, logCriticalS, logAlertS, logEmergencyS
  :: MonadIO m \Rightarrow \text{Trace } m \rightarrow T.\text{Text} \rightarrow m ()
logDebugS logTrace = traceNamedItem logTrace Private Debug
logInfoS
             logTrace = traceNamedItem logTrace Private Info
             logTrace = traceNamedItem logTrace Private Notice
logNoticeS
logWarningS logTrace = traceNamedItem logTrace Private Warning
             logTrace = traceNamedItem logTrace Private Error
logErrorS
logCriticalS logTrace = traceNamedItem logTrace Private Critical
logAlertS
             logTrace = traceNamedItem logTrace Private Alert
logEmergencyS logTrace = traceNamedItem logTrace Private Emergency
```

#### subTrace

Transforms the input Trace according to the Configuration using the logger name of the current Trace appended with the new name. If the empty *Text* is passed, then the logger name remains untouched.

```
subTrace :: MonadIO m \Rightarrow T.Text \rightarrow Trace m \rightarrow m (Trace m)
subTrace name tr@(ctx, \_) = \mathbf{do}
  let cfg = configuration ctx
  subtrace0 \leftarrow liftIO \$ Config.findSubTrace cfg name
  let subtrace = case subtrace0 of Nothing \rightarrow Neutral; Just str \rightarrow str
  case subtrace of
     Neutral
                      \rightarrow do
                         (ctx', tr') \leftarrow appendName name tr
                         return $ updateTracetype subtrace (ctx',tr')
     UntimedTrace → do
                         (ctx', tr') \leftarrow appendName name tr
                         return $ updateTracetype subtrace (ctx',tr')
     TeeTrace _
                         (ctx', tr') \leftarrow appendName name tr
                         return $ updateTracetype subtrace (ctx',tr')
     FilterTrace \_ \rightarrow do
                        tr' \leftarrow appendName name tr
                        return $ updateTracetype subtrace tr'
     NoTrace
                       → return $ updateTracetype subtrace (ctx, BaseTrace.noTrace)
     DropOpening \rightarrow return $ updateTracetype subtrace (ctx, BaseTrace.BaseTrace $ Op $
                         \lambda(LogNamed \_lo@(LogObject \_lc)) \rightarrow do
                           case lc of
                              ObserveOpen \_ \rightarrow return ()
                              \_ \rightarrow traceNamedObject tr lo)
     ObservableTrace _ → do
                         (ctx', tr') \leftarrow appendName name tr
                         return $ updateTracetype subtrace (ctx',tr')
```

#### 1.5.5 Cardano.BM.Setup

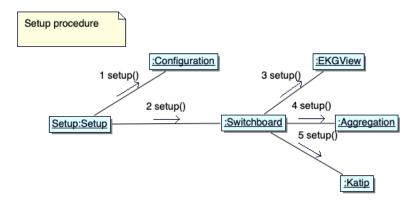


Figure 1.4: Setup procedure

#### setupTrace

Setup a new Trace (Trace) with either a given Configuration (Configuration.Model) or a *FilePath* to a configuration file. After all tracing operations have ended; *shutdownTrace* must be called.

```
setupTrace :: MonadIO m \Rightarrow Either FilePath Config.Configuration \rightarrow Text \rightarrow m (Trace m)

setupTrace (Left cfgFile) name = do

c \leftarrow liftIO \$ Config.setup cfgFile

fst < \$ > setupTrace\_c name

setupTrace (Right c) name = fst < \$ > setupTrace\_c name

setupTrace_:: MonadIO m \Rightarrow Config.Configuration \rightarrow Text \rightarrow m (Trace m, Switchboard.Switchboard)

setupTrace\_c name = do

sb \leftarrow liftIO \$ Switchboard.realize c

ctx \leftarrow liftIO \$ newContext c

tr \leftarrow subTrace name \$ natTrace liftIO (ctx, Switchboard.mainTraceConditionally ctx sb)

return (tr, sb)
```

#### shutdown

Shut down the Switchboard and all the Traces related to it.

```
shutdown :: Switchboard. Switchboard \rightarrow IO () shutdown = Switchboard. unrealize
```

#### withTrace

Setup a Trace from Configuration and pass it to the action. At the end, shutdown all the components and close the trace.

```
with Trace :: (MonadIO m, MonadMask m) \Rightarrow Config. Configuration \rightarrow Text \rightarrow (Trace m \rightarrow m t) \rightarrow m t with Trace cfg name action = bracket (setupTrace\_cfg name) -- aquire (\lambda(\_,sb) \rightarrow liftIO \$ shutdown sb) -- release (\lambda(tr,\_) \rightarrow action tr) -- action
```

#### newContext

```
newContext :: Config.Configuration

→ IO TraceContext

newContext cfg =
  return $ TraceContext {
    configuration = cfg
    ,tracetype = Neutral
  }
```

#### 1.5.6 Cardano.BM.Counters

Here the platform is chosen on which we compile this program. Currently, we mainly support *Linux* with its 'proc' filesystem.

```
{-# LANGUAGE CPP #-}
# if defined (linux_HOST_OS)
# define LINUX
```

```
# endif

module Cardano.BM.Counters

(
    Platform.readCounters
, diffTimeObserved
, getMonoClock
) where

# ifdef LINUX
import qualified Cardano.BM.Counters.Linux as Platform
# else
import qualified Cardano.BM.Counters.Dummy as Platform
# endif
import Cardano.BM.Counters.Common (getMonoClock)
import Cardano.BM.Data.Aggregated (Measurable (..))
import Cardano.BM.Data.Counter
```

#### Calculate difference between clocks

```
diffTimeObserved :: CounterState → CounterState → Measurable
diffTimeObserved (CounterState id0 startCounters) (CounterState id1 endCounters) =
    let
        startTime = getMonotonicTime startCounters
        endTime = getMonotonicTime endCounters
    in
    if (id0 ≡ id1)
        then endTime - startTime
        else error "these clocks are not from the same experiment"
    where
        getMonotonicTime counters = case (filter isMonotonicClockCounter counters) of
        [(Counter MonotonicClockTime _ mus)] → mus
        _ → error "A time measurement is missing!"
        isMonotonicClockCounter :: Counter → Bool
        isMonotonicClockCounter = (MonotonicClockTime ≡) ∘ cType
```

#### 1.5.7 Cardano.BM.Counters.Common

Common functions that serve *readCounters* on all platforms.

```
nominalTimeToMicroseconds :: Word64 \rightarrow Microsecond
nominalTimeToMicroseconds = fromMicroseconds \circ toInteger \circ ('div'1000)
```

#### Read monotonic clock

```
getMonoClock :: IO [Counter]
getMonoClock = do

    t ← getMonotonicTimeNSec
    return [Counter MonotonicClockTime "monoclock" $ Microseconds (t'div' 1000)]
```

#### Read GHC RTS statistics

Read counters from GHC's *RTS* (runtime system). The values returned are as per the last GC (garbage collection) run.

```
readRTSStats :: IO [Counter]
readRTSStats = do
    iscollected \leftarrow GhcStats.getRTSStatsEnabled
    if iscollected
       then ghcstats
       else return []
  where
    ghcstats::IO [Counter]
    ghcstats = do
       -- need to run GC?
       rts \leftarrow GhcStats.getRTSStats
       let getrts = ghcval rts
       return [getrts (Bytes o fromIntegral o GhcStats.allocated_bytes, "bytesAllocated")
         , getrts (Bytes ∘ fromIntegral ∘ GhcStats.max_live_bytes, "liveBytes")
         , getrts (Bytes o fromIntegral o GhcStats.max_large_objects_bytes, "largeBytes")
         , getrts (Bytes o fromIntegral o GhcStats.max_compact_bytes, "compactBytes")
         , getrts (Bytes o fromIntegral o GhcStats.max_slop_bytes, "slopBytes")
         , getrts (Bytes o fromIntegral o GhcStats.max_mem_in_use_bytes, "usedMemBytes")
         , getrts (Nanoseconds o fromIntegral o GhcStats.gc_cpu_ns, "gcCpuNs")
         , getrts (Nanoseconds o fromIntegral o GhcStats.gc_elapsed_ns, "gcElapsedNs")
         , getrts (Nanoseconds ∘ fromIntegral ∘ GhcStats.cpu_ns, "cpuNs")
         , getrts (Nanoseconds o fromIntegral o GhcStats.elapsed_ns, "elapsedNs")
         , getrts (PureI o toInteger o GhcStats.gcs, "gcNum")
         , getrts (PureI o toInteger o GhcStats.major_gcs, "gcMajorNum")
    ghcval :: GhcStats.RTSStats \rightarrow ((GhcStats.RTSStats \rightarrow Measurable), Text) \rightarrow Counter
    ghcval\ s\ (f,n) = Counter\ RTSStats\ n\ \$\ (f\ s)
```

#### 1.5.8 Cardano.BM.Counters.Dummy

This is a dummy definition of *readCounters* on platforms that do not support the 'proc' filesystem from which we would read the counters.

The only supported measurements are monotonic clock time and RTS statistics for now.

```
readCounters :: SubTrace \rightarrow IO [Counter]
readCounters NoTrace
                                      = return [ ]
readCounters Neutral
                                     = return [ ]
readCounters (TeeTrace _)
                                      = return [ ]
readCounters (FilterTrace _)
                                      = return [ ]
readCounters UntimedTrace
                                      = return [ ]
readCounters DropOpening
                                      = return []
# ifdef ENABLE_OBSERVABLES
readCounters (ObservableTrace tts) = foldrM (\lambda(sel, fun) a \rightarrow
     if any (\equiv sel) tts
     then (fun \gg \lambda xs \rightarrow return \$ a + xs)
     else return a)[] selectors
  where
```

#### 1.5.9 Cardano.BM.Counters.Linux

we have to expand the *readMemStats* function to read full data from *proc* 

```
readCounters :: SubTrace \rightarrow IO [Counter]
readCounters NoTrace
                              = return [ ]
readCounters Neutral
                              = return [ ]
readCounters (TeeTrace _) = return []
readCounters (FilterTrace _) = return []
readCounters UntimedTrace = return []
readCounters DropOpening = return []
# ifdef ENABLE_OBSERVABLES
readCounters (ObservableTrace tts) = do
     pid \leftarrow getProcessID
    foldrM(\lambda(sel, fun) a \rightarrow
       if any (\equiv sel) tts
       then (fun \gg \lambda xs \rightarrow return \$ a + xs)
       else return a) [ ] (selectors pid)
  where
     selectors pid = [(MonotonicClock, getMonoClock)
       , (MemoryStats, readProcStatM pid)
       , (ProcessStats, readProcStats pid)
       , (NetStats, readProcNet pid)
       , (IOStats, readProcIO pid)
       , (GhcRtsStats, readRTSStats)
#else
readCounters (ObservableTrace _) = return []
# endif
# ifdef ENABLE_OBSERVABLES
pathProc :: FilePath
pathProc = "/proc/"
pathProcStat :: ProcessID \rightarrow FilePath
pathProcStat pid = pathProc < / > (show pid) < / > "stat"
pathProcStatM:: ProcessID \rightarrow FilePath
pathProcStatM pid = pathProc < / > (show pid) < / > "statm"
pathProcIO :: ProcessID \rightarrow FilePath
pathProcIO pid = pathProc < / > (show pid) < / > "io"
pathProcNet :: ProcessID \rightarrow FilePath
pathProcNet pid = pathProc < / > (show pid) < / > "net" < / > "netstat"
# endif
```

#### Reading from a file in /proc/<pid >

```
# ifdef ENABLE_OBSERVABLES

readProcList :: FilePath \rightarrow IO [Integer]

readProcList fp = do

    cs \leftarrow readFile fp

    return $ map (\lambdas \rightarrow maybe 0 id $ (readMaybe s :: Maybe Integer)) (words cs)

# endif
```

#### readProcStatM - /proc/<pid >/statm

```
/proc/[pid]/statm
      Provides information about memory usage, measured in pages. The columns are:
             size
                        (1) total program size
                            (same as VmSize in /proc/[pid]/status)
              resident
                       (2) resident set size
                           (same as VmRSS in /proc/[pid]/status)
                        (3) number of resident shared pages (i.e., backed by a file)
              shared
                           (same as RssFile+RssShmem in /proc/[pid]/status)
                        (4) text (code)
              text
              lib
                        (5) library (unused since Linux 2.6; always 0)
              data
                        (6) data + stack
                        (7) dirty pages (unused since Linux 2.6; always 0)
              dt
     # ifdef ENABLE_OBSERVABLES
     readProcStatM :: ProcessID \rightarrow IO [Counter]
     readProcStatM pid = do
          ps0 \leftarrow readProcList (pathProcStatM pid)
          let ps = zip colnames ps0
             psUseful = filter (("unused" \not\equiv) \circ fst) ps
          return $ map (\lambda(n,i) \rightarrow Counter MemoryCounter n (PureI i)) psUseful
       where
          colnames :: [Text]
          colnames = ["size", "resident", "shared", "text", "unused", "data", "unused"]
     # endif
```

#### readProcStats - //proc//<pid >//stat

```
/proc/[pid]/stat
```

Status information about the process. This is used by ps(1). It is defined in the kernel source file fs/proc/array.c.

The fields, in order, with their proper scanf(3) format specifiers, are listed below. Whether or not certain of these fields display valid information is governed by a ptrace access mode PTRACE\_MODE\_READ\_FSCREDS | PTRACE\_MODE\_NOAUDIT check (refer to ptrace(2)). If the check denies access, then the field value is displayed as 0. The affected fields are indicated with the marking [PT].

- (2) comm %s

  The filename of the executable, in parentheses. This is visible whether or not the executable is swapped out.
- (3) state %c
  One of the following characters, indicating process state:

  R Running
  S Sleeping in an interruptible wait

- D Waiting in uninterruptible disk sleep
- Z Zombie
- T Stopped (on a signal) or (before Linux 2.6.33) trace stopped
- t Tracing stop (Linux 2.6.33 onward)
- W Paging (only before Linux 2.6.0)
- X Dead (from Linux 2.6.0 onward)
- x Dead (Linux 2.6.33 to 3.13 only)
- K Wakekill (Linux 2.6.33 to 3.13 only)
- W Waking (Linux 2.6.33 to 3.13 only)
- P Parked (Linux 3.9 to 3.13 only)
- (4) ppid %d

The PID of the parent of this process.

(5) pgrp %d

The process group ID of the process.

(6) session %d

The session ID of the process.

(7) tty\_nr %d

The controlling terminal of the process. (The minor device number is contained in the combination of bits 31 to 20 and 7 to 0; the major device number is in bits 15 to 8.)

(8) tpgid %d

The ID of the foreground process group of the controlling terminal of the process.

(9) flags %u

The kernel flags word of the process. For bit meanings, see the  $PF_*$  defines in the Linux kernel source file include/linux/sched.h. Details depend on the kernel version.

The format for this field was %lu before Linux 2.6.

(10) minflt %lu

The number of minor faults the process has made which have not required loading a memory page from disk.

(11) cminflt %lu

The number of minor faults that the process's waited-for children have made.

(12) majflt %lu

The number of major faults the process has made which have required loading a memory page from disk.

(13) cmajflt %lu

The number of major faults that the process's waited-for children have made.

(14) utime %lu

Amount of time that this process has been scheduled in user mode, measured in clock ticks (divide by sysconf(\_SC\_CLK\_TCK)). This includes guest time, guest\_time (time spent running a virtual CPU, see below), so that applications that are not aware of the guest time field do not lose that time from their calculations.

(15) stime %lu

Amount of time that this process has been scheduled in kernel mode, measured in clock ticks (divide by sysconf(\_SC\_CLK\_TCK)).

(16) cutime %ld

Amount of time that this process's waited-for children have been scheduled in user mode, measured in clock ticks (divide by sysconf(\_SC\_CLK\_TCK)). (See also times(2).) This includes guest time, cguest\_time (time spent running a virtual CPU, see below).

(17) cstime %ld

Amount of time that this process's waited-for children have been scheduled in kernel mode, measured in clock ticks (divide by sysconf(\_SC\_CLK\_TCK)).

(18) priority %ld

(Explanation for Linux 2.6) For processes running a real-time scheduling policy (policy below; see sched\_setscheduler(2)), this is the negated scheduling priority, minus one; that is, a number in the range -2 to -100, corresponding to real-time priorities 1 to 99. For processes running under a non-real-time scheduling policy, this is the raw nice value (set-priority(2)) as represented in the kernel. The kernel stores nice values as numbers in the range 0 (high) to 39 (low), corresponding to the user-visible nice range of -20 to 19.

(19) nice %ld

The nice value (see setpriority(2)), a value in the range 19 (low priority) to -20 (high priority).

(20) num\_threads %ld

Number of threads in this process (since Linux 2.6). Before kernel 2.6, this field was hard coded to 0 as a placeholder for an earlier removed field.

(21) itrealvalue %ld

The time in jiffies before the next SIGALRM is sent to the process due to an interval timer. Since kernel 2.6.17, this field is no longer maintained, and is hard coded as 0.

(22) starttime %llu

The time the process started after system boot. In kernels before Linux 2.6, this value was expressed in jiffies. Since Linux 2.6, the value is expressed in clock ticks (divide by sysconf(\_SC\_CLK\_TCK)).

The format for this field was %lu before Linux 2.6.

(23) vsize %lu

Virtual memory size in bytes.

(24) rss %ld

Resident Set Size: number of pages the process has in real memory. This is just the pages which count toward text, data, or stack space. This does not include pages which have not been demand-loaded in, or which are swapped out.

(25) rsslim %lu

Current soft limit in bytes on the rss of the process; see the description of  $RLIMIT_RSS$  in getrlimit(2).

(26) startcode %lu [PT]

The address above which program text can run.

(27) endcode %lu [PT]

The address below which program text can run.

(28) startstack %lu [PT]

The address of the start (i.e., bottom) of the stack.

(29) kstkesp %lu [PT]

The current value of ESP (stack pointer), as found in the kernel stack page for the process.

(30) kstkeip %lu [PT]

The current EIP (instruction pointer).

(31) signal %lu

The bitmap of pending signals, displayed as a decimal number. Obsolete, because it does not provide information on real-time signals; use /proc/[pid]/status instead.

(32) blocked %lu

The bitmap of blocked signals, displayed as a decimal number. Obsolete, because it does not provide information on real-time signals; use  $\frac{proc}{[pid]}$ status instead.

(33) sigignore %lu

The bitmap of ignored signals, displayed as a decimal number. Obsolete, because it does not provide information on real-time signals; use /proc/[pid]/status instead.

(34) sigcatch %lu

The bitmap of caught signals, displayed as a decimal number. Obsolete, because it does not provide information on real-time signals; use /proc/[pid]/status instead.

```
(35) wchan %lu [PT]
               This is the "channel" in which the process is waiting. It is the address of a location in
               the kernel where the process is sleeping. The corresponding symbolic name can be \ \ \text{found} \ \ \text{in}
               /proc/[pid]/wchan.
 (36) nswap %1u
               Number of pages swapped (not maintained).
 (37) cnswap %1u
               Cumulative nswap for child processes (not maintained).
 (38) exit_signal %d (since Linux 2.1.22)
               Signal to be sent to parent when we die.
 (39) processor %d (since Linux 2.2.8)
               CPU number last executed on.
 (40) rt_priority %u (since Linux 2.5.19)
               Real-time scheduling priority, a number in the range 1 to 99 for processes scheduled under a
               real-time policy, or 0, for non-real-time processes (see sched_setscheduler(2)).
 (41) policy %u (since Linux 2.5.19)
               Scheduling policy (see sched_setscheduler(2)). Decode using the SCHED_* constants in
               linux/sched.h.
               The format for this field was %lu before Linux 2.6.22.
 (42) delayacct_blkio_ticks %11u (since Linux 2.6.18)
               Aggregated block I/O delays, measured in clock ticks (centiseconds).
 (43) guest_time %lu (since Linux 2.6.24)
               Guest time of the process (time spent running a virtual CPU for a guest operating system),
               measured in clock ticks (divide by sysconf(_SC_CLK_TCK)).
 (44) cguest_time %ld (since Linux 2.6.24)
               Guest time of the
                                       process's children, measured in
                                                                                clock ticks
                                                                                               (divide by
               sysconf(\_SC\_CLK\_TCK)).
 (45) start_data %lu (since Linux 3.3) [PT]
               Address above which program initialized and uninitialized (BSS) data are placed.
 (46) end_data %lu (since Linux 3.3) [PT]
               Address below which program initialized and uninitialized (BSS) data are placed.
 (47) start_brk %lu (since Linux 3.3) [PT]
               Address above which program heap can be expanded with brk(2).
 (48) arg_start %lu (since Linux 3.5) [PT]
               Address above which program command-line arguments (argv) are placed.
 (49) arg_end %lu (since Linux 3.5) [PT]
               Address below program command-line arguments (argv) are placed.
 (50) env_start %lu (since Linux 3.5) [PT]
               Address above which program environment is placed.
 (51) env_end %lu (since Linux 3.5) [PT]
               Address below which program environment is placed.
 (52) exit_code %d (since Linux 3.5) [PT]
               The thread's exit status in the form reported by waitpid(2).
# ifdef ENABLE_OBSERVABLES
readProcStats :: ProcessID \rightarrow IO [Counter]
readProcStats\ pid = \mathbf{do}
     ps0 \leftarrow readProcList (pathProcStat pid)
    let ps = zip colnames ps0
       psUseful = filter (("unused" <math>\neq) \circ fst) ps
     return $ map (\lambda(n,i) \rightarrow Counter StatInfo n (PureI i)) psUseful
```

#### where

```
colnames::[Text]
colnames = ["pid", "unused", "unused", "ppid", "pgrp", "session", "ttynr", "tpgid", "flags", "mi
    ,"cminflt", "majflt", "cmajflt", "utime", "stime", "cutime", "cstime", "priority", "nice", "itrealvalue", "starttime", "vsize", "rss", "rsslim", "startcode", "endcode", "startstack
    ,"signal", "blocked", "sigignore", "sigcatch", "wchan", "nswap", "cnswap", "exitsignal", "p
    ,"policy", "blkio", "guesttime", "cguesttime", "startdata", "enddata", "startbrk", "argsta
    ,"envend", "exitcode"
]
#endif
```

# readProcIO - //proc//<pid >//io

/proc/[pid]/io (since kernel 2.6.20) This file contains I/O statistics for the process, for example:

# cat /proc/3828/io rchar: 323934931 wchar: 323929600 syscr: 632687 syscw: 632675 read\_bytes: 0 write\_bytes: 323932160 cancelled\_write\_bytes: 0

The fields are as follows:

rchar: characters read

The number of bytes which this task has caused to be read from storage. This is simply the sum of bytes which this process passed to read(2) and similar system calls. It includes things such as terminal I/0 and is unaffected by whether or not actual physical disk I/0 was required (the read might have been satisfied from pagecache).

wchar: characters written

The number of bytes which this task has caused, or shall cause to be written to disk. Similar caveats apply here as with rchar.

syscr: read syscalls

Attempt to count the number of read I/0 operations-that is, system calls such as read(2) and pread(2).

syscw: write syscalls

Attempt to count the number of write I/O operations-that is, system calls such as write(2) and pwrite(2).

read\_bytes: bytes read

Attempt to count the number of bytes which this process really did cause to be fetched from the storage layer. This is accurate for block-backed filesystems.

write\_bytes: bytes written

Attempt to count the number of bytes which this process caused to be sent to the storage layer.

cancelled\_write\_bytes:

The big inaccuracy here is truncate. If a process writes 1MB to a file and then deletes the file, it will in fact perform no writeout. But it will have been accounted as having caused 1MB of write. In other words: this field represents the number of bytes which this process caused to not happen, by truncating pagecache. A task can cause "negative" I/O too. If this task truncates some dirty pagecache, some I/O which another task has been accounted for (in its write\\_bytes) will not be happening.

Note: In the current implementation, things are a bit racy on 32-bit systems: if process A reads process B's /proc/[pid]/io while process B is updating one of these 64-bit counters, process A could see an intermediate result.

Permission to access this file is governed by a ptrace access mode  $PTRACE\MODE\READ\FSCREDS$  check; see ptrace(2).

```
# ifdef ENABLE_OBSERVABLES

readProcIO :: ProcessID \rightarrow IO [Counter]

readProcIO pid = do

ps0 \leftarrow readProcList (pathProcIO pid)

let ps = zip3 colnames ps0 units

return $ map (\lambda(n,i,u) \rightarrow Counter IOCounter n (u i)) ps

where

colnames :: [Text]

colnames = ["rchar", "wchar", "syscr", "syscw", "rbytes", "wbytes", "cxwbytes"]

units = [Bytes \circ fromInteger, Bytes \circ fromInteger, PureI, PureI, Bytes \circ fromInteger, Bytes \circ f
```

#### Network TCP/IP counters

```
example:
\\
cat /proc/<pid>/net/netstat
\\
```

TcpExt: SyncookiesSent SyncookiesRecv SyncookiesFailed EmbryonicRsts PruneCalled RcvPruned OfoPruned OutOfWindowIcmps Lo! !ckDroppedIcmps ArpFilter TW TWRecycled TWKilled PAWSActive PAWSEstab DelayedACKs DelayedACKLocked DelayedACKLost ListenO! !verflows ListenDrops TCPHPHits TCPPureAcks TCPHPAcks TCPRenoRecovery TCPSackRecovery TCPSACKReneging TCPSACKReorder TCPR! !enoReorder TCPTSReorder TCPFullUndo TCPPartialUndo TCPDSACKUndo TCPLossUndo TCPLostRetransmit TCPRenoFailures TCPSackFai! !lures TCPLossFailures TCPFastRetrans TCPSlowStartRetrans TCPTimeouts TCPLossProbes TCPLossProbeRecovery TCPRenoRecoveryF! !ail TCPSackRecoveryFail TCPRcvCollapsed TCPDSACKOldSent TCPDSACKOfoSent TCPDSACKRecv TCPDSACKOfoRecv TCPAbortOnData TCPA! !bortOnClose TCPAbortOnMemory TCPAbortOnTimeout TCPAbortOnLinger TCPAbortFailed TCPMemoryPressures TCPMemoryPressuresChro! !no TCPSACKDiscard TCPDSACKIgnoredOld TCPDSACKIgnoredNoUndo TCPSpuriousRTOs TCPMD5NotFound TCPMD5Unexpected TCPMD5Failure! ! TCPSackShifted TCPSackMerged TCPSackShiftFallback TCPBacklogDrop PFMemallocDrop TCPMinTTLDrop TCPDeferAcceptDrop IPReve! !rsePathFilter TCPTimeWaitOverflow TCPReqQFullDoCookies TCPReqQFullDrop TCPRetransFail TCPRcvCoalesce TCPOFOQueue TCPOFOD!  $! rop\ TCPOFOMerge\ TCPChallengeACK\ TCPSYNChallenge\ TCPFastOpenActive\ TCPFastOpenActiveFailTCPFastOpenPassive\ TCPFastOpenPass.$  $! sive Fail\ TCPF ast Open Listen Over flow\ TCPF ast Open Cookie Reqd\ TCPF ast Open Blackhole\ TCPS purious Rtx Host Queues\ BusyPollRx Packets!$ ! TCPAutoCorking TCPFromZeroWindowAdv TCPToZeroWindowAdv TCPWantZeroWindowAdv TCPSynRetrans TCPOrigDataSent TCPHystartTra! !inDetect TCPHystartTrainCwnd TCPHystartDelayDetect TCPHystartDelayCwnd TCPACKSkippedSynRecv TCPACKSkippedPAWS TCPACKSkip! !pedSeq TCPACKSkippedFinWait2 TCPACKSkippedTimeWait TCPACKSkippedChallenge TCPWinProbe TCPKeepAlive TCPMTUPFail TCPMTUPSu! !ccess TCPDelivered TCPDeliveredCE TCPAckCompressed

TcpExt: 0 0 0 0 28 0 0 0 0 1670 1 0 0 6 6029 1 1766 0 0 384612 66799 105553 0 21 0 638 0 1 7 1 1 32 128 0 1 0 22 0 116! ! 383 19 0 0 0 1788 224 178 0 435 224 0 13 0 0 0 0 67 0 0 0 0 3 1 668 0 0 0 4 0 0 0 0 9 1870 4468 0 224 22 23 0 0 0 ! !0 0 0 0 6 0 21492 0 0 11 188 188680 6 145 13 425 0 3 4 0 0 1 117 22984 0 0 192495 0 4500

 $IpExt:\ InNoRoutes\ InTruncatedPkts\ InMcastPkts\ OutMcastPkts\ InBcastPkts\ OutBcastPkts\ InOctets\ OutOctets\ InMcastOctets\ Out!\\ !McastOctets\ InBcastOctets\ OutBcastOctets\ InCsumErrors\ InNoECTPkts\ InECT1Pkts\ InECT0Pkts\ InCEPkts$ 

IpExt: 0 0 20053 8977 2437 23 3163525943 196480057 2426648 1491754 394285 5523 0 3513269 0 217426 0

```
# ifdef ENABLE_OBSERVABLES
readProcNet :: ProcessID \rightarrow IO [Counter]
readProcNet\ pid = \mathbf{do}
     ls0 \leftarrow lines < \$ > readFile (pathProcNet pid)
    let ps0 = readinfo\ ls0
     let ps1 = map (\lambda(n,c) \rightarrow (n, readMaybe c :: Maybe Integer)) ps0
     return $ mapCounters $ filter selcolumns ps1
     construct "IpExt:OutOctets" i = Bytes \$ fromInteger i
     construct "IpExt:InOctets" i = Bytes \$ fromInteger i
     construct \_i = PureIi
     -- only a few selected columns will be returned
     selcolumns(n, \_) = n \in ["IpExt:OutOctets", "IpExt:InOctets"]
     mapCounters[] = []
     mapCounters((n,c):r) = \mathbf{case} \ c \ \mathbf{of}
       Nothing \rightarrow mapCounters r
       Just i \rightarrow mapCounters r <> [Counter NetCounter (pack n) (construct n i)]
```

```
readinfo :: [String] \rightarrow [(String, String)]
readinfo [] = []
readinfo (_-: []) = []
readinfo (l1:l2:r) =

let col0 = words l1

cols = tail col0

vals = tail $ words l2

pref = head col0

in

readinfo r <> zip (map (<math>\lambda n \rightarrow pref + n) cols) vals
# endif
```

# 1.5.10 Cardano.BM.Data.Aggregated

#### Measurable

A Measurable may consist of different types of values. Time measurements are strict, so are *Bytes* which are externally measured. The real or integral numeric values are lazily linked, so we can decide later to drop them.

Measurable can be transformed to an integral value.

## instance Ord Measurable where

```
compare (Seconds a) (Seconds b)
                                            = compare a b
compare (Microseconds a) (Microseconds b) = compare a b
compare\ (Nanoseconds\ a)\ (Nanoseconds\ b)\ = compare\ a\ b
compare (Seconds a) (Microseconds b)
                                            = compare (a * 1000000) b
compare\ (Nanoseconds\ a)\ (Microseconds\ b)\ = compare\ a\ (b*1000)
compare (Seconds a) (Nanoseconds b)
                                            = compare (a * 1000000000) b
compare (Microseconds a) (Nanoseconds b) = compare (a * 1000) b
compare (Microseconds a) (Seconds b)
                                            = compare \ a \ (b * 1000000)
compare (Nanoseconds a) (Seconds b)
                                            = compare \ a \ (b * 1000000000)
compare (Bytes a) (Bytes b)
                                            = compare a b
compare (PureD a) (PureD b)
                                            = compare \ a \ b
compare (PureI a) (PureI b)
                                            = compare \ a \ b
compare (Severity a) (Severity b)
                                            = compare a b
compare (PureI a) (Seconds b)
                                    |a \ge 0 = compare \ a \ (toInteger \ b)
compare (PureI a) (Microseconds b) |a| \ge 0 = compare a (toInteger b)
compare (PureI a) (Nanoseconds b) |a| \ge 0 = compare a (toInteger b)
compare (PureI a) (Bytes b)
                                    |a| \ge 0 = compare \ a \ (toInteger \ b)
                          (PureI b) |b| \ge 0 = compare (toInteger a) b
compare (Seconds a)
compare (Microseconds a) (PureI b) |b| \ge 0 = compare (toInteger a) b
compare (Nanoseconds a) (PureI b) |b| \ge 0 = compare (toInteger a) b
```

```
compare (Bytes a)(PureI b) | b \geqslant 0 = compare (toInteger a) bcompare a@(PureD_{-}) (PureI b)= compare (getInteger a) bcompare (PureI a) b@(PureD_{-})= compare a (getInteger b)compare a b= error  "cannot compare " + (showType a) +  " " + (show Type a) +  " " + (show Type a) +  " " + (show Type a) +  " + (
```

Measurable can be transformed to an integral value.

```
getInteger :: Measurable \rightarrow Integer
getInteger (Microseconds a) = toInteger a
getInteger (Nanoseconds a) = toInteger a
getInteger (Seconds a) = toInteger a
getInteger (Bytes a) = toInteger a
getInteger (PureI a) = a
getInteger (PureD a) = round a
getInteger (Severity a) = toInteger (fromEnum a)
```

Measurable can be transformed to a rational value.

```
getDouble :: Measurable \rightarrow Double
getDouble (Microseconds a) = fromIntegral a
getDouble (Nanoseconds a) = fromIntegral a
getDouble (Seconds a) = fromIntegral a
getDouble (Bytes a) = fromIntegral a
getDouble (PureI a) = fromIntegral a
getDouble (PureD a) = a
getDouble (Severity a) = fromIntegral (fromEnum a)
```

It is a numerical value, thus supports functions to operate on numbers.

```
instance Num Measurable where
```

```
(+) (Microseconds a) (Microseconds b) = Microseconds (a + b)
(+) (Nanoseconds a) (Nanoseconds b) = Nanoseconds (a + b)
(+) (Seconds a)
                   (Seconds b)
                                   = Seconds
                                                  (a+b)
(+) (Bytes a)
                   (Bytes\ b)
                                   = Bytes
                                                  (a+b)
                                   = PureI
(+) (PureI a)
                   (PureI b)
                                                  (a+b)
(+) (PureD a)
                   (PureD b)
                                   = PureD
                                                  (a+b)
                                   = error "Trying to add values with different units"
(+)_{-}
(*) (Microseconds a) (Microseconds b) = Microseconds (a * b)
(*) (Nanoseconds a) (Nanoseconds b) = Nanoseconds (a * b)
(*) (Seconds a)
                   (Seconds b)
                                   = Seconds
                                                  (a*b)
(*) (Bytes a)
                   (Bytes b)
                                   = Bytes
                                                  (a*b)
                                   = PureI
(*) (PureI a)
                   (PureI b)
                                                  (a*b)
(*) (PureD a)
                   (PureD b)
                                   = PureD
                                                  (a * b)
                                   = error "Trying to multiply values with different units"
(*) ___
abs (Microseconds a) = Microseconds (abs a)
abs(Nanoseconds a) = Nanoseconds(abs a)
abs (Seconds a)
                    = Seconds
                                   (abs a)
abs (Bytes a)
                    = Bytes
                                   (abs a)
abs (PureI a)
                    = PureI
                                   (abs a)
abs (PureD a)
                    = PureD
                                   (abs a)
abs (Severity _)
                    = error "cannot compute absolute value for Severity"
signum (Microseconds a) = Microseconds (signum a)
```

```
signum (Nanoseconds a) = Nanoseconds (signum a)
signum (Seconds a)
                       = Seconds
                                      (signum a)
signum (Bytes a)
                       = Bytes
                                      (signum a)
signum (PureI a)
                       = PureI
                                      (signum a)
signum (PureD a)
                       = PureD
                                      (signum a)
signum (Severity _)
                       = error "cannot compute sign of Severity"
negate (Microseconds a) = Microseconds (negate a)
negate (Nanoseconds a) = Nanoseconds (negate a)
                                      (negate a)
negate (Seconds a)
                       = Seconds
negate (Bytes a)
                       = Bytes
                                      (negate a)
                       = PureI
negate (PureI a)
                                      (negate a)
                       = PureD
negate (PureD a)
                                      (negate a)
negate (Severity _)
                       = error "cannot negate Severity"
fromInteger = PureI
```

Pretty printing of Measurable.

```
instance Show Measurable where
```

```
show (Microseconds a) = show a
  show (Nanoseconds a)
                          = show a
                          = show a
  show (Seconds a)
                          = show a
  show (Bytes a)
                          = show a
  show (PureI a)
  show (PureD a)
                          = show a
  show (Severity a)
                          = show a
showUnits:: Measurable → String
showUnits (Microseconds _) = " \mu s"
showUnits (Nanoseconds _) = " ns"
showUnits (Seconds _)
showUnits (Bytes _)
                           = " B"
                           = ""
showUnits (PureI _)
                          = ""
showUnits (PureD _)
showUnits (Severity _)
showTvpe :: Measurable \rightarrow String
showType (Microseconds _) = "Microseconds"
showType (Nanoseconds _) = "Nanoseconds"
showType (Seconds _)
                          = "Seconds"
showType (Bytes _)
                          = "Bytes"
                          = "PureI"
showType (PureI _)
showType (PureD _)
                          = "PureD"
showType (Severity _)
                          = "Severity"
-- show in S.I. units
showSI :: Measurable \rightarrow String
showSI (Microseconds a) = show (fromFloatDigits ((fromIntegral a) / (1000000 :: Float))) +
                         showUnits (Seconds a)
showSI (Nanoseconds a) = show (fromFloatDigits ((fromIntegral a) / (1000000000 :: Float))) ++
                         showUnits (Seconds a)
                       = show a ++ show Units v
showSI v@(Seconds a)
showSI v@(Bytes a)
                       = show \ a + show Units \ v
showSI v@(PureI a)
                       = show \ a + show Units \ v
showSI v@(PureD a)
                       = show a + show Units v
```

```
showSIv@(Severity a) = show a + showUnits v
```

#### **Stats**

A Stats statistics is strictly computed.

```
data BaseStats = BaseStats {
  fmin ::!Measurable,
  fmax :: !Measurable,
  fcount :: {-# UNPACK #-} ! Int,
  fsum_A :: {-# UNPACK #-} ! Double,
  fsum_B:: {-# UNPACK #-} ! Double
  } deriving (Generic, ToJSON, Show)
instance Eq BaseStats where
  (BaseStats\ mina\ maxa\ counta\ sumAa\ sumBa) \equiv (BaseStats\ minb\ maxb\ countb\ sumAb\ sumBb) =
     mina \equiv minb \land maxa \equiv maxb \land counta \equiv countb \land
     abs (sumAa - sumAb) < 1.0e-4 \land
     abs (sumBa - sumBb) < 1.0e-4
data Stats = Stats {
  flast ::!Measurable,
  fold ::!Measurable,
  fbasic :: !BaseStats,
  fdelta::!BaseStats,
  ftimed :: !BaseStats
  } deriving (Eq, Generic, ToJSON, Show)
meanOfStats :: BaseStats \rightarrow Double
meanOfStats = fsum\_A
stdevOfStats :: BaseStats \rightarrow Double
stdevOfStatss =
  if fcount s < 2
  then 0
  else sqrt \$ (fsum\_B s) / (fromInteger \$ fromIntegral (fcount s) - 1)
```

instance Semigroup Stats disabled for the moment, because not needed.

We use a parallel algorithm to update the estimation of mean and variance from two sample statistics. (see https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Algorithms\_for\_calculating\_variance#Parallel\_a

```
instance Semigroup Stats where
  (<>) a b = let counta = fcount a
    countb = fcount b
    newcount = counta + countb
    delta = fsum_A b - fsum_A a
    in
    Stats {flast = flast b-- right associative
    ,fmin = min (fmin a) (fmin b)
    ,fmax = max (fmax a) (fmax b)
    ,fcount = newcount
```

```
fsum A = fsum A a + (delta / fromInteger newcount)
      fsum_B = fsum_B a + fsum_B b + (delta*delta)*(fromInteger (counta*countb) / fromInteger newcountb)
stats2Text :: Stats \rightarrow Text
stats2Text (Stats slast _ sbasic sdelta stimed) =
    pack$
       "{ last=" ++ show slast ++
       ", basic-stats=" ++ showStats' (sbasic) ++
      ", delta-stats=" ++ showStats' (sdelta) ++
        , timed-stats=" ++ showStats' (stimed) ++
  where
    showStats':: BaseStats → String
    showStats's =
       ", { min=" + show (fmin s) + 
       ", \max=" + show (fmax s) ++
      ", mean="+show (meanOfStats s) + showUnits (fmin s) +
         , std-dev=" ++ show (stdevOfStats s) ++
      ", count=" ++ show (fcount s) ++
```

# **Exponentially Weighted Moving Average (EWMA)**

Following https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Moving\_average#Exponential\_moving\_average we calculate the exponential moving average for a series of values  $Y_t$  according to:

$$S_t = \begin{cases} Y_1, & t = 1\\ \alpha \cdot Y_t + (1 - \alpha) \cdot S_{t-1}, & t > 1 \end{cases}$$

```
data EWMA = EmptyEWMA {alpha :: Double}
  | EWMA {alpha :: Double
    ,avg :: Measurable
    } deriving (Show, Eq, Generic, ToJSON)
```

### Aggregated

```
data Aggregated = AggregatedStats Stats
  | AggregatedEWMA EWMA
  deriving (Eq, Generic, ToJSON)
```

instance Semigroup Aggregated disabled for the moment, because not needed.

```
instance Semigroup Aggregated where
  (<>) (AggregatedStats a) (AggregatedStats b) =
   AggregatedStats (a <> b)
  (<>) _ _ = error "Cannot combine different objects"
```

```
singletonStats:: Measurable → Aggregated
singletonStats a =
  let stats = Stats \{flast = a
                      = Nanoseconds 0
    , fbasic = BaseStats
      \{fmin = a\}
      ,fmax = a
      , fcount = 1
      ,fsum\_A = getDouble a
      , fsum\_B = 0
    ,fdelta = BaseStats
      \{fmin = 0\}
      , fmax = 0
      , fcount = 0
      fsum_A = 0
      ,fsum_B = 0
    ,ftimed = BaseStats
      , fmax = Nanoseconds 0
      fcount = (-1)
      , fsum_A = 0
      ,fsum\_B = 0}
  in
  AggregatedStats stats
instance Show Aggregated where
  show (AggregatedStats astats) =
    "{ stats = " ++ show astats ++ " }"
  show (AggregatedEWMA a) = show a
```

# 1.5.11 Cardano.BM.Data.AggregatedKind

# AggregatedKind

This identifies the type of Aggregated.

```
data AggregatedKind = StatsAK
  | EwmaAK {alpha :: Double}
  deriving (Generic, Eq, Show, From JSON, To JSON, Read)
```

# 1.5.12 Cardano.BM.Data.Backend

### Accepts a NamedLogItem

Instances of this type class accept a NamedLogItem and deal with it.

```
class IsEffectuator t where

effectuate :: t \rightarrow \text{NamedLogItem} \rightarrow IO ()

effectuatefrom :: forall s \circ (\text{IsEffectuator } s) \Rightarrow t \rightarrow \text{NamedLogItem} \rightarrow s \rightarrow IO ()

default effectuatefrom :: forall s \circ (\text{IsEffectuator } s) \Rightarrow t \rightarrow \text{NamedLogItem} \rightarrow s \rightarrow IO ()

effectuatefrom t \cdot nli = \text{effectuate } t \cdot nli

handleOverflow :: t \rightarrow IO ()
```

#### Declaration of a Backend

A backend is life-cycle managed, thus can be realized and unrealized.

### **Backend**

This data structure for a backend defines its behaviour as an IsEffectuator when processing an incoming message, and as an IsBackend for unrealizing the backend.

```
data Backend = MkBackend
{bEffectuate :: NamedLogItem \rightarrow IO ()
,bUnrealize :: IO ()
}
```

#### 1.5.13 Cardano.BM.Data.BackendKind

#### **BackendKind**

This identifies the backends that can be attached to the Switchboard.

```
data BackendKind =
    AggregationBK
    | EKGViewBK
    | KatipBK
    | MonitoringBK
    | SwitchboardBK
    deriving (Generic, Eq, Ord, Show, ToJSON, FromJSON, Read)
```

# 1.5.14 Cardano.BM.Data.Configuration

Data structure to help parsing configuration files.

# Representation

```
type Port = Int
data Representation = Representation
{minSeverity :: Severity
,rotation :: Maybe RotationParameters
,setupScribes :: [ScribeDefinition]
,defaultScribes :: [(ScribeKind, Text)]
,setupBackends :: [BackendKind]
,defaultBackends :: [BackendKind]
,hasEKG :: Maybe Port
```

```
:: Maybe Port
,hasGUI
               :: HM.HashMap Text Object
, options
deriving (Generic, Show, ToJSON, FromJSON)
```

#### parseRepresentation

```
parseRepresentation :: FilePath \rightarrow IO Representation
  parseRepresentation fp = do
    repr :: Representation \leftarrow decodeFileThrow fp
    return $ implicit_fill_representation repr
after parsing the configuration representation we implicitly correct it.
  implicit\_fill\_representation :: Representation \rightarrow Representation
  implicit_fill_representation =
       remove_ekgview_if_not_defined o
       filter_duplicates_from_backends o
       filter_duplicates_from_scribes o
       union_setup_and_usage_backends o
       add_ekgview_if_port_defined o
       add_katip_if_any_scribes
    where
       filter_duplicates_from_backends r =
          r {setupBackends = mkUniq $ setupBackends r}
       filter_duplicates_from_scribes r =
          r {setupScribes = mkUniq $setupScribes r}
       union_setup_and_usage_backends r =
          r \{ setupBackends = setupBackends \ r <> defaultBackends \ r \} 
   # ifdef ENABLE_EKG
       remove_ekgview_if_not_defined r =
          case hasEKG r of
          Nothing \rightarrow r {defaultBackends = filter (\lambda bk \rightarrow bk \not\equiv EKGViewBK) (defaultBackends r)
            , setupBackends = filter (λbk → bk ≠ EKGViewBK) (setupBackends r)
          Just _ → <math>r
       add_ekgview_if_port_defined r =
          case hasEKG r of
          Nothing \rightarrow r
          Just \_ \rightarrow r \{ setupBackends = setupBackends \ r <> [EKGViewBK] \}
   #else
       remove_ekgview_if_not_defined = id
       add_ekgview_if_port_defined = id
   # endif
       add_katip_if_any_scribes r =
          if (any - [null \$ setup Scribes r, null \$ default Scribes r])
          then r {setupBackends = setupBackends r <> [KatipBK]}
          else r
       mkUniq :: Ord \ a \Rightarrow [a] \rightarrow [a]
       mkUniq = Set.toList \circ Set.fromList
```

#### 1.5.15 Cardano.BM.Data.Counter

### Counter

```
data Counter = Counter
         {cType :: CounterType
         ,cName :: Text
         , cValue :: Measurable
         deriving (Eq, Show, Generic, ToJSON)
data CounterType = MonotonicClockTime
  | MemoryCounter
  | StatInfo
  | IOCounter
  | NetCounter
  | CpuCounter
  | RTSStats
    deriving (Eq. Show, Generic, ToJSON)
instance ToJSON Microsecond where
  toJSON = toJSON \circ toMicroseconds
  toEncoding = toEncoding \circ toMicroseconds
```

#### Names of counters

```
nameCounter :: Counter → Text

nameCounter (Counter MonotonicClockTime _ _ ) = "Time-interval"

nameCounter (Counter MemoryCounter _ _ ) = "Mem"

nameCounter (Counter StatInfo _ _ ) = "Stat"

nameCounter (Counter IOCounter _ _ ) = "I0"

nameCounter (Counter NetCounter _ _ ) = "Net"

nameCounter (Counter CpuCounter _ _ ) = "Cpu"

nameCounter (Counter RTSStats _ _ ) = "RTS"
```

## CounterState

#### Difference between counters

```
diffCounters :: [Counter] → [Counter] \rightarrow [Counter]
diffCounters openings closings =
     getCountersDiff openings closings
  where
    getCountersDiff :: [Counter]
               \rightarrow [Counter]
               \rightarrow [Counter]
    getCountersDiff as bs =
          getName counter = nameCounter counter <> cName counter
          asNames = map getName as
          aPairs = zip \ asNames \ as
          bsNames = map getName bs
          bs' = zip \ bsNames \ bs
          bPairs = HM.fromList\ bs'
       in
          catMaybes \$ (flip map) aPairs \$ \lambda (name, Counter \_ \_ startValue) \rightarrow
            case HM.lookup name bPairs of
               Nothing
                            \rightarrow Nothing
               Just counter \rightarrow let endValue = cValue counter
                              in Just counter {cValue = endValue – startValue}
```

# 1.5.16 Cardano.BM.Data.LogItem

## LoggerName

A LoggerName has currently type *Text*.

```
type LoggerName = Text
```

# NamedLogItem

```
type NamedLogItem = LogNamed LogObject
```

## LogNamed

A LogNamed contains of a context name and some log item.

```
data LogNamed item = LogNamed
{InName:: LoggerName
,InItem:: item
} deriving (Show)
deriving instance Generic item ⇒ Generic (LogNamed item)
deriving instance (ToJSON item, Generic item) ⇒ ToJSON (LogNamed item)
```

## Logging of outcomes with LogObject

```
data LogObject = LogObject LOMeta LOContent
  deriving (Generic, Show, ToJSON)
```

Meta data for a LogObject. Text was selected over ThreadId in order to be able to use the logging system under SimM of ouroboros-network because ThreadId from Control.Concurrent lacks a Read instance.

```
data LOMeta = LOMeta {
    tstamp:: {-# UNPACK #-} ! UTCTime
    , tid :: {-# UNPACK #-} ! Text
    , severity :: !Severity
    deriving (Show)
  instance ToJSON LOMeta where
    toJSON (LOMeta _tstamp _tid _sev) =
      object ["tstamp". = _tstamp, "tid". = show _tid, "severity". = show _sev]
  mkLOMeta :: Severity \rightarrow IO LOMeta
  mkLOMeta sev =
    LOMeta < $ > getCurrentTime
       < * > (pack \circ show < \$ > myThreadId)
       < * > pure sev
Payload of a LogObject:
  data LOContent = LogMessage LogItem
     | LogValue Text Measurable
     | ObserveOpen CounterState
     | ObserveDiff CounterState
     | ObserveClose CounterState
     | AggregatedMessage [ (Text, Aggregated) ]
     | MonitoringEffect LogObject
     | KillPill
      deriving (Generic, Show, ToJSON)
```

# LogItem

# TODO liPayload :: ToObject

```
data LogItem = LogItem
  {liSelection :: LogSelection
   ,liPayload :: Text-- TODO should become ToObject
  } deriving (Show, Generic, ToJSON)

data LogSelection =
   Private-- only to private logs.
   |Both -- to public and private logs.
   deriving (Show, Generic, ToJSON, FromJSON)
```

### 1.5.17 Cardano.BM.Data.Observable

#### ObservableInstance

# 1.5.18 Cardano.BM.Data.Output

# OutputKind

```
data OutputKind = TVarList (STM.TVar [LogObject])
    | TVarListNamed (STM.TVar [LogNamed LogObject])
    deriving (Eq)
```

### ScribeKind

This identifies katip's scribes by type.

```
data ScribeKind = FileTextSK
    | FileJsonSK
    | StdoutSK
    | StderrSK
    deriving (Generic, Eq, Ord, Show, FromJSON, ToJSON)
```

#### ScribeId

A scribe is identified by ScribeKind *x Filename* 

```
type ScribeId = Text-- (ScribeKind :: Filename)
```

# ScribePrivacy

This declares if a scribe will be public (and must not contain sensitive data) or private.

```
data ScribePrivacy = ScPublic | ScPrivate
  deriving (Generic, Eq, Ord, Show, From JSON, To JSON)
```

#### ScribeDefinition

This identifies katip's scribes by type.

```
data ScribeDefinition = ScribeDefinition
{scKind :: ScribeKind
,scName :: Text
```

### 1.5.19 Cardano.BM.Data.Rotation

#### **RotationParameters**

```
data RotationParameters = RotationParameters
{rpLogLimitBytes::!Word64-- max size of file in bytes
,rpMaxAgeHours::!Word -- hours
,rpKeepFilesNum::!Word -- number of files to keep
} deriving (Generic, Show, Eq, Ord, From JSON, To JSON)
```

# 1.5.20 Cardano.BM.Data.Severity

### Severity

The intended meaning of severity codes:

Debug detailled information about values and decision flow Info general information of events; progressing properly Notice needs attention; something ¬ progressing properly Warning may continue into an error condition if continued Error unexpected set of event or condition occured Critical error condition causing degrade of operation Alert a subsystem is no longer operating correctly, likely requires man at this point, the system can never progress without additional intervention

We were informed by the Syslog taxonomy: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Syslog#Severity\_level

```
data Severity = Debug
| Info
| Notice
| Warning
| Error
| Critical
| Alert
| Emergency
| deriving (Show, Eq, Ord, Enum, Generic, ToJSON, Read)
instance From JSON Severity where
```

### 1.5.21 Cardano.BM.Data.SubTrace

#### SubTrace

### 1.5.22 Cardano.BM.Data.Trace

#### Trace

A Trace consists of a TraceContext and a TraceNamed in m.

```
type Trace m = (TraceContext, TraceNamed m)
```

#### **TraceNamed**

A TraceNamed is a specialized Contravariant of type NamedLogItem, a LogNamed with payload LogObject.

```
type TraceNamed m = BaseTrace m (NamedLogItem)
```

#### TraceContext

We keep the context's name and a reference to the Configuration in the TraceContext.

```
data TraceContext = TraceContext
  {configuration :: Configuration
  ,tracetype :: SubTrace
  }
```

# 1.5.23 Cardano.BM.Configuration

see Cardano.BM.Configuration.Model for the implementation.

```
getOptionOrDefault :: CM.Configuration \rightarrow Text \rightarrow Text \rightarrow IO (Text) getOptionOrDefault cg name def = do opt \leftarrow CM.getOption cg name case opt of

Nothing \rightarrow return def

Just o \rightarrow return o
```

# 1.5.24 Cardano.BM.Configuration.Model

Configuration.Model

```
<<Model>>
                       Configuration
cgMinSeverity : Severity
cgMapSeverity : Map = LoggerName -> Severity
cgMapSubtrace : Map = LoggerName -> SubTrace
cgOptions : Map = Text -> Aeson.Object
cgMapBackend : Map = LoggerName -> [BackendKind]
cgDefBackends : BackendKind [*]
cgSetupBackends : BackendKind [*]
cgMapScribe : Map = LoggerName -> [Scribeld]
cgDefScribes : Scribeld [*]
cgSetupScribes : ScribeDefinition [*]
cbMapAggregatedKind : Map = LoggerName -> AggregatedKind
cgDefAggregatedKind: AggregatedKind
cgPortEKG: int
cgPortGUI: int
```

Figure 1.5: Configuration model

```
type ConfigurationMVar = MVar ConfigurationInternal
newtype Configuration = Configuration
 {getCG:: ConfigurationMVar}
-- Our internal state; see - "Configuration model"-
{f data} ConfigurationInternal = ConfigurationInternal
 {cgMinSeverity
                  :: Severity
  -- minimum severity level of every object that will be output
 ,cgMapSeverity
                  :: HM.HashMap LoggerName Severity
  -- severity filter per loggername
 ,cgMapSubtrace
                  :: HM.HashMap LoggerName SubTrace
  -- type of trace per loggername
                  :: HM.HashMap Text Object
 ,cgOptions
  -- options needed for tracing, logging and monitoring
 ,cgMapBackend
                  :: HM.HashMap LoggerName [BackendKind]
  -- backends that will be used for the specific loggername
 ,cgDefBackendKs ::[BackendKind]
  -- backends that will be used if a set of backends for the
  -- specific loggername is not set
 ,cgSetupBackends ::[BackendKind]
```

```
-- backends to setup; every backend to be used must have
-- been declared here
,cgMapScribe
                :: HM.HashMap LoggerName [ScribeId]
-- katip scribes that will be used for the specific loggername
,cgMapScribeCache::HM.HashMap LoggerName [ScribeId]
-- map to cache info of the cgMapScribe
,cgDefScribes
                ::[ScribeId]
-- katip scribes that will be used if a set of scribes for the
-- specific loggername is not set
,cgSetupScribes
                :: [ScribeDefinition]
-- katip scribes to setup; every scribe to be used must have
-- been declared here
,cgMapAggregatedKind::HM.HashMap LoggerName AggregatedKind
-- kind of Aggregated that will be used for the specific loggername
,cgDefAggregatedKind :: AggregatedKind
-- kind of Aggregated that will be used if a set of scribes for the
-- specific loggername is not set
                :: HM.HashMap LoggerName (MEvExpr, [MEvAction])
,cgMonitors
,cgPortEKG
                :: Int
-- port for EKG server
,cgPortGUI
                :: Int
-- port for changes at runtime (NOT IMPLEMENTED YET)
} deriving (Show, Eq)
```

# Backends configured in the Switchboard

For a given context name return the list of backends configured, or, in case no such configuration exists, return the default backends.

```
getBackends :: Configuration \rightarrow LoggerName \rightarrow IO [BackendKind]
getBackends configuration name = do
  cg \leftarrow readMVar \$ getCG configuration
  let outs = HM.lookup name (cgMapBackend cg)
  case outs of
     Nothing \rightarrow return (cgDefBackendKs cg)
     Just os \rightarrow return os
getDefaultBackends :: Configuration \rightarrow IO [BackendKind]
getDefaultBackends configuration =
  cgDefBackendKs < $ > (readMVar $ getCG configuration)
setDefaultBackends :: Configuration \rightarrow [BackendKind] \rightarrow IO()
setDefaultBackends configuration bes =
  modifyMVar_{-}(getCG configuration) \$ \lambda cg \rightarrow
     return\ cg\ \{cgDefBackendKs = bes\}
setBackends :: Configuration \rightarrow LoggerName \rightarrow Maybe [BackendKind] \rightarrow IO ()
setBackends configuration name be =
  modifyMVar_{-}(getCG configuration) \$ \lambda cg \rightarrow
     return cg \{cgMapBackend = HM.alter (\setminus \rightarrow be) name (cgMapBackend cg)\}
```

### Backends to be setup by the Switchboard

Defines the list of Backends that need to be setup by the Switchboard.

```
setSetupBackends :: \textbf{Configuration} \rightarrow [\textbf{BackendKind}] \rightarrow IO \ () setSetupBackends \ \textbf{configuration} \ bes = modifyMVar\_ (getCG \ \textbf{configuration}) \ \$ \ \lambda cg \rightarrow return \ cg \ \{cgSetupBackends = bes\} getSetupBackends :: \textbf{Configuration} \rightarrow IO \ [\textbf{BackendKind}] getSetupBackends \ \textbf{configuration} = cgSetupBackends < \$ > (readMVar \$ getCG \ \textbf{configuration})
```

## Scribes configured in the Log backend

For a given context name return the list of scribes to output to, or, in case no such configuration exists, return the default scribes to use.

```
getScribes :: Configuration \rightarrow LoggerName \rightarrow IO [ScribeId]
getScribes configuration name = do
     cg \leftarrow readMVar (getCG configuration)
     (updateCache, scribes) \leftarrow \mathbf{do}
        let defs = cgDefScribes cg
        let mapscribes = cgMapScribe cg
       let find_s lname = case HM.lookup lname mapscribes of
          Nothing \rightarrow
             case dropToDot lname of
                Nothing \rightarrow defs
               Just lname' \rightarrow find_s lname'
          Iust os \rightarrow os
        let outs = HM.lookup name (cgMapScribeCache cg)
        -- look if scribes are already cached
        return $ case outs of
          -- if no cached scribes found; search the appropriate scribes that
          -- they must inherit and update the cached map
          Nothing \rightarrow (True, find_s name)
          Just os \rightarrow (False, os)
     when updateCache $ setCachedScribes configuration name $ Just scribes
     return scribes
dropToDot :: Text \rightarrow Maybe\ Text
dropToDot ts = dropToDot' (breakOnEnd " . " ts)
  where
     dropToDot'(\_,"") = Nothing
     dropToDot'(name', \_) = Just \$ dropWhileEnd (\equiv '.') name'
getCachedScribes :: Configuration \rightarrow LoggerName \rightarrow IO (Maybe [ScribeId])
getCachedScribes configuration name = do
     cg \leftarrow readMVar \$ getCG configuration
     return $ HM.lookup name $ cgMapScribeCache cg
setScribes :: Configuration \rightarrow LoggerName \rightarrow Maybe [ScribeId] \rightarrow IO ()
setScribes configuration name scribes =
     modifyMVar_{-}(getCG configuration) \$ \lambda cg \rightarrow
        return cg \{cgMapScribe = HM.alter (\setminus \rightarrow scribes) name (cgMapScribe cg)\}
setCachedScribes :: Configuration \rightarrow LoggerName \rightarrow Maybe [ScribeId] \rightarrow IO ()
setCachedScribes configuration name scribes =
     modifyMVar_{-}(getCG configuration) \$ \lambda cg \rightarrow
```

```
return cg {cgMapScribeCache = HM.alter (\_ \rightarrow scribes) name (cgMapScribeCache cg)} setDefaultScribes :: Configuration \rightarrow [ScribeId] \rightarrow IO () setDefaultScribes configuration scs = modifyMVar_ (getCG configuration) $ \lambdacg \rightarrow return cg {cgDefScribes = scs}
```

## Scribes to be setup in the Log backend

Defines the list of *Scribes* that need to be setup in the Log backend.

```
setSetupScribes :: Configuration \rightarrow [ScribeDefinition] \rightarrow IO () setSetupScribes configuration sds = modifyMVar_(getCG configuration) $ \lambda cg \rightarrow return cg {cgSetupScribes = sds} $ getSetupScribes :: Configuration <math>\rightarrow IO [ScribeDefinition] getSetupScribes configuration = cgSetupScribes < $ > readMVar (getCG configuration) $ for the configuration $ for the configura
```

# AggregatedKind to define the type of measurement

For a given context name return its **AggregatedKind** or in case no such configuration exists, return the default **AggregatedKind** to use.

```
getAggregatedKind :: \textbf{Configuration} \rightarrow \textbf{LoggerName} \rightarrow IO \ \textbf{AggregatedKind} getAggregatedKind \ \textbf{configuration} \ name = \textbf{do} cg \leftarrow readMVar \$ getCG \ \textbf{configuration} \textbf{let} \ outs = HM.lookup \ name \ (cgMapAggregatedKind \ cg) \textbf{case} \ outs \ \textbf{of} Nothing \rightarrow return \$ cgDefAggregatedKind \ cg Just \ os \rightarrow return \$ os setDefaultAggregatedKind :: \textbf{Configuration} \rightarrow \textbf{AggregatedKind} \rightarrow IO \ () setDefaultAggregatedKind \ \textbf{configuration} \ defAK = modifyMVar_{-} \ (getCG \ \textbf{configuration}) \$ \lambda cg \rightarrow return \ cg \ \{cgDefAggregatedKind = defAK \} setAggregatedKind \ \textbf{configuration} \ \rightarrow \textbf{LoggerName} \rightarrow Maybe \ \textbf{AggregatedKind} \rightarrow IO \ () setAggregatedKind \ \textbf{configuration} \ name \ ak = modifyMVar_{-} \ (getCG \ \textbf{configuration}) \$ \lambda cg \rightarrow return \ cg \ \{cgMapAggregatedKind = HM.alter \ (\setminus_{-} \rightarrow ak) \ name \ (cgMapAggregatedKind \ cg) \}
```

### Access port numbers of EKG, GUI

```
getEKGport :: Configuration \rightarrow IO Int
getEKGport configuration =
cgPortEKG < \$ > (readMVar \$ getCG configuration)
setEKGport :: Configuration \rightarrow Int \rightarrow IO ()
setEKGport configuration port =
modifyMVar_(getCG configuration) \$ \lambda cg \rightarrow
return cg \{cgPortEKG = port\}
getGUIport :: Configuration \rightarrow IO Int
```

```
getGUIport configuration = cgPortGUI < \$ > (readMVar \$ getCG configuration)

setGUIport :: Configuration \rightarrow Int \rightarrow IO ()

setGUIport configuration port = modifyMVar_{-} (getCG configuration) \$ \lambda cg \rightarrow return cg \{cgPortGUI = port\}
```

# **Options**

```
getOption :: Configuration \rightarrow Text \rightarrow IO (Maybe Text)
getOption configuration name = do
cg \leftarrow readMVar \$ getCG configuration
case HM.lookup name (cgOptions cg) of
Nothing \rightarrow return Nothing
Just o \rightarrow return \$ Just \$ pack \$ show o
```

## Global setting of minimum severity

```
minSeverity :: Configuration \rightarrow IO Severity minSeverity configuration = cgMinSeverity < \$ > (readMVar \$ getCG configuration) setMinSeverity :: Configuration \rightarrow Severity \rightarrow IO () setMinSeverity configuration <math>sev = modifyMVar_{-} (getCG configuration) \$ \lambda cg \rightarrow return cg \{cgMinSeverity = sev\}
```

### Relation of context name to minimum severity

```
inspectSeverity :: Configuration \rightarrow Text \rightarrow IO (Maybe Severity)
inspectSeverity configuration name = do
cg \leftarrow readMVar \$ getCG configuration
return \$ HM.lookup name (cgMapSeverity cg)
setSeverity :: Configuration \rightarrow Text \rightarrow Maybe Severity \rightarrow IO ()
setSeverity configuration name sev =
modifyMVar_ (getCG configuration) \$ \lambda cg \rightarrow
return cg \{cgMapSeverity = HM.alter (\_ <math>\rightarrow sev) name (cgMapSeverity cg)}
```

#### Relation of context name to SubTrace

A new context may contain a different type of Trace. The function appendName (Enter new named context) will look up the SubTrace for the context's name.

```
findSubTrace :: Configuration \rightarrow Text \rightarrow IO \ (Maybe SubTrace)
findSubTrace \ configuration \ name = do
cg \leftarrow readMVar \$ getCG \ configuration
return \$ HM.lookup \ name \ (cgMapSubtrace \ cg)
setSubTrace :: Configuration \rightarrow Text \rightarrow Maybe \ SubTrace \rightarrow IO \ ()
```

```
setSubTrace configuration name trafo = modifyMVar_{-}(getCG\ configuration) \ \ \lambda cg \rightarrow return\ cg\ \{cgMapSubtrace = HM.alter\ (\setminus_{-} \rightarrow trafo)\ name\ (cgMapSubtrace\ cg)\}
```

#### **Monitors**

# Parse configuration from file

*Nothing*  $\rightarrow$  *Nothing* 

*Just* ( $String\ expr$ )  $\rightarrow$   $MEv.parseMaybe\ expr$ 

Parse the configuration into an internal representation first. Then, fill in Configuration after refinement.

```
setup :: FilePath \rightarrow IO Configuration
setup fp = \mathbf{do}
     r \leftarrow R.parseRepresentation fp
     setupFromRepresentation r
parseMonitors:: Maybe (HM.HashMap Text Value) \rightarrow HM.HashMap LoggerName (MEvExpr, [MEvAction])
parseMonitors Nothing = HM.empty
parseMonitors (Just hmv) = HM.mapMaybe mkMonitor hmv
     where
     mkMonitor(Array a) =
          if Vector.length a \equiv 2
          then do
            e \leftarrow mkExpression \$ aVector. ! 0
            as \leftarrow mkActions \$ a Vector. ! 1
            return (e, as)
          else Nothing
     mkMonitor = Nothing
     mkExpression :: Value \rightarrow Maybe \ MEvExpr
     mkExpression (Object o1) =
          case HM.lookup "monitor" o1 of
```

```
Just_{-} → Nothing
    mkExpression = Nothing
    mkActions :: Value \rightarrow Maybe [MEvAction]
    mkActions (Object o2) =
         case HM.lookup "actions" o2 of
           Nothing \rightarrow Nothing
           Just (Array as) \rightarrow Just $ map (\lambda(String s) \rightarrow s) $ Vector.toList as
           Iust \_ \rightarrow Nothing
    mkActions \_ = Nothing
setupFromRepresentation :: R.Representation \rightarrow IO Configuration
setupFromRepresentation r = do
    let mapseverities0 = HM.lookup "mapSeverity" (R.options r)
         mapbackends = HM.lookup "mapBackends" (R.options r)
         mapsubtrace = HM.lookup "mapSubtrace" (R.options r)
         mapscribes0 = HM.lookup "mapScribes" (R.options r)
         mapaggregatedkinds = HM.lookup "mapAggregatedkinds" (R.options r)
         mapmonitors = HM.lookup "mapMonitors" (R.options r)
         mapseverities = parseSeverityMap mapseverities0
         mapscribes
                      = parseScribeMap mapscribes0
    cgref \leftarrow newMVar \$ ConfigurationInternal
         \{cgMinSeverity = R.minSeverity r\}
         ,cgMapSeverity
                             = mapseverities
         ,cgMapSubtrace = parseSubtraceMap mapsubtrace
         ,cgOptions
                             = R.options r
         ,cgMapBackend
                             = parseBackendMap mapbackends
         ,cgDefBackendKs = R.defaultBackends r
         , cgSetupBackends = R.setupBackends r
         ,cgMapScribe
                             = mapscribes
         ,cgMapScribeCache = mapscribes
         ,cgDefScribes
                             = r_defaultScribes r
         ,cgSetupScribes
                             = fillRotationParams (R.rotation r) (R.setupScribes r)
         ,cgMapAggregatedKind = parseAggregatedKindMap mapaggregatedkinds
         ,cgDefAggregatedKind = StatsAK
         ,cgMonitors
                            = parseMonitors mapmonitors
         ,cgPortEKG
                             = r\_hasEKG r
         ,cgPortGUI
                            = r_hasGUI r
    return $ Configuration cgref
  where
    parseSeverityMap :: Maybe (HM.HashMap Text Value) \rightarrow HM.HashMap Text Severity
    parseSeverityMap Nothing = HM.empty
    parseSeverityMap (Just hmv) = HM.mapMaybe mkSeverity hmv
       where
         mkSeverity (String s) = Just (read (unpack s) :: Severity)
         mkSeverity = Nothing
    fillRotationParams :: Maybe RotationParameters \rightarrow [ScribeDefinition] \rightarrow [ScribeDefinition]
    fillRotationParams defaultRotation = map \$ \lambda sd \rightarrow
         if (scKind sd \not\equiv StdoutSK) \land (scKind sd \not\equiv StderrSK)
         then
           sd {scRotation = maybe defaultRotation Just (scRotation sd)}
```

```
else
       -- stdout and stderr cannot be rotated
       sd {scRotation = Nothing}
parseBackendMap Nothing = HM.empty
parseBackendMap (Just hmv) = HM.map mkBackends hmv
  where
    mkBackends (Array bes) = catMaybes $ map mkBackend $ Vector.toList bes
    mkBackends = []
    mkBackend (String s) = Just (read (unpack s):: BackendKind)
    mkBackend = Nothing
parseScribeMap Nothing = HM.empty
parseScribeMap (Just hmv) = HM.map mkScribes hmv
  where
    mkScribes (Array scs) = catMaybes $ map mkScribe $ Vector.toList scs
    mkScribes (String s) = [(s :: ScribeId)]
    mkScribes \_ = []
    mkScribe (String s) = Just (s :: ScribeId)
    mkScribe = Nothing
parseSubtraceMap :: Maybe (HM.HashMap Text Value) → HM.HashMap Text SubTrace
parseSubtraceMap Nothing = HM.empty
parseSubtraceMap (Just hmv) = HM.mapMaybe mkSubtrace hmv
    mkSubtrace (String s) = Just (read (unpack s) :: SubTrace)
    mkSubtrace (Object hm) = mkSubtrace' (HM.lookup "tag" hm) (HM.lookup "contents" hm)
    mkSubtrace = Nothing
    mkSubtrace' Nothing \_= Nothing
    mkSubtrace' \ \_Nothing = Nothing
    mkSubtrace' (Just (String tag)) (Just (Array cs)) =
       if tag ≡ "ObservableTrace"
       then Just $ ObservableTrace $ map (\lambda(String s) \rightarrow (read (unpack s) :: ObservableInstance)) $ Vec
       else Nothing
    mkSubtrace' \_ \_ = Nothing
r\_hasEKG\ repr = \mathbf{case}\ (R.hasEKG\ repr)\ \mathbf{of}
  Nothing \rightarrow 0
  Just p
               \rightarrow p
r_hasGUI repr = \mathbf{case} (R.hasGUI \ repr) \mathbf{of}
  Nothing \rightarrow 0
  Just p
               \rightarrow p
r\_defaultScribes\ repr = map\ (\lambda(k,n) \rightarrow pack\ (show\ k) <> "::" <> n)\ (R.defaultScribes\ repr)
parseAggregatedKindMap Nothing = HM.empty
parseAggregatedKindMap (Just hmv) =
    let
       listv = HM.toList hmv
       mapAggregatedKind = HM.fromList $ catMaybes $ map mkAggregatedKind listv
    in
    mapAggregatedKind
  where
    mkAggregatedKind (name, String s) = Just (name, read (unpack s) :: AggregatedKind)
    mkAggregatedKind = Nothing
```

# Setup empty configuration

```
empty::IO Configuration
empty = \mathbf{do}
 cgref \leftarrow newMVar \$ ConfigurationInternal
    \{cgMinSeverity = Debug\}
    ,cgMapSeverity
                      = HM.empty
    , cgMapSubtrace = HM.empty
    ,cgOptions
                     = HM.empty
    ,cgMapBackend
                     = HM.empty
    ,cgDefBackendKs = []
    , cgSetupBackends = []
                      = HM.empty
    ,cgMapScribe
    ,cgMapScribeCache = HM.empty
    ,cgDefScribes
                      =[]
    ,cgSetupScribes
                      = []
    , cgMapAggregatedKind = HM.empty
    ,cgDefAggregatedKind = StatsAK
    ,cgMonitors
                = HM.empty
    ,cgPortEKG
                     = 0
    ,cgPortGUI
                     = 0
 return $ Configuration cgref
```

# 1.5.25 Cardano.BM.Configuration.Static

# Default configuration outputting on stdout

```
defaultConfigStdout :: IO CM.Configuration

defaultConfigStdout = do

c ← CM.empty

CM.setMinSeverity c Debug

CM.setSetupBackends c [KatipBK]

CM.setDefaultBackends c [KatipBK]

CM.setSetupScribes c [ScribeDefinition {
    scName = "stdout"
    ,scKind = StdoutSK
    ,scPrivacy = ScPublic
    ,scRotation = Nothing
    }

]

CM.setDefaultScribes c ["StdoutSK::stdout"]

return c
```

### Default configuration for testing

```
defaultConfigTesting :: IO CM. Configuration
defaultConfigTesting = \mathbf{do}
c \leftarrow CM. empty
```

```
CM.setMinSeverity c Debug
# ifdef ENABLE_AGGREGATION
    CM.setSetupBackends c [KatipBK, AggregationBK]
    CM.setDefaultBackends c [KatipBK, AggregationBK]
# else
    CM.setSetupBackends c [KatipBK]
    CM.setDefaultBackends c [KatipBK]
# endif
    CM.setSetupScribes c [ScribeDefinition {
        scName = "stdout"
        ,scKind = StdoutSK
        ,scPrivacy = ScPublic
        ,scRotation = Nothing
        }
        ]
        CM.setDefaultScribes c ["StdoutSK::stdout"]
        return c
```

# 1.5.26 Cardano.BM.Configuration.Editor

This simple configuration editor is accessible through a browser on <a href="http://127.0.0.1:13789">http://127.0.0.1:13789</a>, or whatever port has been set in the configuration.

A number of maps that relate logging context name to behaviour can be changed. And, most importantly, the global minimum severity that defines the filtering of log messages.

#### links

The GUI is built on top of *Threepenny-GUI* (http://hackage.haskell.org/package/threepenny-gui). The appearance is due to w3-css (https://www.w3schools.com/w3css).

```
startup :: Configuration \rightarrow IO()
startup\ config = do
  port \leftarrow getGUIport config
  if port > 0
  then do
     thd \leftarrow Async.async $
       startGUI defaultConfig {jsPort = Just port
                                       = Just "127.0.0.1"
          ,jsAddr
                                       = Just "static"
          , jsStatic
          ,jsCustomHTML = Just "configuration-editor.html"
          } $ prepare config
     Async.link thd
     pure ()
  else pure ()
data Cmd = Backends | Scribes | Severities | SubTrace | Aggregation
  deriving (Show, Read)
prepare :: Configuration \rightarrow Window \rightarrow UI()
prepare config window = void \$ do
  void$return window # set title "IOHK logging and monitoring"
```

```
-- editing or adding map entry
inputKey ← UI.input#. "w3-input w3-border w3-round-large"
inputValue ← UI.input #. "w3-input w3-border w3-round-large"
inputMap ← UI.p #. "inputmap"
void $ element inputKey # set UI.size "30"
void $ element input Value # set UI.size "60"
outputMsg ← UI.input #. "w3-input w3-border w3-round-large"
void $ element outputMsg # set UI.size "60"
      # set UI.enabled False
let mkPairItem :: Show t \Rightarrow Cmd \rightarrow LoggerName \rightarrow t \rightarrow UI Element
     mkPairItem\ cmd\ n\ v =
          let entries = [UI.td #+ [string (unpack n)]
                         ,UI.td #+[string (show v)]
                         , UI.td #+ [do
                              b \leftarrow UI.button \#. \text{"w3-small w3-btn w3-ripple w3-teal"} \#+ [UI.bold \#+ [string "edit"]]
                              on UI.click b $ const $ do
                                    void $ element inputKey # set UI.value (unpack n)
                                    void $ element inputValue # set UI.value (show v)
                                    void $ element inputMap # set UI.value (show cmd)
                              return b]
          in UI.tr#. "itemrow" #+ entries
let apply2output f = \mathbf{do}
          tgt ← getElementById window "output"
          case tgt of
                Nothing \rightarrow pure ()
               Just t \rightarrow f t
let listPairs\ cmd\ sel = \mathbf{do}
          apply2output \lambda t \rightarrow void $ element t \# set children []
          cg \leftarrow liftIO \$ readMVar (CM.getCG config)
          mapM_{-}(\lambda(n,v) \rightarrow apply2output \$ \lambda t \rightarrow void \$ element t \# + [mkPairItem cmd n v]
                ) $ HM.toList (sel cg)
-- commands
let switchTo c@Backends = listPairs c CM.cgMapBackend
     switchTo c@Severities = listPairs c CM.cgMapSeverity
     switchTo c@Scribes = listPairs c CM.cgMapScribe
     switchTo c@SubTrace = listPairs c CM.cgMapSubtrace
     switchTo c@Aggregation = listPairs c CM.cgMapAggregatedKind
let mkCommandButtons =
          let btns = map (\lambda n \rightarrow \mathbf{do})
                                b \leftarrow UI.button \#. "w3-small w3-btn w3-ripple w3-grey" \#+ [UI.bold \#+ [string (show w3-ripple w3-grey]] \#+ [UI.bold \#+ [string (show w3-grey]]] \#+ [UI.bold \#+ [string (show w3-grey]] \#+ [UI.bold \#+ [string (show w3-grey]]] \#+ [UI.bold \#+ [string (show w3-grey]] \#+ [UI.bold \#+ [string (show w3-grey]]] \#+ [UI.bold \#+ [string (show w3-grey]]] \#+ [UI.bold \#+ [string (show w3-grey]] \#+ [ut.bold \#+ [string (show w3-grey]]] \#+ [ut.bold \#+ [string (show w3-grey]] \#+ [ut.bold \#+ [string (show w3-grey]]] \#+ [ut.bold \#+ [string (show w3-grey)]] \#+ [ut.bold \#+ [string (show 
                                on UI.click b $ const $ (switchTo n)
                                return b)
                                [Backends, Scribes, Severities, SubTrace, Aggregation]
          in row btns
-- control global minimum severity
confMinSev \leftarrow liftIO \$ minSeverity config
let setMinSev _el Nothing = pure ()
     setMinSev _el (Just sev) = liftIO $ do
          setMinSeverity config (toEnum sev :: Severity)
```

```
mkSevOption sev = UI.option # set UI.text (show sev)
         # set UI.value (show sev)
         # if (confMinSev \equiv sev) then set UI.selected True else id
minsev ← UI.select #. "minsevfield" #+
    map mkSevOption (enumFrom Debug)-- for all severities
on UI.selectionChange minsev $ setMinSev minsev
let mkMinSevEntry = row [string "set minimum severity to:",UI.span # set html "  ",e
let setError\ m = void \$ element\ outputMsg \# set\ UI.value\ ("ERROR: " + m)
let setMessage m = void $ element outputMsg # set UI.value m
-- construct row with input fields
let removeItem Backends k = CM.setBackends config k Nothing
    removeItem Severities k = CM.setSeverity config k Nothing
                                             k = CM.setScribes config k Nothing
    removeItem Scribes
    removeItem SubTrace \ k = CM.setSubTrace \ config \ k \ Nothing
    removeItem \ \mathbf{Aggregation} \ k = CM.setAggregatedKind \ config \ k \ Nothing
let delItem = do
        k \leftarrow inputKey \# get UI.value
        m \leftarrow inputMap \# get UI.value
        case (readMay m :: Maybe Cmd) of
             Nothing → setError "parse error on cmd"
             Just c \rightarrow do
                 setMessage $ "deleting " ++k+" from " ++m
                 liftIO $ removeItem c (pack k)
                 switchTo c
let updateItem Backends k v = \mathbf{case} (readMay v :: Maybe [BackendKind]) of
                                                  Nothing → setError "parse error on backend list"
                                                  Just v' \rightarrow liftIO \$ CM.setBackends config k \$ Just v'
    updateItem Severities k v = \mathbf{case} (readMay v :: Maybe \ \mathbf{Severity}) of
                                                  Nothing → setError "parse error on severity"
                                                  Just v' \rightarrow liftIO \$ CM.setSeverity config k \$ Just v'
                                             k v = \mathbf{case} (readMay v :: Maybe [ScribeId]) \mathbf{of}
    updateItem Scribes
                                                  Nothing → setError "parse error on scribe list"
                                                  Just v' \rightarrow liftIO \$ CM.setScribes config k \$ Just v'
    updateItem  SubTrace k v = case (readMay v :: Maybe SubTrace) of
                                                  Nothing \rightarrow setError "parse error on subtrace"
                                                  Just v' → liftIO $ CM.setSubTrace config k $ Just v'
    updateItem \ Aggregation \ k \ v = case \ (readMay \ v :: Maybe \ AggregatedKind) \ of
                                                  Nothing → setError "parse error on aggregated kind"
                                                  Just v' \rightarrow liftIO \$ CM.setAggregatedKind config k $ Just v'
let setItem = do
        k \leftarrow inputKey \# get UI.value
        v \leftarrow inputValue # get UI.value
        m \leftarrow inputMap \# get UI.value
        case (readMay m :: Maybe Cmd) of
             Nothing → setError "parse error on cmd"
             Just c \rightarrow do
                 setMessage$ "setting " ++k++++v++++v++++m
                 updateItem c (pack k) v
                 switchTo c
let mkRowEdit = row [element inputKey, UI.span #. "w3-tag w3-round w3-blue midalign" # set UI.tex
    mkRowBtns = row [ do \{b \leftarrow UI.button \#. "w3-small w3-btn w3-ripple w3-teal" \#+ [string "deleter "button"] and "button" are small w3-btn w3-ripple w3-teal" #+ [string "deleter "button"] are small w3-btn w3-ripple w3-teal" #+ [string "deleter "button"] are small w3-btn w3-ripple w3-teal" #+ [string "deleter "button"] are small w3-btn w3-ripple w3-teal" #+ [string "deleter "button"] are small w3-btn w3-ripple w3-teal" #+ [string "deleter "button"] are small w3-btn w3-ripple w3-teal" #+ [string "deleter "button"] are small w3-btn w3-ripple w3-teal" #+ [string "deleter "button"] are small w3-btn w3-ripple w3-teal" #+ [string "deleter "button"] are small w3-btn w3-ripple w3-teal" #+ [string "deleter "button"] are small w3-btn w3-ripple w3-teal" #+ [string "deleter "button"] are small w3-btn w3-btn
```

```
; on UI.click b $ const $ (delItem)
               ;return b}
            ,do {b \leftarrow UI.button \#. "w3-small w3-btn w3-ripple w3-teal" <math>\#+[string "store"]
               ; on UI.click b $ const $ (setItem)
               ;return b}
-- layout
let topGrid = UI.div #. "w3-pane1" #+[
  UI.div #. "w3-panel w3-border w3-border-blue" #+[
            UI.div #. "w3-panel" #+[mkMinSevEntry]
         , UI.div #. "w3-panel w3-border w3-border-blue" #+[
            UI.div #. "w3-panel" #+[UI.p # set UI.text "set or update a behaviour for a named I
            , UI.div #. "w3-panel" #+ [mkCommandButtons]
            , UI.div #. "w3-pane1" #+ [mkRowEdit]
            , UI.div #. "w3-panel" #+ [mkRowBtns]
            , UI.div #. "w3-panel" #+ [element outputMsg]
tgt ← getElementById window "gridtarget"
case tgt of
  Nothing \rightarrow pure ()
  Just t \rightarrow void $ element t #+ [topGrid]
```

# 1.5.27 Cardano.BM.Output.Switchboard

# Switchboard

We are using an *MVar* because we spawn a set of backends that may try to send messages to the switchboard before it is completely setup.

```
type SwitchboardMVar = MVar SwitchboardInternal
newtype Switchboard = Switchboard
  {getSB :: SwitchboardMVar}
data SwitchboardInternal = SwitchboardInternal
  {sbQueue :: TBQ.TBQueue NamedLogItem
  ,sbDispatch :: Async.Async ()
}
```

# Trace that forwards to the Switchboard

Every Trace ends in the Switchboard which then takes care of dispatching the messages to outputs

```
\begin{aligned} & \textbf{mainTrace} :: \textbf{Switchboard} \rightarrow \textbf{TraceNamed} \ IO \\ & \textbf{mainTrace} \ sb = \textbf{BaseTrace}. \textbf{BaseTrace} \ \$ \ Op \ \$ \ effectuate \ sb \\ & \textit{mainTraceConditionally} :: \textbf{TraceContext} \rightarrow \textbf{Switchboard} \rightarrow \textbf{TraceNamed} \ IO \\ & \textit{mainTraceConditionally} \ ctx \ sb = \textbf{BaseTrace}. \textbf{BaseTrace} \ \$ \ Op \ \$ \ \lambda item@(\textbf{LogNamed} \ loggername \ (\textbf{LogObject} \ months item) \\ & \textit{globminsev} \leftarrow \textit{liftIO} \ \$ \ \textit{Config.minSeverity} \ (\textbf{configuration} \ ctx) \\ & \textit{globnamesev} \leftarrow \textit{liftIO} \ \$ \ \textit{Config.inspectSeverity} \ (\textbf{configuration} \ ctx) \ loggername \\ & \textbf{let} \ \textit{minsev} = \textit{max} \ \textit{globminsev} \ \$ \ \textit{fromMaybe} \ \textbf{Debug} \ \textit{globnamesev} \end{aligned}
```

```
if (severity meta) ≥ minsev
then effectuate sb item
else return ()
```

## Process incoming messages

Incoming messages are put into the queue, and then processed by the dispatcher. The switch-board will never block when processing incoming messages ("eager receiver"). The queue is initialized and the message dispatcher launched.

```
instance IsEffectuator Switchboard where
  effectuate switchboard item = do
    let writequeue :: TBQ.TBQueue NamedLogItem \rightarrow NamedLogItem \rightarrow IO ()
      writequeue q i = do
         nocapacity \leftarrow atomically \$ TBQ.isFullTBQueue q
         if nocapacity
         then handleOverflow switchboard
         else atomically $ TBQ.writeTBQueue q i
    sb \leftarrow readMVar (getSB switchboard)
    writequeue (sbQueue sb) item
  -- TODO where to put this error message
  handleOverflow _ = putStrLn "Error: Switchboard's queue full, dropping log items!"
instead of 'writequeue ...':
  evalMonitoringAction config item ≫
    mapM<sub>-</sub>(writequeue (sbQueue sb))
evalMonitoringAction :: Configuration \rightarrow NamedLogItem \rightarrow m [NamedLogItem]
evalMonitoringAction c item = return [ item ]
  -- let action = LogNamed lnName=(lnName item) <> ".action", lnItem=LogMessage ...
  -- return (action : item)
```

### Switchboard implements Backend functions

Switchboard is an Declaration of a Backend

```
instance IsBackend Switchboard where

typeof _ = SwitchboardBK

realize cfg =

let spawnDispatcher

:: Configuration

→ [(BackendKind, Backend)]

→ TBQ.TBQueue NamedLogItem

→ IO (Async.Async ())

spawnDispatcher config backends queue = do

now ← getCurrentTime

let messageCounters = resetCounters now

countersMVar ← newMVar messageCounters

let traceInQueue q =

BaseTrace.BaseTrace $ Op $ \lambda lognamed → do

nocapacity ← atomically $ TBQ.isFullTBQueue q
```

```
if nocapacity
                 then putStrLn "Error: Switchboard's queue full, dropping log items!"
                 else atomically $ TBQ.writeTBQueue q lognamed
            ctx = TraceContext {configuration = cfg
              , tracetype = Neutral
         _timer ← Async.async $ sendAndResetAfter
            (ctx, traceInQueue queue)
            "#messagecounters.switchboard"
            countersMVar
            60000 -- 60000 \text{ ms} = 1 \text{ min}
            Warning-- Debug
         let sendMessage nli befilter = \mathbf{do}
              selectedBackends \leftarrow getBackends config (lnName nli)
              let selBEs = befilter selectedBackends
              for M_backends $\lambda(bek, be) \rightarrow
                 when (bek \in selBEs) (bEffectuate\ be\ \$\ nli)
            qProc\ counters = \mathbf{do}
               -- read complete queue at once and process items
              nlis \leftarrow atomically \$ do
                 r \leftarrow TBQ.flushTBQueue queue
                 when (null r) retry
                 return r
              let processItem nli = do
                 let (LogObject lometa loitem) = lnItem nli
                   loname = lnName nli
                   losev = severity lometa
                 -- evaluate minimum severity criteria
                 locsev \leftarrow fromMaybe  Debug < $ > Config.inspectSeverity cfg loname
                 globsev \leftarrow Config.minSeverity config
                 let sevGE = losev \geqslant globsev \land losev \geqslant locsev
                 -- do not count again messages that contain the results of message counter
                 when (loname ≠ "#messagecounters.switchboard")$
                    -- increase the counter for the specific severity
                   modifyMVar\_counters \$ \lambda cnt \rightarrow return \$ updateMessageCounters cnt \$ lnItem nli
                 case loitem of
                   KillPill \rightarrow do
                      for M_backends (\lambda(\_,be) \rightarrow bUnrealize be)
                      return False
# ifdef ENABLE_AGGREGATION
                   (AggregatedMessage \_) \rightarrow do
                      when sevGE \$ sendMessage nli (filter (<math>\not\equiv AggregationBK))
                      return True
# endif
# ifdef ENABLE_MONITORING
                   (MonitoringEffect\ inner) \rightarrow \mathbf{do}
                      sendMessage\ (nli\ \{lnItem = inner\})\ (filter\ (\not\equiv MonitoringBK))
                      return True
# endif
                    \_ \rightarrow do
```

```
when sevGE $ sendMessage nli id
                   return True
            res \leftarrow mapM processItem nlis
            when (and res) $ qProc counters
       Async.async $ qProc countersMVar
  in do
  q \leftarrow atomically \$ TBQ.newTBQueue 2048
  sbref \leftarrow newEmptyMVar
  let sb :: Switchboard = Switchboard sbref
  backends \leftarrow getSetupBackends cfg
  bs \leftarrow setupBackends \ backends \ cfg \ sb \ [\ ]
  dispatcher \leftarrow spawnDispatcher \ cfg \ bs \ q
  -- link the given Async to the current thread, such that if the Async
  -- raises an exception, that exception will be re-thrown in the current
  -- thread, wrapped in ExceptionInLinkedThread.
  Async.link dispatcher
  putMVar sbref $ SwitchboardInternal {sbQueue = q,sbDispatch = dispatcher}
  return sb
unrealize switchboard = do
  let clearMVar :: MVar a \rightarrow IO ()
    clearMVar = void \circ tryTakeMVar
  (dispatcher, queue) \leftarrow withMVar (getSB switchboard) (\lambdasb \rightarrow return (sbDispatch sb, sbQueue sb))
  -- send terminating item to the queue
  lo \leftarrow LogObject < \$ > (mkLOMeta\ Warning) < * > pure\ KillPill
  atomically $ TBQ.writeTBQueue queue $ LogNamed "kill.switchboard" lo
  -- wait for the dispatcher to exit
  res \leftarrow Async.waitCatch\ dispatcher
  either throwM return res
  (clearMVar ∘ getSB) switchboard
```

# Realizing the backends according to configuration

```
setupBackends :: [BackendKind]
         → Configuration
         → Switchboard
         \rightarrow [(BackendKind, Backend)]
         \rightarrow IO [(BackendKind, Backend)]
setupBackends[]\_\_acc = return\ acc
setupBackends (bk : bes) c sb acc = do
  be' \leftarrow setupBackend' bk c sb
  setupBackends bes c sb ((bk, be'): acc)
setupBackend' :: BackendKind \rightarrow Configuration \rightarrow Switchboard \rightarrow IO Backend
setupBackend' SwitchboardBK _ _ = error "cannot instantiate a further Switchboard"
# ifdef ENABLE_MONITORING
setupBackend' MonitoringBK c sb = \mathbf{do}
  let ctx = TraceContext {configuration = c}
           , tracetype = Neutral
    trace = mainTraceConditionally\ ctx\ sb
```

```
be :: Cardano.BM.Output \circ Monitoring. Monitor \leftarrow Cardano.BM.Output \circ Monitoring. realize from (ctx, trace)
  return MkBackend
    \{bEffectuate = Cardano.BM.Output \circ Monitoring.effectuate\ be
    , bUnrealize = Cardano.BM.Output ∘ Monitoring.unrealize be
#else
-- We need it anyway, to avoid "Non-exhaustive patterns" warning.
setupBackend' MonitoringBK _ _ =
  error "Impossible happened: monitoring is disabled by Cabal-flag, we mustn't match this
# endif
# ifdef ENABLE_EKG
setupBackend' EKGViewBK c sb = do
  let ctx = TraceContext {configuration = c
          , tracetype = Neutral
    trace = mainTraceConditionally ctx sb
  be :: Cardano.BM.Output \circ \textbf{EKGView}.\textbf{EKGView} \leftarrow Cardano.BM.Output \circ \textbf{EKGView}.realize from (ctx, trace)
  return MkBackend
    \{bEffectuate = Cardano.BM.Output \circ EKGView.effectuate\ be
    ,bUnrealize = Cardano.BM.Output o EKGView.unrealize be
#else
-- We need it anyway, to avoid "Non-exhaustive patterns" warning.
setupBackend' EKGViewBK _ _ =
  error "Impossible happened: EKG is disabled by Cabal-flag, we mustn't match this backet
# endif
# ifdef ENABLE_AGGREGATION
setupBackend' AggregationBK c sb = \mathbf{do}
  let ctx = TraceContext {configuration = c}
          , tracetype = Neutral
    trace = mainTraceConditionally\ ctx\ sb
  be :: Cardano.BM.Output \circ Aggregation.Aggregation \leftarrow Cardano.BM.Output \circ Aggregation.realize from (
  return MkBackend
    \{bEffectuate = Cardano.BM.Output \circ Aggregation.effectuate\ be
    , bUnrealize = Cardano.BM.Output \circ Aggregation.unrealize be
#else
-- We need it anyway, to avoid "Non-exhaustive patterns" warning.
setupBackend' AggregationBK \_ \_ =
  error "Impossible happened: aggregation is disabled by Cabal-flag, we mustn't match the
setupBackend' KatipBK c = do
  be :: Cardano.BM.Output \circ Log.Log \leftarrow Cardano.BM.Output \circ Log.realize c
  return MkBackend
    \{bEffectuate = Cardano.BM.Output \circ Log.effectuate\ be
    , bUnrealize = Cardano.BM.Output \circ Log.unrealize be
```

# 1.5.28 Cardano.BM.Output.Log

## Internal representation

```
type LogMVar = MVar LogInternal
newtype Log = Log
{getK :: LogMVar}

data LogInternal = LogInternal
{kLogEnv :: K.LogEnv
, msgCounters :: MessageCounter
, configuration :: Config.Configuration}
```

## Log implements effectuate

```
instance IsEffectuator Log where
  effectuate\ katip\ item = do
       let logMVar = getK katip
       c \leftarrow \mathbf{configuration} < \$ > readMVar\ logMVar
       setupScribes \leftarrow getSetupScribes c
       selscribes \leftarrow getScribes c (lnName item)
       let selscribesFiltered =
             case lnItem item of
               LogObject _ (LogMessage (LogItem Private _))
                   → removePublicScribes setupScribes selscribes
                _{-} \rightarrow selscribes
       forM\_selscribesFiltered \$ \lambda sc \rightarrow passN sc katip item
       -- increase the counter for the specific severity and message type
       modifyMVar\_logMVar \$ \lambda li \rightarrow return \$
          li {msgCounters = updateMessageCounters (msgCounters li) (lnItem item)}
        -- reset message counters afer 60 sec = 1 min
       resetMessageCounters logMVar 60 Warning selscribesFiltered
     where
       removePublicScribes allScribes = filter \$ \lambda sc \rightarrow
          let (\_, nameD) = T.breakOn ":: " sc
             -- drop "::" from the start of name
             name = T.drop 2 nameD
          in
          case find (\lambda x \rightarrow \text{scName } x \equiv name) allScribes of
             Nothing \rightarrow False
             Just scribe \rightarrow scPrivacy scribe \equiv ScPrivate
       resetMessageCounters\ logMVar\ interval\ sev\ scribes = \mathbf{do}
          counters \leftarrow msgCounters < \$ > readMVar logMVar
          let start = mcStart counters
             now = case lnItem item of
                  LogObject meta \_ \rightarrow tstamp meta
             diffTime = round $ diffUTCTime now start
          when (diffTime > interval) $ do
             countersObjects \leftarrow forM (HM.toList \$ mcCountersMap counters) \$ \lambda(key, count) \rightarrow
                  LogObject
                      <$ > (mkLOMeta\ sev)
```

```
<*>pure (LogValue (pack key) (PureI \$ toInteger count)) \\ intervalObject \leftarrow \\ LogObject \\ <$>(mkLOMeta sev) \\ <*>pure (LogValue "time_interval_(s)" (PureI diffTime)) \\ let namedCounters = map ($\lambda lo \rightarrow LogNamed "#messagecounters.katip" lo) \\ (countersObjects ++ [intervalObject]) \\ forM_scribes $\lambda sc \rightarrow \\ forM_namedCounters $\lambda namedCounter \rightarrow \\ passN sc katip namedCounter \\ modifyMVar_logMVar $\lambda li \rightarrow return $ \\ li {msgCounters = resetCounters now} \\ handleOverflow _= putStrLn "Notice: Katip's queue full, dropping log items!" \\ \end{cases}
```

# Log implements backend functions

```
instance IsBackend Log where
  typeof_- = KatipBK
  realize config = do
    let updateEnv :: K.LogEnv \rightarrow IO \ UTCTime \rightarrow K.LogEnv
       updateEnv le timer =
         le {K._logEnvTimer = timer, K._logEnvHost = "hostname"}
       register :: [ScribeDefinition] \rightarrow K.LogEnv \rightarrow IO K.LogEnv
       register [] le = return le
       register (defsc: dscs) le = do
         let kind = scKind defsc
            name = scName defsc
            rotParams = scRotation defsc
            name' = pack (show kind) <> "::" <> name
         scr \leftarrow createScribe\ kind\ name\ rotParams
         register dscs ≪ K.registerScribe name' scr scribeSettings le
       mockVersion:: Version
       mockVersion = Version [0, 1, 0, 0][]
       scribeSettings:: KC.ScribeSettings
       scribeSettings =
         let bufferSize = 5000— size of the queue (in log items)
         in
         KC.ScribeSettings bufferSize
       createScribe FileTextSK name rotParams = mkTextFileScribe
         rotParams
         (FileDescription $ unpack name)
         False
       createScribe FileJsonSK name rotParams = mkJsonFileScribe
         rotParams
         (FileDescription $ unpack name)
       createScribe StdoutSK _ _ = mkStdoutScribe
       createScribe StderrSK _ _ = mkStderrScribe
    cfoKey \leftarrow Config.getOptionOrDefault config (pack "cfokey") (pack "<unknown>")
    le0 \leftarrow K.initLogEnv
```

```
(K.Namespace ["iohk"])
              (fromString $ (unpack cfoKey) <> ": " <> showVersion mockVersion)
       -- request a new time 'getCurrentTime' at most 100 times a second
       timer \leftarrow mkAutoUpdate defaultUpdateSettings \{updateAction = getCurrentTime, updateFreq = 10000\}
       let le1 = updateEnv le0 timer
       scribes \leftarrow getSetupScribes config
       le \leftarrow register scribes le1
       messageCounters \leftarrow resetCounters < \$ > getCurrentTime
       kref ← newMVar $ LogInternal le messageCounters config
       return $ Log kref
    unrealize katip = do
       le \leftarrow withMVar (getK katip) \$ \lambda k \rightarrow return (kLogEnv k)
       void $ K.closeScribes le
  example :: IO ()
  example = do
    config ← Config.setup "from_some_path.yaml"
    k \leftarrow setup config
    passN (pack (show StdoutSK)) k $ LogNamed
       {lnName = "test"
       , lnItem = LogMessage $ LogItem
         {liSelection = Both
         , liSeverity = Info
         ,liPayload = "Hello!"
       }
    passN (pack (show StdoutSK)) k $ LogNamed
       {lnName = "test"
       , lnItem = LogValue "cpu-no" 1
Needed instances for katip:
  deriving instance K.ToObject LogObject
  deriving instance K.ToObject LogItem
  deriving instance K.ToObject (Maybe LOContent)
  instance KC.LogItem LogObject where
    payloadKeys \_ \_ = KC.AllKeys
  instance KC.LogItem LogItem where
    payloadKeys \_ \_ = KC.AllKeys
  instance KC.LogItem (Maybe LOContent) where
    payloadKeys \_ \_ = KC.AllKeys
```

# Log.passN

The following function copies the NamedLogItem to the queues of all scribes that match on their name. Compare start of name of scribe to (*show backend* <> "::"). This function is non-blocking.

```
passN :: ScribeId → Log → NamedLogItem → IO() passN backend katip namedLogItem = do
```

```
env \leftarrow kLogEnv < \$ > readMVar (getK katip)
forM_(Map.toList $ K._logEnvScribes env) $
  \lambda(scName, (KC.ScribeHandle \_shChan)) \rightarrow
     -- check start of name to match ScribeKind
       if backend 'isPrefixOf' scName
       then do
          let (LogObject lometa loitem) = lnItem namedLogItem
          let (sev, msg, payload) = case loitem of
               (LogMessage logItem) \rightarrow
                  (severity lometa, liPayload logItem, Nothing)
               (ObserveDiff \_) \rightarrow
                 let text = TL.toStrict (encodeToLazyText loitem)
                  (severity lometa, text, Just loitem)
               (ObserveOpen \_) \rightarrow
                 let text = TL.toStrict (encodeToLazyText loitem)
                  (severity lometa, text, Just loitem)
               (ObserveClose \_) \rightarrow
                 let text = TL.toStrict (encodeToLazyText loitem)
                  (severity lometa, text, Just loitem)
               (AggregatedMessage aggregated) \rightarrow
                  let text = T.concat \$ (flip map) aggregated \$ \lambda (name, agg) \rightarrow
                    "\n" <> name <> ": " <> pack (show agg)
                  (severity lometa, text, Nothing)
               (LogValue name value) \rightarrow
                  (severity lometa, name <> " = " <> pack (show SI value), Nothing)
               (MonitoringEffect logitem) \rightarrow
                 let text = TL.toStrict (encodeToLazyText logitem)
                 (severity lometa, text, Just loitem)
               KillPill \rightarrow
                  (severity lometa, "Kill pill received!", Nothing)
          if (msg \equiv "") \land (isNothing payload)
          then return ()
          else do
            let threadIdText = KC.ThreadIdText $ tid lometa
            let ns = lnName namedLogItem
            let itemTime = tstamp lometa
            let itemKatip = K.Item {
               _itemApp
                              = env^{.}KC.logEnvApp
                              = env ^. KC.logEnvEnv
               , _itemEnv
               ,_itemSeverity = sev2klog sev
               ,_itemThread = threadIdText
               , \_itemHost = env ^. KC.logEnvHost
               ,_itemProcess = env^. KC.logEnvPid
               ,_itemPayload = payload
               ,_itemMessage = K.logStr msg
               , _itemTime
                            = itemTime
```

```
,_itemNamespace = (env^. KC.logEnvApp) <> (K.Namespace [ns])
,_itemLoc = Nothing
}
void $ atomically $ KC.tryWriteTBQueue shChan (KC.NewItem itemKatip)
else return ()
```

### Scribes

```
mkStdoutScribe::IO K.Scribe
mkStdoutScribe = \mathbf{do}
     -- duplicate stdout so that Katip's closing
     -- action will not close the real stdout
     stdout' \leftarrow hDuplicate stdout
     mkTextFileScribeH stdout' True
mkStderrScribe :: IO K.Scribe
mkStderrScribe = \mathbf{do}
     -- duplicate stderr so that Katip's closing
     -- action will not close the real stderr
     stderr' \leftarrow hDuplicate stderr
     mkTextFileScribeH stderr' True
mkTextFileScribeH :: Handle \rightarrow Bool \rightarrow IO K.Scribe
mkTextFileScribeH handler color = \mathbf{do}
     mkFileScribeH handler formatter color
  where
     formatter h colorize verbosity item =
        TIO.hPutStrLn h $! toLazyText $ formatItem colorize verbosity item
mkFileScribeH
     :: Handle
      \rightarrow (forall a \circ K.LogItem a \Rightarrow Handle \rightarrow Bool \rightarrow K.Verbosity \rightarrow K.Item a \rightarrow IO ())
      \rightarrow Bool
      \rightarrow IO K.Scribe
mkFileScribeHh formatter colorize = do
     hSetBuffering h LineBuffering
     locklocal \leftarrow newMVar()
     let logger :: forall \ a \circ K. LogItem \ a \Rightarrow K. Item \ a \rightarrow IO()
        logger item = with MVar locklocal \$ \setminus_{-} \rightarrow
                   formatter h colorize K.V0 item
     pure $ K.Scribe logger (hClose h)
mkTextFileScribe :: Maybe  RotationParameters \rightarrow FileDescription \rightarrow Bool \rightarrow IO  K.Scribe
mkTextFileScribe\ rotParams\ fdesc\ colorize = \mathbf{do}
     mkFileScribe rotParams fdesc formatter colorize
  where
     formatter :: Handle \rightarrow Bool \rightarrow K. Verbosity \rightarrow K. Item a \rightarrow IO Int
     formatter hdl colorize' v' item =
        case KC._itemMessage item of
             K.LogStr "" \rightarrow
                -- if message is empty do not output it
                return 0
              \_ \rightarrow do
```

```
let tmsg = toLazyText $ formatItem colorize' v' item
                TIO.hPutStrLn hdl tmsg
                return $ fromIntegral $ TL.length tmsg
mkJsonFileScribe :: Maybe RotationParameters \rightarrow FileDescription \rightarrow Bool \rightarrow IO K.Scribe
mkJsonFileScribe rotParams fdesc colorize = \mathbf{do}
     mkFileScribe rotParams fdesc formatter colorize
  where
    formatter :: (K.LogItem \ a) \Rightarrow Handle \rightarrow Bool \rightarrow K.Verbosity \rightarrow K.Item \ a \rightarrow IO \ Int
    formatter\ h\ \_verbosity\ item=\mathbf{do}
       let jmsg = case KC._itemMessage item of
             -- if a message is contained in item then only the
             -- message is printed and not the data
             K.LogStr "" \rightarrow K.itemJson verbosity item
             K.LogStr msg \rightarrow K.itemJson verbosity $
               item {KC._itemMessage = K.logStr ("" :: Text)
                  , KC._itemPayload = LogItem Both $ TL.toStrict $ toLazyText msg
                  -- do we need the severity from meta?
          tmsg = encodeToLazyText jmsg
        TIO.hPutStrLn h tmsg
       return $ fromIntegral $ TL.length tmsg
mkFileScribe
     :: Maybe RotationParameters
     \rightarrow FileDescription
     \rightarrow (forall a \circ K.LogItem a \Rightarrow Handle \rightarrow Bool \rightarrow K.Verbosity \rightarrow K.Item a \rightarrow IO Int)
     \rightarrow Bool
      \rightarrow IO K.Scribe
mkFileScribe (Just rotParams) fdesc formatter colorize = \mathbf{do}
     let prefixDir = prefixPath fdesc
     (createDirectoryIfMissing True prefixDir)
        'catchIO' (prtoutException ("cannot log prefix directory: " + prefixDir))
     let fpath = filePath fdesc
     trp \leftarrow initializeRotator\ rotParams\ fpath
     scribestate \leftarrow newMVartrp-- triple of (handle), (bytes remaining), (rotate time)
     -- sporadically remove old log files - every 10 seconds
     cleanup \leftarrow mkAutoUpdate defaultUpdateSettings {
                                   updateAction = cleanupRotator rotParams fpath
                         ,updateFreq = 10000000
     let finalizer :: IO ()
       finalizer = withMVar scribestate$
                                   \lambda(h, \_, \_) \rightarrow hClose h
     let logger :: forall \ a \circ K. LogItem \ a \Rightarrow K. Item \ a \rightarrow IO()
       logger item =
          modifyMVar\_scribestate \$ \lambda(h, bytes, rottime) \rightarrow \mathbf{do}
             byteswritten \leftarrow formatter h colorize K.V0 item
             -- remove old files
             cleanup
             -- detect log file rotation
             let bytes' = bytes - (toInteger $ byteswritten)
             let tdiff' = round $ diffUTCTime rottime (K._itemTime item)
```

```
if bytes' < 0 \lor tdiff' < (0 :: Integer)
               then do -- log file rotation
                  (h2, bytes2, rottime2) \leftarrow evalRotator\ rotParams\ fpath
                  return (h2, bytes2, rottime2)
               else
                  return (h, bytes', rottime)
     return $ K.Scribe logger finalizer
-- log rotation disabled.
mkFileScribe Nothing fdesc formatter colorize = \mathbf{do}
     let prefixDir = prefixPath fdesc
     (createDirectoryIfMissing True prefixDir)
        'catchIO' (prtoutException ("cannot log prefix directory: " + prefixDir))
     let fpath = filePath fdesc
     h \leftarrow catchIO (openFile fpath WriteMode) $
                  \lambda e \rightarrow \mathbf{do}
                    prtoutException ("error while opening log: " ++ fpath) e
                     -- fallback to standard output in case of exception
                    return stdout
     hSetBuffering h LineBuffering
     scribestate \leftarrow newMVar h
     let finalizer :: IO ()
       finalizer = withMVar scribestate hClose
     let logger :: forall \ a \circ K. LogItem \ a \Rightarrow K. Item \ a \rightarrow IO ()
        logger item =
          with MV ar scribestate \lambda handler \rightarrow
             void $ formatter handler colorize K.V0 item
     return $ K.Scribe logger finalizer
formatItem :: Bool \rightarrow K.Verbosity \rightarrow K.Item a \rightarrow Builder
formatItem withColor _verb K.Item {..} =
     fromText header <>
     fromText " " <>
     brackets (fromText timestamp) <>
     fromText " " <>
     KC.unLogStr_itemMessage
  where
     header = colorBySeverity _itemSeverity $
        " [ " <> mconcat namedcontext <> " : " <> severity <> " : " <> threadid <> " ] "
     namedcontext = KC.intercalateNs _itemNamespace
     severity = KC.renderSeverity_itemSeverity
     threadid = KC.getThreadIdText _itemThread
     timestamp = pack $ formatTime defaultTimeLocale tsformat _itemTime
     tsformat :: String
     tsformat = "%F %T%2Q %Z"
     colorBySeverity \ s \ m = case \ s \ of
        K.EmergencyS \rightarrow red m
        K.AlertS
                     \rightarrow red m
        K.CriticalS \rightarrow red m
                     \rightarrow red m
        K.ErrorS
        K.NoticeS \rightarrow magenta m
```

```
K.WarningS \rightarrow yellow m
        K.InfoS
                      \rightarrow blue m
        _{-} \rightarrow m
     red = colorize "31"
     yellow = colorize "33"
     magenta = colorize "35"
     blue = colorize "34"
     colorize c m
        | withColor = "\ESC[" <> c <> "m" <> m <> "\ESC[Om"
        | otherwise = m
-- translate Severity to Log. Severity
sev2klog :: Severity \rightarrow K.Severity
sev2klog = \lambda case
     Debug \rightarrow K.DebugS
     Info
               \rightarrow K.InfoS
     Notice \rightarrow K.NoticeS
     Warning \rightarrow K.WarningS
     Error \rightarrow K.ErrorS
     Critical \rightarrow K.CriticalS
     Alert \rightarrow K.AlertS
     Emergency \rightarrow K.EmergencyS
data FileDescription = FileDescription {
  filePath :: !FilePath }
  deriving (Show)
prefixPath :: FileDescription \rightarrow FilePath
prefixPath = takeDirectory \circ filePath
```

### 1.5.29 Cardano.BM.Output.EKGView

### Structure of EKGView

### Relation from variable name to label handler

We keep the label handlers for later update in a *HashMap*.

```
type EKGViewMap = HM.HashMap Text Label.Label
```

#### **Internal Trace**

This is an internal Trace, named "#ekgview", which can be used to control the messages that are being displayed by EKG.

```
ekgTrace :: EKGView \rightarrow Configuration \rightarrow IO (Trace IO)
ekgTrace\ ekg\ c = \mathbf{do}
     let trace = ekgTrace' ekg
       ctx = TraceContext {configuration = c
             , tracetype = Neutral
     Trace.subTrace "#ekgview" (ctx, trace)
  where
     ekgTrace′ :: EKGView → TraceNamed IO
     ekgTrace' ekgview = BaseTrace.BaseTrace $ Op $ <math>\lambda(LogNamed lognamed lo) \rightarrow do
       let setlabel :: Text \rightarrow Text \rightarrow EKGViewInternal \rightarrow IO (Maybe EKGViewInternal)
          setlabel name label ekg_i@(EKGViewInternal _ labels server) =
             case HM.lookup name labels of
               Nothing \rightarrow do
                  ekghdl \leftarrow getLabel name server
                  Label.set ekghdl label
                  return $ Just $ ekg_i {evLabels = HM.insert name ekghdl labels}
               Just ekghdl \rightarrow do
                  Label.set ekghdl label
                  return Nothing
          update :: LogObject \rightarrow LoggerName \rightarrow EKGViewInternal \rightarrow IO (Maybe EKGViewInternal)
          update (LogObject _ (LogMessage logitem)) logname ekg_i =
             setlabel logname (liPayload logitem) ekg_i
          update (LogObject _ (LogValue iname value)) logname ekg_i =
             let logname' = logname <> " . " <> iname
             setlabel logname' (pack $ show value) ekg_i
          update _ _ _ = return Nothing
       modifyMVar_{-}(getEV\ ekgview) \ \lambda ekgup \rightarrow \mathbf{do}
          let -- strip off some prefixes not necessary for display
             lognam1 = case stripPrefix "#ekgview.#aggregation." lognamed of
                  Nothing \rightarrow lognamed
                  Just ln' \rightarrow ln'
             logname = case stripPrefix "#ekgview." lognam1 of
                  Nothing \rightarrow lognam1
                  Just ln' \rightarrow ln'
          upd ← update lo logname ekgup
          case upd of
             Nothing \rightarrow return ekgup
             Just ekgup' \rightarrow return \ ekgup'
```

#### EKG view is an effectuator

Function *effectuate* is called to pass in a NamedLogItem for display in EKG. If the log item is an *AggregatedStats* message, then all its constituents are put into the queue. In case the queue is full, all new items are dropped.

```
instance IsEffectuator EKGView where
  effectuate\ ekgview\ item=\mathbf{do}
    ekg \leftarrow readMVar (getEV \ ekgview)
    let enqueue a = do
              nocapacity \leftarrow atomically \$ TBQ.isFullTBQueue (evQueue ekg)
              if nocapacity
              then handleOverflow ekgview
              else atomically $ TBQ.writeTBQueue (evQueue ekg) (Just a)
    case (lnItem item) of
       (LogObject lometa (AggregatedMessage ags)) \rightarrow liftIO \$ do
         let logname = lnName item
            traceAgg :: [(Text, Aggregated)] \rightarrow IO()
           traceAgg[] = return()
           traceAgg((n, AggregatedEWMA ewma): r) = do
              enqueue $ LogNamed (logname <> " . " <> n) $ LogObject lometa (LogValue "avg" $ avg ewm
           traceAgg((n,AggregatedStats stats):r) = \mathbf{do}
              let statsname = logname <> " . " <> n
                qbasestats s' nm = do
                   enqueue $ LogNamed nm $ LogObject lometa (LogValue "mean" (PureD $ meanOfStats s
                   enqueue $ LogNamed nm $ LogObject lometa (LogValue "min" $ fmin s')
                   enqueue $ LogNamed nm $ LogObject lometa (LogValue "max" $ fmax s')
                   enqueue $ LogNamed nm $ LogObject lometa (LogValue "count" $ PureI $ fromIntegral S
                   enqueue $ LogNamed nm $ LogObject lometa (LogValue "stdev" (PureD $ stdevOfStats)
              enqueue $ LogNamed statsname $ LogObject lometa (LogValue "last" $ flast stats)
              qbasestats (fbasic stats) $ statsname <> " .basic"
              qbasestats (fdelta stats) $ statsname <> " . delta "
              qbasestats (ftimed stats) $ statsname <> " . timed"
              traceAgg r
         traceAgg ags
       (LogObject \_(LogMessage \_)) \rightarrow enqueue item
       (LogObject \_ (LogValue \_ \_)) \rightarrow enqueue item
       _{-} \rightarrow return ()
  handleOverflow _ = putStrLn "Notice: EKGViews's queue full, dropping log items!"
```

### **EKGView** implements **Backend** functions

### EKGView is an IsBackend

```
instance IsBackend EKGView where
  typeof _ = EKGViewBK

realize _ = error "EKGView cannot be instantiated by 'realize'"

realizefrom sbtrace@(ctx, _) _ = do

let config = configuration ctx
  evref ← newEmptyMVar

let ekgview = EKGView evref
  evport ← getEKGport config
  ehdl ← forkServer "127.0.0.1" evport
  ekghdl ← getLabel "iohk-monitoring version" ehdl
  Label.set ekghdl $ pack (showVersion version)
  ekgtrace ← ekgTrace ekgview config
```

```
queue ← atomically $ TBQ.newTBQueue 512
dispatcher ← spawnDispatcher queue sbtrace ekgtrace
-- link the given Async to the current thread, such that if the Async
-- raises an exception, that exception will be re-thrown in the current
-- thread, wrapped in ExceptionInLinkedThread.
Async.link dispatcher
putMVar evref $ EKGViewInternal
{evLabels = HM.empty
,evServer = ehdl
,evQueue = queue
}
return ekgview
unrealize ekgview =
withMVar (getEV ekgview) $ \( \lambda \) ekg →
killThread $ serverThreadId $ evServer ekg
```

### Asynchronously reading log items from the queue and their processing

```
spawnDispatcher::TBQ.TBQueue (Maybe NamedLogItem)
             → Trace.Trace IO
             → Trace.Trace IO
             \rightarrow IO (Async.Async ())
spawnDispatcher\ evqueue\ sbtrace\ trace = \mathbf{do}
     now \leftarrow getCurrentTime
     let messageCounters = resetCounters now
     countersMVar \leftarrow newMVar messageCounters
     _timer ← Async.async $ sendAndResetAfter
       sbtrace
       "#messagecounters.ekgview"
       countersMVar
       60000 -- 60000 \text{ ms} = 1 \text{ min}
       Warning-- Debug
     Async.async $ qProc countersMVar
  where
     qProc\ counters = \mathbf{do}
       maybeItem \leftarrow atomically \$ TBQ.readTBQueue evqueue
       case maybeItem of
          Just (LogNamed logname logvalue@(LogObject \_ \_)) \rightarrow do
            trace' \leftarrow Trace.appendName logname trace
            Trace.traceNamedObject trace' logvalue
            -- increase the counter for the type of message
            modify MVar\_counters \ \$ \ \lambda cnt \rightarrow return \ \$ \ update Message Counters \ cnt \ log value
            qProc counters
          Nothing \rightarrow return ()-- stop here
```

### **Interactive testing EKGView**

```
test :: IO ()
test = do
```

```
c \leftarrow Cardano.BM.Setup.setupTrace (Left "test/config.yaml") "ekg"
ev \leftarrow Cardano.BM.Output \circ EKGView.realize c
effectuate ev $ LogNamed "test.questions" (LogValue "answer" 42)
effectuate ev $ LogNamed "test.monitor023" (LogMessage (LogItem Public Warning "!!!! ALARM !)
```

# 1.5.30 Cardano.BM.Output.Aggregation

### Internal representation

```
type AggregationMVar = MVar AggregationInternal
newtype Aggregation = Aggregation
{getAg :: AggregationMVar}
data AggregationInternal = AggregationInternal
{agQueue :: TBQ.TBQueue (Maybe NamedLogItem)
,agDispatch :: Async.Async ()
}
```

### Relation from context name to aggregated statistics

We keep the aggregated values (Aggregated) for a named context in a HashMap.

**type** *AggregationMap* = *HM.HashMap Text* **AggregatedExpanded** 

### Info for Aggregated operations

Apart from the Aggregated we keep some valuable info regarding to them; such as when was the last time it was sent.

```
type Timestamp = Word64
data AggregatedExpanded = AggregatedExpanded
{aeAggregated :: !Aggregated
,aeResetAfter :: !(Maybe Int)
,aeLastSent :: {-# UNPACK #-} ! Timestamp
}
```

### **Aggregation** implements effectuate

Aggregation is an IsEffectuator Enter the log item into the Aggregation queue.

# instance IsEffectuator Aggregation where

```
effectuate agg item = do
    ag ← readMVar (getAg agg)
    nocapacity ← atomically $ TBQ.isFullTBQueue (agQueue ag)
    if nocapacity
    then handleOverflow agg
    else atomically $ TBQ.writeTBQueue (agQueue ag) $! Just item
handleOverflow _ = putStrLn "Notice: Aggregation's queue full, dropping log items!"
```

### **Aggregation** implements **Backend** functions

Aggregation is an IsBackend

```
instance IsBackend Aggregation where
  typeof = AggregationBK
  realize _ = error "Aggregation cannot be instantiated by 'realize'"
  realize from\ trace 0@(ctx, \_) \_ = \mathbf{do}
    trace ← Trace.subTrace "#aggregation" trace0
    aggref \leftarrow newEmptyMVar
    aggregationQueue \leftarrow atomically \$ TBQ.newTBQueue 2048
    dispatcher \leftarrow spawnDispatcher (configuration ctx) HM.empty aggregationQueue trace trace0
    -- link the given Async to the current thread, such that if the Async
    -- raises an exception, that exception will be re-thrown in the current
    -- thread, wrapped in ExceptionInLinkedThread.
    Async.link dispatcher
    putMVar aggref $ AggregationInternal aggregationQueue dispatcher
    return $ Aggregation aggref
  unrealize aggregation = do
    let clearMVar :: MVar a \rightarrow IO()
      clearMVar = void \circ tryTakeMVar
    (dispatcher, queue) \leftarrow with MVar (get Ag aggregation) (\lambdaag \rightarrow
      return (agDispatch ag, agQueue ag))
    -- send terminating item to the queue
    atomically $ TBQ.writeTBQueue queue Nothing
    -- wait for the dispatcher to exit
    -- TODO add a timeout to waitCatch in order
    -- to be sure that it will finish
    res \leftarrow Async.waitCatch\ dispatcher
    either throwM return res
    (clearMVar ∘ getAg) aggregation
```

### Asynchronously reading log items from the queue and their processing

```
spawnDispatcher :: Configuration
             \rightarrow AggregationMap
             → TBQ.TBQueue (Maybe NamedLogItem)
             \rightarrow Trace.Trace IO
             → Trace.Trace IO
             \rightarrow IO(Async.Async())
spawnDispatcher\ conf\ aggMap\ aggregationQueue\ trace\ trace0 = \mathbf{do}
     now \leftarrow getCurrentTime
     let messageCounters = resetCounters now
     countersMVar \leftarrow newMVar messageCounters
     \_timer \leftarrow Async.async \$ sendAndResetAfter
       trace0
       "#messagecounters.aggregation"
       countersMVar
       60000 -- 60000 \text{ ms} = 1 \text{ min}
       Warning-- Debug
```

```
Async.async $ qProc countersMVar aggMap
where
  qProc\ counters\ aggregatedMap = \mathbf{do}
    maybeItem \leftarrow atomically \$ TBQ.readTBQueue aggregationQueue
    case maybeItem of
       Just (LogNamed logname lo@(LogObject lm \perp)) \rightarrow do
         (updatedMap, aggregations) \leftarrow update lo logname aggregatedMap
         unless (null aggregations)$
           sendAggregated (LogObject lm (AggregatedMessage aggregations)) logname
         -- increase the counter for the specific severity and message type
         modifyMVar\_counters \$ \lambda cnt \rightarrow return \$ updateMessageCounters cnt lo
         qProc counters updatedMap
       Nothing \rightarrow return ()
  createNupdate name value lme agmap = do
    case HM.lookup name agmap of
       Nothing \rightarrow do
         -- if Aggregated does not exist; initialize it.
         aggregatedKind \leftarrow getAggregatedKind conf name
         case aggregatedKind of
           StatsAK → return $ singletonStats value
           EwmaAK aEWMA \rightarrow do
              let initEWMA = EmptyEWMA aEWMA
              return $ AggregatedEWMA $ ewma initEWMA value
      Just a \rightarrow return $ updateAggregation value (aeAggregated a) lme (aeResetAfter a)
  update :: LogObject
     → LoggerName
     \rightarrow Aggregation Map
     \rightarrow IO(AggregationMap, [(Text, Aggregated)])
  update (LogObject lme (LogValue iname value)) logname agmap = do
    let fullname = logname <> " . " <> iname
    aggregated ← createNupdate fullname value lme agmap
    now \leftarrow getMonotonicTimeNSec
    let aggregatedX = AggregatedExpanded {
       aeAggregated = aggregated
       , aeResetAfter = Nothing
       , aeLastSent = now
       namedAggregated = [(iname, aeAggregated aggregatedX)]
       updatedMap = HM.alter (const \$ Just \$ aggregatedX) fullname agmap
    return (updatedMap, namedAggregated)
  update (LogObject lme (ObserveDiff counterState)) logname agmap =
     updateCounters (csCounters counterState) lme (logname, "diff") agmap []
  update (LogObject lme (ObserveOpen counterState)) logname agmap =
    updateCounters (csCounters counterState) lme (logname, "open") agmap []
  update (LogObject lme (ObserveClose counterState)) logname agmap =
    updateCounters (csCounters counterState) lme (logname, "close") agmap []
  update (LogObject lme (LogMessage _)) logname agmap = do
    let iname = pack $ show (severity lme)
    let fullname = logname <> " . " <> iname
    aggregated \leftarrow createNupdate fullname (PureI 0) lme agmap
```

```
now \leftarrow getMonotonicTimeNSec
  let aggregatedX = AggregatedExpanded {
    aeAggregated = aggregated
    , aeResetAfter = Nothing
    ,aeLastSent = now
    namedAggregated = [(iname, aeAggregated aggregatedX)]
    updatedMap = HM.alter (const $ Just $ aggregatedX) fullname agmap
  return (updatedMap, namedAggregated)
-- everything else
update \_ \_agmap = return (agmap, [])
updateCounters :: [Counter]
            → LOMeta
            \rightarrow (LoggerName, LoggerName)
            \rightarrow AggregationMap
            \rightarrow [(Text, Aggregated)]
            \rightarrow IO (AggregationMap, [(Text, Aggregated)])
updateCounters[]_a aggrMap aggs = return \$ (aggrMap, aggs)
updateCounters (counter: cs) lme (logname, msgname) aggrMap aggs = do
  let name = cName counter
    subname = msgname <> " . " <> (nameCounter counter) <> " . " <> name
    fullname = logname <> " . " <> subname
    value = cValue counter
  aggregated ← createNupdate fullname value lme aggrMap
  now \leftarrow getMonotonicTimeNSec
  let aggregatedX = AggregatedExpanded {
    aeAggregated = aggregated
    , aeResetAfter = Nothing
    , aeLastSent = now
    namedAggregated = (subname, aggregated)
    updatedMap = HM.alter (const $ Just $ aggregatedX) fullname aggrMap
  updateCounters cs lme (logname, msgname) updatedMap (namedAggregated: aggs)
sendAggregated :: LogObject \rightarrow Text \rightarrow IO ()
sendAggregated aggregatedMsg@(LogObject _ (AggregatedMessage _)) logname = do
  -- enter the aggregated message into the Trace
  trace' \leftarrow Trace.appendName logname trace
  liftIO $ Trace.traceNamedObject trace' aggregatedMsg
-- ingnore every other message
sendAggregated \_ \_ = return ()
```

### Update aggregation

We distinguish an unitialized from an already initialized aggregation. The latter is properly initialized.

We use Welford's online algorithm to update the estimation of mean and variance of the sample statistics. (see https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Algorithms\_for\_calculating\_variance#Welford's\_

```
updateAggregation :: Measurable \rightarrow Aggregated \rightarrow LOMeta \rightarrow Maybe Int \rightarrow Aggregated updateAggregation v (AggregatedStats s) lme resetAfter =
```

```
let count = fcount (fbasic s)
       reset = maybe \ False \ (count \geqslant) \ reset \ After
     in
     if reset
     then
       singletonStats v
     else
       AggregatedStats \$! Stats \{flast = v\}
          , fold = mkTimestamp
          , fbasic = updateBaseStats (count \ge 1) v (fbasic s)
          \int ds ds = updateBaseStats (count \ge 2) (v - flast s) (fdelta s)
          , ftimed = updateBaseStats (count \ge 2) (mkTimestamp - fold s) (ftimed s)
  where
     mkTimestamp = utc2ns (tstamp lme)
     utc2ns (UTCTime days secs) =
       let yearsecs :: Rational
          yearsecs = 365 * 24 * 3600
          rdays, rsecs :: Rational
          rdays = toRational $ toModifiedJulianDay days
          rsecs = toRational secs
         s2ns = 10000000000
       in
       Nanoseconds $ round $ (fromRational $ s2ns * rsecs + rdays * yearsecs :: Double)
updateAggregation v (AggregatedEWMA e) _{-} = AggregatedEWMA \$! ewma e v
updateBaseStats :: Bool \rightarrow Measurable \rightarrow BaseStats \rightarrow BaseStats
updateBaseStats\ False\ \_s = s \{fcount = fcount\ s + 1\}
updateBaseStats True \ v \ s =
     let newcount = fcount s + 1
       newvalue = getDouble v
       delta = newvalue - fsum\_A s
       dincr = (delta / fromIntegral newcount)
       delta2 = newvalue - fsum\_A s - dincr
     BaseStats \{fmin = min (fmin s) v\}
               = max \ v \ (fmax \ s)
       ,fmax
       , fcount = newcount
       ,fsum\_A = fsum\_A \ s + dincr
       ,fsum\_B = fsum\_B \ s + (delta*delta2)
```

### Calculation of EWMA

Following https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Moving\_average#Exponential\_moving\_average we calculate the exponential moving average for a series of values  $Y_t$  according to:

$$S_t = \begin{cases} Y_1, & t = 1 \\ \alpha \cdot Y_t + (1 - \alpha) \cdot S_{t-1}, & t > 1 \end{cases}$$

The pattern matching below ensures that the EWMA will start with the first value passed in, and will not change type, once determined.

```
ewma :: EWMA → Measurable → EWMA

ewma (EmptyEWMA a) v = EWMA a v

ewma (EWMA a s@(Microseconds _)) y@(Microseconds _) =

EWMA a $ Microseconds $ round $ a * (getDouble y) + (1 - a) * (getDouble s)

ewma (EWMA a s@(Seconds _)) y@(Seconds _) =

EWMA a $ Seconds $ round $ a * (getDouble y) + (1 - a) * (getDouble s)

ewma (EWMA a s@(Bytes _)) y@(Bytes _) =

EWMA a $ Bytes $ round $ a * (getDouble y) + (1 - a) * (getDouble s)

ewma (EWMA a (PureI s)) (PureI y) =

EWMA a $ PureI $ round $ a * (fromInteger y) + (1 - a) * (fromInteger s)

ewma (EWMA a (PureD s)) (PureD y) =

EWMA a $ PureD $ a * y + (1 - a) * s

ewma _ _ = error "Cannot average on values of different type"
```

# 1.5.31 Cardano.BM.Output.Monitoring

### **Structure of Monitoring**

```
type MonitorMVar = MVar MonitorInternal
newtype Monitor = Monitor
{getMon :: MonitorMVar}
data MonitorInternal = MonitorInternal
{monQueue :: TBQ.TBQueue (Maybe NamedLogItem)
}
```

### Relation from context name to monitoring state

instance IsEffectuator Monitor where

We remember the state of each monitored context name.

```
data MonitorState = MonitorState {
    _expression :: MEvExpr
    ,_actions :: [MEvAction]
    ,_environment :: Environment
    }
type MonitorMap = HM.HashMap LoggerName MonitorState
```

#### Monitor view is an effectuator

Function *effectuate* is called to pass in a NamedLogItem for monitoring.

```
effectuate monitor item = do
mon ← readMVar (getMon monitor)
nocapacity ← atomically $ TBQ.isFullTBQueue (monQueue mon)
if nocapacity
then handleOverflow monitor
```

else atomically \$ TBQ.writeTBQueue (monQueue mon) \$ Just item
handleOverflow \_ = putStrLn "Notice: Monitor's queue full, dropping log items!"

### **Monitor** implements **Backend** functions

Monitor is an IsBackend

```
instance IsBackend Monitor where
  typeof = MonitoringBK
 realize _ = error "Monitoring cannot be instantiated by 'realize'"
 realize from sbtrace@(ctx, \_) \_ = \mathbf{do}
    let config = configuration ctx
    monref \leftarrow newEmptyMVar
    let monitor = Monitor monref
    queue \leftarrow atomically \$ TBQ.newTBQueue 512
    dispatcher ← spawnDispatcher queue config sbtrace
    -- link the given Async to the current thread, such that if the Async
    -- raises an exception, that exception will be re-thrown in the current
    -- thread, wrapped in ExceptionInLinkedThread.
    Async.link dispatcher
    putMVar monref $ MonitorInternal
      \{monQueue = queue\}
      -- , monState = mempty
    return monitor
  unrealize \_ = return()
```

### Asynchrouniously reading log items from the queue and their processing

```
spawnDispatcher::TBQ.TBQueue (Maybe NamedLogItem)
            → Configuration
            → Trace.Trace IO
            \rightarrow IO(Async.Async())
spawnDispatcher\ mqueue\ config\ sbtrace = \mathbf{do}
    now \leftarrow getCurrentTime
    let messageCounters = resetCounters now
    countersMVar \leftarrow newMVar messageCounters
    _timer ← Async.async $ sendAndResetAfter
       sbtrace
       "#messagecounters.monitoring"
       countersMVar
       60000 -- 60000 \text{ ms} = 1 \text{ min}
       Warning-- Debug
    Async.async (initMap \gg qProc countersMVar)
  where
    qProc\ counters\ state = \mathbf{do}
       maybeItem \leftarrow atomically \$ TBQ.readTBQueue mqueue
       case maybeItem of
         Just (LogNamed logname logvalue@(LogObject \_ \_)) \rightarrow do
            state' \leftarrow evalMonitoringAction state logname logvalue
            -- increase the counter for the type of message
            modifyMVar_{-}counters \$ \lambda cnt \rightarrow return \$ updateMessageCounters cnt logvalue
            qProc counters state'
```

```
Nothing \rightarrow return ()-- stop here initMap = \mathbf{do} ls \leftarrow getMonitors config return \$ HM.fromList \$ map (\lambda(n,(e,as)) \rightarrow (n, \mathbf{MonitorState}\ e\ as\ HM.empty)) \$ HM.toList ls
```

### **Evaluation of monitoring action**

Inspect the log message and match it against configured thresholds. If positive, then run the action on the current state and return the updated state.

```
evalMonitoringAction :: MonitorMap \rightarrow LogGerName \rightarrow LogObject \rightarrow IO MonitorMap
evalMonitoringAction mmap logname logvalue =
    case HM.lookup logname mmap of
         Nothing \rightarrow return mmap
         Just mon@(MonitorState expr acts env0) \rightarrow do
           let env' = updateEnv env0 logvalue
           if evaluate env' expr
           then do
              now \leftarrow getMonotonicTimeNSec
             let env" = HM.insert "lastalert" (Nanoseconds now) env'
              TIO.putStrLn $ "alert! " <> logname <> " " <> (pack $ show acts) <> " " <> (pack $ show en
              return $ HM.insert logname mon { _environment = env''} mmap
           else return mmap
  where
    utc2ns (UTCTime days secs) =
         let yearsecs :: Rational
           yearsecs = 365 * 24 * 3600
           rdays, rsecs :: Rational
           rdays = toRational $ toModifiedJulianDay days
           rsecs = toRational secs
           s2ns = 1000000000
         Nanoseconds $ round $ (fromRational $ s2ns * rsecs + rdays * yearsecs :: Double)
    updateEnv env (LogObject _ (ObserveOpen _)) = env
    updateEnv env (LogObject _ (ObserveDiff _)) = env
    updateEnv env (LogObject _ (ObserveClose _)) = env
    updateEnv env (LogObject lometa (LogValue vn val)) =
         let addenv = HM.fromList [(vn, val)]
             ,("timestamp",utc2ns (tstamp lometa))
         in
         HM.union addenv env
    updateEnv env (LogObject lometa (LogMessage _logitem)) =
         let addenv = HM.fromList [("severity",(Severity (severity lometa)))
           -- , ("selection", (liSelection logitem))
           -- , ("message", (liPayload logitem))
             ,("timestamp",utc2ns (tstamp lometa))
         in
         HM.union addenv env
    updateEnv env (LogObject lometa (AggregatedMessage vals)) =
```

```
let addenv = ("timestamp", utc2ns (tstamp lometa)): aggs2measurables vals []
in
   HM.union (HM.fromList addenv) env
where
   aggs2measurables [] acc = acc
   aggs2measurables ((n, AggregatedEWMA ewma): r) acc = aggs2measurables r $ (n <> ".avg", avg exaggs2measurables ((n, AggregatedStats s): r) acc = aggs2measurables r $
        (n <> ".mean", PureD o meanOfStats $ fbasic s)
        : (n <> ".flast", flast s)
        : (n <> ".flount", PureI o fromIntegral o fcount $ fbasic s)
        : acc
-- catch all
updateEnv env _ = env
```

# Chapter 2

# **Testing**

# 2.1 Test coverage

Test coverage is calculated as the fraction of functions which are called from test routines. This percentage is calculated by the tool *hpc* with a call to

# 2.2 Test main entry point

```
{-# LANGUAGE CPP #-}
module Main
    main
 ) where
import Test. Tasty
# ifdef ENABLE_AGGREGATION
import qualified Cardano.BM.Test.Aggregated (tests)
import qualified Cardano.BM.Test.STM (tests)
import qualified Cardano.BM. Test. Trace (tests)
import qualified Cardano.BM.Test.Configuration (tests)
import qualified Cardano.BM.Test.Rotator (tests)
import qualified Cardano.BM.Test.Routing (tests)
# ifdef ENABLE_MONITORING
import qualified Cardano.BM.Test.Monitoring (tests)
# endif
main :: IO ()
main = defaultMain tests
tests::TestTree
tests =
 testGroup "iohk-monitoring"
```

Cardano.BM.Configuration	100%
Cardano.BM.Setup	100%
Cardano.BM.Data.Trace	100%
Cardano.BM.Counters.Common	100%
Cardano.BM.Counters	100%
Cardano.BM.Configuration.Static	100%
Cardano.BM.Configuration.Model	94%
Cardano.BM.Data.MessageCounter	85%
Cardano.BM.Data.Configuration	83%
Cardano.BM.Counters.Linux	81%
Cardano.BM.Output.Switchboard	81%
Cardano.BM.Data.MonitoringEval	81%
Cardano.BM.BaseTrace	80%
Cardano.BM.Observer.Monadic	75%
Cardano.BM.Trace	69%
Cardano.BM.Output.Log	68%
Cardano.BM.Output.Aggregation	68%
Cardano.BM.Data.Aggregated	63%
Cardano.BM.Data.Counter	56%
Cardano.BM.Data.LogItem	53%
Cardano.BM.Data.Backend	50%
Cardano.BM.Rotator	50%
Cardano.BM.Data.BackendKind	50%
Cardano.BM.Data.Output	48%
Cardano.BM.Data.Severity	47%
Cardano.BM.Data.Observable	40%
Cardano.BM.Observer.STM	33%
Cardano.BM.Data.AggregatedKind	33%
Cardano.BM.Data.Rotation	20%
Cardano.BM.Data.SubTrace	10%
Cardano.BM.Output.Monitoring	0%
_	63%

Figure 2.1: Test coverage of modules in percent as computed by the tool 'hpc'

# 2.3 Test case generation

# 2.3.1 instance Arbitrary Aggregated

We define an instance of *Arbitrary* for an Aggregated which lets *QuickCheck* generate arbitrary instances of Aggregated. For this an arbitrary list of *Integer* is generated and this list is aggregated into a structure of Aggregated.

```
instance Arbitrary Aggregated where
  arbitrary = do
    vs' \leftarrow arbitrary :: Gen [Integer]
    let vs = 42:17:vs'
       ds = map (\lambda(a, b) \rightarrow a - b) \$ zip vs (tail vs)
       (m1,s1) = updateMeanVar \$ map fromInteger vs
       (m2, s2) = updateMeanVar $ map fromInteger ds
       mkBasicStats = BaseStats
         (PureI (minimum vs))
         (PureI (maximum vs))
         (fromIntegral $ length vs)
         (m1)
         (s1)
       mkDeltaStats = BaseStats
         (PureI (minimum ds))
         (PureI (maximum ds))
         (fromIntegral $ length ds)
         (m2)
         (s2)
       mkTimedStats = BaseStats
         (Nanoseconds 0)
         (Nanoseconds 0)
         (0)
         (0)
         (0)
    return $ AggregatedStats (Stats
       (PureI (last vs))
       (Nanoseconds 0)
       mkBasicStats
```

```
mkDeltaStats
mkTimedStats)
```

Estimators for mean and variance must be updated the same way as in the code.

```
updateMeanVar :: [Double] \rightarrow (Double, Double)
updateMeanVar [] = (0,0)
updateMeanVar (val : vals) = updateMeanVar' (val,0) 1 vals
where
updateMeanVar' (m,s) _ [] = (m,s)
updateMeanVar' (m,s) cnt (a : r) =
let delta = a - m
newcount = cnt + 1
m' = m + (delta / newcount)
s' = s + (delta * (a - m'))
in
updateMeanVar' (m',s') newcount r
```

### 2.4 Tests

# 2.4.1 Testing aggregation

```
tests::TestTree
tests = testGroup "Aggregation measurements" [
  propertyTests
  , unit Tests 1
  ,unitTests2
propertyTests::TestTree
propertyTests = testGroup "Properties" [
  testProperty "minimal" prop_Aggregation_minimal
  ,testProperty "commutative" prop_Aggregation_comm
  ]
unitTests1::TestTree
unitTests1 = testGroup "Unit tests for Aggregated" [
  testCase "compare equal >" unitAggregatedEqualGT
  ,testCase "compare equal <" unitAggregatedEqualLT</pre>
  ,testCase "compare different >" unitAggregatedDiffGT
  ,testCase "compare different <" unitAggregatedDiffLT
unitTests2::TestTree
unitTests2 = testGroup "Unit tests for Aggregation" [
  testCase "initial -1" unitAggregationInitialMinus1
  ,testCase "initial +1" unitAggregationInitialPlus1
  ,testCase "initial +0" unitAggregationInitialZero
  ,testCase "initial +1, -1" unitAggregationInitialPlus1Minus1
  ,testCase "stepwise" unitAggregationStepwise
```

### **Property tests**

```
prop\_Aggregation\_minimal :: Bool \\ prop\_Aggregation\_minimal = True \\ lometa :: LOMeta \\ lometa = unsafePerformIO \$ mkLOMeta Debug \\ prop\_Aggregation\_comm :: Integer \rightarrow Integer \rightarrow Aggregated \rightarrow Property \\ prop\_Aggregation\_comm v1 v2 ag = \\ let AggregatedStats stats1 = updateAggregation (PureI v1) (updateAggregation (PureI v2) ag lometa Na AggregatedStats stats2 = updateAggregation (PureI v2) (updateAggregation (PureI v1) ag lometa Na in fbasic stats1 === fbasic stats2 .&&. \\ (v1 \equiv v2) 'implies' (flast stats1 === flast stats2) \\ -- implication: if p1 is true, then return p2; otherwise true implies :: Bool <math>\rightarrow Property \rightarrow Property implies p1 p2 = property (\neg p1) . ||. p2
```

### Unit tests for Aggregation

-- putStrLn (show stats0)

```
unitAggregationInitialMinus1::Assertion
unitAggregationInitialMinus1 = do
    let AggregatedStats stats1 = updateAggregation (-1) firstStateAggregatedStats lometa Nothing
    flast stats 1 @? = (-1)
    (fbasic\ stats1) @? = BaseStats\ (-1)\ 0\ 2\ (-0.5)\ 0.5
    (fdelta stats1) @? = BaseStats 0 0 1 0 0
       -- AggregatedStats (Stats (-1) 0 (BaseStats (-1) 0 2 (-0.5) 0.5) (BaseStats 0 0
unitAggregationInitialPlus1:: Assertion
unitAggregationInitialPlus1 = do
    let AggregatedStats stats1 = \frac{\mathsf{updateAggregation}}{\mathsf{log}} 1 firstStateAggregatedStats lometa Nothing
    flast stats1 @? = 1
    (fbasic stats1) @? = BaseStats 0 1 2 0.5 0.5
    (fdelta stats1) @? = BaseStats 0 0 1 0 0
       -- AggregatedStats (Stats 1 0 (BaseStats 0 1 2 0.5 0.5) (BaseStats 0 0 1 0 0) (B
unitAggregationInitialZero::Assertion
unitAggregationInitialZero = do
    let AggregatedStats stats1 = updateAggregation 0 firstStateAggregatedStats lometa Nothing
    flast stats1 @? = 0
    (fbasic\ stats1) @? = BaseStats\ 0\ 0\ 2\ 0\ 0
    (fdelta stats1) @? = BaseStats 0 0 1 0 0
       -- AggregatedStats (Stats 0 0 (BaseStats 0 0 2 0 0) (BaseStats 0 0 1 0 0) (BaseS
unitAggregationInitialPlus1Minus1::Assertion
unitAggregationInitialPlus1Minus1 = do
    let AggregatedStats stats1 = updateAggregation (PureI(-1)) (updateAggregation (PureI1) firstState
    (fbasic\ stats1) @? = BaseStats\ (PureI\ (-1))\ (PureI\ 1)\ 3\ 0.0\ 2.0
    (fdelta\ stats1) @? = BaseStats (PureI\ (-2)) (PureI\ 0) 2 (-1.0) 2.0
unitAggregationStepwise:: Assertion
unitAggregationStepwise = do
    stats0 \leftarrow pure \$ singletonStats (Bytes 3000)
```

```
threadDelay 50000-- 0.05 s
      t1 \leftarrow mkLOMeta  Debug
      stats1 \leftarrow pure \$ updateAggregation (Bytes 5000) stats0 t1 Nothing
      -- putStrLn (show stats1)
      -- showTimedMean stats1
      threadDelay 50000-- 0.05 s
      t2 \leftarrow mkLOMeta  Debug
      stats2 \leftarrow pure \$ updateAggregation (Bytes 1000) stats1 t2 Nothing
      -- putStrLn (show stats2)
       -- showTimedMean stats2
      checkTimedMean stats2
      threadDelay 50000-- 0.05 s
      t3 \leftarrow mkLOMeta  Debug
      stats3 \leftarrow pure \$ updateAggregation (Bytes 3000) stats2 t3 Nothing
      -- putStrLn (show stats3)
      -- showTimedMean stats3
      checkTimedMean stats3
      threadDelay 50000-- 0.05 s
      t4 \leftarrow mkLOMeta  Debug
      stats4 \leftarrow pure \$ updateAggregation (Bytes 1000) stats3 t4 Nothing
      -- putStrLn (show stats4)
      -- showTimedMean stats4
      checkTimedMean stats4
    where
      checkTimedMean (AggregatedEWMA \_) = return ()
      checkTimedMean (AggregatedStats s) = \mathbf{do}
         let mean = meanOfStats (ftimed s)
         assertBool "the mean should be \geq the minimum" (mean \geq getDouble (fmin (ftimed s)))
         assertBool "the mean should be =< the maximum" (mean \leq getDouble (fmax (ftimed s)))
commented out:
  showTimedMean (AggregatedEWMA \_) = return ()
  showTimedMean (AggregatedStats s) = putStrLn \$ "mean = " + show (meanOfStats (ftimed s)) + showUnits
 firstStateAggregatedStats:: Aggregated
 firstStateAggregatedStats = AggregatedStats (Stats z z (BaseStats z z 1 0 0) (BaseStats z z 0 0 0) (BaseStats z z 2 0 0 0)
    where
      z = PureI 0
```

### Unit tests for Aggregated

```
unitAggregatedEqualGT :: Assertion
unitAggregatedEqualGT = do
assertBool "comparing seconds"
((Seconds 3) > (Seconds 2))
assertBool "comparing microseconds"
((Microseconds 3000) > (Microseconds 2000))
assertBool "comparing nanoseconds"
((Nanoseconds 3000000) > (Nanoseconds 2000000))
```

```
assertBool "comparing bytes"
    ((Bytes\ 2048) > (Bytes\ 1024))
  assertBool "comparing doubles"
    ((PureD 2.34) > (PureD 1.42))
  assertBool "comparing integers"
    ((PureI 2) > (PureI 1))
  assertBool "comparing severities"
    ((Severity Error) > (Severity Warning))
unitAggregatedEqualLT:: Assertion
unitAggregatedEqualLT = do
  assertBool "comparing seconds"
    ((Seconds 2) < (Seconds 3))
  assertBool "comparing microseconds"
    ((Microseconds 2000) < (Microseconds 3000))
  assertBool "comparing nanoseconds"
    ((Nanoseconds 2000000) < (Nanoseconds 3000000))
  assertBool "comparing bytes"
    ((Bytes\ 1024) < (Bytes\ 2048))
  assertBool "comparing doubles"
    ((PureD\ 1.34) < (PureD\ 2.42))
  assertBool "comparing integers"
    ((PureI\ 1) < (PureI\ 2))
  assertBool "comparing severities"
    ((Severity Info) < (Severity Notice))
unitAggregatedDiffGT::Assertion
unitAggregatedDiffGT = \mathbf{do}
  assertBool "comparing time (µs vs. s)"
    ((Microseconds\ 3000000) > (Seconds\ 2))
  assertBool "comparing time (µs vs. ns)"
    ((Microseconds 30) > (Nanoseconds 29999))
  assertBool "comparing nanoseconds"
    ((Nanoseconds\ 3000000) > (Microseconds\ 2900))
  assertBool "comparing bytes"
    ((Bytes\ 2048) > (PureI\ 1024))
  assertBool "comparing doubles"
    ((PureD 2.34) > (PureI 1))
  assertBool "comparing integers"
    ((Pure I \ 2) > (Pure D \ 1.42))
unitAggregatedDiffLT::Assertion
unitAggregatedDiffLT = \mathbf{do}
  assertBool "comparing time (µs vs. s)"
    ((Microseconds 2999999) < (Seconds 3))
  assertBool "comparing time (µs vs. ns)"
    ((Microseconds\ 30) < (Nanoseconds\ 30001))
  assertBool "comparing nanoseconds"
    ((Nanoseconds\ 3000000) < (Microseconds\ 3001))
  assertBool "comparing bytes"
    ((PureI\ 1024) < (Bytes\ 2048))
  assertBool "comparing doubles"
    ((PureD \ 2.34) < (PureI \ 3))
  assertBool "comparing integers"
```

```
((Pure I \ 2) < (Pure D \ 3.42))
```

### 2.4.2 Cardano.BM.Test.STM

```
module Cardano.BM.Test.STM(
    tests
    ) where
import Test.Tasty
import Test.Tasty.QuickCheck
tests :: TestTree
tests = testGroup "Observing STM actions" [
    testProperty "minimal" prop_STM_observer
    ]
prop_STM_observer :: Bool
prop_STM_observer = True
```

### 2.4.3 Cardano.BM.Test.Trace

```
tests::TestTree
tests = testGroup "Testing Trace" [
    unit_tests
  ,testCase "forked traces stress testing" stressTraceInFork
# ifdef ENABLE_OBSERVABLES
 ,testCase "stress testing: ObservableTrace vs. NoTrace" timingObservableVsUntimed
# endif
 ,testCaseInfo "demonstrating logging" simpleDemo
 ,testCaseInfo "demonstrating nested named context logging" exampleWithNamedContexts
unit_tests :: TestTree
unit_tests = testGroup "Unit tests" [
    testCase "opening messages should not be traced" unitNoOpeningTrace
 ,testCase "hierarchy of traces" unitHierarchy
 ,testCase "forked traces" unitTraceInFork
 ,testCase "hierarchy of traces with NoTrace"$
      unitHierarchy' [Neutral, NoTrace, (ObservableTrace observablesSet)]
        onlyLevelOneMessage
 ,testCase "hierarchy of traces with DropOpening"$
      unitHierarchy' [Neutral, DropOpening, (ObservableTrace observablesSet)]
        notObserveOpen
 ,testCase "hierarchy of traces with UntimedTrace"$
      unitHierarchy' [Neutral, UntimedTrace, UntimedTrace]
        observeNoMeasures
 ,testCase "changing the minimum severity of a trace at runtime"
      unitTraceMinSeverity
 ,testCase "changing the minimum severity of a named context at runtime"
      unitNamedMinSeverity
 ,testCase "appending names" unitAppendName
 ,testCase "create subtrace which duplicates messages" unitTraceDuplicate
```

```
,testCase "testing name filtering" unitNameFiltering
,testCase "testing throwing of exceptions" unitExceptionThrowing
,testCase "NoTrace: check lazy evaluation" unitTestLazyEvaluation
testCase "private messages should not be logged into private files" unitLoggingPrivate,
where
  observablesSet = [MonotonicClock, MemoryStats]
  notObserveOpen :: [LogObject] \rightarrow Bool
  notObserveOpen = all\ (\lambda case\ \{LogObject\_(ObserveOpen\_) \rightarrow False;\_ \rightarrow True\})
  notObserveClose :: [LogObject] \rightarrow Bool
  notObserveClose = all\ (\lambda case\ \{LogOb\ ject\ \_\ (ObserveClose\ \_) \rightarrow False; \_ \rightarrow True\})
  notObserveDiff :: [LogObject] \rightarrow Bool
  notObserveDiff = all\ (\lambda case\ \{LogObject\_(ObserveDiff\_) \rightarrow False;\_ \rightarrow True\})
  onlyLevelOneMessage :: [Log0b ject] \rightarrow Bool
  onlyLevelOneMessage = \lambda case
     [LogObject_(LogMessage(LogItem_"Message from level 1."))] \rightarrow True
     \_ \rightarrow False
  observeNoMeasures :: [Log0b ject] \rightarrow Bool
  observeNoMeasures\ obs = notObserveOpen\ obs\ \land\ notObserveClose\ obs\ \land\ notObserveDiff\ obs
```

### Helper routines

```
data TraceConfiguration = TraceConfiguration
  {tcOutputKind:: OutputKind
  .tcName
                  ::LoggerName
  ,tcSubTrace
                  ::SubTrace
setupTrace :: TraceConfiguration \rightarrow IO (Trace IO)
setupTrace (TraceConfiguration outk name subTr) = do
  c \leftarrow liftIO \$ Cardano . BM . Configuration \circ Model.empty
  ctx \leftarrow liftIO \$ newContext c
  let logTrace0 = \mathbf{case} outk of
     TVarList tvar \rightarrow BaseTrace.natTrace liftIO $ traceInTVarIOConditionally tvar ctx
     TVarListNamed tvar \rightarrow BaseTrace.natTrace liftIO $ traceNamedInTVarIOC onditionally tvar ctx
  setSubTrace (configuration ctx) name (Just subTr)
  logTrace' ← subTrace " " (ctx,logTrace0)
  appendName name logTrace'
setTransformer_{-}:: Trace\ IO \rightarrow LoggerName \rightarrow Maybe\ SubTrace \rightarrow IO\ ()
setTransformer_(ctx, \_) name subtr = \mathbf{do}
  let c = configuration ctx
  setSubTrace c name subtr
```

# Simple demo of logging.

```
logDebug logTrace "This is how a Debug message looks like."
logInfo logTrace "This is how an Info message looks like."
logNotice logTrace "This is how a Notice message looks like."
logWarning logTrace "This is how a Warning message looks like."
logError logTrace "This is how an Error message looks like."
logCritical logTrace "This is how a Critical message looks like."
logAlert logTrace "This is how an Alert message looks like."
logEmergency logTrace "This is how an Emergency message looks like."
```

### Example of using named contexts with Trace

```
exampleWithNamedContexts::IO String
exampleWithNamedContexts = do
    cfg \leftarrow defaultConfigTesting
    Setup.withTrace cfg "test" \$ \lambda logTrace \rightarrow do
      putStrLn "\n"
      logInfo logTrace "entering"
      logTrace0 ← appendName "simple-work-0" logTrace
      work0 \leftarrow complexWork0 \log Trace0 "0"
      logTrace1 ← appendName "complex-work-1" logTrace
      work1 ← complexWork1 logTrace1 "42"
      Async.wait work0
      Async.wait work1
      -- the named context will include "complex" in the logged message
      logInfo logTrace "done."
      threadDelay 100000
      -- force garbage collection to allow exceptions to be thrown
      performMajorGC
      threadDelay 100000
    return ""
 where
    complexWork0 tr msg = Async.async $logInfo tr ("let's see (0): "'append' msg)
    complexWork1 tr msg = Async.async $ do
      logInfo tr ("let's see (1): "'append' msg)
      trInner@(ctx, \_) \leftarrow appendName "inner-work-1" tr
      let observablesSet = [MonotonicClock]
      setSubTrace (configuration ctx) "test.complex-work-1.inner-work-1.STM-action"$
        Just $ ObservableTrace observablesSet
# ifdef ENABLE_OBSERVABLES
      \_\leftarrow STMObserver.bracketObserveIO trInner Debug "STM-action" setVar_
# endif
      logInfo trInner "let's see: done."
```

#### Show effect of turning off observables

```
# ifdef ENABLE_OBSERVABLES runTimedAction :: Trace IO \rightarrow Int \rightarrow IO Measurable
```

```
runTimedAction\ logTrace\ reps = \mathbf{do}
    runid ← newUnique
    t0 \leftarrow \text{getMonoClock}
    for M_{-}[(1 :: Int) ... reps] $ const $ observeAction logTrace
    t1 \leftarrow getMonoClock
    return $ diffTimeObserved (CounterState runid t0) (CounterState runid t1)
  where
    observeAction\ trace = do
       \_\leftarrow MonadicObserver.bracketObserveIO trace Debug "" action
       return ()
    action = return \$ forM [1 :: Int..100] \$ \lambda x \rightarrow [x] + (init \$ reverse [1 :: Int..10000])
timingObservableVsUntimed:: Assertion
timingObservableVsUntimed = do
    msgs1 \leftarrow STM.newTVarIO[]
    traceObservable \leftarrow setupTrace \$ TraceConfiguration
       (TVarList msgs1)
       "observables"
       (ObservableTrace observablesSet)
    msgs2 \leftarrow STM.newTVarIO[]
    traceUntimed \leftarrow setupTrace \$ TraceConfiguration
       (TVarList msgs2)
       "no timing"
       UntimedTrace
    msgs3 \leftarrow STM.newTVarIO[]
    traceNoTrace \leftarrow setupTrace \$ TraceConfiguration
       (TVarList msgs3)
       "no trace"
       NoTrace
    t\_observable \leftarrow runTimedAction\ traceObservable\ 100
    t\_untimed \leftarrow runTimedAction\ traceUntimed\ 100
    t_notrace ← runTimedAction traceNoTrace 100
    assertBool
       ("Untimed consumed more time than ObservableTrace " + (show [t_untimed,t_observable]))
       True
    assertBool
       ("NoTrace consumed more time than ObservableTrace" ++ (show [t\_notrace, t\_observable]))
       True
    assertBool
       ("NoTrace consumed more time than Untimed" + (show [t_notrace,t_untimed]))
       True
  where
    observablesSet = [MonotonicClock,GhcRtsStats,MemoryStats,IOStats,ProcessStats]
# endif
```

# Control tracing in a hierarchy of Traces

We can lay out traces in a hierarchical manner, that the children forward traced items to the parent Trace. A NoTrace introduced in this hierarchy will cut off a branch from messaging to the root.

```
unitHierarchy:: Assertion
unitHierarchy = do
 msgs \leftarrow STM.newTVarIO[]
 trace0 ← setupTrace $ TraceConfiguration (TVarList msgs) "test" Neutral
  logInfo trace0 "This should have been displayed!"
  -- subtrace of trace which traces nothing
 setTransformer_trace0 "test.inner" (Just NoTrace)
  trace1 ← subTrace "test.inner" trace0
  logInfo trace1 "This should NOT have been displayed!"
 setTransformer_trace1 "test.inner.innermost" (Just Neutral)
  trace2 ← subTrace "test.inner.innermost" trace1
  logInfo trace2 "This should NOT have been displayed also due to the trace one level ab
  -- acquire the traced objects
 res \leftarrow STM.readTVarIO\ msgs
  -- only the first message should have been traced
 assertBool
    ("Found more or less messages than expected: " ++ show res)
    (length res \equiv 1)
```

### Change a trace's minimum severity

A trace is configured with a minimum severity and filters out messages that are labelled with a lower severity. This minimum severity of the current trace can be changed.

```
unitTraceMinSeverity:: Assertion
unitTraceMinSeverity = do
 msgs \leftarrow STM.newTVarIO[]
 trace@(ctx, \_) \leftarrow setupTrace \$ TraceConfiguration (TVarList msgs) "test min severity" Neutral
  logInfo trace "Message #1"
  -- raise the minimum severity to Warning
 setMinSeverity (configuration ctx) Warning
 msev \leftarrow Cardano.BM.Configuration.minSeverity (configuration ctx)
 assertBool("min severity should be Warning, but is " ++ (show msev))
    (msev \equiv Warning)
  -- this message will not be traced
  logInfo trace "Message #2"
  -- lower the minimum severity to Info
 setMinSeverity (configuration ctx) Info
  -- this message is traced
  logInfo trace "Message #3"
  -- acquire the traced objects
 res \leftarrow STM.readTVarIO\ msgs
  -- only the first and last messages should have been traced
  assertBool
    ("Found more or less messages than expected: " ++ show res)
    (length res \equiv 2)
 assertBool
    ("Found Info message when Warning was minimum severity: " ++ show res)
```

```
(all (\lambdacase LogObject (LOMeta _ _ Info) (LogMessage (LogItem _ "Message #2")) \rightarrow False _ \rightarrow True) res)
```

# Define a subtrace's behaviour to duplicate all messages

The SubTrace will duplicate all messages that pass through it. Each message will be in its own named context.

```
unitTraceDuplicate:: Assertion
unitTraceDuplicate = do
  msgs \leftarrow STM.newTVarIO[]
  trace0@(ctx, \_) \leftarrow setupTrace \$ TraceConfiguration (TVarList msgs) " " Neutral
  logInfo trace0 "Message #1"
  -- create a subtrace which duplicates all messages
  setSubTrace (configuration ctx) "test-duplicate.orig" $ Just (TeeTrace "test-duplicate.dup"
  trace ← subTrace "test-duplicate.orig" trace0
  -- this message will be duplicated
  logInfo trace "You will see me twice!"
  -- acquire the traced objects
 res \leftarrow STM.readTVarIO msgs
  -- only the first and last messages should have been traced
 assertBool
    ("Found more or less messages than expected: " + show res)
    (length res \equiv 3)
```

### Change the minimum severity of a named context

-- this message is traced
logInfo trace "Message #3"

A trace of a named context can be configured with a minimum severity, such that the trace will filter out messages that are labelled with a lower severity.

```
unitNamedMinSeverity :: Assertion
unitNamedMinSeverity = do
    msgs ← STM.newTVarIO[]
    trace0 ← setupTrace$ TraceConfiguration (TVarList msgs) "test-named-severity" Neutral
    trace@(ctx, _) ← appendName "sev-change" trace0
    logInfo trace "Message #1"
    -- raise the minimum severity to Warning
    setSeverity (configuration ctx) "test-named-severity.sev-change" (Just Warning)
    msev ← Cardano.BM.Configuration.inspectSeverity (configuration ctx) "test-named-severity.sev
    assertBool ("min severity should be Warning, but is " ++ (show msev))
    (msev ≡ Just Warning)
    -- this message will not be traced
logInfo trace "Message #2"
    -- lower the minimum severity to Info
    setSeverity (configuration ctx) "test-named-severity.sev-change" (Just Info)
```

```
-- acquire the traced objects
  res \leftarrow STM.readTVarIO\ msgs
  -- only the first and last messages should have been traced
  assertBool
    ("Found more or less messages than expected: " + show res)
    (length res \equiv 2)
  assertBool
    ("Found Info message when Warning was minimum severity: " ++ show res)
      (\lambda case
        LogObject (LOMeta \_ Info) (LogMessage (LogItem \_ "Message #2")) \rightarrow False
         \_ \rightarrow True
      res)
unitHierarchy' :: [SubTrace] \rightarrow ([Log0bject] \rightarrow Bool) \rightarrow Assertion
unitHierarchy' subtraces f = \mathbf{do}
  let (t1:t2:t3:\_) = cycle subtraces
  msgs \leftarrow STM.newTVarIO[]
  -- create trace of type 1
  trace1 \leftarrow setupTrace \$ TraceConfiguration (TVarList msgs) "test" t1
  logInfo trace1 "Message from level 1."
  -- subtrace of type 2
  setTransformer_trace1 "test.inner" (Just t2)
  trace2 ← subTrace "test.inner" trace1
  logInfo trace2 "Message from level 2."
  -- subsubtrace of type 3
  setTransformer_trace2 "test.inner.innermost" (Just t3)
# ifdef ENABLE_OBSERVABLES
  \_\leftarrow STMObserver.bracketObserveIO trace2 Debug "test.inner.innermost" setVar_
# endif
  logInfo trace2 "Message from level 3."
  -- acquire the traced objects
  res \leftarrow STM.readTVarIO\ msgs
  -- only the first message should have been traced
  assertBool
    ("Found more or less messages than expected: " + show res)
    (f res)
```

### Logging in parallel

```
unitTraceInFork :: Assertion
unitTraceInFork = do
    msgs ← STM.newTVarIO[]
    trace ← setupTrace $ TraceConfiguration (TVarListNamed msgs) "test" Neutral
    trace0 ← appendName "work0" trace
    trace1 ← appendName "work1" trace
    work0 ← work trace0
    threadDelay 5000
    work1 ← work trace1
```

```
Async.wait $ work0
  Async.wait $ work1
  res \leftarrow STM.readTVarIO msgs
  let names@(\_:namesTail) = map lnName res
  -- each trace should have its own name and log right after the other
  assertBool
    ("Consecutive loggernames are not different: " + show names)
    (and \$ zipWith (\not\equiv) names namesTail)
where
  work :: Trace IO \rightarrow IO (Async.Async ())
  work\ trace = Async.async $ do
    logInfoDelay trace "1"
    logInfoDelay trace "2"
    logInfoDelay trace "3"
  logInfoDelay :: Trace IO \rightarrow Text \rightarrow IO ()
  logInfoDelay trace msg =
     logInfo trace msg \gg
    threadDelay 10000
```

### Stress testing parallel logging

```
stressTraceInFork :: Assertion
stressTraceInFork = do
     msgs \leftarrow STM.newTVarIO
     trace ← setupTrace $ TraceConfiguration (TVarListNamed msgs) "test" Neutral
    let names = map (\lambda a \rightarrow ("work-" <> pack (show a))) [1..(10::Int)]
     ts \leftarrow forM \ names \$ \lambda name \rightarrow \mathbf{do}
       trace' \leftarrow appendName name trace
       work trace'
    forM_ts Async.wait
     res \leftarrow STM.readTVarIO\ msgs
     let resNames = map lnName res
     let frequencyMap = fromListWith (+) [(x, 1) | x \leftarrow resNames]
     -- each trace should have traced totalMessages' messages
     assertBool
       ("Frequencies of logged messages according to loggername: " ++ show frequency Map)
       (all (\lambda name \rightarrow (lookup ("test." <> name) frequencyMap) \equiv Just totalMessages) names)
  where
     work :: Trace IO \rightarrow IO (Async.Async ())
     work\ trace = Async.async\ for M_[1..total Messages]\ (logInfo\ trace) \circ pack \circ show
     totalMessages :: Int
     totalMessages = 10
```

### Dropping ObserveOpen messages in a subtrace

```
unitNoOpeningTrace :: Assertion
unitNoOpeningTrace = do
  msgs ← STM.newTVarIO []
```

```
# ifdef ENABLE_OBSERVABLES

logTrace ← setupTrace $ TraceConfiguration (TVarList msgs) "test" DropOpening

_ ← STMObserver.bracketObserveIO logTrace Debug "setTVar" setVar_

# endif

res ← STM.readTVarIO msgs

assertBool

("Found non-expected ObserveOpen message: " + show res)

(all (\(\lambda\)case \(\lambda\)LogObject _ (ObserveOpen _) → False; _ → True\(\rangle\)) res)
```

### Assert maximum length of log context name

The name of the log context cannot grow beyond a maximum number of characters, currently the limit is set to 80.

```
unitAppendName :: Assertion
unitAppendName = do
    msgs \leftarrow STM.newTVarIO
    trace0 ← setupTrace $ TraceConfiguration (TVarListNamed msgs) "test" Neutral
    trace1 \leftarrow appendName\ bigName\ trace0
    trace2 \leftarrow appendName\ bigName\ trace1
    forM_[trace0, trace1, trace2] $ (flip logInfo msg)
    res ← reverse < $ > STM.readTVarIO msgs
    let loggernames = map lnName res
    assertBool
      ("AppendName did not work properly. The loggernames for the messages are: " ++
         show loggernames)
      (loggernames ≡ ["test"
         ,"test." <> bigName
         ,"test." <> bigName <> "." <> bigName
  where
    bigName = T.replicate 30 "abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz"
    msg = "Hello!"
# ifdef ENABLE_OBSERVABLES
setVar_::STM.STM Integer
setVar_{-} = \mathbf{do}
  t \leftarrow STM.newTVar 0
  STM.writeTVar t 42
  res \leftarrow STM.readTVart
  return res
# endif
```

### Testing log context name filters

```
unitNameFiltering::Assertion
unitNameFiltering = do
let contextName = "test.sub.1"
let loname = "sum"-- would be part of a "LogValue loname 42"
```

```
let filter1 = [(Drop (Exact "test.sub.1"), Unhide [])]
assertBool("Dropping a specific name should filter it out and thus return False")
  (False \equiv evalFilters filter1 contextName)
let filter 2 = [(Drop (EndsWith " . 1"), Unhide [])]
assertBool ("Dropping a name ending with a specific text should filter out the context
  (False \equiv evalFilters filter 2 contextName)
let filter3 = [(Drop (StartsWith "test."), Unhide [])]
assertBool("Dropping a name starting with a specific text should filter out the contex
  (False \equiv evalFilters filter 3 context Name)
let filter4 = [(Drop (Contains ".sub."), Unhide [])]
assertBool("Dropping a name starting containing a specific text should filter out the
  (False \equiv evalFilters filter4 contextName)
let filter5 = [(Drop (StartsWith "test."),
    Unhide [(Exact "test.sub.1")])]
assertBool("Dropping all and unhiding a specific name should the context name allow pa
  (True \equiv evalFilters filter5 contextName)
let filter6 = [(Drop (StartsWith "test."),
    Unhide [(EndsWith ".sum"),
      (EndsWith ".other")])]
assertBool("Dropping all and unhiding some names, the LogObject should pass the filter
  (True \equiv evalFilters filter6 (contextName <> "." <> loname))
let filter7 = [(Drop (StartsWith "test."),
    Unhide [(EndsWith ".product")])]
\it assertBool ("Dropping all and unhiding an inexistant named value, the LogObject should
  (False ≡ evalFilters filter7 (contextName <> "." <> loname))
let filter8 = [(Drop (StartsWith "test."),
    Unhide [(Exact "test.sub.1")]),
  (Drop (StartsWith "something.else."),
    Unhide [(EndsWith ".this")])]
assertBool("Disjunction of filters that should pass")
  (True \equiv evalFilters filter8 contextName)
let filter9 = [(Drop (StartsWith "test."),
    Unhide [(Exact ".that")]),
  (Drop (StartsWith "something.else."),
    Unhide [(EndsWith ".this")])]
assertBool("Disjunction of filters that should not pass")
  (False \equiv evalFilters filter9 contextName)
```

#### **Exception throwing**

Exceptions encountered should be thrown.

```
unitExceptionThrowing :: Assertion
unitExceptionThrowing = do
    action ← work msg
    res ← Async.waitCatch action
    assertBool
        ("Exception should have been rethrown")
        (isLeft res)
where
    msg :: Text
```

```
msg = error "faulty message"
work :: Text \rightarrow IO \ (Async.Async \ ())
work \ message = Async.async \ \mathbf{do}
cfg \leftarrow defaultConfigTesting
trace \leftarrow Setup.setupTrace \ (Right \ cfg) "test"
logInfo \ trace \ message
threadDelay \ 10000
```

# Check lazy evaluation of trace

Exception should not be thrown when type of Trace is NoTrace.

```
unitTestLazyEvaluation:: Assertion
unitTestLazyEvaluation = do
    action \leftarrow work \, msg
    res \leftarrow Async.waitCatch\ action
    assertBool
       ("Exception should not have been rethrown when type of Trace is NoTrace")
       (isRight res)
  where
    msg:: Text
    msg = error "faulty message"
    work :: Text \rightarrow IO (Async.Async ())
    work message = Async.async $ do
       cfg \leftarrow defaultConfigTesting
      trace0@(ctx, \_) \leftarrow Setup.setupTrace(Right cfg) "test"
       setSubTrace (configuration ctx) "test.work" (Just NoTrace)
       trace ← subTrace "work" trace0
       logInfo trace message
```

### Check that private messages do not end up in public log files.

```
unitLoggingPrivate:: Assertion
unitLoggingPrivate = do
    tmpDir \leftarrow getTemporaryDirectory
    let privateFile = tmpDir < / > "private.log"
      publicFile = tmpDir < / > "public.log"
    conf \leftarrow empty
    setDefaultBackends conf [KatipBK]
    setSetupBackends conf [KatipBK]
    setDefaultScribes conf ["FileTextSK::" <> pack privateFile
      , "FileTextSK::" <> pack publicFile
    setSetupScribes conf [ScribeDefinition
                  = FileTextSK
        {scKind
        ,scName = pack privateFile
        ,scPrivacy = ScPrivate
        ,scRotation = Nothing
```

```
}
    ,ScribeDefinition
       {scKind
                  = FileTextSK
      , scName = pack publicFile
      ,scPrivacy = ScPublic
      ,scRotation = Nothing
  Setup.withTrace conf "test" \$ \lambda trace \rightarrow do
    -- should log in both files
    logInfo trace message
    -- should only log in private file
    logInfoS trace message
  countPublic \leftarrow length \circ lines < \$ > readFile publicFile
  countPrivate \leftarrow length \circ lines < \$ > readFile privateFile
  -- delete files
  forM_[privateFile, publicFile] removeFile
  assertBool
    ("Private file should contain 2 lines and it contains " + show countPrivate ++ ".\n" +
       "Public file should contain 1 line and it contains " + show countPublic + ".\n"
    (countPublic \equiv 1 \land countPrivate \equiv 2)
where
  message:: Text
  message = "Just a message"
```

## 2.4.4 Testing configuration

## Test declarations

```
tests :: TestTree
tests = testGroup "config tests" [
  propertyTests
  .unitTests
propertyTests::TestTree
propertyTests = testGroup "Properties" [
  testProperty "minimal" prop_Configuration_minimal
unitTests::TestTree
unitTests = testGroup "Unit tests" [
  testCase "static representation" unitConfigurationStaticRepresentation
  ,testCase "parsed representation" unitConfigurationParsedRepresentation
  ,testCase "parsed configuration" unitConfigurationParsed
  ,testCase "include EKG if defined" unitConfigurationCheckEKGpositive
  ,testCase "not include EKG if not def" unitConfigurationCheckEKGnegative
  ,testCase "check scribe caching" unitConfigurationCheckScribeCache
  ,testCase "test ops on Configuration" unitConfigurationOps
```

## **Property tests**

```
prop_Configuration_minimal :: Bool
prop_Configuration_minimal = True
```

#### **Unit tests**

The configuration file only indicates that EKG is listening on port nnnnn. Infer that EKGViewBK needs to be started as a backend.

```
unitConfigurationCheckEKGpositive:: Assertion
     unitConfigurationCheckEKGpositive = \mathbf{do}
     # ifndef ENABLE_EKG
       return ()
     #else
       tmp \leftarrow getTemporaryDirectory
       let c = ["rotation:"]
         ," rpLogLimitBytes: 5000000"
          " rpKeepFilesNum: 10"
          " rpMaxAgeHours: 24"
         ,"minSeverity: Info"
          "defaultBackends:"
         ," - KatipBK"
         ,"setupBackends:"
         ," - KatipBK"
         ,"defaultScribes:"
          "- - StdoutSK"
          ." - stdout"
          "setupScribes:"
          "- scName: stdout"
          " scRotation: null"
          " scKind: StdoutSK"
         ,"hasEKG: 18321"
         ,"options:"
          " test:"
               value: nothing"
         fp = tmp </> "test_ekgv_config.yaml"
       writeFile fp $ unlines c
       repr \leftarrow parseRepresentation fp
       assertBool "expecting EKGViewBK to be setup"$
         EKGViewBK \in (setupBackends repr)
     # endif
   If there is no port defined for EKG, then do not start it even if present in
the config.
     unitConfigurationCheckEKGnegative:: Assertion
     unitConfigurationCheckEKGnegative = do
     # ifndef ENABLE_EKG
       return ()
```

```
#else
 tmp \leftarrow getTemporaryDirectory
 let c = ["rotation:"]
    ," rpLogLimitBytes: 5000000"
     " rpKeepFilesNum: 10"
     " rpMaxAgeHours: 24"
     "minSeverity: Info"
     "defaultBackends:"
     " - KatipBK"
     " - EKGViewBK"
    ,"setupBackends:"
     " - KatipBK"
     " - EKGViewBK"
    ,"defaultScribes:"
     "- - StdoutSK"
     " - stdout"
     "setupScribes:"
    "- scName: stdout"
     " scRotation: null"
     " scKind: StdoutSK"
    ,"###hasEKG: 18321"
     "options:"
       test:"
          value: nothing"
   fp = tmp < / > "test_ekgv_config.yaml"
 writeFile fp $ unlines c
 repr \leftarrow parseRepresentation fp
 assertBool "EKGViewBK shall not be setup"$
    \neg \$EKGViewBK \in (setupBackends repr)
 assertBool "EKGViewBK shall not receive messages"$
    \neg \$EKGViewBK \in (defaultBackends repr)
# endif
unitConfigurationStaticRepresentation:: Assertion
unitConfigurationStaticRepresentation =
 let r = Representation
      \{minSeverity = Info\}
      ,rotation = Just $ RotationParameters
                          {rpLogLimitBytes = 5000000
                          ,rpMaxAgeHours = 24
                          ,rpKeepFilesNum = 10
      , setupScribes =
        [ScribeDefinition {scName = "stdout"
          ,scKind = StdoutSK
          ,scPrivacy = ScPublic
          ,scRotation = Nothing}
      , defaultScribes = [(StdoutSK, "stdout")]
      , setupBackends = [EKGViewBK, KatipBK]
```

```
, defaultBackends = [KatipBK]
      hasGUI = Just 12789
      hasEKG = Just 18321
      , options =
        HM.fromList[("test1",(HM.singleton "value" "object1"))
          ,("test2",(HM.singleton "value" "object2"))]
 in
 encode\ r @? =
    (intercalate "\n"
      ["rotation:"
      ," rpLogLimitBytes: 5000000"
        rpKeepFilesNum: 10"
      " rpMaxAgeHours: 24"
      ,"defaultBackends:"
      ,"- KatipBK"
      ,"setupBackends:"
       "- EKGViewBK"
      ,"- KatipBK"
      ,"hasGUI: 12789"
      ,"defaultScribes:"
       "- - StdoutSK"
      " - stdout"
      "options:"
       " test2:"
          value: object2"
       " test1:"
          value: object1"
      "setupScribes:"
       "- scName: stdout"
       " scRotation: null"
      " scKind: StdoutSK"
      " scPrivacy: ScPublic"
      ,"hasEKG: 18321"
      ,"minSeverity: Info"
      ,""-- to force a line feed at the end of the file
unitConfigurationParsedRepresentation:: Assertion
unitConfigurationParsedRepresentation = do
 repr ← parseRepresentation "test/config.yaml"
 encode repr@? =
    (intercalate "\n"
      ["rotation:"
        rpLogLimitBytes: 5000000"
      ," rpKeepFilesNum: 10"
      " rpMaxAgeHours: 24"
      ,"defaultBackends:"
     ,"- KatipBK"
      ,"setupBackends:"
      ,"- AggregationBK"
```

```
"- EKGViewBK"
,"- KatipBK"
,"hasGUI: null"
,"defaultScribes:"
"- - StdoutSK"
   - stdout"
"options:"
   mapSubtrace:"
     iohk.benchmarking:"
       tag: ObservableTrace"
       contents:"
       - GhcRtsStats"
        - MonotonicClock"
     iohk.deadend: NoTrace"
   mapSeverity:"
     iohk.startup: Debug"
     iohk.background.process: Error"
     iohk.testing.uncritical: Warning"
   mapAggregatedkinds:"
      iohk.interesting.value: EwmaAK {alpha = 0.75}"
      iohk.background.process: StatsAK"
   cfokey:"
     value: Release-1.0.0"
   mapMonitors:"
     chain.creation.block:"
     - monitor: ((time > (23 s)) Or (time < (17 s)))"
     - actions:"
       - AlterMinSeverity \"chain.creation\" Debug"
     ! '#aggregation.critproc.observable':"
     - monitor: (mean >= (42))"
     - actions:"
        - CreateMessage \"exceeded\" \"the observable has been too long too high
       - AlterGlobalMinSeverity Info"
   mapScribes:"
     iohk.interesting.value:"
     - StdoutSK::stdout"
     - FileTextSK::testlog"
     iohk.background.process: FileTextSK::testlog"
   mapBackends:"
     iohk.interesting.value:"
     - EKGViewBK"
     - AggregationBK"
"setupScribes:"
"- scName: testlog"
   scRotation:"
     rpLogLimitBytes: 25000000"
     rpKeepFilesNum: 3"
    rpMaxAgeHours: 24"
  scKind: FileTextSK"
 " scPrivacy: ScPrivate"
,"- scName: stdout"
```

```
scRotation: null"
          scKind: StdoutSK"
          scPrivacy: ScPublic"
      ,"hasEKG: 12789"
       "minSeverity: Info"
       ""-- to force a line feed at the end of the file
unitConfigurationParsed:: Assertion
unitConfigurationParsed = do
 cfg \leftarrow setup "test/config.yaml"
 cfgInternal \leftarrow readMVar \$ getCG cfg
 cfgInternal @? = ConfigurationInternal
    {cgMinSeverity
                      =Info
    ,cgMapSeverity
                      = HM.fromList [("iohk.startup", Debug)
                        ,("iohk.background.process",Error)
                        ,("iohk.testing.uncritical", Warning)
    ,cgMapSubtrace
                      = HM.fromList [("iohk.benchmarking",
                             ObservableTrace[GhcRtsStats,MonotonicClock])
                        ,("iohk.deadend",NoTrace)
                      = HM.fromList
    ,cgOptions
      [("mapSubtrace",
        HM.fromList[("iohk.benchmarking",
                      Object (HM.fromList [("tag", String "ObservableTrace")
                        ,("contents", Array $ V. from List
                                        [String "GhcRtsStats"
                                       ,String "MonotonicClock"])]))
          ,("iohk.deadend", String "NoTrace")])
      , ("mapMonitors", HM. \textit{fromList}\ [ ("chain.creation.block", Array \$\ V. \textit{fromList}\ ]
                        [Object (HM.fromList [("monitor", String"((time > (23 s)) Or (time < (
                        , Object \ (HM.fromList \ [ \ ("actions", Array \$ \ V.fromList \ )))) \\
                            [String "AlterMinSeverity \"chain.creation\" Debug"])])])
        ,("#aggregation.critproc.observable", Array $ V.fromList
                        [Object (HM.fromList [("monitor", String "(mean >= (42))")])
                        , Object (HM.fromList [("actions", Array $ V.fromList
                            [\mathit{String} "CreateMessage \"exceeded\" \"the observable has been t
                            ,String "AlterGlobalMinSeverity Info"])])])
      ,("mapSeverity",HM.fromList[("iohk.startup",String "Debug")
        ,("iohk.background.process",String "Error")
        ,("iohk.testing.uncritical",String "Warning")])
      ,("mapAggregatedkinds",HM.fromList[("iohk.interesting.value",
                                        String "EwmaAK \{alpha = 0.75\}")
                                     ,("iohk.background.process",
                                        String "StatsAK")])
      ,("cfokey", HM.fromList[("value", String "Release-1.0.0")])
      ,("mapScribes",HM.fromList[("iohk.interesting.value",
                        Array $ V.fromList [String "StdoutSK::stdout"
                          ,String "FileTextSK::testlog"])
        ,("iohk.background.process",String "FileTextSK::testlog")])
```

```
,("mapBackends", HM.fromList[("iohk.interesting.value",
                       Array $ V.fromList [String "EKGViewBK"
                         ,String "AggregationBK"
                         ])])
                 = HM.fromList [("iohk.interesting.value"
,cgMapBackend
                     ,[EKGViewBK
                       , Aggregation BK
,cgDefBackendKs
                 = [KatipBK]
,cgSetupBackends
                 = [
                     AggregationBK
                     EKGViewBK
                   ,KatipBK]
                 = HM.fromList [("iohk.interesting.value",
,cgMapScribe
                       ["StdoutSK::stdout", "FileTextSK::testlog"])
                   ,("iohk.background.process",["FileTextSK::testlog"])
,cgMapScribeCache = HM.fromList[("iohk.interesting.value",
                       ["StdoutSK::stdout", "FileTextSK::testlog"])
                   ,("iohk.background.process",["FileTextSK::testlog"])
,cgDefScribes
                 = ["StdoutSK::stdout"]
,cgSetupScribes
                 = [ScribeDefinition
                              = FileTextSK
                     {scKind
                                = "testlog"
                     ,scName
                     ,scPrivacy = ScPrivate
                     ,scRotation = Just $ RotationParameters
                       {rpLogLimitBytes = 25000000
                       ,rpMaxAgeHours = 24
                       , rpKeepFilesNum = 3
                     }
                   ,ScribeDefinition
                     \{scKind = StdoutSK\}
                     ,scName = "stdout"
                     ,scPrivacy = ScPublic
                     ,scRotation = Nothing
, cgMapAggregatedKind = HM.fromList[("iohk.interesting.value", EwmaAK \{alpha = 0.75\})
                   ,("iohk.background.process",StatsAK)
, cgDefAggregatedKind = StatsAK
,cgMonitors
                 = HM.fromList[("chain.creation.block",((OR (Compare "time" ((>),(Agg.Sec
                   ,["AlterMinSeverity \"chain.creation\" Debug"]
```

```
("#aggregation.critproc.observable", (Compare "mean" ((<math>\geqslant), (Agg.PureI 4))
                             ,["CreateMessage \"exceeded\" \"the observable has been too lone
                             ,"AlterGlobalMinSeverity Info"]
      ,cgPortEKG
                         =12789
      ,cgPortGUI
                         = 0
Test caching and inheritance of Scribes.
  unitConfigurationCheckScribeCache:: Assertion
  unitConfigurationCheckScribeCache = \mathbf{do}
    configuration \leftarrow empty
    let defScribes = ["FileTextSK::node.log"]
    setDefaultScribes configuration defScribes
    let scribes12 = ["StdoutSK::stdout", "FileTextSK::out.txt"]
    setScribes configuration "name1.name2" $ Just scribes12
    scribes1234 ← getScribes configuration "name1.name2.name3.name4"
    scribes1 ← getScribes configuration "name1"
    scribes 1234 cached \leftarrow get Cached Scribes \ configuration "name 1.name 2.name 3.name 4"
    scribesXcached ← getCachedScribes configuration "nameX"
    assertBool "Scribes for name1.name2.name3.name4 must be the same as name1.name2"$
      scribes1234 \equiv scribes12
    assertBool "Scribes for name1 must be the default ones"$
      scribes1 \equiv defScribes
    assertBool "Scribes for name1.name2.name3.name4 must have been cached" $
      scribes1234cached \equiv Just scribes1234
    assertBool "Scribes for nameX must not have been cached since getScribes was not called
      scribesXcached \equiv Nothing
Test operations on Configuration.
  unitConfigurationOps::Assertion
  unitConfigurationOps = \mathbf{do}
    configuration \leftarrow defaultConfigStdout
    defBackends \leftarrow getDefaultBackends configuration
    setDefaultAggregatedKind configuration $ EwmaAK 0.01
    -- since loggername does not exist the default must be inherited
    defAggregatedKind ← getAggregatedKind configuration "non-existent loggername"
    setAggregatedKind configuration "name1" $ Just StatsAK
    name1AggregatedKind ← getAggregatedKind configuration "name1"
    setEKGport configuration 11223
    ekgPort \leftarrow getEKGport configuration
    setGUIport configuration 1080
    guiPort ← getGUIport configuration
    assertBool "Default backends" $
      defBackends \equiv [KatipBK]
    assertBool "Default aggregated kind"$
```

```
defAggregatedKind = EwmaAK 0.01
assertBool "Specific name aggregated kind" $
name1AggregatedKind = StatsAK
assertBool "Set EKG port" $
ekgPort = 11223
assertBool "Set GUI port" $
guiPort = 1080
```

# 2.4.5 Rotator

```
tests :: TestTree
tests = testGroup "testing Trace" [
  property_tests
property_tests::TestTree
property_tests = testGroup "Property tests" [
  testProperty "rotator: file naming" propNaming
# ifdef POSIX
  ,testProperty "rotator: cleanup" $ propCleanup $ rot n
# endif
# ifdef POSIX
  where
    n=5
    rot num = RotationParameters
      \{rpLogLimitBytes = 10000000-- 10 MB\}
      ,rpMaxAgeHours = 24
      ,rpKeepFilesNum = num
# endif
```

Check that the generated file name has only 15 digits added to the base name.

```
propNaming:: FilePath \rightarrow Property
propNaming name = ioProperty $ do
filename \leftarrow nameLogFile name
return $ length filename === length name + 15
```

## Test cleanup of rotator.

This test creates a random number of files with the same name but with different dates and afterwards it calls the *cleanupRotator* function which removes old log files keeping only <code>rpKeepFilesNum</code> files and deleting the others.

```
# ifdef POSIX
data LocalFilePath = Dir FilePath
deriving (Show)
instance Arbitrary LocalFilePath where
```

```
arbitrary = do
       start \leftarrow QC.sized \$ \lambda n \rightarrow replicateM (n + 1) (QC.elements \$ ['a'..'z'])
       x \leftarrow QC.sized \$ \lambda n \rightarrow replicateM \ n \ (QC.elements \$ ['a'..'d'] + "/")
       pure $ Dir $ start ++ removeAdjacentAndLastSlashes x
  shrink (Dir path) = map (Dir o removeAdjacentAndLastSlashes o (intercalate " / ")) $
       product'$ map (filter (≠ ""))$ map QC.shrink (splitOn " / " path)
    where
       product' :: [[a]] \rightarrow [[a]]
       product' = mapM (\lambda x \rightarrow x \gg return)
removeAdjacentAndLastSlashes :: FilePath \rightarrow FilePath
removeAdjacentAndLastSlashes = concat \circ filter (\not\equiv "/") \circ groupBy (\_b \rightarrow b \not\equiv '/')
data SmallAndLargeInt = SL Int
  deriving (Show)
instance Arbitrary SmallAndLargeInt where
  arbitrary = do
       QC.oneof [smallGen
         ,largeGen
    where
       smallGen :: QC.Gen SmallAndLargeInt
       smallGen = do
         QC.Small \ x \leftarrow (QC.arbitrary :: QC.Gen \ (QC.Small \ Int))
         pure $ SL $ abs x
       largeGen :: QC.Gen SmallAndLargeInt
       largeGen = do
         minBoundary = 0000000010000--1 hour for the format which is used
         x \leftarrow QC.choose (minBoundary, maxBoundary)
         pure \$ SL x
  shrink = []
data NumFiles = NF Int deriving (Show)
instance Arbitrary NumFiles where
  arbitrary = QC.oneof[return(NF 0), return(NF 1), return(NF 5), return(NF 7)]
propCleanup :: RotationParameters \rightarrow LocalFilePath \rightarrow NumFiles \rightarrow SmallAndLargeInt \rightarrow Property
propCleanup rotationParams (Dir filename) (NF nFiles) (SL maxDev) = QC.withMaxSuccess 20 $ ioProperty
  tmpDir0 \leftarrow getTemporaryDirectory
  let tmpDir = tmpDir0 < / > "rotatorTest.base"
  let path = tmpDir < / > filename
  -- generate nFiles different dates
  now \leftarrow getCurrentTime
  let tsnow = formatTime\ defaultTimeLocale\ tsformat\ now
  deviations \leftarrow replicateM \ nFiles \ QC.generate \ QC.choose \ (1, maxDev + 1)
  -- TODO if generated within the same sec we have a problem
  let dates = map show \$ scanl (+) (read tsnow) deviations
       files = map (\lambda a \rightarrow path + ('-':a)) dates
       sortedFiles = reverse $ sort files
       keepFilesNum = fromIntegral $ rpKeepFilesNum rotationParams
       toBeKept = reverse $ take keepFilesNum sortedFiles
  createDirectoryIfMissing True $ takeDirectory path
```

```
forM_-(files) \ \ \lambda f \rightarrow openFile \ f \ WriteMode
cleanupRotator \ rotationParams \ path
filesRemained \leftarrow listLogFiles \ path
let \ kept = case \ filesRemained \ of
Nothing \rightarrow [\ ]
Just \ l \rightarrow NE.toList \ l
removeDirectoryRecursive \ tmpDir
return \ kept === toBeKept
\# \ endif
```

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