Cardano.BM - logging, benchmarking and monitoring

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November 2018

Abstract

This is a framework that combines logging, benchmarking and monitoring. Complex evaluations of STM or monadic actions can be observed from outside while reading operating system counters before and after, and calculating their differences, thus relating resource usage to such actions. Through interactive configuration, the runtime behaviour of logging or the measurement of resource usage can be altered. Further reduction in logging can be achieved by redirecting log messages to an aggregation function which will output the running statistics with less frequency than the original message.

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Chapter 1

Logging, benchmarking and monitoring

1.1 Overview

In figure 1.1 we display the relationships among modules in *Cardano.BM*. Central is the Switchboard (see Cardano.BM.Output.Switchboard) that will redirect incoming log messages to selected backends according the Configuration (see Cardano.BM.Configuration.Model). The log items are created in the application's context and passed via a hierarchy of Traces (see Cardano.BM.Trace). Such a hierarchy can be built with the function subTrace. The newly added child Trace will add its name to the logging context and behave as configured. Among the different kinds of Traces implemented are NoTrace which suppresses all log items, FilterTrace which filters the log items passing through it, and ObservableTrace which allows capturing of operating system counters (see Cardano.BM.Data.SubTrace). The backend EKGView (see Cardano.BM.Output.EKGView) displays selected values in a browser. The Log backend is based on *katip* and outputs log items in files or the console. The format can be chosen to be textual or JSON representation. And finally, the Aggregation backend computes simple statistics over incoming log items (e.g. last, min, max, mean, etc.) (see Cardano.BM.Data.Aggregated).

Output selection determines which log items of a named context are routed to which backend. In the case of the Log output, this includes a configured output sink (e.g. which file). Items that are aggregated lead to the creation of an output of their current statistics. To prevent a potential infinite loop these aggregation statistics cannot be routed again back into the Aggregation.

With *Monitoring* we aim to shortcut the logging-analysis cycle and immediately evaluate monitors on logged values when they become available. In case a monitor is triggered a number of actions can be run: either internal actions that can alter the Configuration, or actions that can lead to alerting in external systems.

It is not the intention that this framework should (as part of normal use) record sufficient information so as to make the sequence of events reproducible, i.e. it is not an audit or transaction log.

1.2 Requirements

1.2.1 Observables

We can observe the passage of the flow of execution through particular points in the code (really the points at which the graph is reduced). Typically observables would be part of an outcome (which has a start and an end). Where the environment permits these outcomes could also

gather additional environmental context (e.g read system counters, 'know' the time). The proposed framework would be able to aggregate, filter such outcome measures so as to calculation things (where appropriate) such as:

- min/max/mean/variance of the resource costs of achieving an outcome
- elapsed wall-clock time
- CPU cycles
- memory allocations, etc
- exponentially weighted moving average of outcomes, events
- min/max/mean/variance of inter-arrival times of demand for service (the arrival pattern)
- measuring offered load against the system (e.g rate/distribution of requests against the wallet by an exchange, transactions being forwarded between nodes)

STM evaluation

We treat STM evaluation as a black box and register measurables (counters) before entering, and report the difference at exit together with the result. Logging in an STM will keep a list of log items which at the exit of the evaluation will be passed to the logging subsystem. Since we do not know the exact time an event occurred in the STM action, we annotate the event afterwards with the time interval of the STM action.

Function evaluation

We treat a function call as a black box and register measurables (counters) before entering, and report the difference at exit together with the result. The function is expected to accept a 'Trace' argument which receives the events.

QuickCheck properties tentatively

The function

```
quickCheckResult :: Testable prop => prop -> IO Result
```

will return a *Result* data structure from which we can extract the number of tests performed. Recording the start and end times allows us to derive the time spent for a single test. (although this measurement is wrong as it includes the time spent in QuickCheck setting up the test case (and shrinking?))

1.2.2 Traces

Log items are sent as streams of events to the logging system for processing (aggregation, ..) before output. Functions that need to log events must accept a *Trace* argument. There is no monad related to logging in the monad stack, thus this can work in any monadic environment.

Trace Context

A Trace maintains a named context stack. A new name can be put onto it, and all subsequent log messages are labeled with this named context. This is also true to all downstream functions which receive the modified Trace. We thus can see the call tree and how the evaluation entered the context where a logging function was called. The context also maintains a mapping from name to Severity: this way a logging function call can early end and not produce a log item when the minimum severity is not reached.

SubTrace

A Trace is created in *IO* within setupTrace with the intent to pass the traced items to a downstream logging framework for outputting to various destinations in different formats. Apart from adding a name to the naming stack we can also alter the behaviour of the Trace. The newly created Trace with a specific function to process the recorded items will forward these to the upstream Trace. This way we can, for example, locally turn on aggregation of observables and only report a summary to the logs.

1.2.3 Aggregation

Log items contain a named context, severity and a payload (message, structured value). Thinking of a relation

```
(name, severity) -> value
```

, folding a summarizing function over it outputs

```
(name, severity) -> Summary
```

- . Depending on the type of *value*, the summary could provide for example:
 - *: first, last, count, the time between events (mean, sigma)
 - Num: min, max, median, quartiles, mean, sigma, the delta between events (mean, sigma)

Other possible aggregations:

- exponentially weighted moving average
- histograms

1.2.4 Monitoring

- Enable (or disable) measuring events and performance at runtime (e.g. measure how block holding time has changed).
- Send alarms when observables give evidence for abnormalities
- Observe actions in progress, i.e. have started and not yet finished
- Bridge to Datadog?

1.2.5 Reporting

We might want to buffer events in case an exception is detected. This FIFO queue could then be output to the log for post-factum inspection.

1.2.6 Visualisation

EKG

https://hackage.haskell.org/package/ekg

This library allows live monitor a running instance over HTTP. There is a way we can add our own metrics to it and update them.

Log files

The output of observables immediately or aggregated to log files. The format is chosen to be JSON for easier post-processing.

Web app

Could combine EKG, log files and parameterization into one GUI. (e.g. https://github.com/HeinrichApfelmus/threepenny-gui)

1.3 Description

1.3.1 Logging with Trace

Setup procedure

Hierarchy of Traces

1.3.2 Micro-benchmarks record observables

Micro-benchmarks are recording observables that measure resource usage of the whole program for a specific time. These measurements are then associated with the subsystem that was observed at that time. Caveat: if the executable under observation runs on a multiprocessor computer where more than one parallel thread executes at the same time, it becomes difficult to associate resource usage to a single function. Even more so, as Haskell's thread do not map directly to operating system threads. So the expressiveness of our approach is only valid statistically when a large number of observables have been captured.

Counters

The framework provides access to the following O/S counters (defined in ObservableInstance) on *Linux*:

- monotonic clock (see MonotonicClock)
- CPU or total time (/proc/<pid >/stat) (see ProcessStats)
- memory allocation (/proc/<pid >/statm) (see MemoryStats)

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- network bytes received/sent (/proc/<pid >/net/netstat) (see NetStats)
- disk input/output (/proc/<pid >/io) (see IOStats)

On all platforms, access is provided to the RTS counters (see GhcRtsStats).

Implementing micro-benchmarks

In a micro-benchmark we capture operating system counters over an STM evaluation or a function, before and afterwards. Then, we compute the difference between the two and report all three measurements via a *Trace* to the logging system. Here we refer to the example that can be found in complex example.

The capturing of STM actions is defined in Cardano.BM.Observer.STM and the function STM.bracketObserveIO has type:

```
{\tt STM.bracket0bserveI0\ trace\ "observeSTM"\ (stmAction\ args)}
```

```
bracket0bserveI0 :: Trace I0 -> Text -> STM.STM t -> I0 t
```

It accepts a Trace to which it logs, adds a

name to the context name and enters this with a SubTrace, and finally the STM action which will be evaluated. Because this evaluation can be retried, we cannot pass to it a Trace to which it could log directly. A variant of this function bracketObserveLogIO also captures log items in its result, which then are threaded through the Trace.

Capturing observables for a function evaluation in *IO*, the type of bracketObserveIO (defined in Cardano.BM.Observer.Monadic) is:

```
bracket0bserveI0 :: Trace I0 -> Text -> I0 t -> I0 t
```

It accepts a Trace to which it logs items, adds a name to the context name and enters this with a SubTrace, and then the IO action which will be evaluated.

Counters are evaluated before the evaluation and afterwards. We trace these as log items ObserveOpen and ObserveClose, as well as the difference with type ObserveDiff.

```
bracketObserveIO trace "observeDownload" $ do
    license <- openURI "http://www.gnu.org/licenses/gpl.txt"
    case license of
        Right bs -> logInfo trace $ pack $ BS8.unpack bs
        Left e -> logError trace $ "failed to download; error: " ++ (show e)
    threadDelay 50000 -- .05 second
    pure ()
```

Configuration of mu-benchmarks

Observed STM actions or functions enter a new named context with a SubTrace. Thus, they need a configuration of the behaviour of this SubTrace in the new context. We can define this in the configuration for our example:

```
CM.setSubTrace c "complex.observeDownload" (Just $ ObservableTrace [NetStats,IOStats])
```

This enables the capturing of network and I/O stats from the operating system. Other Observables are implemented in Cardano.BM.Data.Observable.

Captured observables need to be routed to backends. In our example we configure:

```
CM.setBackends c "complex.observeIO" (Just [AggregationBK])
```

to direct observables from named context complex.observeIO to the Aggregation backend.

1.3.3 Information reduction in Aggregation

Statistics

Configuration

1.3.4 Output selection

Configuration

1.3.5 Monitoring

Configuration

Evaluation of monitors

Actions fired

1.4 Examples

1.4.1 Simple example showing plain logging

```
{-# LANGUAGE OverloadedStrings #-}
module Main
  (main)
  where
import Control.Concurrent (threadDelay)
import Cardano.BM.Configuration.Static (defaultConfigStdout)
import Cardano.BM.Setup (setupTrace)
import Cardano.BM.Trace (logDebug, logError, logInfo, logNotice,
          logWarning)
main :: IO ()
main = do
  c \leftarrow defaultConfigStdout
  tr \leftarrow \mathbf{setupTrace} (Right c) \text{ "simple"}
  logDebug tr "this is a debug message"
  logInfo tr "this is an information."
  logNotice tr "this is a notice!"
  logWarning tr "this is a warning!"
  logError tr "this is an error!"
  threadDelay 80000
  return ()
```

1.4.2 Complex example showing logging, aggregation, and observing IO actions

Module header and import directives

```
{-# LANGUAGE CPP #-}
{-# LANGUAGE OverloadedStrings #-}
```

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```
# if defined (linux_HOST_OS)
# define LINUX
# endif
module Main
  (main)
  where
import Control.Concurrent (threadDelay)
import qualified Control.Concurrent.Async as Async
import Control.Monad (forM, forM_)
import GHC.Conc.Sync (STM, TVar, atomically, newTVar, readTVar, writeTVar)
import Data.Text (pack)
# ifdef LINUX
import qualified Data.ByteString.Char8 as BS8
import Network.Download (openURI)
# endif
import System.Random
import qualified Cardano.BM.Configuration.Model as CM
import Cardano.BM.Data.Aggregated (Measurable (...))
import Cardano.BM.Data.AggregatedKind
import Cardano.BM.Data.BackendKind
import Cardano.BM.Data.LogItem
import Cardano.BM.Data.Observable
import Cardano.BM.Data.Output
import Cardano.BM.Data.Rotation
import Cardano.BM.Data.Severity
import Cardano.BM.Data.SubTrace
import Cardano.BM.Observer.Monadic (bracketObserveIO)
import qualified Cardano.BM.Observer.STM as STM
import Cardano.BM.Setup
import Cardano.BM.Trace
```

Define configuration

Selected values can be viewed in EKG on http://localhost:12789.

```
config :: IO CM.Configuration
config = do
    c ← CM.empty
    CM.setMinSeverity c Debug
    CM.setSetupBackends c [KatipBK, AggregationBK, EKGViewBK]
    CM.setDefaultBackends c [KatipBK]
    CM.setSetupScribes c [ScribeDefinition {
        scName = "stdout"
        ,scKind = StdoutSK
        ,scRotation = Nothing
        }
    ,ScribeDefinition {
```

```
scName = "logs/out.odd.json"
             ,scKind = FileJsonSK
             , scRotation = Nothing
        ,ScribeDefinition {
             scName = "logs/out.even.json"
             ,scKind = FileJsonSK
             , scRotation = Nothing
        ,ScribeDefinition {
             scName = "logs/downloading.json"
             ,scKind = FileIsonSK
             , scRotation = Nothing
        ,ScribeDefinition {
             scName = "logs/out.txt"
             ,scKind = FileTextSK
             ,scRotation = Just $ RotationParameters
                  \{rpLogLimitBytes = 5000-- 5kB\}
                  ,rpMaxAgeHours = 24
                  , rpKeepFilesNum = 3
             }
    CM.setDefaultScribes c [ "StdoutSK::stdout" ]
    CM.setScribes c "complex.random" (Just ["StdoutSK::stdout", "FileTextSK::logs/out.txt"])
    CM.setScribes c "#aggregated.complex.random" (Just ["StdoutSK::stdout"])
   for M_{-}[(1::Int)...10] $ \lambda x \rightarrow
        if odd x
        then
              CM.setScribes\ c\ ("\#aggregation.complex.observeSTM." <> (pack <math>\$show\ x)) \$Just\ ["FileJsonSK::localized for the state of the stat
        else
              CM.setScribes\ c\ ("\#aggregation.complex.observeSTM." <> (pack \$ show\ x)) \$ Just\ ["FileJsonSK::lo
# ifdef LINUX
    CM.setSubTrace c "complex.observeDownload" (Just $ ObservableTrace [IOStats, NetStats])
    CM.setBackends c "complex.observeDownload" (Just [KatipBK])
    CM.setScribes c "complex.observeDownload" (Just ["StdoutSK::stdout", "FileJsonSK::logs/downloa
    CM.setSubTrace c "complex.random" (Just $ TeeTrace "ewma")
    CM.setSubTrace c "#ekgview"
        (Just $ FilterTrace [ (Drop (StartsWith "#ekgview.#aggregation.complex.random"),
                  Unhide [(EndsWith ".count"),
                       (EndsWith ".avg"),
                       (EndsWith ".mean")]),
             (Drop (StartsWith "#ekgview.#aggregation.complex.observeIO"),
                  Unhide [(Contains "diff.RTS.cpuNs.timed.")]),
             (Drop (StartsWith "#ekgview.#aggregation.complex.observeSTM"),
```

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```
Unhide [(Contains "diff.RTS.gcNum.timed.")]),
    (Drop (StartsWith "#ekgview.#aggregation.complex.message"),
      Unhide [(Contains ".timed.m")])
CM.setSubTrace c "complex.observeI0" (Just $ ObservableTrace [GhcRtsStats, MemoryStats])
for M_{-}[(1::Int)...10] $ \lambda x \rightarrow
  CM.setSubTrace
    С
    ("complex.observeSTM." <> (pack \$ show x))
    (Just $ ObservableTrace [GhcRtsStats, MemoryStats])
CM.setBackends c "complex.message" (Just [AggregationBK, KatipBK])
CM.setBackends c "complex.random" (Just [AggregationBK, KatipBK])
CM.setBackends c "complex.random.ewma" (Just [AggregationBK])
CM.setBackends c "complex.observeI0" (Just [AggregationBK])
for M_{-}[(1 :: Int) ... 10] \$ \lambda x \to do
  CM.setBackends c
    ("complex.observeSTM." <> (pack \$ show x))
    (Just [AggregationBK])
  CM.setBackends c
    ("#aggregation.complex.observeSTM." <> (pack \$ show x))
    (Just [KatipBK])
CM.setAggregatedKind c "complex.random.rr" (Just StatsAK)
CM.setAggregatedKind c "complex.random.ewma.rr" (Just (EwmaAK 0.42))
CM.setBackends c "#aggregation.complex.message" (Just [EKGViewBK])
CM.setBackends c "#aggregation.complex.observeI0" (Just [EKGViewBK])
CM.setBackends c "#aggregation.complex.random" (Just [EKGViewBK])
CM.setBackends c "#aggregation.complex.random.ewma" (Just [EKGViewBK])
CM.setEKGport c 12789
return c
```

Thread that outputs a random number to a Trace

```
randomThr :: Trace IO \rightarrow IO (Async.Async ())
randomThr trace = do

logInfo trace "starting random generator"

trace' \leftarrow subTrace "random" trace

proc \leftarrow Async.async (loop trace')

return proc

where

loop tr = do

threadDelay 500000 - 0.5 second

num \leftarrow randomRIO (42 - 42, 42 + 42):: IO Double

lo \leftarrow LogObject < $> mkLOMeta < *> pure (LogValue "rr" (PureD num))

traceNamedObject tr lo

loop tr
```

Thread that observes an IO action

```
observeIO:: Trace IO \rightarrow IO (Async.Async ())
observeIO trace = do
logInfo trace "starting observer"
proc \leftarrow Async.async (loop trace)
return proc
where
loop tr = do
threadDelay 5000000-5 seconds
-\leftarrow bracketObserveIO tr "observeIO" $do
num \leftarrow randomRIO (100000, 200000):: IO Int
ls \leftarrow return $reverse $init $reverse $42: [1..num]
pure $const ls ()
```

Threads that observe STM actions on the same TVar

```
observeSTM:: Trace IO \rightarrow IO [Async.Async ()]
observeSTM \ trace = \mathbf{do}
  logInfo trace "starting STM observer"
  tvar \leftarrow atomically \$ newTVar([1..1000]::[Int])
   -- spawn 10 threads
  proc \leftarrow forM[(1::Int)..10] \$ \lambda x \rightarrow Async.async (loop trace tvar (pack \$ show x))
  return proc
  where
     loop\ tr\ tvarlist\ name = \mathbf{do}
        threadDelay 10000000-- 10 seconds
        STM.bracketObserveIO tr ("observeSTM." <> name) (stmAction tvarlist)
        loop tr tvarlist name
stmAction :: TVar [Int] \rightarrow STM ()
stmAction\ tvarlist = \mathbf{do}
  list \leftarrow readTVar\ tvarlist
  writeTVar tvarlist $ reverse $ init $ reverse $ list
  pure()
```

Thread that observes an IO action which downloads a text in order to observe the I/O statistics

```
# ifdef LINUX observeDownload :: Trace IO \rightarrow IO (Async.Async ()) observeDownload trace = do proc \leftarrow Async.async (loop trace) return proc where loop tr = do
```

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```
threadDelay 1000000--1 second

tr' \leftarrow appendName "observeDownload" tr

bracketObserveIO tr' "" $ do

license \leftarrow openURI "http://www.gnu.org/licenses/gpl.txt"

case license of

Right bs \rightarrow logNotice tr' $ pack $ BS8.unpack bs

Left \_ \rightarrow return ()

threadDelay 50000-- .05 second

pure ()

loop tr

# endif
```

Thread that periodically outputs a message

```
msgThr:: Trace\ IO 	o IO\ (Async.Async\ ())
msgThr\ trace = do
logInfo\ trace\ "start\ messaging\ .."
trace' \leftarrow subTrace\ "message"\ trace
Async.async\ (loop\ trace')
where
loop\ tr = do
threadDelay\ 3000000--\ 3\ seconds
logNotice\ tr\ "N\ 0\ T\ I\ F\ I\ C\ A\ T\ I\ 0\ N\ !\ !\ !"
logDebug\ tr\ "a\ detailed\ debug\ message."
logError\ tr\ "Boooommm\ .."
loop\ tr
```

Main entry point

```
main :: IO()
main = do

-- create configuration
c \leftarrow config

-- create initial top-level Trace
tr \leftarrow setupTrace \ (Right \ c) "complex"

logNotice \ tr "starting program; hit CTRL-C to terminate"
logInfo \ tr "watch its progress on http://localhost:12789"

{-start thread sending unbounded sequence of random numbers to a trace which aggregates them into a procRandom \leftarrow randomThr tr

-- start thread endlessly reversing lists of random length procObsvIO \leftarrow observeIO tr

-- start threads endlessly observing STM actions operating on the same TVar procObsvSTMs \leftarrow observeSTM \ tr

# ifdef LINUX
```

```
-- start thread endlessly which downloads sth in order to check the I/O usage
 procObsvDownload \leftarrow observeDownload tr
# endif
 -- start a thread to output a text messages every n seconds
 procMsg \leftarrow msgThr\ tr
 -- wait for message thread to finish, ignoring any exception
 \_\leftarrow Async.waitCatch\ procMsg
# ifdef LINUX
 -- wait for download thread to finish, ignoring any exception
 \_\leftarrow Async.waitCatch\ procObsvDownload
# endif
 -- wait for observer thread to finish, ignoring any exception
 \_ \leftarrow forM \ procObsvSTMs \ Async.waitCatch
 -- wait for observer thread to finish, ignoring any exception
 \_\leftarrow Async.waitCatch\ procObsvIO
 -- wait for random thread to finish, ignoring any exception
 \_\leftarrow Async.waitCatch\ procRandom
 return ()
```

1.5 Code listings

1.5.1 Cardano.BM.Observer.STM

```
stmWithLog :: STM.STM (t, [LogObject]) \rightarrow STM.STM (t, [LogObject])
stmWithLog action = action
```

Observe STM action in a named context

With given name, create a SubTrace according to Configuration and run the passed STM action on it.

```
bracketObserveIO :: Trace IO \rightarrow Text \rightarrow STM.STM\ t \rightarrow IO\ t
bracketObserveIO logTrace0\ name\ action = \mathbf{do}
logTrace \leftarrow \mathbf{subTrace}\ name\ logTrace0
let subtrace = \mathbf{typeofTrace}\ logTrace
bracketObserveIO'\ subtrace\ logTrace\ action
where
bracketObserveIO'\ :: \mathbf{SubTrace} \rightarrow \mathbf{Trace}\ IO \rightarrow STM.STM\ t \rightarrow IO\ t
bracketObserveIO'\ NoTrace\ _\ act =
STM.atomically\ act
bracketObserveIO'\ subtrace\ logTrace\ act = \mathbf{do}
mCountersid \leftarrow observeOpen\ subtrace\ logTrace
-- run action; if an exception is caught, then it will be logged and rethrown.
t \leftarrow (STM.atomically\ act)\ 'catch'\ (\lambda(e::SomeException) \rightarrow (logError\ logTrace\ (pack\ (show\ e)) \gg throwM\ e)
\mathbf{case}\ mCountersid\ of
```

```
Left openException →

-- since observeOpen faced an exception there is no reason to call observeClose

-- however the result of the action is returned

logNotice logTrace ("ObserveOpen: " <> pack (show openException))

Right countersid → do

res ← observeClose subtrace logTrace countersid []

case res of

Left ex → logNotice logTrace ("ObserveClose: " <> pack (show ex))

_ → pure ()

pure t
```

Observe STM action in a named context and output captured log items

pure t

The *STM* action might output messages, which after "success" will be forwarded to the logging trace. Otherwise, this function behaves the same as Observe *STM* action in a named context.

```
bracketObserveLogIO :: Trace IO \rightarrow Text \rightarrow STM.STM (t, [LogObject]) \rightarrow IO t
bracketObserveLogIO logTrace0 name action = do
     logTrace ← subTrace name logTrace0
     let subtrace = typeofTrace logTrace
     bracketObserveLogIO' subtrace logTrace action
  where
     bracketObserveLogIO' :: SubTrace \rightarrow Trace\ IO \rightarrow STM.STM\ (t,[LogObject]) \rightarrow IO\ t
     bracketObserveLogIO' NoTrace _ act = do
       (t, \_) \leftarrow STM.atomically \$ stmWithLog act
       pure t
     bracketObserveLogIO' subtrace\ logTrace\ act = \mathbf{do}
       mCountersid \leftarrow observeOpen subtrace logTrace
       -- run action, return result and log items; if an exception is
       -- caught, then it will be logged and rethrown.
       (t, as) \leftarrow (STM.atomically \$ stmWithLog act) 'catch'
            (\lambda(e :: SomeException) \rightarrow (logError logTrace (pack (show e)) \gg throwMe))
       case mCountersid of
          Left openException \rightarrow
            -- since observeOpen faced an exception there is no reason to call observeClose
            -- however the result of the action is returned
            logNotice logTrace ("ObserveOpen: " <> pack (show openException))
          Right countersid \rightarrow do
            res \leftarrow observeClose subtrace logTrace countersid as
            case res of
               Left ex \rightarrow logNotice logTrace ("ObserveClose: " <> pack (show ex))
               -\rightarrow pure()
```

1.5.2 Cardano.BM.Observer.Monadic

Monadic.bracketObserverIO

Observes an *IO* action and adds a name to the logger name of the passed in Trace. An empty *Text* leaves the logger name untouched.

Microbenchmarking steps:

1. Create a trace which will have been configured to observe things besides logging.

```
import qualified Cardano.BM.Configuration.Model as CM
000
c \leftarrow config
trace@(ctx, \_) \leftarrow setupTrace(Right c) "demo-playground"
    config:: IO CM.Configuration
    config = \mathbf{do}
       c \leftarrow CM.empty
       CM.setMinSeverity c Debug
       CM.setSetupBackends c [KatipBK, AggregationBK]
       CM.setDefaultBackends c [KatipBK, AggregationBK]
       CM.setSetupScribes c [ScribeDefinition {
         scName = "stdout"
         ,scKind = StdoutSK
         , scRotation = Nothing
       CM.setDefaultScribes c [ "StdoutSK::stdout" ]
       return c
```

2. *c* is the Configuration of *trace*. In order to enable the collection and processing of measurements (min, max, mean, std-dev) *AggregationBK* is needed.

```
CM.setDefaultBackends c [KatipBK, AggregationBK]
```

in a configuration file (YAML) means

```
defaultBackends:

– KatipBK

– AggregationBK
```

3. Set the measurements that you want to take by changing the configuration of the *trace* using setSubTrace, in order to declare the namespace where we want to enable the particular measurements and the list with the kind of measurements.

```
CM.setSubTrace
  (configuration ctx)
  "demo-playground.submit-tx"
  (Just $ ObservableTrace observableSet)
```

```
where
       observablesSet = [MonotonicClock, MemoryStats]
4. Find an action to measure. e.g.:
  runProtocolWithPipe \ x \ hdl \ proto \ `catch' \ (\lambda ProtocolStopped \rightarrow return \ ())
and use bracketObserveIO. e.g.:
  bracketObserveIO trace "submit-tx"$
     runProtocolWithPipe \ x \ hdl \ proto 'catch' (\lambda ProtocolStopped \rightarrow return ())
  bracketObserveIO:: Trace IO \rightarrow Text \rightarrow IO t \rightarrow IO t
  bracketObserveIO logTrace0 name action = do
       logTrace \leftarrow subTrace \ name \ logTrace0
       bracketObserveIO' (typeofTrace logTrace) logTrace action
     where
       bracketObserveIO' :: SubTrace \rightarrow Trace IO \rightarrow IO t \rightarrow IO t
       bracketObserveIO' NoTrace _ act = act
       bracketObserveIO' subtrace logTrace act = \mathbf{do}
          mCountersid \leftarrow observeOpen subtrace logTrace
          -- run action; if an exception is caught will be logged and rethrown.
          t \leftarrow act 'catch' (\lambda(e :: SomeException) \rightarrow (logError logTrace (pack (show e)) \gg throwMe))
          case mCountersid of
             Left openException \rightarrow
               -- since observeOpen faced an exception there is no reason to call observeClose
               -- however the result of the action is returned
               logNotice logTrace ("ObserveOpen: " <> pack (show openException))
             Right countersid \rightarrow do
               res \leftarrow observeClose subtrace logTrace countersid []
               case res of
                  Left ex \rightarrow logNotice logTrace ("ObserveClose: " <> pack (show ex))
                  \_ \rightarrow pure ()
          pure t
```

Monadic.bracketObserverM

Observes a $MonadIO\ m \Rightarrow m$ action and adds a name to the logger name of the passed in Trace. An empty Text leaves the logger name untouched.

```
bracketObserveM :: (MonadCatch m, MonadIO m) \Rightarrow Trace IO \rightarrow Text \rightarrow m \ t \rightarrow m \ t

bracketObserveM logTrace0 name action = do

logTrace \leftarrow liftIO $ subTrace name logTrace0

bracketObserveM' (typeofTrace logTrace) logTrace action

where

bracketObserveM' :: (MonadCatch m, MonadIO m) \Rightarrow SubTrace \rightarrow Trace IO \rightarrow m \ t \rightarrow m \ t

bracketObserveM' NoTrace \_ act = act
```

```
bracketObserveM' subtrace logTrace act = \mathbf{do}
  mCountersid \leftarrow liftIO \$ observeOpen subtrace logTrace
  -- run action; if an exception is caught will be logged and rethrown.
  t \leftarrow act'catch'
     (\lambda(e :: SomeException) \rightarrow (liftIO (logError logTrace (pack (show e)) \gg throwM e)))
  case mCountersid of
     Left openException \rightarrow
       \operatorname{\mathsf{--}} since observeOpen faced an exception there is no reason to call observeClose
       -- however the result of the action is returned
       liftIO $ logNotice logTrace ("ObserveOpen: " <> pack (show openException))
     Right countersid \rightarrow do
       res \leftarrow liftIO \$ observeClose subtrace logTrace countersid []
       case res of
          Left ex \rightarrow liftIO (logNotice logTrace ("ObserveClose: "<> pack (show ex)))
          \rightarrow pure()
  pure t
```

observerOpen

```
observeOpen :: SubTrace → Trace IO → IO (Either SomeException CounterState)
observeOpen subtrace logTrace = (do
identifier ← newUnique
-- take measurement
counters ← readCounters subtrace
let state = CounterState identifier counters
if counters ≡ []
then return ()
else do
-- send opening message to Trace
traceNamedObject logTrace ≠
LogObject < $ > mkLOMeta < * > pure (ObserveOpen state)
return (Right state)) 'catch' (return o Left)
```

observeClose

```
observeClose :: SubTrace → Trace IO → CounterState → [LogObject] → IO (Either SomeException ())
observeClose subtrace logTrace initState logObjects = (do
let identifier = csIdentifier initState
    initialCounters = csCounters initState
-- take measurement
counters ← readCounters subtrace
if counters ≡ []
then return ()
else do
mle ← mkLOMeta
```

```
-- send closing message to Trace
traceNamedObject logTrace$
   LogObject mle (ObserveClose (CounterState identifier counters))
-- send diff message to Trace
traceNamedObject logTrace$
   LogObject mle (ObserveDiff (CounterState identifier (diffCounters initialCounters counters)))
-- trace the messages gathered from inside the action
forM_logObjects$traceNamedObject logTrace
return (Right ()))'catch' (return o Left)
```

1.5.3 BaseTrace

Contravariant

A covariant is a functor: $F A \rightarrow F B$ A contravariant is a functor: $F B \rightarrow F A$

Op a b implements the inverse to 'arrow' " $getOp :: b \to a$ ", which when applied to a BaseTrace of type "Op (m ()) s", yields " $s \to m ()$ ". In our case, Op accepts an action in a monad m with input type LogNamed LogObject (see 'Trace').

```
newtype BaseTrace m s = BaseTrace \{runTrace :: Op (m ()) s\}
```

contramap

A covariant functor defines the function "fmap :: $(a \to b) \to f \ a \to f \ b$ ". In case of a contravariant functor, it is the dual function "contramap :: $(a \to b) \to f \ b \to f \ a$ " which is defined.

In the following instance, *runTrace* extracts type "Op(m()) s" to which contramap applies f, thus " $f s \rightarrow m()$ ". The constructor BaseTrace restores "Op(m()) (f s)".

```
instance Contravariant (BaseTrace m) where contramap f = BaseTrace \circ contramap f \circ runTrace
```

traceWith

Accepts a Trace and some payload s. First it gets the contravariant from the Trace as type "Op (m ()) s" and, after " $getOp::b \rightarrow a$ " which translates to " $s \rightarrow m ()$ ", calls the action on the LogNamed LogObject.

```
traceWith :: BaseTrace m s \rightarrow s \rightarrow m ()
traceWith = getOp \circ runTrace
```

natTrace

Natural transformation from monad m to monad n.

```
natTrace :: (forall\ x \circ m\ x \to n\ x) \to BaseTrace\ m\ s \to BaseTrace\ n\ s

natTrace nat (BaseTrace (Op\ tr)) = BaseTrace \$\ Op\ \$\ nat \circ tr
```

noTrace

A Trace that discards all inputs.

```
noTrace :: Applicative m \Rightarrow BaseTrace m a
noTrace = BaseTrace $ Op $ const (pure ())
```

1.5.4 Cardano.BM.Trace

Utilities

Natural transformation from monad m to monad n.

```
natTrace :: (forall \ x \circ m \ x \to n \ x) \to Trace \ m \to Trace \ n
natTrace nat \ (ctx, trace) = (ctx, BaseTrace.natTrace \ nat \ trace)
Access type of Trace.

typeofTrace :: Trace m \to SubTrace
typeofTrace (ctx, \_) = tracetype \ ctx
Update type of Trace.

updateTracetype :: SubTrace \to Trace \ m \to Trace \ m
updateTracetype subtr \ (ctx, tr) = (ctx \ \{tracetype = subtr\}, tr)
```

Enter new named context

The context name is created and checked that its size is below a limit (currently 80 chars). The minimum severity that a log message must be labelled with is looked up in the configuration and recalculated.

```
appendName :: MonadIO m ⇒ LoggerName → Trace m → m (Trace m)
appendName name (ctx, trace) = do

let prevLoggerName = loggerName ctx
    prevMinSeverity = minSeverity ctx
    newLoggerName = appendWithDot prevLoggerName name
globMinSeverity ← liftIO $ Config.minSeverity (configuration ctx)
namedSeverity ← liftIO $ Config.inspectSeverity (configuration ctx) newLoggerName
case namedSeverity of
Nothing → return (ctx {loggerName = newLoggerName}, trace)
Just sev → return (ctx {loggerName = newLoggerName
, minSeverity = max (max sev prevMinSeverity) globMinSeverity}
, trace)
appendWithDot :: LoggerName → LoggerName
appendWithDot trace newName = T.take 80 newName
appendWithDot xs newName = T.take 80 $ xs <> "." <> newName
```

Contramap a trace and produce the naming context

```
named :: BaseTrace.BaseTrace \ m \ (LogNamed \ i) \rightarrow LoggerName \rightarrow BaseTrace.BaseTrace \ m \ i
named \ trace \ name = contramap \ (LogNamed \ name) \ trace
```

Trace a LogObject through

```
traceNamedObject
   :: MonadIO m
   \Rightarrow Trace m
   → LogObject
   \rightarrow m ()
traceNamedObject trace@(ctx, logTrace) lo@(LogObject \_ lc) = do
  let lname = loggerName ctx
  doOutput \leftarrow \mathbf{case} \ (\mathbf{typeofTrace} \ trace) \ \mathbf{of}
     FilterTrace filters →
        case lc of
          LogValue loname \_ \rightarrow
             return $ evalFilters filters (lname <> " . " <> loname)
             return $ evalFilters filters lname
     TeeTrace secName \rightarrow do
        -- create a newly named copy of the LogObject
        BaseTrace.traceWith (named logTrace (lname <> " . " <> secName)) lo
       return True
     \_ \rightarrow return\ True
  if doOutput
  then BaseTrace.traceWith (named logTrace lname) lo
   else return ()
```

Evaluation of FilterTrace

A filter consists of a *DropName* and a list of *UnhideNames*. If the context name matches the *DropName* filter, then at least one of the *UnhideNames* must match the name to have the evaluation of the filters return *True*.

```
evalFilters :: [(DropName, UnhideNames)] \rightarrow LoggerName \rightarrow Bool

evalFilters fs \ nm =

all \ (\lambda(no, yes) \rightarrow if \ (dropFilter \ nm \ no) \ then \ (unhideFilter \ nm \ yes) \ else \ True) \ fs

where

dropFilter :: LoggerName \rightarrow DropName \rightarrow Bool

dropFilter \ name \ (Drop \ sel) = \ \{-not \ -\} \ (matchName \ name \ sel)

unhideFilter :: LoggerName \rightarrow UnhideNames \rightarrow Bool

unhideFilter \ (Unhide \ [\ ]) = False

unhideFilter \ name \ (Unhide \ us) = any \ (\lambda sel \rightarrow matchName \ name \ sel) \ us

matchName :: LoggerName \rightarrow NameSelector \rightarrow Bool
```

```
matchName\ name\ (Exact\ name') = name \equiv name' matchName\ name\ (StartsWith\ prefix) = T.isPrefixOf\ prefix\ name matchName\ name\ (EndsWith\ postfix) = T.isSuffixOf\ postfix\ name matchName\ name\ (Contains\ name') = T.isInfixOf\ name'\ name
```

Concrete Trace on stdout

This function returns a trace with an action of type "(LogNamed LogObject) \rightarrow *IO* ()" which will output a text message as text and all others as JSON encoded representation to the console.

TODO remove locallock

```
locallock :: MVar () \\ locallock = unsafePerformIO \$ newMVar () \\ \\ \textbf{stdoutTrace} :: TraceNamed IO \\ \textbf{stdoutTrace} = \textbf{BaseTrace}. \textbf{BaseTrace} \$ \textit{Op} \$ \lambda (\textbf{LogNamed } logname (\textbf{LogObject} \_ lc)) \rightarrow \\ \textit{withMVar } locallock \$ \setminus \_ \rightarrow \\ \textbf{case } lc \textbf{ of} \\ (\textbf{LogMessage } logItem) \rightarrow \\ \textit{output } logname \$ \textbf{liPayload } logItem \\ \textit{obj} \rightarrow \\ \textit{output } logname \$ toStrict (encodeToLazyText obj) \\ \textbf{where} \\ \textit{output } nm \ msg = TIO.putStrLn \$ nm <> " :: " <> msg \\ \end{aligned}
```

Concrete Trace into a TVar

```
traceInTVar :: STM.TVar \ [a] \rightarrow \textbf{BaseTrace}. \textbf{BaseTrace} \ STM.STM \ a traceInTVar \ tvar = \textbf{BaseTrace}. \textbf{BaseTrace} \ \$ \ Op \ \$ \ \lambda a \rightarrow STM.modifyTVar \ tvar \ ((:) \ a) traceInTVarIO :: STM.TVar \ [\textbf{LogObject}] \rightarrow \textbf{TraceNamed} \ IO traceInTVarIO \ tvar = \textbf{BaseTrace}. \textbf{BaseTrace} \ \$ \ Op \ \$ \ \lambda ln \rightarrow \\ STM.atomically \ \$ \ STM.modifyTVar \ tvar \ ((:) \ (lnItem \ ln)) traceNamedInTVarIO :: STM.TVar \ [\textbf{LogNamed LogObject}] \rightarrow \textbf{TraceNamed} \ IO traceNamedInTVarIO \ tvar = \textbf{BaseTrace}. \textbf{BaseTrace} \ \$ \ Op \ \$ \ \lambda ln \rightarrow \\ STM.atomically \ \$ \ STM.modifyTVar \ tvar \ ((:) \ ln)
```

Check a log item's severity against the Trace's minimum severity

do we need three different minSeverity defined?

We do a lookup of the global minSeverity in the configuration. And, a lookup of the minSeverity for the current named context. These values might have changed in the meanwhile. A third filter is the minSeverity defined in the current context.

```
traceConditionally :: MonadIO m
```

```
⇒ Trace m
→ LogObject
→ m ()

traceConditionally logTrace@(ctx, _) msg@(LogObject _ (LogMessage item)) = do

# ifdef MemoizeSeverity
    minsev ← liftIO $ getSeverity (configuration ctx) (minSeverity ctx) (loggerName ctx)

# else
    globminsev ← liftIO $ Config.minSeverity (configuration ctx)
    globnamesev ← liftIO $ Config.inspectSeverity (configuration ctx) (loggerName ctx)
    let minsev =
        max (minSeverity ctx) $ max globminsev $ fromMaybe Debug globnamesev

# endif
    let flag = (liSeverity item) ≥ minsev
    when flag $ traceNamedObject logTrace msg

traceConditionally logTrace logObject =
    traceNamedObject logTrace logObject
```

Enter message into a trace

The function traceNamedItem creates a LogObject and threads this through the action defined in the Trace.

```
traceNamedItem

:: MonadIO m

⇒ Trace m

→ LogSelection

→ Severity

→ T.Text

→ m ()

traceNamedItem trace p s m =

traceConditionally trace =

LogObject < $ > liftIO mkLOMeta

<*> pure (LogMessage LogItem {liSelection = p
, liSeverity = s
, liPayload = m
})
```

Logging functions

```
 logDebug, logInfo, logNotice, logWarning, logError, logCritical, logAlert, logEmergency \\ :: MonadIO \ m \Rightarrow Trace \ m \rightarrow T. Text \rightarrow m \ () \\ logDebug \ logTrace = traceNamedItem \ logTrace \ Both \ Debug \\ logInfo \ logTrace = traceNamedItem \ logTrace \ Both \ Info \\ logNotice \ logTrace = traceNamedItem \ logTrace \ Both \ Notice \\ logWarning \ logTrace = traceNamedItem \ logTrace \ Both \ Warning \\ logError \ logTrace = traceNamedItem \ logTrace \ Both \ Error \\
```

```
logCritical logTrace = traceNamedItem logTrace Both Critical
            logTrace = traceNamedItem logTrace Both Alert
logAlert
logEmergency logTrace = traceNamedItem logTrace Both Emergency
logDebugS, logInfoS, logNoticeS, logWarningS, logErrorS, logCriticalS, logAlertS, logEmergencyS
   :: MonadIO m \Rightarrow \text{Trace } m \rightarrow T.\text{Text} \rightarrow m ()
             logTrace = traceNamedItem logTrace Private Debug
logDebugS
logInfoS
             logTrace = traceNamedItem logTrace Private Info
logNoticeS
             logTrace = traceNamedItem logTrace Private Notice
logWarningS logTrace = traceNamedItem logTrace Private Warning
              logTrace = traceNamedItem logTrace Private Error
logErrorS
logCriticalS logTrace = traceNamedItem logTrace Private Critical
logAlertS
             logTrace = traceNamedItem logTrace Private Alert
logEmergencyS logTrace = traceNamedItem logTrace Private Emergency
logDebugP, logInfoP, logNoticeP, logWarningP, logErrorP, logCriticalP, logAlertP, logEmergencyP
   :: MonadIO m \Rightarrow \text{Trace } m \rightarrow T.\text{Text} \rightarrow m ()
logDebugP logTrace = traceNamedItem logTrace Public Debug
logInfoP
              logTrace = traceNamedItem logTrace Public Info
logNoticeP
             logTrace = traceNamedItem logTrace Public Notice
logWarningP logTrace = traceNamedItem logTrace Public Warning
              logTrace = traceNamedItem logTrace Public Error
logErrorP
logCriticalP logTrace = traceNamedItem logTrace Public Critical
             logTrace = traceNamedItem logTrace Public Alert
logAlertP
logEmergencyP logTrace = traceNamedItem logTrace Public Emergency
logDebugUnsafeP,logInfoUnsafeP,logNoticeUnsafeP,logWarningUnsafeP,logErrorUnsafeP,
  logCriticalUnsafeP, logAlertUnsafeP, logEmergencyUnsafeP
   :: MonadIO m \Rightarrow \text{Trace } m \rightarrow T.\text{Text} \rightarrow m ()
logDebugUnsafeP logTrace = traceNamedItem logTrace PublicUnsafe Debug
logInfoUnsafeP
                    logTrace = traceNamedItem logTrace PublicUnsafe Info
logNoticeUnsafeP
                   logTrace = traceNamedItem logTrace PublicUnsafe Notice
logWarningUnsafeP logTrace = traceNamedItem logTrace PublicUnsafe Warning
logErrorUnsafeP
                    logTrace = traceNamedItem logTrace PublicUnsafe Error
logCriticalUnsafeP logTrace = traceNamedItem logTrace PublicUnsafe Critical
                    logTrace = traceNamedItem logTrace PublicUnsafe Alert
logAlertUnsafeP
logEmergencyUnsafeP logTrace = traceNamedItem logTrace PublicUnsafe Emergency
```

subTrace

Transforms the input Trace according to the Configuration using the logger name of the current Trace appended with the new name. If the empty *Text* is passed, then the logger name remains untouched.

```
subTrace :: MonadIO m \Rightarrow T.Text \rightarrow Trace \ m \rightarrow m \ (Trace \ m)
subTrace name tr@(ctx, \_) = \mathbf{do}
let newName = appendWithDot \ (loggerName \ ctx) \ name
subtrace0 ← liftIO $ Config.findSubTrace \ (configuration \ ctx) \ newName
let subtrace = \mathbf{case} \ subtrace0 \ \mathbf{of} \ Nothing \rightarrow \mathbf{Neutral}; Just \ str \rightarrow str
case subtrace \ \mathbf{of}
```

```
Neutral
                   tr' \leftarrow appendName name tr
                   return $ updateTracetype subtrace tr'
UntimedTrace \rightarrow do
                   tr' \leftarrow appendName name tr
                   return $ updateTracetype subtrace tr'
TeeTrace _
                   tr' \leftarrow appendName name tr
                   return $ updateTracetype subtrace tr'
FilterTrace \_ \rightarrow do
                   tr' \leftarrow appendName name tr
                   return $ updateTracetype subtrace tr'
NoTrace
                 \rightarrow return $ updateTracetype subtrace (ctx, BaseTrace.BaseTrace $ Op $ \_ \rightarrow pure ())
DropOpening \rightarrow return $ updateTracetype subtrace (ctx, BaseTrace.BaseTrace $ Op $
                   \lambda(LogNamed \_lo@(LogObject \_lc)) \rightarrow do
                      case lc of
                         ObserveOpen \_ \rightarrow return ()
                         \_ \rightarrow traceNamedObject tr lo)
ObservableTrace \_ \rightarrow do
                   tr' \leftarrow appendName name tr
                   return $ updateTracetype subtrace tr'
```

1.5.5 Cardano.BM.Setup

setupTrace

Setup a new Trace (Trace) with either a given Configuration (Configuration.Model) or a *FilePath* to a configuration file. After all tracing operations have ended; shutdownTrace must be called.

```
setupTrace :: MonadIO m \Rightarrow Either FilePath Config.Configuration \rightarrow Text \rightarrow m (Trace m)

setupTrace (Left cfgFile) name = do

c \leftarrow liftIO \$ Config.setup cfgFile

setupTrace_c name

setupTrace (Right c) name = setupTrace_c name

setupTrace_:: MonadIO m \Rightarrow Config.Configuration \rightarrow Text \rightarrow m (Trace m)

setupTrace_c name = do

sb ← liftIO \$ Switchboard.realize c

sev ← liftIO \$ Config.minSeverity c

ctx ← liftIO \$ newContext "" c sev sb

tr ← subTrace name \$ natTrace liftIO (ctx, Switchboard.mainTrace sb)

return tr
```

shutdownTrace

Shut down a Trace and all the Traces related to it.

```
shutdownTrace :: MonadIO \ m \Rightarrow Trace \ m \rightarrow IO \ () shutdownTrace (ctx, \_) = shutdown ctx
```

withTrace

```
with Trace :: (MonadIO m, MonadMask m) \Rightarrow Config. Configuration \rightarrow Text \rightarrow (Trace m \rightarrow m t) \rightarrow m t with Trace cfg name action = bracket (setup Trace (Right cfg) name) (lift IO < $ > shutdown Trace) action
```

newContext

```
newContext :: LoggerName

→ Config.Configuration

→ Severity

→ Switchboard.Switchboard

→ IO TraceContext

newContext name cfg sev sb = do

return $ TraceContext {

loggerName = name

, configuration = cfg

, minSeverity = sev

, tracetype = Neutral

, shutdown = unrealize sb

}
```

1.5.6 Cardano.BM.Counters

Here the platform is chosen on which we compile this program. Currently, we mainly support *Linux* with its 'proc' filesystem.

```
{-# LANGUAGE CPP #-}
# if defined (linux_HOST_OS)
# define LINUX
# endif
module Cardano.BM.Counters
    Platform.readCounters
  , diffTimeObserved
  , getMonoClock
  ) where
# ifdef LINUX
import qualified Cardano.BM.Counters.Linux as Platform
import qualified Cardano.BM.Counters.Dummy as Platform
# endif
import Cardano.BM.Counters.Common (getMonoClock)
import Cardano.BM.Data.Aggregated (Measurable (...))
import Cardano.BM.Data.Counter
```

Calculate difference between clocks

```
diffTimeObserved :: CounterState → CounterState → Measurable
diffTimeObserved (CounterState id0 startCounters) (CounterState id1 endCounters) =
    let
        startTime = getMonotonicTime startCounters
        endTime = getMonotonicTime endCounters
    in
    if (id0 ≡ id1)
        then endTime - startTime
        else error "these clocks are not from the same experiment"
    where
        getMonotonicTime counters = case (filter isMonotonicClockCounter counters) of
        [(Counter MonotonicClockTime _ mus)] → mus
        _ → error "A time measurement is missing!"
        isMonotonicClockCounter :: Counter → Bool
        isMonotonicClockCounter = (MonotonicClockTime ≡) ∘ cType
```

1.5.7 Cardano.BM.Counters.Common

Common functions that serve readCounters on all platforms.

```
nominalTimeToMicroseconds :: Word64 → Microsecond
nominalTimeToMicroseconds = fromMicroseconds o toInteger o ('div'1000)
```

Read monotonic clock

Read GHC RTS statistics

Read counters from GHC's RTS (runtime system). The values returned are as per the last GC (garbage collection) run.

```
readRTSStats :: IO [Counter]
readRTSStats = do
    iscollected ← GhcStats.getRTSStatsEnabled
    if iscollected
        then ghcstats
    else return []
    where
        ghcstats :: IO [Counter]
        ghcstats = do
```

```
-- need to run GC?
  rts \leftarrow GhcStats.getRTSStats
  let getrts = ghcval rts
  return [getrts (Bytes o fromIntegral o GhcStats.allocated_bytes, "bytesAllocated")
     , getrts (Bytes ∘ fromIntegral ∘ GhcStats.max_live_bytes, "liveBytes")
     , getrts (Bytes o fromIntegral o GhcStats.max_large_objects_bytes, "largeBytes")
     , getrts (Bytes o fromIntegral o GhcStats.max_compact_bytes, "compactBytes")
     , getrts (Bytes o fromIntegral o GhcStats.max_slop_bytes, "slopBytes")
     , getrts (Bytes o fromIntegral o GhcStats.max_mem_in_use_bytes, "usedMemBytes")
     , getrts (Nanoseconds ∘ fromIntegral ∘ GhcStats.gc_cpu_ns, "gcCpuNs")
     , getrts (Nanoseconds o fromIntegral o GhcStats.gc_elapsed_ns, "gcElapsedNs")
     , getrts (Nanoseconds ∘ fromIntegral ∘ GhcStats.cpu_ns, "cpuNs")
     , getrts (Nanoseconds ∘ fromIntegral ∘ GhcStats.elapsed_ns, "elapsedNs")
     , getrts (PureI ∘ toInteger ∘ GhcStats.gcs, "gcNum")
     , getrts (PureI o toInteger o GhcStats.major_gcs, "gcMa jorNum")
ghcval :: GhcStats.RTSStats \rightarrow ((GhcStats.RTSStats \rightarrow Measurable), Text) \rightarrow Counter
ghcval\ s\ (f,n) = Counter\ RTSStats\ n\ \$\ (f\ s)
```

1.5.8 Cardano.BM.Counters.Dummy

This is a dummy definition of *readCounters* on platforms that do not support the 'proc' filesystem from which we would read the counters.

The only supported measurements are monotonic clock time and RTS statistics for now.

```
readCounters :: SubTrace \rightarrow IO [Counter]
readCounters NoTrace
                               = return [ ]
readCounters Neutral
                               = return [ ]
readCounters (TeeTrace _) = return []
readCounters (FilterTrace _) = return []
readCounters UntimedTrace = return []
readCounters DropOpening = return []
readCounters (ObservableTrace tts) = foldrM (\lambda(sel, fun) a \rightarrow
     if any (\equiv sel) tts
     then (fun \gg \lambda xs \rightarrow return \$ a + xs)
     else return a)[] selectors
  where
     selectors = [(MonotonicClock, getMonoClock)
       ,(GhcRtsStats, readRTSStats)
```

1.5.9 Cardano.BM.Counters.Linux

we have to expand the *readMemStats* function to read full data from *proc*

```
readCounters :: SubTrace → IO [Counter] readCounters NoTrace = return []
```

```
readCounters Neutral
                                      = return [ ]
      readCounters (TeeTrace _) = return []
      readCounters (FilterTrace _) = return []
      readCounters UntimedTrace = return [ ]
      readCounters DropOpening = return []
      readCounters (ObservableTrace tts) = do
           pid \leftarrow getProcessID
           foldrM(\lambda(sel, fun) a \rightarrow
             if any (\equiv sel) tts
             then (fun \gg \lambda xs \rightarrow return \$ a + xs)
              else return a) [] (selectors pid)
         where
           selectors pid = [(MonotonicClock, getMonoClock)
              , (MemoryStats, readProcStatM pid)
              , (ProcessStats, readProcStats pid)
              ,(NetStats,readProcNet pid)
             , (IOStats, readProcIO pid)
              ,(GhcRtsStats, readRTSStats)
      pathProc :: FilePath
      pathProc = "/proc/"
      pathProcStat :: ProcessID \rightarrow FilePath
      pathProcStat pid = pathProc < / > (show pid) < / > "stat"
      pathProcStatM :: ProcessID \rightarrow FilePath
      pathProcStatM pid = pathProc < / > (show pid) < / > "statm"
      pathProcIO :: ProcessID \rightarrow FilePath
      pathProcIO pid = pathProc < / > (show pid) < / > "io"
      pathProcNet :: ProcessID \rightarrow FilePath
      pathProcNet pid = pathProc </ > (show pid) </ > "net" </ > "netstat"
Reading from a file in /proc/<pid >
      readProcList :: FilePath \rightarrow IO [Integer]
      readProcList fp = do
         cs \leftarrow readFile fp
         return $ map (\lambda s \rightarrow maybe 0 id $ (readMaybe s :: Maybe Integer)) (words cs)
readProcStatM - /proc/<pid >/statm
/proc/[pid]/statm
       Provides information about memory usage, measured in pages. The columns are:
                         (1) total program size
                            (same as VmSize in /proc/[pid]/status)
              resident (2) resident set size
                            (same as VmRSS in /proc/[pid]/status)
              shared
                         (3) number of resident shared pages (i.e., backed by a file)
                             (same as RssFile+RssShmem in /proc/[pid]/status)
```

(4) ppid %d

```
text
                         (4) text (code)
                         (5) library (unused since Linux 2.6; always 0)
              lib
              data
                         (6) data + stack
                         (7) dirty pages (unused since Linux 2.6; always 0)
              dt
      readProcStatM :: ProcessID \rightarrow IO [Counter]
      readProcStatM pid = do
           ps0 \leftarrow readProcList (pathProcStatM pid)
           let ps = zip colnames ps0
             psUseful = filter (("unused" \not\equiv) \circ fst) ps
           return $ map (\lambda(n,i) \rightarrow Counter MemoryCounter n (PureI i)) psUseful
        where
           colnames :: [Text]
           colnames = ["size", "resident", "shared", "text", "unused", "data", "unused"]
readProcStats - //proc//<pid >//stat
/proc/[pid]/stat
       Status information about the process. This is used by ps(1). It is defined in the kernel source file
        fs/proc/array.c.
        The fields, in order, with their proper scanf(3) format specifiers, are listed below. Whether or not
       certain of these fields display valid information is governed by a ptrace access mode
       PTRACE_MODE_READ_FSCREDS | PTRACE_MODE_NOAUDIT check (refer to ptrace(2)). If the check denies access,
        then the field value is displayed as 0. The affected fields are indicated with the marking [PT].
        (1) pid %d
                     The process ID.
        (2) comm %s
                     The filename of the executable, in parentheses. This is visible whether or not the exe-
                     cutable is swapped out.
        (3) state %c
                     One of the following characters, indicating process state:
                     R Running
                     S Sleeping in an interruptible wait
                     D Waiting in uninterruptible disk sleep
                     Z Zombie
                     T Stopped (on a signal) or (before Linux 2.6.33) trace stopped
                     t Tracing stop (Linux 2.6.33 onward)
                     W Paging (only before Linux 2.6.0)
                     X Dead (from Linux 2.6.0 onward)
                     x Dead (Linux 2.6.33 to 3.13 only)
                     K Wakekill (Linux 2.6.33 to 3.13 only)
                     W Waking (Linux 2.6.33 to 3.13 only)
                     P Parked (Linux 3.9 to 3.13 only)
```

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The PID of the parent of this process.

(5) pgrp %d

The process group ID of the process.

(6) session %d

The session ID of the process.

(7) tty_nr %d

The controlling terminal of the process. (The minor device number is contained in the combination of bits 31 to 20 and 7 to 0; the major device number is in bits 15 to 8.)

(8) tpgid %d

The ID of the foreground process group of the controlling terminal of the process.

(9) flags %u

The kernel flags word of the process. For bit meanings, see the PF_* defines in the Linux kernel source file include/linux/sched.h. Details depend on the kernel version.

The format for this field was %lu before Linux 2.6.

(10) minflt %lu

The number of minor faults the process has made which have not required loading a memory page from disk.

(11) cminflt %lu

The number of minor faults that the process's waited-for children have made.

(12) majflt %lu

The number of major faults the process has made which have required loading a memory page from disk.

(13) cmaiflt %lu

The number of major faults that the process's waited-for children have made.

(14) utime %lu

Amount of time that this process has been scheduled in user mode, measured in clock ticks (divide by sysconf(_SC_CLK_TCK)). This includes guest time, guest_time (time spent running a virtual CPU, see below), so that applications that are not aware of the guest time field do not lose that time from their calculations.

(15) stime %lu

Amount of time that this process has been scheduled in kernel mode, measured in clock ticks (divide by $sysconf(_SC_CLK_TCK)$).

(16) cutime %1d

Amount of time that this process's waited-for children have been scheduled in user mode, measured in clock ticks (divide by $sysconf(_SC_CLK_TCK)$). (See also times(2).) This includes guest time, $cguest_time$ (time spent running a virtual CPU, see below).

(17) cstime %1d

Amount of time that this process's waited-for children have been scheduled in kernel mode, measured in clock ticks (divide by $sysconf(_SC_CLK_TCK)$).

(18) priority %ld

(Explanation for Linux 2.6) For processes running a real-time scheduling policy (policy below; see sched_setscheduler(2)), this is the negated scheduling priority, minus one; that is, a number in the range -2 to -100, corresponding to real-time priorities 1 to 99. For processes running under a non-real-time scheduling policy, this is the raw nice value (set-priority(2)) as represented in the kernel. The kernel stores nice values as numbers in the range 0 (high) to 39 (low), corresponding to the user-visible nice range of -20 to 19.

(19) nice %ld

The nice value (see setpriority(2)), a value in the range 19 (low priority) to -20 (high priority).

(20) num_threads %ld

Number of threads in this process (since Linux 2.6). Before kernel 2.6, this field was hard

coded to 0 as a placeholder for an earlier removed field.

(21) itrealvalue %ld

The time in jiffies before the next SIGALRM is sent to the process due to an interval timer. Since kernel 2.6.17, this field is no longer maintained, and is hard coded as 0.

(22) starttime %11u

The time the process started after system boot. In kernels before Linux 2.6, this value was expressed in jiffies. Since Linux 2.6, the value is expressed in clock ticks (divide by sysconf(_SC_CLK_TCK)).

The format for this field was %lu before Linux 2.6.

(23) vsize %lu

Virtual memory size in bytes.

(24) rss %ld

Resident Set Size: number of pages the process has in real memory. This is just the pages which count toward text, data, or stack space. This does not include pages which have not been demand-loaded in, or which are swapped out.

(25) rsslim %lu

Current soft limit in bytes on the rss of the process; see the description of $RLIMIT_RSS$ in getrlimit(2).

(26) startcode %lu [PT]

The address above which program text can run.

(27) endcode %lu [PT]

The address below which program text can run.

(28) startstack %lu [PT]

The address of the start (i.e., bottom) of the stack.

(29) kstkesp %lu [PT]

The current value of ESP (stack pointer), as found in the kernel stack page for the process.

(30) kstkeip %lu [PT]

The current EIP (instruction pointer).

(31) signal %lu

The bitmap of pending signals, displayed as a decimal number. Obsolete, because it does not provide information on real-time signals; use /proc/[pid]/status instead.

(32) blocked %lu

The bitmap of blocked signals, displayed as a decimal number. Obsolete, because it does not provide information on real-time signals; use /proc/[pid]/status instead.

(33) sigignore %lu

The bitmap of ignored signals, displayed as a decimal number. Obsolete, because it does not provide information on real-time signals; use /proc/[pid]/status instead.

(34) sigcatch %lu

The bitmap of caught signals, displayed as a decimal number. Obsolete, because it does not provide information on real-time signals; use /proc/[pid]/status instead.

(35) wchan %1u [PT]

This is the "channel" in which the process is waiting. It is the address of a location in the kernel where the process is sleeping. The corresponding symbolic name can be found in /proc/[pid]/wchan.

(36) nswap %1u

Number of pages swapped (not maintained).

(37) cnswap %1u

Cumulative nswap for child processes (not maintained).

(38) exit_signal %d (since Linux 2.1.22)

Signal to be sent to parent when we die.

```
(39) processor %d (since Linux 2.2.8)
              CPU number last executed on.
 (40) rt_priority %u (since Linux 2.5.19)
              Real-time scheduling priority, a number in the range 1 to 99 for processes scheduled under a
              real-time policy, or 0, for non-real-time processes (see sched_setscheduler(2)).
 (41) policy %u (since Linux 2.5.19)
              Scheduling policy (see sched_setscheduler(2)). Decode using the SCHED_* constants in
              linux/sched.h.
              The format for this field was %lu before Linux 2.6.22.
 (42) delayacct blkio ticks %11u (since Linux 2.6.18)
              Aggregated block I/O delays, measured in clock ticks (centiseconds).
 (43) quest time %lu (since Linux 2.6.24)
              Guest time of the process (time spent running a virtual CPU for a guest operating system),
              measured in clock ticks (divide by sysconf(_SC_CLK_TCK)).
 (44) cguest time %ld (since Linux 2.6.24)
              Guest time of the process's children, measured in
                                                                           clock
                                                                                   ticks
              sysconf(_SC_CLK_TCK)).
 (45) start_data %lu (since Linux 3.3) [PT]
              Address above which program initialized and uninitialized (BSS) data are placed.
 (46) end_data %lu (since Linux 3.3) [PT]
              Address below which program initialized and uninitialized (BSS) data are placed.
 (47) start_brk %lu (since Linux 3.3) [PT]
              Address above which program heap can be expanded with brk(2).
 (48) arg_start %lu (since Linux 3.5) [PT]
              Address above which program command-line arguments (argv) are placed.
 (49) arg_end %lu (since Linux 3.5) [PT]
              Address below program command-line arguments (argv) are placed.
 (50) env_start %lu (since Linux 3.5) [PT]
              Address above which program environment is placed.
 (51) env end %lu (since Linux 3.5) [PT]
              Address below which program environment is placed.
 (52) exit_code %d (since Linux 3.5) [PT]
              The thread's exit status in the form reported by waitpid(2).
readProcStats :: ProcessID \rightarrow IO [Counter]
readProcStats\ pid = \mathbf{do}
    ps0 \leftarrow readProcList(pathProcStatpid)
    let ps = zip colnames ps0
       psUseful = filter(("unused" \not\equiv) \circ fst) ps
    return $ map (\lambda(n,i) \rightarrow Counter StatInfo n (PureI i)) psUseful
  where
    colnames :: [Text]
    colnames = ["pid", "unused", "ppid", "pgrp", "session", "ttynr", "tpgid", "flags", "minfl
       ,"cminflt","majflt","cmajflt","utime","stime","cutime","cstime","priority","nice","num
       ,"itrealvalue","starttime","vsize","rss","rsslim","startcode","endcode","startstack","
       ,"signal","blocked","sigignore","sigcatch","wchan","nswap","cnswap","exitsignal","proc
```

```
,"policy","blkio","guesttime","cguesttime","startdata","enddata","startbrk","argstart',"envend","exitcode"
]
```

readProcIO - //proc//<pid >//io

/proc/[pid]/io (since kernel 2.6.20)

This file contains I/O statistics for the process, for example:

cat /proc/3828/io rchar: 323934931 wchar: 323929600 syscr: 632687 syscw: 632675 read_bytes: 0 write_bytes: 323932160 cancelled_write_bytes: 0

The fields are as follows:

rchar: characters read

The number of bytes which this task has caused to be read from storage. This is simply the sum of bytes which this process passed to read(2) and similar system calls. It includes things such as terminal I/0 and is unaffected by whether or not actual physical disk I/0 was required (the read might have been satisfied from pagecache).

wchar: characters written

The number of bytes which this task has caused, or shall cause to be written to disk. Similar caveats apply here as with rchar.

syscr: read syscalls

Attempt to count the number of read I/0 operations-that is, system calls such as read(2) and pread(2).

syscw: write syscalls

Attempt to count the number of write I/O operations-that is, system calls such as write(2) and pwrite(2).

read bytes: bytes read

Attempt to count the number of bytes which this process really did cause to be fetched from the storage layer. This is accurate for block-backed filesystems.

write bytes: bytes written

Attempt to count the number of bytes which this process caused to be sent to the storage layer.

cancelled write bytes:

The big inaccuracy here is truncate. If a process writes 1MB to a file and then deletes the file, it will in fact perform no writeout. But it will have been accounted as having caused 1MB of write. In other words: this field represents the number of bytes which this process caused to not happen, by truncating pagecache. A task can cause "negative" I/O too. If this task truncates some dirty pagecache, some I/O which another task has been accounted for (in its write_bytes) will not be happening.

Note: In the current implementation, things are a bit racy on 32-bit systems: if process A reads process B's /proc/[pid]/io while process B is updating one of these 64-bit counters, process A could see an intermediate result.

Permission to access this file is governed by a ptrace access mode $PTRACE_MODE_READ_FSCREDS$ check; see ptrace(2).

```
readProcIO :: ProcessID \rightarrow IO [Counter]
readProcIO pid = do
ps0 \leftarrow readProcList (pathProcIO pid)
```

```
let ps = zip 3 colnames ps 0 units return \$ map (\lambda(n,i,u) \rightarrow Counter\ IOCounter\ n\ (u\ i))\ ps
where colnames :: [Text] colnames = ["rchar", "wchar", "syscr", "syscw", "rbytes", "wbytes", "cxwbytes"] units = [Bytes \circ fromInteger, Bytes \circ fromInteger, PureI, PureI, Bytes \circ fromInteger, Bytes \circ fromInteger, Bytes
```

Network TCP/IP counters

```
example:
\\
cat /proc/<pid>/net/netstat
\\
```

TcpExt: SyncookiesSent SyncookiesRecv SyncookiesFailed EmbryonicRsts PruneCalled RcvPruned OfoPruned OutOfWindowIcmps Lo! !ckDroppedIcmps ArpFilter TW TWRecycled TWKilled PAWSActive PAWSEstab DelayedACKs DelayedACKLocked DelayedACKLost ListenO! !verflows ListenDrops TCPHPHits TCPPureAcks TCPHPAcks TCPRenoRecovery TCPSackRecovery TCPSACKReneging TCPSACKReorder TCPR! !enoReorder TCPTSReorder TCPFullUndo TCPPartialUndo TCPDSACKUndo TCPLossUndo TCPLostRetransmit TCPRenoFailures TCPSackFai! !lures TCPLossFailures TCPFastRetrans TCPSlowStartRetrans TCPTimeouts TCPLossProbes TCPLossProbeRecovery TCPRenoRecoveryF! !ail TCPSackRecoveryFail TCPRcvCollapsed TCPDSACKOldSent TCPDSACKOfoSent TCPDSACKRecv TCPDSACKOfoRecv TCPAbortOnData TCPA! !bortOnClose TCPAbortOnMemory TCPAbortOnTimeout TCPAbortOnLinger TCPAbortFailed TCPMemoryPressures TCPMemoryPressuresChro! !no TCPSACKDiscard TCPDSACKIgnoredOld TCPDSACKIgnoredNoUndo TCPSpuriousRTOs TCPMD5NotFound TCPMD5Unexpected TCPMD5Failure! ! TCPSackShifted TCPSackMerged TCPSackShiftFallback TCPBacklogDrop PFMemallocDrop TCPMinTTLDrop TCPDeferAcceptDrop IPReve! !rsePathFilter TCPTimeWaitOverflow TCPReqQFullDoCookies TCPReqQFullDrop TCPRetransFail TCPRcvCoalesce TCPOFOQueue TCPOFOD! !rop TCPOFOMerge TCPChallengeACK TCPSYNChallenge TCPFastOpenActive TCPFastOpenActiveFailTCPFastOpenPassive TCPFastOpenPas! !siveFail TCPFastOpenListenOverflow TCPFastOpenCookieReqd TCPFastOpenBlackhole TCPSpuriousRtxHostQueues BusyPollRxPackets! ! TCPAutoCorking TCPFromZeroWindowAdv TCPToZeroWindowAdv TCPWantZeroWindowAdv TCPSynRetrans TCPOrigDataSent TCPHystartTra! !inDetect TCPHystartTrainCwnd TCPHystartDelayDetect TCPHystartDelayCwnd TCPACKSkippedSynRecv TCPACKSkippedPAWS TCPACKSkip! !pedSeq TCPACKSkippedFinWait2 TCPACKSkippedTimeWait TCPACKSkippedChallenge TCPWinProbe TCPKeepAlive TCPMTUPFail TCPMTUPSu! !ccess TCPDelivered TCPDeliveredCE TCPAckCompressed

TcpExt: 0 0 0 0 28 0 0 0 0 1670 1 0 0 6 6029 1 1766 0 0 384612 66799 105553 0 21 0 638 0 1 7 1 1 32 128 0 1 0 22 0 116! 9 383 19 0 0 0 1788 224 178 0 435 224 0 13 0 0 0 0 67 0 0 0 0 3 1 668 0 0 0 4 0 0 0 0 9 1870 4468 0 224 22 23 0 0 0 9 19 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 188 188680 6 145 13 425 0 3 4 0 0 1 117 22984 0 0 192495 0 4500

IpExt: InNoRoutes InTruncatedPkts InMcastPkts OutMcastPkts InBcastPkts OutBcastPkts InOctets OutOctets InMcastOctets Out!!McastOctets InBcastOctets OutBcastOctets InCsumErrors InNoECTPkts InECT1Pkts InECT0Pkts InCEPkts

IpExt: 0 0 20053 8977 2437 23 3163525943 196480057 2426648 1491754 394285 5523 0 3513269 0 217426 0

```
readProcNet :: ProcessID \rightarrow IO [Counter]
readProcNet\ pid = \mathbf{do}
     ls0 \leftarrow lines < \$ > readFile (pathProcNet pid)
     let ps0 = readinfo ls0
     let ps1 = map (\lambda(n,c) \rightarrow (n, readMaybe c :: Maybe Integer)) ps0
     return $ mapCounters $ filter selcolumns ps1
   where
     construct "IpExt:OutOctets" i = Bytes $ fromInteger i
     construct "IpExt:InOctets" i = Bytes \$ fromInteger i
     construct \ \_i = PureIi
     -- only a few selected columns will be returned
     selcolumns(n, \_) = n \in ["IpExt:OutOctets", "IpExt:InOctets"]
     mapCounters[] = []
     mapCounters((n,c):r) = case c of
       Nothing \rightarrow mapCounters r
       Just i \rightarrow mapCounters r <> [Counter NetCounter (pack n) (construct n i)]
     readinfo :: [String] \rightarrow [(String, String)]
     readinfo []
     readinfo(_{-}:[]) = []
```

```
readinfo (l1:l2:r) =

let col0 = words \ l1

cols = tail \ col0

vals = tail \ words \ l2

pref = head \ col0

in

readinfo r <> zip \ (map \ (\lambda n \rightarrow pref + n) \ cols) \ vals
```

1.5.10 Cardano.BM.Data.Aggregated

Measurable

A Measurable may consist of different types of values. Time measurements are strict, so are *Bytes* which are externally measured. The real or integral numeric values are lazily linked, so we can decide later to drop them.

Measurable can be transformed to an integral value.

```
instance Ord Measurable where
```

```
compare (Seconds a) (Seconds b)
                                            = compare a b
compare (Microseconds a) (Microseconds b) = compare a b
compare (Nanoseconds a) (Nanoseconds b) = compare a b
compare (Seconds a) (Microseconds b)
                                            = compare (a * 1000000) b
compare (Nanoseconds a) (Microseconds b) = compare a (b * 1000)
compare (Seconds a) (Nanoseconds b)
                                            = compare (a * 1000000000) b
compare (Microseconds a) (Nanoseconds b) = compare (a * 1000) b
compare (Microseconds a) (Seconds b)
                                            = compare\ a\ (b * 1000000)
compare (Nanoseconds a) (Seconds b)
                                            = compare \ a \ (b * 1000000000)
compare (Bytes a) (Bytes b)
                                            = compare a b
compare (PureD a) (PureD b)
                                            = compare a b
compare (PureI a) (PureI b)
                                            = compare a b
compare (Severity a) (Severity b)
                                            = compare a b
compare (PureI a) (Seconds b)
                                   |a \ge 0 = compare \ a \ (toInteger \ b)
compare (PureI a) (Microseconds b) |a| \ge 0 = compare a (toInteger b)
compare (PureI a) (Nanoseconds b) |a| \ge 0 = compare a (toInteger b)
compare (PureI a) (Bytes b)
                                   |a| \ge 0 = compare \ a \ (toInteger \ b)
compare (Seconds a)
                         (PureI b) |b| \ge 0 = compare (toInteger a) b
compare (Microseconds a) (PureI b) |b| \ge 0 = compare (toInteger a) b
compare (Nanoseconds a) (PureI b) |b| \ge 0 = compare (toInteger a) b
compare (Bytes a)
                         (PureI b) |b| \ge 0 = compare (toInteger a) b
```

```
compare a@(PureD _) (PureI b) = compare (getInteger a) b

compare (PureI a) b@(PureD _) = compare a (getInteger b)

compare a b = error $ "cannot compare " ++ (showType a) ++ " " ++ (show a) ++
```

Measurable can be transformed to an integral value.

```
getInteger :: Measurable \rightarrow Integer
getInteger (Microseconds a) = toInteger a
getInteger (Nanoseconds a) = toInteger a
getInteger (Seconds a) = toInteger a
getInteger (Bytes a) = toInteger a
getInteger (PureI a) = a
getInteger (PureD a) = round a
getInteger (Severity a) = toInteger (fromEnum a)
```

Measurable can be transformed to a rational value.

```
\begin{tabular}{ll} getDouble :: Measurable $\rightarrow$ Double \\ getDouble (Microseconds a) = fromIntegral a \\ getDouble (Nanoseconds a) = fromIntegral a \\ getDouble (Seconds a) = fromIntegral a \\ getDouble (Bytes a) = fromIntegral a \\ getDouble (PureI a) = fromInteger a \\ getDouble (PureD a) = a \\ getDouble (Severity a) = fromIntegral (fromEnum a) \\ \end{tabular}
```

It is a numerical value, thus supports functions to operate on numbers.

instance Num Measurable where

```
(+) (Microseconds a) (Microseconds b) = Microseconds (a + b)
(+) (Nanoseconds a) (Nanoseconds b) = Nanoseconds (a + b)
(+) (Seconds a)
                   (Seconds b)
                                    = Seconds
                                                   (a+b)
(+) (Bytes a)
                    (Bytes b)
                                    = Bytes
                                                   (a+b)
                    (PureI b)
                                    = PureI
(+) (PureI a)
                                                   (a+b)
(+) (PureD a)
                   (PureD b)
                                    = PureD
                                                   (a+b)
                                    = error "Trying to add values with different units"
(+)_{-}
(*) (Microseconds a) (Microseconds b) = Microseconds (a * b)
(*) (Nanoseconds a) (Nanoseconds b) = Nanoseconds (a * b)
(*) (Seconds a)
                    (Seconds b)
                                    = Seconds
                                                   (a*b)
(*) (Bytes a)
                    (Bytes\ b)
                                    = Bytes
                                                   (a * b)
(*) (PureI a)
                   (PureI b)
                                    = PureI
                                                   (a * b)
(*) (PureD a)
                    (PureD b)
                                    = PureD
                                                   (a*b)
                                    = error "Trying to multiply values with different units"
(*) ___
abs (Microseconds a) = Microseconds (abs a)
abs(Nanoseconds a) = Nanoseconds(abs a)
abs (Seconds a)
                    = Seconds
                                   (abs a)
abs (Bytes a)
                    = Bytes
                                   (abs a)
abs (PureI a)
                    = PureI
                                   (abs a)
abs (PureD a)
                    = PureD
                                   (abs a)
```

```
abs (Severity _)
                   = error "cannot compute absolute value for Severity"
signum (Microseconds a) = Microseconds (signum a)
signum (Nanoseconds a) = Nanoseconds (signum a)
signum (Seconds a)
                       = Seconds
                                      (signum a)
signum (Bytes a)
                       = Bytes
                                      (signum a)
signum (PureI a)
                       = PureI
                                      (signum a)
signum (PureD a)
                       = PureD
                                      (signum a)
signum (Severity _)
                       = error "cannot compute sign of Severity"
negate (Microseconds a) = Microseconds (negate a)
negate (Nanoseconds a) = Nanoseconds (negate a)
negate (Seconds a)
                       = Seconds
                                      (negate a)
negate (Bytes a)
                       = Bytes
                                      (negate a)
                       = PureI
negate (PureI a)
                                      (negate a)
                                      (negate a)
negate (PureD a)
                       = PureD
negate (Severity _)
                       = error "cannot negate Severity"
fromInteger = PureI
```

Pretty printing of Measurable.

showType (*PureD* _)

showType (Severity _)

-- show in S.I. units $showSI:: Measurable \rightarrow String$

instance Show Measurable where show (Microseconds a) = show a show (Nanoseconds a) = show a

```
show (Seconds a)
                         = show a
                         = show a
  show (Bytes a)
  show (PureI a)
                         = show a
  show (PureD a)
                         = show a
                         = show a
  show (Severity a)
showUnits:: Measurable → String
showUnits (Microseconds _) = " \mu s"
showUnits (Nanoseconds _) = " ns"
showUnits (Seconds _)
showUnits (Bytes _)
showUnits (PureI _)
                          = " "
showUnits (PureD _)
showUnits (Severity _)
showType :: Measurable \rightarrow String
showType (Microseconds _) = "Microseconds"
showType\ (Nanoseconds\_) = "Nanoseconds"
showType (Seconds _)
                         = "Seconds"
showType (Bytes _)
                         = "Bytes"
showType (PureI _)
                         = "PureI"
```

= "PureD"

= "Severity"

showUnits (Seconds a)

showSI (Microseconds a) = show (fromFloatDigits ((fromIntegral a) / (1000000 :: Float))) ++

Stats

A Stats statistics is strictly computed.

```
data BaseStats = BaseStats {
  fmin ::!Measurable,
  fmax :: !Measurable,
  fcount :: {-# UNPACK #-} ! Int,
  fsum_A :: {-# UNPACK #-} ! Double,
  fsum_B :: {-# UNPACK #-} ! Double
  } deriving (Generic, ToJSON, Show)
instance Eq BaseStats where
  (BaseStats\ mina\ maxa\ counta\ sumAa\ sumBa) \equiv (BaseStats\ minb\ maxb\ countb\ sumAb\ sumBb) =
     mina \equiv minb \land maxa \equiv maxb \land counta \equiv countb \land
     abs (sumAa - sumAb) < 1.0e-4 \land
     abs (sumBa - sumBb) < 1.0e-4
data Stats = Stats {
  flast ::!Measurable,
  fold ::!Measurable,
  fbasic :: !BaseStats,
  fdelta :: !BaseStats,
  ftimed :: !BaseStats
  } deriving (Eq, Generic, ToJSON, Show)
meanOfStats :: BaseStats \rightarrow Double
meanOfStats = fsum\_A
stdevOfStats :: BaseStats \rightarrow Double
stdevOfStats\ s =
  if fcount s < 2
  then 0
  else sqrt \$ (fsum\_B s) / (fromInteger \$ fromIntegral (fcount s) - 1)
```

instance Semigroup Stats disabled for the moment, because not needed.

We use a parallel algorithm to update the estimation of mean and variance from two sample statistics. (see <a href="https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Algorithms_for_calculating_variance#Parallel_algorithms

```
instance Semigroup Stats where (<>) a b = let counta = fcount a
```

```
countb = fcountb
    newcount = counta + countb
    delta = fsum\_A b - fsum\_A a
    Stats \{flast = flast b - right associative\}
       , fmin = min (fmin a) (fmin b)
       , fmax = max (fmax a) (fmax b)
       , fcount = newcount
       fsum A = fsum A a + (delta / fromInteger newcount)
       fsum_B = fsum_B \ a + fsum_B \ b + (delta * delta) * (fromInteger (counta * countb) / fromInteger newcount)
stats2Text :: Stats \rightarrow Text
stats2Text (Stats slast _ sbasic sdelta stimed) =
    pack$
       "{ last=" ++ show slast ++
       ", basic-stats=" ++ showStats' (sbasic) ++
       ", delta-stats=" ++ showStats' (sdelta) ++
       ", timed-stats=" ++ showStats' (stimed) ++
  where
    showStats' :: BaseStats \rightarrow String
    showStats's =
       ", { min=" + show (fmin s) + 
       ", \max=" ++ show (fmax s) ++
       ", mean=" + show (meanOfStats s) + showUnits (fmin s) +
       ", std-dev=" ++ show (stdevOfStats s) ++
       ", count=" + show (fcount s) +
```

Exponentially Weighted Moving Average (EWMA)

Following https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Moving_average#Exponential_moving_average we calculate the exponential moving average for a series of values Y_t according to:

$$S_t = \begin{cases} Y_1, & t = 1 \\ \alpha \cdot Y_t + (1 - \alpha) \cdot S_{t-1}, & t > 1 \end{cases}$$

Aggregated

```
data Aggregated = AggregatedStats Stats
  | AggregatedEWMA EWMA
  deriving (Eq, Generic, ToJSON)
```

instance Semigroup Aggregated disabled for the moment, because not needed.

```
instance Semigroup Aggregated where
  (<>) (AggregatedStats a) (AggregatedStats b) =
    AggregatedStats(a <> b)
  (<>)__ = error "Cannot combine different objects"
singletonStats :: Measurable \rightarrow Aggregated
singletonStats a =
  let stats = Stats \{flast = a
    ,fold
                       = Nanoseconds 0
    , fbasic = BaseStats
      \{fmin = a\}
      ,fmax = a
      , fcount = 1
      , fsum\_A = getDouble a
      , fsum\_B = 0
    ,fdelta = BaseStats
      \{fmin = 0\}
      ,fmax=0
      , fcount = 0
      fsum_A = 0
      ,fsum\_B = 0
    , ftimed = BaseStats
      , fmax = Nanoseconds 0
      fcount = (-1)
      fsum_A = 0
      ,fsum\_B = 0}
  in
  AggregatedStats stats
instance Show Aggregated where
  show (AggregatedStats astats) =
    "{ stats = " ++ show astats ++ " }"
  show (AggregatedEWMA a) = show a
```

1.5.11 Cardano.BM.Data.AggregatedKind

AggregatedKind

This identifies the type of Aggregated.

```
data AggregatedKind = StatsAK
  | EwmaAK {alpha :: Double}
  deriving (Generic, Eq, Show, From JSON, To JSON, Read)
```

1.5.12 Cardano.BM.Data.Backend

Accepts a NamedLogItem

Instances of this type class accept a NamedLogItem and deal with it.

```
class IsEffectuator t where 

effectuate :: t \rightarrow \text{NamedLogItem} \rightarrow IO () 

effectuatefrom :: forall s \circ (\text{IsEffectuator } s) \Rightarrow t \rightarrow \text{NamedLogItem} \rightarrow s \rightarrow IO () 

default effectuatefrom :: forall s \circ (\text{IsEffectuator } s) \Rightarrow t \rightarrow \text{NamedLogItem} \rightarrow s \rightarrow IO () 

effectuatefrom t \cdot nli = t effectuate t \cdot nli = t handleOverflow :: t \rightarrow IO ()
```

Declaration of a Backend

A backend is life-cycle managed, thus can be realized and unrealized.

```
class (IsEffectuator t) \Rightarrow IsBackend t where typeof :: t \rightarrow BackendKind realize :: Configuration \rightarrow IO t realizefrom :: forall <math>s \circ (IsEffectuator s) \Rightarrow Trace IO \rightarrow s \rightarrow IO t default realizefrom :: forall <math>s \circ (IsEffectuator s) \Rightarrow Trace IO \rightarrow s \rightarrow IO t realizefrom (ctx, _) _ = realize (configuration ctx) unrealize :: t \rightarrow IO ()
```

Backend

This data structure for a backend defines its behaviour as an IsEffectuator when processing an incoming message, and as an IsBackend for unrealizing the backend.

```
data Backend = MkBackend
{bEffectuate :: NamedLogItem \rightarrow IO ()
,bUnrealize :: IO ()
}
```

1.5.13 Cardano.BM.Data.BackendKind

BackendKind

This identifies the backends that can be attached to the Switchboard.

```
data BackendKind = AggregationBK
    | EKGViewBK
    | KatipBK
    | MonitoringBK
    | SwitchboardBK
    deriving (Generic, Eq, Ord, Show, ToJSON, FromJSON, Read)
```

1.5.14 Cardano.BM.Data.Configuration

Data structure to help parsing configuration files.

Representation

```
type Port = Int
data Representation = Representation
  {minSeverity :: Severity
  , rotation
                  :: Maybe RotationParameters
  ,setupScribes
                  :: [ScribeDefinition]
  , defaultScribes :: [(ScribeKind, Text)]
  , setupBackends :: [BackendKind]
  , defaultBackends :: [BackendKind]
  , hasEKG
                :: Maybe Port
  ,hasGUI
                  :: Maybe Port
  , options
                  :: HM.HashMap Text Object
  deriving (Generic, Show, ToJSON, FromJSON)
```

filter_duplicates_from_scribes o

parseRepresentation

```
parseRepresentation :: FilePath → IO Representation
parseRepresentation fp = do

repr :: Representation ← decodeFileThrow fp

return $ implicit_fill_representation repr

after parsing the configuration representation we implicitly correct it.

implicit_fill_representation :: Representation → Representation implicit_fill_representation = 

remove_ekgview_if_not_defined o

filter_duplicates_from_backends o
```

```
union_setup_and_usage_backends o
  add_ekgview_if_port_defined ∘
  add_katip_if_any_scribes
where
  filter_duplicates_from_backends r =
     r {setupBackends = mkUniq $ setupBackends r}
  filter_duplicates_from_scribes r =
     r {setupScribes = mkUniq $ setupScribes r}
  union_setup_and_usage_backends r =
     r \{ setupBackends = setupBackends \ r <> defaultBackends \ r \}
  remove_ekgview_if_not_defined r =
     case hasEKG r of
     Nothing \rightarrow r \{ defaultBackends = filter (\lambda bk \rightarrow bk \not\equiv EKGViewBK) (defaultBackends r) \}
       , setupBackends = filter (\lambda bk \rightarrow bk \neq EKGViewBK) (setupBackends r)
    Just \_ \rightarrow r
  add_ekgview_if_port_defined r =
     case hasEKG r of
     Nothing \rightarrow r
     Just \_ \rightarrow r \{ setupBackends = setupBackends \ r <> [EKGViewBK] \}
  add_katip_if_any_scribes r =
     if (any - [null \$ setup Scribes r, null \$ default Scribes r])
     then r {setupBackends = setupBackends r <> [KatipBK]}
     else r
  mkUniq :: Ord \ a \Rightarrow [a] \rightarrow [a]
  mkUniq = Set.toList \circ Set.fromList
```

1.5.15 Cardano.BM.Data.Counter

Counter

```
data Counter = Counter
{cType :: CounterType
,cName :: Text
,cValue :: Measurable
}
deriving (Eq, Show, Generic, ToJSON)

data CounterType = MonotonicClockTime
| MemoryCounter
| StatInfo
| IOCounter
| NetCounter
| NetCounter
| RTSStats
deriving (Eq, Show, Generic, ToJSON)

instance ToJSON Microsecond where
```

```
toJSON = toJSON \circ toMicroseconds
toEncoding = toEncoding \circ toMicroseconds
```

Names of counters

```
\begin{array}{lll} \textbf{nameCounter} :: Counter \rightarrow Text \\ \textbf{nameCounter} & (Counter MonotonicClockTime\_\_) = "Time-interval" \\ \textbf{nameCounter} & (Counter MemoryCounter\_\_) = "Mem" \\ \textbf{nameCounter} & (Counter StatInfo & \_\_) = "Stat" \\ \textbf{nameCounter} & (Counter IOCounter & \_\_) = "I0" \\ \textbf{nameCounter} & (Counter NetCounter & \_\_) = "Net" \\ \textbf{nameCounter} & (Counter CpuCounter & \_\_) = "Cpu" \\ \textbf{nameCounter} & (Counter RTSStats & \_\_) = "RTS" \\ \end{array}
```

CounterState

```
data CounterState = CounterState {
    csIdentifier :: Unique
    ,csCounters :: [Counter]
    }
    deriving (Generic, ToJSON)
instance ToJSON Unique where
    toJSON = toJSON o hashUnique
    toEncoding = toEncoding o hashUnique
instance Show CounterState where
    show cs = (show o hashUnique) (csIdentifier cs)
    <> " => " <> (show $ csCounters cs)
```

Difference between counters

```
diffCounters :: [Counter] → [Counter] → [Counter]
diffCounters openings closings =
    getCountersDiff openings closings
where
getCountersDiff :: [Counter]
    → [Counter]
    → [Counter]
getCountersDiff as bs =
let
    getName counter = nameCounter counter <> cName counter
    asNames = map getName as
    aPairs = zip asNames as
    bsNames = map getName bs
```

```
bs' = zip \ bsNames \ bs
bPairs = HM.fromList \ bs'

in

catMaybes \$ (flip \ map) \ aPairs \$ \lambda (name, Counter \_ startValue) \rightarrow

case \ HM.lookup \ name \ bPairs \ of

Nothing \rightarrow Nothing

Just \ counter \rightarrow let \ endValue = cValue \ counter

in Just \ counter \ \{cValue = endValue - startValue\}
```

1.5.16 Cardano.BM.Data.LogItem

LoggerName

A LoggerName has currently type *Text*.

```
type LoggerName = Text
```

NamedLogItem

```
type NamedLogItem = LogNamed LogObject
```

LogNamed

A LogNamed contains of a context name and some log item.

```
data LogNamed item = LogNamed
{InName :: LoggerName
,InItem :: item
} deriving (Show)
deriving instance Generic item ⇒ Generic (LogNamed item)
deriving instance (ToJSON item, Generic item) ⇒ ToJSON (LogNamed item)
```

Logging of outcomes with LogObject

```
data LogObject = LogObject LOMeta LOContent
    deriving (Generic, Show, ToJSON)

Meta data for a LogObject:

data LOMeta = LOMeta {
    tstamp :: {-# UNPACK #-} ! UTCTime
    ,tid :: {-# UNPACK #-} ! ThreadId
    }
    deriving (Show)
instance ToJSON LOMeta where
```

```
toJSON (LOMeta _tstamp _tid) =
      object ["tstamp". = _tstamp, "tid". = show _tid]
 mkLOMeta :: IO LOMeta
 mkLOMeta =
    LOMeta < $ > getCurrentTime
      < * > myThreadId
Payload of a LogObject:
  data LOContent = LogMessage LogItem
    | LogValue Text Measurable
    ObserveOpen CounterState
    | ObserveDiff CounterState
    | ObserveClose CounterState
    | AggregatedMessage [(Text, Aggregated)]
    | MonitoringEffect LogObject
    | KillPill
      deriving (Generic, Show, ToJSON)
```

LogItem

TODO liPayload :: ToObject

```
data LogItem = LogItem
    {liSelection :: LogSelection
    ,liSeverity :: Severity
    ,liPayload :: Text-- TODO should become ToObject
    } deriving (Show, Generic, ToJSON)

data LogSelection =
    Public -- only to public logs.
    | PublicUnsafe-- only to public logs, not console.
    | Private-- only to private logs.
    | Both -- to public and private logs.
    deriving (Show, Generic, ToJSON, FromJSON)
```

1.5.17 Cardano.BM.Data.Observable

ObservableInstance

1.5.18 Cardano.BM.Data.Output

OutputKind

```
data OutputKind = TVarList (STM.TVar [LogObject])
    | TVarListNamed (STM.TVar [LogNamed LogObject])
    deriving (Eq)
```

ScribeKind

This identifies katip's scribes by type.

```
data ScribeKind = FileTextSK
    | FileJsonSK
    | StdoutSK
    | StderrSK
    deriving (Generic, Eq, Ord, Show, FromJSON, ToJSON)
```

ScribeId

A scribe is identified by ScribeKind *x Filename*

```
type ScribeId = Text-- (ScribeKind :: Filename)
```

ScribeDefinition

This identifies katip's scribes by type.

```
data ScribeDefinition = ScribeDefinition
{scKind :: ScribeKind
,scName :: Text
,scRotation :: Maybe RotationParameters
}
deriving (Generic, Eq, Ord, Show, From JSON, To JSON)
```

1.5.19 Cardano.BM.Data.Rotation

RotationParameters

```
data RotationParameters = RotationParameters
{rpLogLimitBytes::!Word64-- max size of file in bytes
,rpMaxAgeHours::!Word -- hours
,rpKeepFilesNum::!Word -- number of files to keep
} deriving (Generic, Show, Eq, Ord, From JSON, To JSON)
```

1.5.20 Cardano.BM.Data.Severity

Severity

The intended meaning of severity codes:

Debug detailled information about values and decision flow Info general information of events; progressing properly Notice needs attention; something ¬ progressing properly Warning may continue into an error condition if continued Error unexpected set of event or condition occured Critical error condition causing degrade of operation Alert a subsystem is no longer operating correctly, likely requires manual at this point, the system can never progress without additional intervention

We were informed by the Syslog taxonomy: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Syslog#Severity_level

```
data Severity = Debug
   Info
   Notice
   | Warning
   Error
   | Critical
   | Alert
   Emergency
    deriving (Show, Eq, Ord, Enum, Generic, ToJSON, Read)
instance From JSON Severity where
  parseJSON = with Text "severity" $ \lambda case
     "Debug"
                  \rightarrow pure Debug
     "Info"
                  \rightarrow pure Info
     "Notice" \rightarrow pure  Notice
     "Warning" → pure Warning
                  \rightarrow pure Error
     "Error"
     "Critical" → pure Critical
                  \rightarrow pure Alert
     "Alert"
     "Emergency" → pure Emergency
                  \rightarrow pure Info-- catch all
```

1.5.21 Cardano.BM.Data.SubTrace

SubTrace

```
| DropOpening
| ObservableTrace [ObservableInstance]
| deriving (Generic, Show, From JSON, To JSON, Read, Eq)
```

1.5.22 Cardano.BM.Data.Trace

Trace

A Trace consists of a TraceContext and a TraceNamed in m.

```
type Trace m = (TraceContext, TraceNamed m)
```

TraceNamed

A TraceNamed is a specialized Contravariant of type NamedLogItem, a LogNamed with payload LogObject.

```
type TraceNamed m = BaseTrace m (NamedLogItem)
```

TraceContext

We keep the context's name and a reference to the Configuration in the TraceContext.

```
data TraceContext = TraceContext
    {loggerName :: LoggerName
    ,configuration :: Configuration
    ,tracetype :: SubTrace
    ,minSeverity :: Severity
    ,shutdown :: IO ()
}
```

1.5.23 Cardano.BM.Configuration

see Cardano.BM.Configuration.Model for the implementation.

```
getOptionOrDefault :: CM. Configuration \rightarrow Text \rightarrow Text \rightarrow IO (Text) getOptionOrDefault cg name def = \mathbf{do} opt \leftarrow CM. getOption cg name \mathbf{case} opt \mathbf{of} Nothing \rightarrow return def Just o \rightarrow return o
```

1.5.24 Cardano.BM.Configuration.Model

Configuration.Model

```
type ConfigurationMVar = MVar ConfigurationInternal
newtype Configuration = Configuration
  {getCG:: ConfigurationMVar}
-- Our internal state; see - "Configuration model"-
data ConfigurationInternal = ConfigurationInternal
  {cgMinSeverity
                    :: Severity
  -- minimum severity level of every object that will be output
                    :: HM.HashMap LoggerName Severity
  ,cgMapSeverity
  -- severity filter per loggername
  ,cgMapSubtrace
                    :: HM.HashMap LoggerName SubTrace
# ifdef MemoizeSeverity
  ,cgMapSeverityCache :: HM.HashMap LoggerName Severity
  -- map to cache info of the cgMapScribe
# endif
  -- type of trace per loggername
  ,cgOptions
                   :: HM.HashMap Text Object
  -- options needed for tracing, logging and monitoring
  ,cgMapBackend
                    :: HM.HashMap LoggerName [BackendKind]
  -- backends that will be used for the specific loggername
  ,cgDefBackendKs
                    :: [BackendKind]
  -- backends that will be used if a set of backends for the
  -- specific loggername is not set
                    :: [BackendKind]
  ,cgSetupBackends
  -- backends to setup; every backend to be used must have
  -- been declared here
  ,cgMapScribe
                    :: HM.HashMap LoggerName [ScribeId]
  -- katip scribes that will be used for the specific loggername
  ,cgMapScribeCache :: HM.HashMap LoggerName [ScribeId]
  -- map to cache info of the cgMapScribe
  ,cgDefScribes
                    ::[ScribeId]
  -- katip scribes that will be used if a set of scribes for the
  -- specific loggername is not set
  ,cgSetupScribes
                    ::[ScribeDefinition]
  -- katip scribes to setup; every scribe to be used must have
  -- been declared here
  ,cgMapAggregatedKind::HM.HashMap LoggerName AggregatedKind
  -- kind of Aggregated that will be used for the specific loggername
  ,cgDefAggregatedKind :: AggregatedKind
  -- kind of Aggregated that will be used if a set of scribes for the
  -- specific loggername is not set
  ,cgMonitors
                    :: HM.HashMap LoggerName (MEvExpr, [MEvAction])
  ,cgPortEKG
  -- port for EKG server
  ,cgPortGUI
                    :: Int
```

```
-- port for changes at runtime (NOT IMPLEMENTED YET)
} deriving (Show, Eq)
```

Backends configured in the Switchboard

For a given context name return the list of backends configured, or, in case no such configuration exists, return the default backends.

```
getBackends :: Configuration \rightarrow LoggerName \rightarrow IO [BackendKind]
getBackends configuration name = do
  cg \leftarrow readMVar \$ getCG configuration
  let outs = HM.lookup name (cgMapBackend cg)
   case outs of
     Nothing \rightarrow return (cgDefBackendKs cg)
     Just os \rightarrow return os
getDefaultBackends :: Configuration \rightarrow IO [BackendKind]
getDefaultBackends configuration =
   cgDefBackendKs < $ > (readMVar $ getCG configuration)
setDefaultBackends :: Configuration \rightarrow [BackendKind] \rightarrow IO()
setDefaultBackends configuration bes =
  modifyMVar_{-}(getCG configuration) \$ \lambda cg \rightarrow
     return\ cg\ \{cgDefBackendKs = bes\}
setBackends :: Configuration \rightarrow LoggerName \rightarrow Maybe [BackendKind] \rightarrow IO ()
setBackends configuration name be =
   modifyMVar_{-}(getCG configuration) \$ \lambda cg \rightarrow
     return cg \{cgMapBackend = HM.alter (\setminus \rightarrow be) name (cgMapBackend cg)\}
```

Backends to be setup by the Switchboard

Defines the list of Backends that need to be setup by the Switchboard.

```
setSetupBackends :: \textbf{Configuration} \rightarrow [\textbf{BackendKind}] \rightarrow IO \ () setSetupBackends \ \textbf{configuration} \ bes = \\ modifyMVar\_ (getCG \ \textbf{configuration}) \$ \ \lambda cg \rightarrow \\ return \ cg \ \{cgSetupBackends = bes\} getSetupBackends :: \textbf{Configuration} \rightarrow IO \ [\textbf{BackendKind}] getSetupBackends \ \textbf{configuration} = \\ cgSetupBackends < \$ > (readMVar \$ getCG \ \textbf{configuration})
```

Scribes configured in the Log backend

For a given context name return the list of scribes to output to, or, in case no such configuration exists, return the default scribes to use.

```
getScribes :: Configuration \rightarrow LoggerName \rightarrow IO [ScribeId] getScribes configuration name = \mathbf{do}
```

```
cg \leftarrow readMVar (getCG configuration)
     (updateCache, scribes) \leftarrow \mathbf{do}
        let defs = cgDefScribes cg
        let mapscribes = cgMapScribe cg
        let find_s lname = case HM.lookup lname mapscribes of
          Nothing \rightarrow
             case dropToDot lname of
                Nothing \rightarrow defs
               Just lname' \rightarrow find_s lname'
          Just os \rightarrow os
        let outs = HM.lookup name (cgMapScribeCache cg)
        -- look if scribes are already cached
        return $ case outs of
          -- if no cached scribes found; search the appropriate scribes that
          -- they must inherit and update the cached map
          Nothing \rightarrow (True, find_s name)
          Just os \rightarrow (False, os)
     when updateCache $ setCachedScribes configuration name $ Just scribes
     return scribes
dropToDot :: Text \rightarrow Maybe\ Text
dropToDot \ ts = dropToDot' \ (breakOnEnd "." \ ts)
  where
     dropToDot'(\_,"") = Nothing
     dropToDot'(name', \_) = Just \$ dropWhileEnd (\equiv '.') name'
getCachedScribes :: Configuration \rightarrow LoggerName \rightarrow IO (Maybe [ScribeId])
getCachedScribes configuration name = do
     cg \leftarrow readMVar \$ getCG configuration
     return $ HM.lookup name $ cgMapScribeCache cg
setScribes :: Configuration \rightarrow LoggerName \rightarrow Maybe [ScribeId] \rightarrow IO ()
setScribes configuration name scribes = do
     modifyMVar_{-}(getCG configuration) \$ \lambda cg \rightarrow
        return cg \{cgMapScribe = HM.alter (\setminus \rightarrow scribes) name (cgMapScribe cg)\}
# ifdef MemoizeSeverity
     -- delete cached scribes
     setCachedScribes configuration name Nothing
# endif
setCachedScribes :: Configuration \rightarrow LoggerName \rightarrow Maybe [ScribeId] \rightarrow IO ()
setCachedScribes configuration name scribes =
     modifyMVar_{-}(getCG configuration) \$ \lambda cg \rightarrow
        return cg \{cgMapScribeCache = HM.alter (\setminus \rightarrow scribes) name (cgMapScribeCache cg)\}
setDefaultScribes :: Configuration \rightarrow [ScribeId] \rightarrow IO()
setDefaultScribes configuration scs =
     modifyMVar_{-}(getCG configuration) \$ \lambda cg \rightarrow
        return\ cg\ \{cgDefScribes = scs\}
```

Scribes to be setup in the Log backend

Defines the list of *Scribes* that need to be setup in the Log backend.

```
setSetupScribes :: \textbf{Configuration} \rightarrow [\textbf{ScribeDefinition}] \rightarrow IO \ () setSetupScribes \textbf{ configuration} \ sds = \\ modifyMVar\_ (getCG \textbf{ configuration}) \$ \ \lambda cg \rightarrow \\ return \ cg \ \{cgSetupScribes = sds\} \} getSetupScribes :: \textbf{Configuration} \rightarrow IO \ [\textbf{ScribeDefinition}] getSetupScribes \textbf{ configuration} = \\ cgSetupScribes < \$ > readMVar \ (getCG \textbf{ configuration})
```

AggregatedKind to define the type of measurement

For a given context name return its **AggregatedKind** or in case no such configuration exists, return the default **AggregatedKind** to use.

```
getAggregatedKind :: \textbf{Configuration} \rightarrow \textbf{LoggerName} \rightarrow IO \ \textbf{AggregatedKind} getAggregatedKind \ \textbf{configuration} \ name = \textbf{do} cg \leftarrow readMVar \$ \ getCG \ \textbf{configuration} \textbf{let} \ outs = HM.lookup \ name \ (cgMapAggregatedKind \ cg) \textbf{case} \ outs \ \textbf{of} Nothing \rightarrow return \$ \ cgDefAggregatedKind \ cg Just \ os \rightarrow return \$ \ os setDefaultAggregatedKind :: \textbf{Configuration} \rightarrow \textbf{AggregatedKind} \rightarrow IO \ () setDefaultAggregatedKind \ \textbf{configuration} \ defAK =  modifyMVar_{-} \ (getCG \ \textbf{configuration}) \$ \ \lambda cg \rightarrow  return \ cg \ \{cgDefAggregatedKind = defAK\} setAggregatedKind :: \textbf{Configuration} \rightarrow \textbf{LoggerName} \rightarrow Maybe \ \textbf{AggregatedKind} \rightarrow IO \ () setAggregatedKind \ \textbf{configuration} \ name \ ak =  modifyMVar_{-} \ (getCG \ \textbf{configuration}) \$ \ \lambda cg \rightarrow  return \ cg \ \{cgMapAggregatedKind = HM.alter \ (\setminus_{-} \rightarrow ak) \ name \ (cgMapAggregatedKind \ cg)\}
```

Access port numbers of EKG, GUI

```
getEKGport :: Configuration \rightarrow IO Int
getEKGport configuration =
cgPortEKG < \$ > (readMVar \$ getCG configuration)
setEKGport :: Configuration \rightarrow Int \rightarrow IO ()
setEKGport configuration port =
modifyMVar_{-}(getCG configuration) \$ \lambda cg \rightarrow
return cg \{cgPortEKG = port\}
getGUIport :: Configuration \rightarrow IO Int
getGUIport configuration =
cgPortGUI < \$ > (readMVar \$ getCG configuration)
setGUIport :: Configuration \rightarrow Int \rightarrow IO ()
```

```
setGUIport configuration port = modifyMVar_{-}(getCG configuration) $ \lambda cg \rightarrow return cg {cgPortGUI = port}
```

Options

```
getOption:: Configuration \rightarrow Text \rightarrow IO (Maybe Text) getOption configuration name = do cg \leftarrow readMVar \$ getCG configuration case HM.lookup name (cgOptions cg) of Nothing \rightarrow return Nothing Just o \rightarrow return \$ Just \$ pack \$ show o
```

Global setting of minimum severity

```
minSeverity :: Configuration \rightarrow IO Severity
minSeverity configuration =
    cgMinSeverity < $ > (readMVar $ getCG configuration)
setMinSeverity :: Configuration \rightarrow Severity \rightarrow IO ()
setMinSeverity configuration sev =
    modifyMVar_ (getCG configuration) $ \lambdacg \rightarrow
    return cg {cgMinSeverity = sev
# ifdef MemoizeSeverity
    -- delete cached severities
    ,cgMapSeverityCache = HM.empty
# endif
    }
```

Relation of context name to minimum severity

```
inspectSeverity::Configuration → Text → IO (Maybe Severity)
inspectSeverity configuration name = do
    cg ← readMVar $ getCG configuration
    return $ HM.lookup name (cgMapSeverity cg)

# ifdef MemoizeSeverity
getSeverity::Configuration → Severity → LoggerName → IO Severity
getSeverity configuration minTraceSeverity name = do
    cg ← readMVar (getCG configuration)
    (updateCache, sev) ← do
    let def = max minTraceSeverity $ cgMinSeverity cg
    let mapSeverity = cgMapSeverity cg
    let find s lname = case HM.lookup lname mapSeverity of
    Nothing →
        case dropToDot lname of
```

```
Nothing \rightarrow def
             Just lname' \rightarrow find\_s lname'
       Iust sev \rightarrow sev
     let cachedSeverity = HM.lookup name (cgMapSeverityCache cg)
     -- look if severity is already cached
     return $ case cached Severity of
        -- if no cached severity found; search the appropriate severity that
       -- they must inherit and update the cached map
       Nothing \rightarrow (True, max def $ find_s name)
       Just sev \rightarrow (False, sev)
  when updateCache $ setCachedSeverity configuration name $ Just sev
  return sev
getCachedSeverity :: Configuration <math>\rightarrow LoggerName \rightarrow IO (Maybe Severity)
getCachedSeverity configuration name = do
  cg \leftarrow readMVar \$ getCG configuration
  return $ HM.lookup name $ cgMapSeverityCache cg
# endif
setSeverity :: Configuration \rightarrow Text \rightarrow Maybe Severity \rightarrow IO ()
setSeverity configuration name sev = do
  modifyMVar_{-} (getCG configuration) $ \lambda cg \rightarrow
     return cg \{cgMapSeverity = HM.alter (\setminus \rightarrow sev) name (cgMapSeverity cg)\}
# ifdef MemoizeSeverity
  -- delete cached severity
  setCachedSeverity configuration name Nothing
# endif
# ifdef MemoizeSeverity
setCachedSeverity :: Configuration \rightarrow LoggerName \rightarrow Maybe Severity \rightarrow IO ()
setCachedSeverity configuration name severity =
  modifyMVar_{-} (getCG configuration) $ \lambda cg \rightarrow
     return cg \{cgMapSeverityCache = HM.alter (\setminus \rightarrow severity) name (cgMapSeverityCache cg)\}
# endif
```

Relation of context name to SubTrace

A new context may contain a different type of Trace. The function appendName (Enter new named context) will look up the SubTrace for the context's name.

```
findSubTrace :: Configuration \rightarrow Text \rightarrow IO (Maybe SubTrace)
findSubTrace configuration name = do
cg \leftarrow readMVar \$ getCG configuration
return \$ HM.lookup name (cgMapSubtrace cg)
setSubTrace :: Configuration \rightarrow Text \rightarrow Maybe SubTrace \rightarrow IO ()
setSubTrace configuration name trafo =
modifyMVar_{-}(getCG configuration) \$ \lambda cg \rightarrow
return cg \{cgMapSubtrace = HM.alter (\setminus_{-} \rightarrow trafo) name (cgMapSubtrace cg)\}
```

Monitors

Parse configuration from file

Parse the configuration into an internal representation first. Then, fill in Configuration after refinement.

```
setup :: FilePath \rightarrow IO Configuration
setup fp = \mathbf{do}
     r \leftarrow R.parseRepresentation fp
     setupFromRepresentation r
parseMonitors :: Maybe (HM.HashMap Text Value) \rightarrow HM.HashMap LoggerName (MEvExpr, [MEvAction])
parseMonitors Nothing = HM.empty
parseMonitors (Just hmv) = HM.mapMaybe mkMonitor hmv
     where
     mkMonitor(Array a) =
          if Vector.length a \equiv 2
          then do
            e \leftarrow mkExpression \$ a Vector. ! 0
            as \leftarrow mkActions \$ a Vector. ! 1
            return (e, as)
          else Nothing
     mkMonitor = Nothing
     mkExpression :: Value \rightarrow Maybe MEvExpr
     mkExpression (Object o1) =
          case HM.lookup "monitor" o1 of
            Nothing \rightarrow Nothing
            Just (String expr) \rightarrow MEv.parseMaybe expr
            Just_{-} → Nothing
     mkExpression = Nothing
```

```
mkActions :: Value \rightarrow Maybe [MEvAction]
    mkActions (Object o2) =
         case HM.lookup "actions" o2 of
           Nothing \rightarrow Nothing
           Just (Array as) \rightarrow Just $ map (\lambda(String s) \rightarrow s) $ Vector.toList as
           Just_{-} → Nothing
    mkActions = Nothing
setupFromRepresentation :: R.Representation \rightarrow IO Configuration
setupFromRepresentation r = do
    let mapseverities0 = HM.lookup "mapSeverity" (R.options r)
         mapbackends = HM.lookup "mapBackends" (R.options r)
         mapsubtrace = HM.lookup "mapSubtrace" (R.options r)
         mapscribes0 = HM.lookup "mapScribes" (R.options r)
         mapaggregatedkinds = HM.lookup "mapAggregatedkinds" (R.options r)
         mapmonitors = HM.lookup "mapMonitors" (R.options r)
         mapseverities = parseSeverityMap mapseverities0
         mapscribes
                     = parseScribeMap mapscribes0
    cgref \leftarrow newMVar \$ ConfigurationInternal
         {cgMinSeverity
                              = R.minSeverity r
         ,cgMapSeverity
                              = mapseverities
# ifdef MemoizeSeverity
         , cg Map Severity Cache = map severities \\
# endif
         ,cgMapSubtrace
                              = parseSubtraceMap mapsubtrace
         ,cgOptions
                              = R.options r
         ,cgMapBackend
                              = parseBackendMap mapbackends
         ,cgDefBackendKs
                              = R.defaultBackends r
                              = R.setupBackends r
         ,cgSetupBackends
         ,cgMapScribe
                              = mapscribes
         ,cgMapScribeCache = mapscribes
         ,cgDefScribes
                              = r_defaultScribes r
                              = fillRotationParams (R.rotation r) (R.setupScribes r)
         ,cgSetupScribes
         ,cgMapAggregatedKind = parseAggregatedKindMap mapaggregatedkinds
         ,cgDefAggregatedKind = StatsAK
         ,cgMonitors
                              = parseMonitors mapmonitors
         ,cgPortEKG
                              = r_hasEKG r
         ,cgPortGUI
                              = r_hasGUI r
    return $ Configuration cgref
  where
    parseSeverityMap:: Maybe (HM.HashMap Text Value) → HM.HashMap Text Severity
    parseSeverityMap Nothing = HM.empty
    parseSeverityMap (Just hmv) = HM.mapMaybe mkSeverity hmv
       where
         mkSeverity (String s) = Just (read (unpack s) :: Severity)
         mkSeverity = Nothing
    fillRotationParams :: Maybe RotationParameters \rightarrow [ScribeDefinition] \rightarrow [ScribeDefinition]
```

```
fillRotationParams defaultRotation = map \$ \lambda sd \rightarrow
     if (scKind sd \neq StdoutSK) \land (scKind sd \neq StderrSK)
     then
       sd {scRotation = maybe defaultRotation Just (scRotation sd)}
     else
        -- stdout and stderr cannot be rotated
       sd {scRotation = Nothing}
parseBackendMap Nothing = HM.empty
parseBackendMap (Just hmv) = HM.map mkBackends hmv
  where
     mkBackends (Array bes) = catMaybes $ map mkBackend $ Vector.toList bes
     mkBackends = []
     mkBackend (String s) = Just (read (unpack s) :: BackendKind)
     mkBackend = Nothing
parseScribeMap Nothing = HM.empty
parseScribeMap (Just hmv) = HM.map mkScribes hmv
  where
     mkScribes (Array scs) = catMaybes $ map mkScribe $ Vector.toList scs
     mkScribes (String s) = [(s :: ScribeId)]
     mkScribes \_ = []
     mkScribe (String s) = Just (s :: ScribeId)
     mkScribe = Nothing
parseSubtraceMap:: Maybe (HM.HashMap Text Value) → HM.HashMap Text SubTrace
parseSubtraceMap Nothing = HM.empty
parseSubtraceMap (Just hmv) = HM.mapMaybe mkSubtrace hmv
  where
     mkSubtrace (String s) = Just (read (unpack s) :: SubTrace)
     mkSubtrace (Object hm) = mkSubtrace' (HM.lookup "tag" hm) (HM.lookup "contents" hm)
     mkSubtrace = Nothing
     mkSubtrace' Nothing _ = Nothing
     mkSubtrace' _ Nothing = Nothing
     mkSubtrace' (Just (String tag)) (Just (Array cs)) =
       if tag = "ObservableTrace"
       then Just $ ObservableTrace $ map (\lambda(String s) \rightarrow (read (unpack s) :: ObservableInstance)) $ Vector.
       else Nothing
     mkSubtrace' \_ \_ = Nothing
r_hasEKG repr = case (R.hasEKG repr) of
  Nothing \rightarrow 0
                \rightarrow p
r_hasGUI repr = \mathbf{case} (R.hasGUI \ repr) \mathbf{of}
  Nothing \rightarrow 0
  Just p
r\_defaultScribes\ repr = map\ (\lambda(k,n) \rightarrow pack\ (show\ k) <> "::" <> n)\ (R.defaultScribes\ repr)
parseAggregatedKindMap Nothing = HM.empty
parseAggregatedKindMap (Just hmv) =
     let
```

```
listv = HM.toList hmv
    mapAggregatedKind = HM.fromList $ catMaybes $ map mkAggregatedKind listv
in
    mapAggregatedKind
where
    mkAggregatedKind (name, String s) = Just (name, read (unpack s) :: AggregatedKind)
    mkAggregatedKind _ = Nothing
```

Setup empty configuration

```
empty::IO Configuration
empty = do
  cgref \leftarrow newMVar \$ ConfigurationInternal
    {cgMinSeverity
                       = Debug
    ,cgMapSeverity
                       = HM.empty
# ifdef MemoizeSeverity
    , cgMapSeverityCache = HM.empty
# endif
    ,cgMapSubtrace
                       = HM.empty
    ,cgOptions
                       = HM.empty
    ,cgMapBackend
                       = HM.empty
    ,cgDefBackendKs
                       = []
    ,cgSetupBackends
                       =[]
    ,cgMapScribe
                       = HM.empty
    ,cgMapScribeCache = HM.empty
    ,cgDefScribes
                       =[]
                       = []
    ,cgSetupScribes
    , cgMapAggregatedKind = HM.empty
    ,cgDefAggregatedKind = StatsAK
    ,cgMonitors
                       = HM.empty
    ,cgPortEKG
                       = 0
    ,cgPortGUI
                       = 0
  return $ Configuration cgref
```

1.5.25 Cardano.BM.Configuration.Static

Default configuration outputting on stdout

```
defaultConfigStdout :: IO CM.Configuration
defaultConfigStdout = do
  c ← CM.empty
  CM.setMinSeverity c Debug
  CM.setSetupBackends c [KatipBK]
  CM.setDefaultBackends c [KatipBK]
  CM.setSetupScribes c [ScribeDefinition {
```

```
scName = "stdout"
,scKind = StdoutSK
,scRotation = Nothing
}
]
CM.setDefaultScribes c ["StdoutSK::stdout"]
return c
```

Default configuration for testing

```
defaultConfigTesting :: IO CM.Configuration

defaultConfigTesting = do

c ← CM.empty

CM.setMinSeverity c Debug

CM.setSetupBackends c [KatipBK, AggregationBK]

CM.setDefaultBackends c [KatipBK, AggregationBK]

CM.setSetupScribes c [ScribeDefinition {
    scName = "stdout"
    ,scKind = StdoutSK
    ,scRotation = Nothing
    }

]

CM.setDefaultScribes c ["StdoutSK::stdout"]

return c
```

1.5.26 Cardano.BM.Output.Switchboard

Switchboard

We are using an MVar because we spawn a set of backends that may try to send messages to the switchboard before it is completely setup.

```
type SwitchboardMVar = MVar SwitchboardInternal
newtype Switchboard = Switchboard
  {getSB :: SwitchboardMVar}
data SwitchboardInternal = SwitchboardInternal
  {sbQueue :: TBQ.TBQueue NamedLogItem
    ,sbDispatch :: Async.Async ()
}
```

Trace that forwards to the Switchboard

Every Trace ends in the Switchboard which then takes care of dispatching the messages to outputs

```
mainTrace :: Switchboard \rightarrow TraceNamed IO
mainTrace sb = BaseTrace.BaseTrace \$ Op \$ \lambdalognamed \rightarrow do
effectuate sb lognamed
```

Process incoming messages

Incoming messages are put into the queue, and then processed by the dispatcher. The queue is initialized and the message dispatcher launched.

```
instance IsEffectuator Switchboard where
  effectuate switchboard item = do
    let writequeue :: TBQ.TBQueue NamedLogItem \rightarrow NamedLogItem \rightarrow IO ()
       writequeue q i = do
         nocapacity \leftarrow atomically \$ TBQ.isFullTBQueue q
         if nocapacity
         then handleOverflow switchboard
         else atomically $ TBQ.writeTBQueue q i
    sb \leftarrow readMVar (getSB switchboard)
    writequeue (sbQueue sb) item
  handleOverflow _ = putStrLn "Error: Switchboard's queue full, dropping log items!"
instead of 'writequeue ...':
  evalMonitoringAction config item ≫
    mapM_{-} (writequeue (sbQueue sb))
evalMonitoringAction::Configuration \rightarrow NamedLogItem \rightarrow m [NamedLogItem]
evalMonitoringAction c item = return [item]
  -- let action = LogNamed lnName=(lnName item) <> ".action", lnItem=LogMessage ...
  -- return (action : item)
```

Switchboard implements Backend functions

Switchboard is an Declaration of a Backend

```
instance IsBackend Switchboard where
  typeof _ = SwitchboardBK
  realize cfg =
     let spawnDispatcher
          :: Configuration
           \rightarrow [(BackendKind, Backend)]
           → TBQ.TBQueue NamedLogItem
           \rightarrow IO (Async.Async ())
       spawnDispatcher config backends queue =
          let sendMessage nli befilter = do
               selectedBackends \leftarrow getBackends config (lnName nli)
               let selBEs = befilter selectedBackends
               forM_backends $ \lambda(bek, be) \rightarrow
                  when (bek \in selBEs) (bEffectuate be $ nli)
             qProc = \mathbf{do}
               nli \leftarrow atomically \$ TBQ.readTBQueue queue
               case lnItem nli of
                  LogObject \_KillPill \rightarrow
```

```
for M_backends (\lambda(\_,be) \rightarrow bUnrealize be)
               LogObject \_ (AggregatedMessage \_) \rightarrow do
                 sendMessage nli (filter (≠ AggregationBK))
                 aProc
               LogObject \_ (MonitoringEffect inner) \rightarrow do
                 sendMessage\ (nli\ \{lnItem = inner\})\ (filter\ (\not\equiv MonitoringBK))
               \_ \rightarrow sendMessage nli id \gg qProc
       in
       Async.async qProc
  in do
  q \leftarrow atomically \$ TBQ.newTBQueue 2048
  sbref \leftarrow newEmptyMVar
  let sb :: Switchboard = Switchboard sbref
  backends \leftarrow getSetupBackends cfg
  bs \leftarrow setupBackends \ backends \ cfg \ sb
  dispatcher \leftarrow spawnDispatcher \ cfg \ bs \ q
  -- link the given Async to the current thread, such that if the Async
  -- raises an exception, that exception will be re-thrown in the current
  -- thread, wrapped in ExceptionInLinkedThread.
  Async.link dispatcher
  putMVar sbref $ SwitchboardInternal {sbQueue = q, sbDispatch = dispatcher}
  return sb
unrealize\ switchboard = \mathbf{do}
  let clearMVar :: MVar a \rightarrow IO()
    clearMVar = void \circ tryTakeMVar
  (dispatcher, queue) \leftarrow with MVar (getSB switchboard) (\lambda sb \rightarrow return (sbDispatch sb, sbQueue sb))
  -- send terminating item to the queue
  lo \leftarrow LogObject < \$ > mkLOMeta < * > pure KillPill
  atomically $ TBQ.writeTBQueue queue $ LogNamed "kill.switchboard" lo
  -- wait for the dispatcher to exit
  res \leftarrow Async.waitCatch\ dispatcher
  either throwM return res
  (clearMVar ∘ getSB) switchboard
```

Realizing the backends according to configuration

```
setupBackends::[BackendKind]

→ Configuration

→ Switchboard

→ [(BackendKind, Backend)]

→ IO [(BackendKind, Backend)]

setupBackends [] _ _ acc = return acc

setupBackends (bk: bes) c sb acc = do

be' ← setupBackend' bk c sb

setupBackends bes c sb ((bk, be'): acc)
```

```
setupBackend' :: BackendKind \rightarrow Configuration \rightarrow Switchboard \rightarrow IO Backend
setupBackend' SwitchboardBK _ _ = error "cannot instantiate a further Switchboard"
setupBackend' MonitoringBK c = do
  be:: Cardano.BM.Output \circ Monitoring.Monitor \leftarrow Cardano.BM.Output \circ Monitoring.realize c
  return MkBackend
     {bEffectuate = Cardano.BM.Output o Monitoring.effectuate be
    ,bUnrealize = Cardano.BM.Output o Monitoring.unrealize be
setupBackend' EKGViewBK c = do
  be:: Cardano.BM.Output \circ EKGView.EKGView \leftarrow Cardano.BM.Output \circ EKGView.realize c
  return MkBackend
    \{bEffectuate = Cardano.BM.Output \circ EKGView.effectuate\ be
    ,bUnrealize = Cardano.BM.Output o EKGView.unrealize be
setupBackend' AggregationBK c sb = \mathbf{do}
  let trace = mainTrace sb
    ctx = TraceContext {loggerName = " "
          , configuration = c
          , minSeverity = Debug
          , tracetype = Neutral
          , shutdown = pure()
  be:: Cardano.BM.Output \circ Aggregation.Aggregation \leftarrow Cardano.BM.Output \circ Aggregation.realizefrom (ctx,
  return MkBackend
    \{bEffectuate = Cardano.BM.Output \circ Aggregation.effectuate\ be
    , bUnrealize = Cardano.BM.Output \circ Aggregation.unrealize be
setupBackend' KatipBK c = do
  be :: Cardano.BM.Output \circ Log.Log \leftarrow Cardano.BM.Output \circ Log.realize c
  return MkBackend
    \{bEffectuate = Cardano.BM.Output \circ Log.effectuate\ be
     , bUnrealize = Cardano.BM.Output \circ Log.unrealize be
```

1.5.27 Cardano.BM.Output.Log

Internal representation

```
type LogMVar = MVar LogInternal
newtype Log = Log
{getK :: LogMVar}
data LogInternal = LogInternal
{kLogEnv :: K.LogEnv
, configuration :: Config.Configuration}
```

Log implements *effectuate*

```
instance IsEffectuator Log where

effectuate katip item = do

c \leftarrow configuration < \$ > readMVar (getK katip)

selscribes \leftarrow getScribes c (lnName item)

forM\_selscribes \$ \lambda sc \rightarrow passN sc katip item

handleOverflow \_ = putStrLn "Notice: Katip's queue full, dropping log items!"
```

Log implements backend functions

```
instance IsBackend Log where
  typeof = KatipBK
  realize\ config = do
    let updateEnv :: K.LogEnv \rightarrow IO \ UTCTime \rightarrow K.LogEnv
      updateEnv le timer =
         le {K._logEnvTimer = timer, K._logEnvHost = "hostname"}
      register :: [ScribeDefinition] \rightarrow K.LogEnv \rightarrow IO K.LogEnv
      register [] le = return le
      register (defsc: dscs) le = do
         let kind = \mathbf{scKind} defsc
           name = scName defsc
           rotParams = scRotation defsc
           name' = pack (show kind) <> "::" <> name
         scr ← createScribe kind name rotParams
         mockVersion :: Version
      mockVersion = Version [0, 1, 0, 0][]
      scribeSettings :: KC.ScribeSettings
      scribeSettings =
         let bufferSize = 5000-- size of the queue (in log items)
         KC.ScribeSettings bufferSize
      createScribe FileTextSK name rotParams = mkTextFileScribe
         rotParams
         (FileDescription $ unpack name)
         False
      createScribe FileJsonSK name rotParams = mkJsonFileScribe
         rotParams
         (FileDescription $ unpack name)
         False
      createScribe StdoutSK _ _ = mkStdoutScribe
      createScribe StderrSK _ _ = mkStderrScribe
    cfoKey ← Config.getOptionOrDefault config (pack "cfokey") (pack "<unknown>")
    le0 \leftarrow K.initLogEnv
           (K.Namespace ["iohk"])
```

```
(fromString $ (unpack cfoKey) <> ":" <> showVersion mockVersion)
       -- request a new time 'getCurrentTime' at most 100 times a second
       timer \leftarrow mkAutoUpdate defaultUpdateSettings \{updateAction = getCurrentTime, updateFreq = 10000\}
       let le1 = updateEnv le0 timer
       scribes \leftarrow getSetupScribes config
       le \leftarrow register scribes le1
       kref \leftarrow newMVar \$ LogInternal le config
       return $ Log kref
    unrealize katip = do
       le \leftarrow withMVar (getK katip) \$ \lambda k \rightarrow return (kLogEnv k)
       void $ K.closeScribes le
  example :: IO ()
  example = do
    config ← Config.setup "from_some_path.yaml"
    k \leftarrow setup \ config
    passN (pack (show StdoutSK)) k $ LogNamed
       {lnName = "test"
       , lnItem = LogMessage $ LogItem
         {liSelection = Both
         , liSeverity = Info
         ,liPayload = "Hello!"
    passN (pack (show StdoutSK)) k $ LogNamed
       {lnName = "test"
       , lnItem = LogValue "cpu-no" 1
Needed instances for katip:
  deriving instance K.ToObject LogObject
  deriving instance K.ToObject LogItem
  deriving instance K.ToObject (Maybe LOContent)
  instance KC.LogItem LogObject where
    payloadKeys \_ \_ = KC.AllKeys
  instance KC.LogItem LogItem where
    payloadKeys \_ \_ = KC.AllKeys
  instance KC.LogItem (Maybe LOContent) where
    payloadKeys \_ \_ = KC.AllKeys
```

Log.passN

The following function copies the NamedLogItem to the queues of all scribes that match on their name. Compare start of name of scribe to (*show backend* <> "::"). This function is non-blocking.

```
passN :: Text → Log → NamedLogItem → IO ()
passN backend katip namedLogItem = do
```

```
env \leftarrow kLogEnv < \$ > readMVar (getK katip)
forM_ (Map.toList $ K._logEnvScribes env) $
  \lambda(scName, (KC.ScribeHandle \_shChan)) \rightarrow
     -- check start of name to match ScribeKind
        if backend 'isPrefixOf' scName
        then do
          let (LogObject lometa loitem) = lnItem namedLogItem
          let (sev, msg, payload) = case loitem of
               (LogMessage logItem) \rightarrow
                  (liSeverity logItem, liPayload logItem, Nothing)
               (ObserveDiff \_) \rightarrow
                  let text = TL.toStrict (encodeToLazyText loitem)
                  (Info, text, Just loitem)
               (ObserveOpen \_) \rightarrow
                  let text = TL.toStrict (encodeToLazyText loitem)
                  in
                  (Info, text, Just loitem)
               (ObserveClose \_) \rightarrow
                  let text = TL.toStrict (encodeToLazyText loitem)
                  (Info, text, Just loitem)
               (AggregatedMessage aggregated) \rightarrow
                  let text = T.concat \$ (flip map) aggregated \$ \lambda(name, agg) \rightarrow
                     "\n" <> name <> ": " <> pack (show agg)
                  in
                  (Info, text, Nothing)
               (LogValue name value) \rightarrow
                  (Debug, name <> " = " <> pack (show SI value), Nothing)
               (MonitoringEffect\ logitem) \rightarrow
                  let text = TL.toStrict (encodeToLazyText logitem)
                  (Info, text, Just loitem)
               KillPill \rightarrow
                  (Info, "Kill pill received!", Nothing)
          if (msg \equiv "") \land (isNothing payload)
          then return ()
          else do
             let threadIdText = KC.mkThreadIdText (tid lometa)
            let ns = lnName namedLogItem
            let itemTime = tstamp lometa
            let itemKatip = K.Item {
               _itemApp
                               = env^{\cdot}. KC.logEnvApp
               , _itemEnv
                               = env \cdot. KC.logEnvEnv
               ,_itemSeverity = sev2klog sev
               ,_itemThread = threadIdText
               , _itemHost
                             = env ^. KC.logEnvHost
               , _itemProcess = env^. KC.logEnvPid
```

```
,_itemPayload = payload
,_itemMessage = K.logStr msg
,_itemTime = itemTime
,_itemNamespace = (env^. KC.logEnvApp) <> (K.Namespace [ns])
,_itemLoc = Nothing
}
void $ atomically $ KC.tryWriteTBQueue shChan (KC.NewItem itemKatip)
else return ()
```

Scribes

```
mkStdoutScribe::IO K.Scribe
mkStdoutScribe = \mathbf{do}
     -- duplicate stdout so that Katip's closing
     -- action will not close the real stdout
     stdout' \leftarrow hDuplicate stdout
     mkTextFileScribeH stdout' True
mkStderrScribe:: IO K.Scribe
mkStderrScribe = \mathbf{do}
     -- duplicate stderr so that Katip's closing
     -- action will not close the real stderr
     stderr' \leftarrow hDuplicate\ stderr
     mkTextFileScribeH stderr' True
mkTextFileScribeH :: Handle \rightarrow Bool \rightarrow IO K.Scribe
mkTextFileScribeH handler color = \mathbf{do}
     mkFileScribeH handler formatter color
  where
     formatter h colorize verbosity item =
        TIO.hPutStrLn h $! toLazyText $ formatItem colorize verbosity item
mkFileScribeH
     :: Handle
      \rightarrow (forall a \circ K.LogItem a \Rightarrow Handle \rightarrow Bool \rightarrow K.Verbosity \rightarrow K.Item a \rightarrow IO ())
      \rightarrow Bool
      \rightarrow IO K.Scribe
mkFileScribeHh formatter colorize = do
     hSetBuffering h LineBuffering
     locklocal \leftarrow newMVar()
     let logger :: forall \ a \circ K. LogItem \ a \Rightarrow K. Item \ a \rightarrow IO ()
        logger item = withMVar locklocal \$ \setminus \rightarrow
                   formatter h colorize K.V0 item
     pure $ K.Scribe logger (hClose h)
mkTextFileScribe :: Maybe RotationParameters \rightarrow FileDescription \rightarrow Bool \rightarrow IO K.Scribe
mkTextFileScribe\ rotParams\ fdesc\ colorize = \mathbf{do}
     mkFileScribe rotParams fdesc formatter colorize
  where
     formatter :: Handle \rightarrow Bool \rightarrow K. Verbosity \rightarrow K. Item a \rightarrow IO Int
```

```
formatter hdl colorize' v' item =
       case KC._itemMessage item of
             K.LogStr "" \rightarrow
               -- if message is empty do not output it
               return 0
             \_ \rightarrow do
               let tmsg = toLazyText $ formatItem colorize' v' item
               TIO.hPutStrLn hdl tmsg
               return $ fromIntegral $ TL.length tmsg
mkJsonFileScribe :: Maybe RotationParameters \rightarrow FileDescription \rightarrow Bool \rightarrow IO K.Scribe
mk JsonFileScribe rotParams fdesc colorize = do
     mkFileScribe rotParams fdesc formatter colorize
     formatter :: (K.LogItem \ a) \Rightarrow Handle \rightarrow Bool \rightarrow K.Verbosity \rightarrow K.Item \ a \rightarrow IO \ Int
    formatter\ h \ \_verbosity\ item = \mathbf{do}
       let jmsg = case KC._itemMessage item of
             -- if a message is contained in item then only the
             -- message is printed and not the data
             K.LogStr "" \rightarrow K.itemJson verbosity item
             K.LogStr msg \rightarrow K.itemJson verbosity $
               item {KC._itemMessage = K.logStr ("" :: Text)
                  , KC._itemPayload = LogItem Both Info $ TL.toStrict $ toLazyText msg
          tmsg = encodeToLazyText jmsg
        TIO.hPutStrLn h tmsg
       return $ fromIntegral $ TL.length tmsg
mkFileScribe
     :: Maybe RotationParameters
     \rightarrow FileDescription
     \rightarrow (forall a \circ K.LogItem a \Rightarrow Handle \rightarrow Bool \rightarrow K.Verbosity \rightarrow K.Item a \rightarrow IO Int)
     \rightarrow Bool
     \rightarrow IO K.Scribe
mkFileScribe (Just rotParams) fdesc formatter colorize = \mathbf{do}
     let prefixDir = prefixPath fdesc
     (createDirectoryIfMissing True prefixDir)
        'catchIO' (prtoutException ("cannot log prefix directory: " + prefixDir))
     let fpath = filePath fdesc
     trp \leftarrow initializeRotator\ rotParams\ fpath
     scribestate \leftarrow newMVartrp-- triple of (handle), (bytes remaining), (rotate time)
     -- sporadically remove old log files - every 10 seconds
     cleanup \leftarrow mkAutoUpdate defaultUpdateSettings 
                                   updateAction = cleanupRotator rotParams fpath
                         , updateFreq = 10000000
     let finalizer :: IO ()
       finalizer = withMVar scribestate$
                                   \lambda(h, \_, \_) \rightarrow hClose h
```

```
let logger :: forall \ a \circ K. LogItem \ a \Rightarrow K. Item \ a \rightarrow IO ()
        logger item =
          modifyMVar\_scribestate \$ \lambda(h, bytes, rottime) \rightarrow \mathbf{do}
             byteswritten \leftarrow formatter h colorize K.V0 item
             -- remove old files
             cleanup
             -- detect log file rotation
             let bytes' = bytes – (toInteger $ byteswritten)
             let tdiff' = round $ diffUTCTime rottime (K._itemTime item)
             if bytes' < 0 \lor tdiff' < (0 :: Integer)
               then do -- log file rotation
                  hClose h
                  (h2, bytes2, rottime2) \leftarrow evalRotator\ rotParams\ fpath
                  return (h2, bytes2, rottime2)
                  return (h, bytes', rottime)
     return $ K.Scribe logger finalizer
-- log rotation disabled.
mkFileScribe Nothing fdesc formatter colorize = \mathbf{do}
     let prefixDir = prefixPath fdesc
     (createDirectoryIfMissing True prefixDir)
        'catchIO' (prtoutException ("cannot log prefix directory: " + prefixDir))
     let fpath = filePath fdesc
     h \leftarrow catchIO (openFile fpath WriteMode) $
                  \lambda e \rightarrow do
                     prtoutException ("error while opening log: " ++ fpath) e
                     -- fallback to standard output in case of exception
                     return stdout
     hSetBuffering h LineBuffering
     scribestate \leftarrow newMVar h
     let finalizer :: IO ()
       finalizer = withMVar scribestate hClose
     let logger :: forall \ a \circ K. LogItem \ a \Rightarrow K. Item \ a \rightarrow IO ()
        logger item =
          withMVar scribestate $ \lambdahandler \rightarrow
             void $ formatter handler colorize K.V0 item
     return $ K.Scribe logger finalizer
formatItem :: Bool \rightarrow K.Verbosity \rightarrow K.Item a \rightarrow Builder
formatItem withColor _verb K.Item {..} =
     fromText header <>
     fromText " " <>
     brackets (fromText timestamp) <>
     fromText " " <>
     KC.unLogStr_itemMessage
     header = colorBySeverity _itemSeverity $
        "["<> mconcat namedcontext <> ":" <> severity <> ":" <> threadid <> "]"
```

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```
namedcontext = KC.intercalateNs _itemNamespace
     severity = KC.renderSeverity _itemSeverity
     threadid = KC.getThreadIdText _itemThread
     timestamp = pack $ formatTime defaultTimeLocale tsformat _itemTime
     tsformat :: String
     tsformat = "\%F \%T\%20 \%Z"
     colorBySeverity \ s \ m = case \ s \ of
        K.EmergencyS \rightarrow red m
        K.AlertS
                    \rightarrow red m
        K.CriticalS \rightarrow red m
        K.ErrorS \rightarrow red m
        K.NoticeS \rightarrow magenta m
        K.WarningS \rightarrow yellow m
                     \rightarrow blue m
        K.InfoS
        _{-} \rightarrow m
     red = colorize "31"
     yellow = colorize "33"
     magenta = colorize "35"
     blue = colorize "34"
     colorize c m
        | withColor = "\ESC[" <> c <> "m" <> m <> "\ESC[0m"
        | otherwise = m
-- translate Severity to Log. Severity
sev2klog :: Severity \rightarrow K.Severity
sev2klog = \lambda case
     Debug \rightarrow K.DebugS
     Info
               \rightarrow K.InfoS
     Notice \rightarrow K.NoticeS
     Warning \rightarrow K.WarningS
     Error
               \rightarrow K.ErrorS
     Critical \rightarrow K.CriticalS
     Alert \rightarrow K.AlertS
     Emergency \rightarrow K.EmergencyS
data FileDescription = FileDescription {
  filePath :: !FilePath }
  deriving (Show)
prefixPath :: FileDescription \rightarrow FilePath
prefixPath = takeDirectory ∘ filePath
```

1.5.28 Cardano.BM.Output.EKGView

Structure of EKGView

```
type EKGViewMVar = MVar EKGViewInternal
newtype EKGView = EKGView
```

```
{getEV :: EKGViewMVar}

data EKGViewInternal = EKGViewInternal
{evQueue :: TBQ.TBQueue (Maybe NamedLogItem)
,evLabels :: EKGViewMap
,evServer :: Server
}
```

Relation from variable name to label handler

We keep the label handlers for later update in a *HashMap*.

type EKGViewMap = HM.HashMap Text Label.Label

Internal Trace

This is an internal Trace, named "#ekgview", which can be used to control the messages that are being displayed by EKG.

```
ekgTrace :: EKGView \rightarrow Configuration \rightarrow IO (Trace IO)
ekgTrace\ ekg\ c = \mathbf{do}
     let trace = ekgTrace' ekg
       ctx = TraceContext {loggerName = " "
             , configuration = c
             , minSeverity = Debug
             ,tracetype = Neutral
             , shutdown = pure()
     Trace.subTrace "#ekgview" (ctx, trace)
  where
     ekgTrace′ :: EKGView → TraceNamed IO
     ekgTrace' ekgview = BaseTrace.BaseTrace $ Op $ \lambda(LogNamed lognamed lo) \rightarrow do
       let setlabel :: Text \rightarrow Text \rightarrow EKGViewInternal \rightarrow IO (Maybe EKGViewInternal)
          setlabel name label ekg_i@(EKGViewInternal _ labels server) =
             case HM.lookup name labels of
               Nothing \rightarrow do
                  ekghdl \leftarrow getLabel name server
                  Label.set ekghdl label
                  return $ Just $ ekg_i {evLabels = HM.insert name ekghdl labels}
               Just ekghdl \rightarrow do
                  Label.set ekghdl label
                  return Nothing
          update :: LogObject \rightarrow LoggerName \rightarrow EKGViewInternal \rightarrow IO (Maybe EKGViewInternal)
          update (LogObject _ (LogMessage logitem)) logname ekg_i =
             setlabel logname (liPayload logitem) ekg_i
          update (LogObject _ (LogValue iname value)) logname ekg_i =
             let logname' = logname <> " . " <> iname
             in
```

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```
setlabel logname' (pack $ show value) ekg_i

update \_\_= return Nothing

modifyMVar\_ (getEV ekgview) $ \lambdaekgup \rightarrow do

let -- strip off some prefixes not necessary for display

lognam1 = case stripPrefix "#ekgview.#aggregation." lognamed of

Nothing \rightarrow lognamed

Just \ln' \rightarrow \ln'

logname = case stripPrefix "#ekgview." lognam1 of

Nothing \rightarrow lognam1

Just \ln' \rightarrow \ln'

upd \leftarrow update lo logname ekgup

case upd of

Nothing \rightarrow return ekgup

Just ekgup' \rightarrow return ekgup'
```

EKG view is an effectuator

Function *effectuate* is called to pass in a NamedLogItem for display in EKG. If the log item is an *AggregatedStats* message, then all its constituents are put into the queue. In case the queue is full, all new items are dropped.

```
instance IsEffectuator EKGView where
  effectuate\ ekgview\ item=\mathbf{do}
    ekg \leftarrow readMVar (getEV \ ekgview)
    let enqueue a = do
              nocapacity \leftarrow atomically \$ TBQ.isFullTBQueue (evQueue ekg)
              if nocapacity
              then handleOverflow ekgview
              else atomically $ TBQ.writeTBQueue (evQueue ekg) (Just a)
    case (lnItem item) of
       (LogObject lometa (AggregatedMessage ags)) \rightarrow liftIO \$ do
         let logname = lnName item
            traceAgg :: [(Text, Aggregated)] \rightarrow IO()
           traceAgg[] = return()
           traceAgg((n, AggregatedEWMA ewma): r) = do
              enqueue $ LogNamed (logname <> "." <> n) $ LogObject lometa (LogValue "avg" $ avg ewma)
              traceAgg r
           traceAgg((n, AggregatedStats stats): r) = \mathbf{do}
              let statsname = logname <> "." <> n
                qbasestats\ s'\ nm = \mathbf{do}
                   enqueue $ LogNamed nm $ LogObject lometa (LogValue "mean" (PureD $ meanOfStats s'))
                   enqueue $ LogNamed nm $ LogObject lometa (LogValue "min" $ fmin s')
                   enqueue $ LogNamed nm $ LogObject lometa (LogValue "max" $ fmax s')
                   enqueue $ LogNamed nm $ LogObject lometa (LogValue "count" $ PureI $ fromIntegral $ fco
                   enqueue $ LogNamed nm $ LogObject lometa (LogValue "stdev" (PureD $ stdevOfStats s'))
```

enqueue \$ LogNamed statsname \$ LogObject lometa (LogValue "last" \$ flast stats)

qbasestats (fbasic stats) \$ statsname <> ".basic"

```
qbasestats (fdelta stats) $ statsname <> ".delta"
    qbasestats (ftimed stats) $ statsname <> ".timed"
    traceAgg r
    traceAgg ags
(LogObject _ (LogMessage _)) → enqueue item
(LogObject _ (LogValue _ _)) → enqueue item
    _ → return ()
handleOverflow _ = putStrLn "Notice: EKGViews's queue full, dropping log items!"
```

EKGView implements **Backend** functions

EKGView is an IsBackend

```
instance IsBackend EKGView where
  typeof = EKGViewBK
  realize config = do
    evref \leftarrow newEmptyMVar
    let ekgview = EKGView evref
    evport \leftarrow getEKGport config
    ehdl \leftarrow forkServer "127.0.0.1" evport
    ekghdl \leftarrow getLabel "iohk-monitoring version" ehdl
    Label.set ekghdl $ pack (show Version version)
    ekgtrace \leftarrow ekgTrace \ ekgview \ config
    queue ← atomically $TBQ.newTBQueue 512
    dispatcher \leftarrow spawnDispatcher queue ekgtrace
    -- link the given Async to the current thread, such that if the Async
    -- raises an exception, that exception will be re-thrown in the current
    -- thread, wrapped in ExceptionInLinkedThread.
    Async.link dispatcher
    putMVar evref $ EKGViewInternal
       \{evLabels = HM.empty\}
       , evServer = ehdl
       ,evQueue = queue
    return ekgview
  unrealize ekgview =
    withMVar (getEV ekgview) \$ \lambda ekg \rightarrow
       killThread $ serverThreadId $ evServer ekg
```

Asynchronously reading log items from the queue and their processing

```
spawnDispatcher :: TBQ.TBQueue (Maybe NamedLogItem) 
 <math>\rightarrow Trace.Trace IO 
 \rightarrow IO (Async.Async ()) 
 spawnDispatcher evqueue trace = Async.async $ qProc
```

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```
where

qProc = do

maybeItem ← atomically $TBQ.readTBQueue evqueue

case maybeItem of

Just (LogNamed logname logvalue) → do

trace' ← Trace.appendName logname trace

Trace.traceNamedObject trace' logvalue

qProc

Nothing → return ()-- stop here
```

Interactive testing EKGView

```
test :: IO ()

test = do

c ← Cardano.BM.Setup.setupTrace (Left "test/config.yaml") "ekg"

ev ← Cardano.BM.Output ∘ EKGView.realize c

effectuate ev $ LogNamed "test.questions" (LogValue "answer" 42)

effectuate ev $ LogNamed "test.monitor023" (LogMessage (LogItem Public Warning "!!!! ALARM !!!!
```

1.5.29 Cardano.BM.Output.Aggregation

Internal representation

```
type AggregationMVar = MVar AggregationInternal
newtype Aggregation = Aggregation
{getAg :: AggregationMVar}
data AggregationInternal = AggregationInternal
{agQueue :: TBQ.TBQueue (Maybe NamedLogItem)
, agDispatch :: Async.Async ()
}
```

Relation from context name to aggregated statistics

We keep the aggregated values (Aggregated) for a named context in a *HashMap*.

```
type AggregationMap = HM.HashMap Text AggregatedExpanded
```

Info for Aggregated operations

Apart from the Aggregated we keep some valuable info regarding to them; such as when was the last time it was sent.

```
type Timestamp = Word64
data AggregatedExpanded = AggregatedExpanded
{aeAggregated :: !Aggregated
```

```
,aeResetAfter::!(Maybe Int)
,aeLastSent:: {-# UNPACK #-} ! Timestamp
}
```

Aggregation implements effectuate

Aggregation is an IsEffectuator Enter the log item into the Aggregation queue.

```
instance IsEffectuator Aggregation where
  effectuate agg item = do
    ag ← readMVar (getAg agg)
    nocapacity ← atomically $ TBQ.isFullTBQueue (agQueue ag)
    if nocapacity
    then handleOverflow agg
    else atomically $ TBQ.writeTBQueue (agQueue ag) $! Just item
    handleOverflow _ = putStrLn "Notice: Aggregation's queue full, dropping log items!"
```

Aggregation implements **Backend** functions

Aggregation is an IsBackend

```
instance IsBackend Aggregation where
  typeof = AggregationBK
  realize _ = error "Aggregation cannot be instantiated by 'realize'"
  realizefrom trace0@(ctx, \_) \_ = do
    trace ← Trace.subTrace "#aggregation" trace0
    aggref \leftarrow newEmptyMVar
    aggregationQueue \leftarrow atomically \$ TBQ.newTBQueue 2048
    dispatcher \leftarrow spawnDispatcher (configuration ctx) HM.empty aggregationQueue trace
    -- link the given Async to the current thread, such that if the Async
    -- raises an exception, that exception will be re-thrown in the current
    -- thread, wrapped in ExceptionInLinkedThread.
    Async.link dispatcher
    putMVar aggref $ AggregationInternal aggregationQueue dispatcher
    return $ Aggregation aggref
  unrealize aggregation = do
    let clearMVar :: MVar a \rightarrow IO ()
      clearMVar = void \circ tryTakeMVar
    (dispatcher, queue) \leftarrow with MVar (get Ag aggregation) (\lambdaag \rightarrow
      return (agDispatch ag, agQueue ag))
    -- send terminating item to the queue
    atomically $ TBQ.writeTBQueue queue Nothing
    -- wait for the dispatcher to exit
    -- TODO add a timeout to waitCatch in order
    -- to be sure that it will finish
    res \leftarrow Async.waitCatch dispatcher
```

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```
either throwM return res
(clearMVar o getAg) aggregation
```

Asynchronously reading log items from the queue and their processing

```
spawnDispatcher :: Configuration
            \rightarrow Aggregation Map
            → TBQ.TBQueue (Maybe NamedLogItem)
            → Trace.Trace IO
            \rightarrow IO(Async.Async())
spawnDispatcher conf aggMap aggregationQueue trace = Async.async $ qProc aggMap
  where
    qProc \ aggregatedMap = \mathbf{do}
       maybeItem \leftarrow atomically \$ TBQ.readTBQueue aggregationQueue
       case maybeItem of
         Just (LogNamed logname lo@(LogObject lm \perp)) \rightarrow do
            (updatedMap, aggregations) \leftarrow update lo logname aggregatedMap
            unless (null aggregations)$
              sendAggregated (LogObject lm (AggregatedMessage aggregations)) logname
            qProc updatedMap
         Nothing \rightarrow return ()
    createNupdate name value lme agmap = do
       case HM.lookup name agmap of
         Nothing \rightarrow do
            -- if Aggregated does not exist; initialize it.
            aggregatedKind \leftarrow getAggregatedKind conf name
            case aggregatedKind of
              StatsAK → return $ singletonStats value
              EwmaAK aEWMA \rightarrow do
                let initEWMA = EmptyEWMA aEWMA
                 return $ AggregatedEWMA $ ewma initEWMA value
         Just a \rightarrow return $ updateAggregation value (aeAggregated a) lme (aeResetAfter a)
    update::LogObject
        → LoggerName
        \rightarrow Aggregation Map
        \rightarrow IO (AggregationMap, [(Text, Aggregated)])
    update (LogObject lme (LogValue iname value)) logname agmap = do
       let fullname = logname <> " . " <> iname
       aggregated ← createNupdate fullname value lme agmap
       now \leftarrow getMonotonicTimeNSec
       let aggregatedX = AggregatedExpanded {
         aeAggregated = aggregated
         , aeResetAfter = Nothing
         ,aeLastSent = now
         namedAggregated = [(iname, aeAggregated aggregatedX)]
```

```
updatedMap = HM.alter (const $ Just $ aggregatedX) fullname agmap
  return (updatedMap, namedAggregated)
update (LogObject lme (ObserveDiff counterState)) logname agmap =
  updateCounters (csCounters counterState) lme (logname, "diff") agmap []
update (LogObject lme (ObserveOpen counterState)) logname agmap =
  updateCounters (csCounters counterState) lme (logname, "open") agmap []
update (LogObject lme (ObserveClose counterState)) logname agmap =
  updateCounters (csCounters counterState) lme (logname, "close") agmap []
update (LogObject lme (LogMessage msg)) logname agmap = do
  let iname = T.pack $ show (liSeverity msg)
  let fullname = logname <> " . " <> iname
  aggregated \leftarrow createNupdate fullname (PureI 0) lme agmap
  now \leftarrow getMonotonicTimeNSec
  let aggregatedX = AggregatedExpanded {
    aeAggregated = aggregated
    , aeResetAfter = Nothing
    , aeLastSent = now
    namedAggregated = [(iname, aeAggregated aggregatedX)]
    updatedMap = HM.alter (const $ Just $ aggregatedX) fullname agmap
  return (updatedMap, namedAggregated)
-- everything else
update \_ \_agmap = return (agmap, [])
updateCounters :: [Counter]
            → LOMeta
            \rightarrow (LoggerName, LoggerName)
            \rightarrow Aggregation Map
            \rightarrow [(Text, Aggregated)]
            \rightarrow IO (AggregationMap, [(Text, Aggregated)])
updateCounters[]_a aggrMap aggs = return \$ (aggrMap, aggs)
updateCounters (counter: cs) lme (logname, msgname) aggrMap aggs = \mathbf{do}
  let name = cName counter
    subname = msgname <> " . " <> (nameCounter counter) <> " . " <> name
    fullname = logname <> " . " <> subname
    value = cValue counter
  aggregated ← createNupdate fullname value lme aggrMap
  now \leftarrow getMonotonicTimeNSec
  let aggregatedX = AggregatedExpanded {
    aeAggregated = aggregated
    , aeResetAfter = Nothing
    ,aeLastSent = now
    namedAggregated = (subname, aggregated)
    updatedMap = HM.alter (const $ Just $ aggregatedX) fullname aggrMap
  updateCounters cs lme (logname, msgname) updatedMap (namedAggregated : aggs)
sendAggregated :: LogObject \rightarrow Text \rightarrow IO ()
```

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```
sendAggregated aggregatedMsg@(LogObject _ (AggregatedMessage _)) logname = do
    -- enter the aggregated message into the Trace
    trace' ← Trace.appendName logname trace
    liftIO$ Trace.traceNamedObject trace' aggregatedMsg
    -- ingnore every other message
sendAggregated _ _ = return()
```

Update aggregation

We distinguish an unitialized from an already initialized aggregation. The latter is properly initialized.

We use Welford's online algorithm to update the estimation of mean and variance of the sample statistics. (see https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Algorithms_for_calculating_variance#Welford's_Online

```
updateAggregation :: Measurable \rightarrow Aggregated \rightarrow LOMeta \rightarrow Maybe Int \rightarrow Aggregated
updateAggregation \ v \ (AggregatedStats \ s) \ lme \ resetAfter =
     let count = fcount (fbasic s)
       reset = maybe False (count \geqslant) resetAfter
     in
     if reset
     then
       singletonStats v
     else
       AggregatedStats \$! Stats \{flast = v\}
          , fold = mkTimestamp
          , fbasic = updateBaseStats (count \ge 1) v (fbasic s)
          , fdelta = updateBaseStats (count \ge 2) (v - flast s) (fdelta s)
          , ftimed = updateBaseStats (count \ge 2) (mkTimestamp - fold s) (ftimed s)
  where
     mkTimestamp = utc2ns (tstamp lme)
     utc2ns (UTCTime days secs) =
       let yearsecs :: Rational
          yearsecs = 365 * 24 * 3600
          rdays, rsecs :: Rational
          rdays = toRational $ toModifiedJulianDay days
          rsecs = toRational secs
          s2ns = 1000000000
       in
       Nanoseconds $ round $ (fromRational $ s2ns * rsecs + rdays * yearsecs :: Double)
updateAggregation v (AggregatedEWMA e) _ _ = AggregatedEWMA \$! ewma e v
updateBaseStats :: Bool \rightarrow Measurable \rightarrow BaseStats \rightarrow BaseStats
updateBaseStats\ False\ \_s = s\ \{fcount = fcount\ s + 1\}
updateBaseStats True \ v \ s =
     let newcount = fcount s + 1
       newvalue = getDouble v
       delta = newvalue - fsum\_A s
```

```
dincr = (delta / fromIntegral newcount)
  delta2 = newvalue - fsum_A s - dincr
in

BaseStats {fmin = min (fmin s) v
    ,fmax = max v (fmax s)
    ,fcount = newcount
    ,fsum_A = fsum_A s + dincr
    ,fsum_B = fsum_B s + (delta * delta2)
  }
```

Calculation of EWMA

Following https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Moving_average#Exponential_moving_average we calculate the exponential moving average for a series of values Y_t according to:

$$S_t = \begin{cases} Y_1, & t = 1\\ \alpha \cdot Y_t + (1 - \alpha) \cdot S_{t-1}, & t > 1 \end{cases}$$

The pattern matching below ensures that the EWMA will start with the first value passed in, and will not change type, once determined.

```
ewma :: EWMA → Measurable → EWMA

ewma (EmptyEWMA a) v = EWMA a v

ewma (EWMA a s@(Microseconds _)) y@(Microseconds _) =

EWMA a $ Microseconds $ round $ a * (getDouble y) + (1 - a) * (getDouble s)

ewma (EWMA a s@(Seconds _)) y@(Seconds _) =

EWMA a $ Seconds $ round $ a * (getDouble y) + (1 - a) * (getDouble s)

ewma (EWMA a s@(Bytes _)) y@(Bytes _) =

EWMA a $ Bytes $ round $ a * (getDouble y) + (1 - a) * (getDouble s)

ewma (EWMA a (PureI s)) (PureI y) =

EWMA a $ PureI $ round $ a * (fromInteger y) + (1 - a) * (fromInteger s)

ewma (EWMA a (PureD s)) (PureD y) =

EWMA a $ PureD $ a * y + (1 - a) * s

ewma _ _ = error "Cannot average on values of different type"
```

1.5.30 Cardano.BM.Output.Monitoring

Structure of Monitoring

```
type MonitorMVar = MVar MonitorInternal
newtype Monitor = Monitor
{getMon :: MonitorMVar}
data MonitorInternal = MonitorInternal
{monQueue :: TBQ.TBQueue (Maybe NamedLogItem)
}
```

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Relation from context name to monitoring state

We remember the state of each monitored context name.

```
data MonitorState = MonitorState {
    _expression :: MEvExpr
    ,_actions :: [MEvAction]
    ,_environment :: Environment
    }
type MonitorMap = HM.HashMap LoggerName MonitorState
```

Monitor view is an effectuator

Function *effectuate* is called to pass in a NamedLogItem for monitoring.

```
instance IsEffectuator Monitor where
  effectuate monitor item = do
    mon ← readMVar (getMon monitor)
    nocapacity ← atomically $ TBQ.isFullTBQueue (monQueue mon)
    if nocapacity
     then handleOverflow monitor
    else atomically $ TBQ.writeTBQueue (monQueue mon) $ Just item
    handleOverflow _ = putStrLn "Notice: Monitor's queue full, dropping log items!"
```

Monitor implements **Backend** functions

Monitor is an IsBackend

```
instance IsBackend Monitor where
```

Asynchrouniously reading log items from the queue and their processing

```
spawnDispatcher :: TBQ.TBQueue (Maybe NamedLogItem)
             → Configuration
             \rightarrow IO(Async.Async())
spawnDispatcher mqueue config =
     Async.async (initMap \gg qProc)
  where
     qProc\ state = \mathbf{do}
        maybeItem \leftarrow atomically \$ TBQ.readTBQueue mqueue
        case maybeItem of
          Just (LogNamed logname logvalue) \rightarrow do
             state' \leftarrow evalMonitoringAction state logname logvalue
             aProc state'
          Nothing \rightarrow return ()-- stop here
     initMap = do
        ls \leftarrow getMonitors config
        return $ HM.fromList $ map (\lambda(n,(e,as)) \rightarrow (n, MonitorState\ e\ as\ HM.empty)) $ HM.toList ls
```

Evaluation of monitoring action

s2ns = 10000000000

in

Inspect the log message and match it against configured thresholds. If positive, then run the action on the current state and return the updated state.

```
evalMonitoringAction :: MonitorMap \rightarrow LogGerName \rightarrow LogObject \rightarrow IO MonitorMap
evalMonitoringAction mmap logname logvalue =
    case HM.lookup logname mmap of
         Nothing \rightarrow return mmap
         Just mon@(MonitorState expr acts env0) \rightarrow do
            let env' = updateEnv env0 logvalue
            if evaluate env' expr
            then do
              now \leftarrow getMonotonicTimeNSec
              let env" = HM.insert "lastalert" (Nanoseconds now) env'
              TIO.putStrLn  "alert! " <> logname <> " " << (pack $ show acts) <> " " << (pack $ show env'')
              return $ HM.insert logname mon {_environment = env"} mmap
            else return mmap
  where
    utc2ns (UTCTime days secs) =
         let yearsecs :: Rational
            yearsecs = 365 * 24 * 3600
            rdays, rsecs :: Rational
            rdays = toRational $ toModifiedJulianDay days
            rsecs = toRational secs
```

Nanoseconds \$ round \$ (fromRational \$ s2ns * rsecs + rdays * yearsecs :: Double)

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```
updateEnv env (LogObject _ (ObserveOpen _)) = env
updateEnv env (LogObject _ (ObserveDiff _)) = env
updateEnv env (LogObject _ (ObserveClose _)) = env
updateEnv env (LogObject lometa (LogValue vn val)) =
            let addenv = HM.fromList [(vn, val)]
                        ,("timestamp",utc2ns (tstamp lometa))
            in
            HM.union addenv env
updateEnv env (LogObject lometa (LogMessage logitem)) =
            let addenv = HM.fromList [("severity", (Severity (liSeverity logitem)))
                   -- , ("selection", (liSelection logitem))
                  -- , ("message", (liPayload logitem))
                        ,("timestamp",utc2ns(tstamplometa))
            in
            HM.union addenv env
updateEnv env (LogObject lometa (AggregatedMessage vals)) =
            let addenv = ("timestamp", utc2ns (tstamp lometa)): aggs2measurables vals []
            HM.union (HM.fromList addenv) env
      where
            aggs2measurables [] acc = acc
            aggs2measurables ((n,AggregatedEWMA ewma):r) acc = aggs2measurables r $ (n <> ".avg", avg ewma) : r) acc = aggs2measurables r $ (n <> ".avg", avg ewma) : r) acc = aggs2measurables r $ (n <> ".avg", avg ewma) : r) acc = aggs2measurables r $ (n <> ".avg", avg ewma) : r) acc = aggs2measurables r $ (n <> ".avg", avg ewma) : r) acc = aggs2measurables r $ (n <> ".avg", avg ewma) : r) acc = aggs2measurables r $ (n <> ".avg", avg ewma) : r) acc = aggs2measurables r $ (n <> ".avg", avg ewma) : r) acc = aggs2measurables r $ (n <> ".avg", avg ewma) : r) acc = aggs2measurables r $ (n <> ".avg", avg ewma) : r) acc = aggs2measurables r $ (n <> ".avg", avg ewma) : r) acc = aggs2measurables r $ (n <> ".avg", avg ewma) : r) acc = aggs2measurables r $ (n <> ".avg", avg ewma) : r) acc = aggs2measurables r $ (n <> ".avg", avg ewma) : r) acc = aggs2measurables r $ (n <> ".avg", avg ewma) : r) acc = aggs2measurables r $ (n <> ".avg", avg ewma) : r) acc = aggs2measurables r $ (n <> ".avg", avg ewma) : r) acc = aggs2measurables r $ (n <> ".avg", avg ewma) : r) acc = aggs2measurables r $ (n <> ".avg", avg ewma) : r) acc = aggs2measurables r $ (n <> ".avg", avg ewma) : r) acc = aggs2measurables r $ (n <> ".avg", avg ewma) : r) acc = aggs2measurables r $ (n <> ".avg", avg ewma) : r) acc = aggs2measurables r $ (n <> ".avg", avg ewma) : r) acc = aggs2measurables r $ (n <> ".avg", avg ewma) : r) acc = aggs2measurables r $ (n <> ".avg", avg ewma) : r) acc = aggs2measurables r $ (n <> ".avg", avg ewma) : r) acc = aggs2measurables r $ (n <> ".avg", avg ewma) : r) acc = aggs2measurables r $ (n << ".avg", avg ewma) : r) acc = aggs2measurables r $ (n << ".avg", avg ewma) : r) acc = aggs2measurables r $ (n << ".avg", avg ewma) : r) acc = aggs2measurables r $ (n << ".avg", avg ewma) : r) acc = aggs2measurables r $ (n << ".avg", avg ewma) : r) acc = aggs2measurables r $ (n << ".avg", avg ewma) : r) acc = aggs2measurables r $ (n << ".avg", avg ewma) : r) acc = aggs2measurables r $ (n << ".avg", avg ewma) : r) acc = aggs2measurables r $ (n << ".avg"
            aggs2measurables ((n, AggregatedStatss): r) acc = aggs2measurables r$
                  (n <> ".mean", PureD \circ meanOfStats \$ fbasic s)
                   :(n <> ".flast", flast s)
                   : (n <> ".fcount", PureI \circ fromIntegral \circ fcount \$ fbasic s)
-- catch all
updateEnv\ env\ \_=env
```

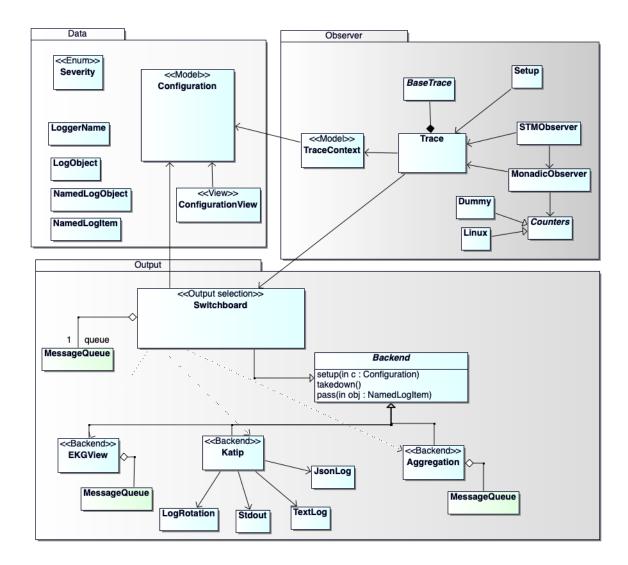


Figure 1.1: Overview of module relationships. The arrows indicate import of a module. The arrows with a triangle at one end would signify "inheritance" in object-oriented programming, but we use it to show that one module replaces the other in the namespace, thus specializes its interface.

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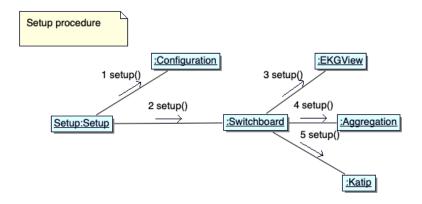


Figure 1.2: Setup procedure

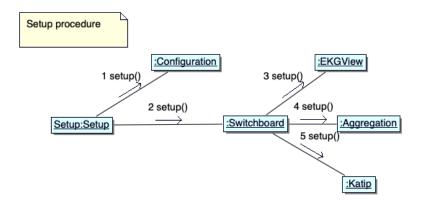


Figure 1.3: Setup procedure

Figure 1.4: Configuration model

Chapter 2

Testing

2.1 Test coverage

Test coverage is calculated as the fraction of functions which are called from test routines. This percentage is calculated by the tool *hpc* with a call to

2.2 Test main entry point

```
module Main
    main
  ) where
import Test.Tasty
import qualified Cardano.BM. Test. Aggregated (tests)
import qualified Cardano.BM. Test. STM (tests)
import qualified Cardano.BM. Test. Trace (tests)
import qualified Cardano.BM. Test. Configuration (tests)
import qualified Cardano.BM.Test.Rotator (tests)
import qualified Cardano.BM.Test.Routing (tests)
import qualified Cardano.BM.Test.Monitoring (tests)
main :: IO ()
main = defaultMain tests
tests::TestTree
tests =
  testGroup "iohk-monitoring"
  [Cardano.BM.Test \circ Aggregated.tests]
  , Cardano.BM.Test o STM.tests
  , Cardano.BM.Test ◦ Trace.tests
```

Cardano.BM.Configuration	100%
Cardano.BM.Setup	100%
Cardano.BM.Data.Trace	100%
Cardano.BM.Counters.Common	100%
Cardano.BM.Counters	100%
Cardano.BM.Configuration.Static	100%
Cardano.BM.Configuration.Model	92%
Cardano.BM.Data.Configuration	83%
Cardano.BM.Counters.Linux	81%
Cardano.BM.Output.Switchboard	81%
Cardano.BM.Data.MonitoringEval	81%
Cardano.BM.BaseTrace	80%
Cardano.BM.Observer.Monadic	75%
Cardano.BM.Output.Aggregation	68%
Cardano.BM.Output.Log	66%
Cardano.BM.Data.Aggregated	58%
Cardano.BM.Data.Counter	56%
Cardano.BM.Data.Output	55%
Cardano.BM.Data.Backend	50%
Cardano.BM.Rotator	50%
Cardano.BM.Data.BackendKind	50%
Cardano.BM.Data.Severity	47%
Cardano.BM.Data.LogItem	46%
Cardano.BM.Trace	43%
Cardano.BM.Data.Observable	40%
Cardano.BM.Observer.STM	33%
Cardano.BM.Data.AggregatedKind	33%
Cardano.BM.Data.Rotation	20%
Cardano.BM.Data.SubTrace	10%
Paths_iohk_monitoring	0%
Cardano.BM.Output.Monitoring	0%
Cardano.BM.Output.EKGView	0%
	56%

Figure 2.1: Test coverage of modules in percent as computed by the tool 'hpc'

```
, Cardano.BM.Test ∘ Configuration.tests
, Cardano.BM.Test ∘ Rotator.tests
, Cardano.BM.Test ∘ Routing.tests
, Cardano.BM.Test ∘ Monitoring.tests
```

2.3 Test case generation

2.3.1 instance Arbitrary Aggregated

We define an instance of *Arbitrary* for an **Aggregated** which lets *QuickCheck* generate arbitrary instances of **Aggregated**. For this an arbitrary list of *Integer* is generated and this list is aggregated into a structure of **Aggregated**.

```
instance Arbitrary Aggregated where
  arbitrary = do
     vs' \leftarrow arbitrary :: Gen [Integer]
     let vs = 42:17:vs'
       ds = map (\lambda(a,b) \rightarrow a - b) $\sip vs (tail vs)
       (m1,s1) = updateMeanVar $ map fromInteger vs
       (m2,s2) = updateMeanVar \$ map fromInteger ds
       mkBasicStats = BaseStats
          (PureI (minimum vs))
          (PureI (maximum vs))
          (fromIntegral $ length vs)
          (m1)
          (s1)
       mkDeltaStats = BaseStats
          (PureI (minimum ds))
          (PureI (maximum ds))
          (fromIntegral $ length ds)
          (m2)
          (s2)
       mkTimedStats = BaseStats
          (Nanoseconds 0)
          (Nanoseconds 0)
          (0)
          (0)
          (0)
     return $ AggregatedStats (Stats
       (PureI (last vs))
       (Nanoseconds 0)
       mkBasicStats
       mkDeltaStats
       mkTimedStats)
```

Estimators for mean and variance must be updated the same way as in the code.

```
updateMeanVar: [Double] \rightarrow (Double, Double)
updateMeanVar [] = (0,0)
updateMeanVar (val: vals) = updateMeanVar' (val,0) 1 vals
\mathbf{where}
updateMeanVar' (m,s) _ [] = (m,s)
updateMeanVar' (m,s) cnt (a:r) =
\mathbf{let} \ delta = a - m
newcount = cnt + 1
m' = m + (delta / newcount)
s' = s + (delta * (a - m'))
\mathbf{in}
updateMeanVar' (m',s') newcount r
```

2.4 Tests

2.4.1 Testing aggregation

```
tests::TestTree
tests = testGroup "Aggregation measurements" [
  propertyTests
  ,unitTests1
  .unitTests2
propertyTests :: TestTree
propertyTests = testGroup "Properties" [
  testProperty "minimal" prop_Aggregation_minimal
  ,testProperty "commutative" prop_Aggregation_comm
  1
unitTests1::TestTree
unitTests1 = testGroup "Unit tests for Aggregated" [
  testCase "compare equal >" unitAggregatedEqualGT
  ,testCase "compare equal <" unitAggregatedEqualLT
  ,testCase "compare different >" unitAggregatedDiffGT
  ,testCase "compare different <" unitAggregatedDiffLT
unitTests2::TestTree
unitTests2 = testGroup "Unit tests for Aggregation" [
  testCase "initial -1" unitAggregationInitialMinus1
  ,testCase "initial +1" unitAggregationInitialPlus1
  ,testCase "initial +0" unitAggregationInitialZero
  testCase "initial +1, -1" unitAggregationInitialPlus1Minus1,
  ,testCase "stepwise" unitAggregationStepwise
```

Property tests

```
prop\_Aggregation\_minimal :: Bool \\ prop\_Aggregation\_minimal = True \\ lometa :: LOMeta \\ lometa = unsafePerformIO \$ mkLOMeta \\ prop\_Aggregation\_comm :: Integer \rightarrow Integer \rightarrow Aggregated \rightarrow Property \\ prop\_Aggregation\_comm v1 v2 ag = \\ let AggregatedStats stats1 = updateAggregation (PureI v1) (updateAggregation (PureI v2) ag lometa Nothing AggregatedStats stats2 = updateAggregation (PureI v2) (updateAggregation (PureI v1) ag lometa Nothing In fbasic stats1 === fbasic stats2 .&&. \\ (v1 \equiv v2)' implies' (flast stats1 === flast stats2) \\ -- implication: if p1 is true, then return p2; otherwise true implies :: Bool <math>\rightarrow Property \rightarrow Property implies p1 p2 = property (\neg p1) . ||. p2
```

Unit tests for Aggregation

unitAggregationStepwise::Assertion

```
unitAggregationInitialMinus1:: Assertion
unitAggregationInitialMinus1 = do
           let AggregatedStats stats1 = updateAggregation (-1) firstStateAggregatedStats lometa Nothing
          flast stats 1 @? = (-1)
           (fbasic stats1) @? = BaseStats (-1) 0 2 (-0.5) 0.5
           (fdelta stats1)@? = BaseStats 0 0 1 0 0
                  -- AggregatedStats (Stats (-1) 0 (BaseStats (-1) 0 2 (-0.5) 0.5) (BaseStats 0 0 1 0
unit Aggregation Initial Plus 1:: Assertion\\
unitAggregationInitialPlus1 = \mathbf{do}
           \textbf{let } Aggregated Stats \ stats 1 = \textbf{updateAggregation} \ 1 \ \textit{firstStateAggregatedStats} \ lometa \ Nothing
          flast stats1 @? = 1
           (fbasic\ stats1)\ @? = BaseStats\ 0\ 1\ 2\ 0.5\ 0.5
           (fdelta\ stats1) @? = BaseStats 0 0 1 0 0
                  -- AggregatedStats (Stats 1 0 (BaseStats 0 1 2 0.5 0.5) (BaseStats 0 0 1 0 0) (Base
unitAggregationInitialZero::Assertion
unitAggregationInitialZero = do
           \textbf{let } Aggregated Stats \ stats 1 = \textbf{updateAggregation} \ 0 \ first State Aggregated Stats \ lometa \ Nothing
          flast stats1 @? = 0
           (fbasic\ stats1) @? = BaseStats\ 0\ 0\ 2\ 0\ 0
           (fdelta\ stats1) @? = BaseStats\ 0\ 0\ 1\ 0\ 0
                  -- AggregatedStats (Stats 0 0 (BaseStats 0 0 2 0 0) (BaseStats 0 0 1 0 0) (BaseStat
unitAggregationInitialPlus1Minus1::Assertion
unitAggregationInitialPlus1Minus1 = do
           \textbf{let } Aggregated Stats \ stats 1 = \textbf{updateAggregation} \ (PureI\ (-1)) \ (\textbf{updateAggregation} \ (PureI\ 1) \ first State Aggregation \ (PureI\ 1) \ first State Aggregat
           (fbasic\ stats1) @? = BaseStats\ (PureI\ (-1))\ (PureI\ 1)\ 3\ 0.0\ 2.0
           (fdelta\ stats1) @? = BaseStats (PureI (-2)) (PureI 0) 2 (-1.0) 2.0
```

```
unitAggregationStepwise = do
      stats0 \leftarrow pure \$ singletonStats (Bytes 3000)
       -- putStrLn (show stats0)
      threadDelay 50000-- 0.05 s
      t1 \leftarrow mkLOMeta
      stats1 \leftarrow pure \$ updateAggregation (Bytes 5000) stats0 t1 Nothing
       -- putStrLn (show stats1)
       -- showTimedMean stats1
      threadDelay 50000-- 0.05 s
      t2 \leftarrow mkLOMeta
      stats2 \leftarrow pure \$ updateAggregation (Bytes 1000) stats1 t2 Nothing
       -- putStrLn (show stats2)
       -- showTimedMean stats2
      checkTimedMean stats2
      threadDelay 50000-- 0.05 s
      t3 \leftarrow mkLOMeta
      stats3 \leftarrow pure $\text{updateAggregation} (Bytes 3000) stats2 t3 Nothing
       -- putStrLn (show stats3)
       -- showTimedMean stats3
      checkTimedMean stats3
      threadDelay 50000-- 0.05 s
      t4 \leftarrow mkLOMeta
      stats4 \leftarrow pure \$ updateAggregation (Bytes 1000) stats3 t4 Nothing
       -- putStrLn (show stats4)
       -- showTimedMean stats4
      checkTimedMean stats4
    where
      checkTimedMean (AggregatedEWMA \_) = return ()
      checkTimedMean (AggregatedStats s) = \mathbf{do}
         let mean = meanOfStats (ftimed s)
         assertBool "the mean should be >= the minimum" (mean \ge getDouble (fmin (ftimed s)))
         assertBool "the mean should be =< the maximum" (mean \leq getDouble (fmax (ftimed s)))
commented out:
  showTimedMean (AggregatedEWMA \_) = return ()
  showTimedMean (AggregatedStats s) = putStrLn $ "mean = " ++ show (meanOfStats (ftimed s)) ++ showUnits (fm
  firstStateAggregatedStats::Aggregated
  firstStateAggregatedStats = AggregatedStats (Stats z z (BaseStats z z 1 0 0) (BaseStats z z 0 0 0) (BaseStats z z 0 0 0)
    where
      z = PureI 0
```

Unit tests for Aggregated

```
unitAggregatedEqualGT :: Assertion
unitAggregatedEqualGT = \mathbf{do}
```

```
assertBool "comparing seconds"
    ((Seconds 3) > (Seconds 2))
  assertBool "comparing microseconds"
    ((Microseconds\ 3000) > (Microseconds\ 2000))
  assertBool "comparing nanoseconds"
    ((Nanoseconds 3000000) > (Nanoseconds 2000000))
  assertBool "comparing bytes"
    ((Bytes 2048) > (Bytes 1024))
  assertBool "comparing doubles"
    ((PureD 2.34) > (PureD 1.42))
  assertBool "comparing integers"
    ((PureI 2) > (PureI 1))
  assertBool "comparing severities"
    ((Severity Error) > (Severity Warning))
unitAggregatedEqualLT::Assertion
unitAggregatedEqualLT = do
  assertBool "comparing seconds"
    ((Seconds 2) < (Seconds 3))
  assertBool "comparing microseconds"
    ((Microseconds 2000) < (Microseconds 3000))
  assertBool "comparing nanoseconds"
    ((Nanoseconds 2000000) < (Nanoseconds 3000000))
  assertBool "comparing bytes"
    ((Bytes\ 1024) < (Bytes\ 2048))
  assertBool "comparing doubles"
    ((PureD 1.34) < (PureD 2.42))
  assertBool "comparing integers"
    ((PureI 1) < (PureI 2))
  assertBool "comparing severities"
    ((Severity Info) < (Severity Notice))
unitAggregatedDiffGT::Assertion
unitAggregatedDiffGT = \mathbf{do}
  assertBool "comparing time (µs vs. s)"
    ((Microseconds\ 3000000) > (Seconds\ 2))
  assertBool "comparing time (µs vs. ns)"
    ((Microseconds 30) > (Nanoseconds 29999))
  assertBool "comparing nanoseconds"
    ((Nanoseconds\ 3000000) > (Microseconds\ 2900))
  assertBool "comparing bytes"
    ((Bytes 2048) > (PureI 1024))
  assertBool "comparing doubles"
    ((PureD 2.34) > (PureI 1))
  assertBool "comparing integers"
    ((Pure I 2) > (Pure D 1.42))
unitAggregatedDiffLT::Assertion
unitAggregatedDiffLT = do
  assertBool "comparing time (µs vs. s)"
```

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```
((Microseconds 2999999) < (Seconds 3))
assertBool "comparing time (μs vs. ns)"
  ((Microseconds 30) < (Nanoseconds 30001))
assertBool "comparing nanoseconds"
  ((Nanoseconds 3000000) < (Microseconds 3001))
assertBool "comparing bytes"
  ((PureI 1024) < (Bytes 2048))
assertBool "comparing doubles"
  ((PureD 2.34) < (PureI 3))
assertBool "comparing integers"
  ((PureI 2) < (PureD 3.42))</pre>
```

2.4.2 Cardano.BM.Test.STM

```
module Cardano.BM.Test.STM(
    tests
    ) where
import Test.Tasty
import Test.Tasty.QuickCheck
tests :: TestTree
tests = testGroup "Observing STM actions"[
    testProperty "minimal" prop_STM_observer
    ]
prop_STM_observer :: Bool
prop_STM_observer = True
```

2.4.3 Cardano.BM.Test.Trace

```
tests :: TestTree
tests = testGroup "Testing Trace" [
    unit_tests
    ,testCase "forked traces stress testing" stressTraceInFork
    ,testCase "stress testing: ObservableTrace vs. NoTrace" timingObservableVsUntimed
    ,testCaseInfo "demonstrating logging" simpleDemo
    ,testCaseInfo "demonstrating nested named context logging" exampleWithNamedContexts
]
unit_tests :: TestTree
unit_tests :: testGroup "Unit tests" [
    testCase "opening messages should not be traced" unitNoOpeningTrace
    ,testCase "hierarchy of traces" unitHierarchy
    ,testCase "forked traces" unitTraceInFork
    ,testCase "hierarchy of traces with NoTrace" $
    unitHierarchy' [Neutral,NoTrace,(ObservableTrace observablesSet)]
    onlyLevelOneMessage
```

```
,testCase "hierarchy of traces with DropOpening"$
    unitHierarchy' [Neutral, DropOpening, (ObservableTrace observablesSet)]
       notObserveOpen
,testCase "hierarchy of traces with UntimedTrace"$
    unitHierarchy' [Neutral,UntimedTrace,UntimedTrace]
       observeNoMeasures
,testCase "changing the minimum severity of a trace at runtime"
    unitTraceMinSeverity
",testCase "changing the minimum severity of a named context at runtime"
    unitNamedMinSeverity
,testCase "appending names should not exceed 80 chars" unitAppendName
,testCase "creat subtrace which duplicates messages" unitTraceDuplicate
,testCase "testing name filtering" unitNameFiltering
,testCase "testing throwing of exceptions" unitExceptionThrowing
,testCase "NoTrace: check lazy evaluation" unitTestLazyEvaluation
where
  observablesSet = [MonotonicClock, MemoryStats]
  notObserveOpen :: [LogObject] \rightarrow Bool
  notObserveOpen = all (\lambda case \{ LogObject \_ (ObserveOpen \_) \rightarrow False; \_ \rightarrow True \})
  notObserveClose :: [LogObject] \rightarrow Bool
  notObserveClose = all (\lambda case \{ LogObject \_ (ObserveClose \_) \rightarrow False; \_ \rightarrow True \})
  notObserveDiff :: [LogObject] \rightarrow Bool
  notObserveDiff = all\ (\lambda case\ \{LogObject\_(ObserveDiff\_) \rightarrow False;\_ \rightarrow True\})
  onlyLevelOneMessage :: [Log0b ject] \rightarrow Bool
  onlyLevelOneMessage = \lambda case
    [LogObject _ (LogMessage (LogItem _ _ "Message from level 1."))] → True
    \_ \rightarrow False
  observeNoMeasures :: [Log0b ject] \rightarrow Bool
  observeNoMeasures obs = notObserveOpen obs ∧ notObserveClose obs ∧ notObserveDiff obs
```

Helper routines

```
data TraceConfiguration = TraceConfiguration 
{tcOutputKind :: OutputKind 
,tcName :: LoggerName 
,tcSubTrace :: SubTrace 
,tcSeverity :: Severity 
} 
setupTrace :: TraceConfiguration → IO (Trace IO) 
setupTrace (TraceConfiguration outk name subTr sev) = do 
c \leftarrow liftIO $ Cardano .BM. Configuration \circ Model.empty 
mockSwitchboard \leftarrow newMVar $ error "Switchboard uninitialized." 
ctx \leftarrow liftIO $ newContext name csev $ Switchboard mockSwitchboard 
let logTraceO = case outk of 
TVarList tvar \rightarrow BaseTrace.natTrace liftIO $ traceInTVarIO tvar
```

```
TVarListNamed tvar \rightarrow BaseTrace.natTrace\ liftIO\ traceNamedInTVarI0\ tvar
setSubTrace\ (configuration\ ctx)\ name\ (Just\ subTr)
logTrace' \leftarrow subTrace\ ""\ (ctx,logTrace0)
return\ logTrace'
setTransformer\_:: Trace\ IO \rightarrow LoggerName \rightarrow Maybe\ SubTrace \rightarrow IO\ ()
setTransformer\_\ (ctx,\_)\ name\ subtr = \mathbf{do}
let\ c = configuration\ ctx
n = (loggerName\ ctx) <> "." <> name
setSubTrace\ c\ n\ subtr
```

Simple demo of logging.

```
simpleDemo :: IO String
simpleDemo = do
 cfg \leftarrow defaultConfigTesting
 logTrace ← Setup.setupTrace (Right cfg) "test"
 putStrLn "\n"
  1ogDebug
              logTrace "This is how a Debug message likes."
              logTrace "This is how an Info message likes."
  logInfo
  logNotice logTrace "This is how a Notice message likes."
  logWarning logTrace "This is how a Warning message likes."
              logTrace "This is how an Error message likes."
  logError
  logCritical logTrace "This is how a Critical message likes."
              logTrace "This is how an Alert message likes."
  logAlert
  logEmergency logTrace "This is how an Emergency message likes."
  return ""
```

Example of using named contexts with Trace

```
exampleWithNamedContexts :: IO String
exampleWithNamedContexts = do
    cfg ← defaultConfigTesting
    logTrace ← Setup.setupTrace (Right cfg) "test"
    putStrLn "\n"
    logInfo logTrace "entering"
    logTrace0 ← appendName "simple-work-0" logTrace
    work0 ← complexWork0 logTrace0 "0"
    logTrace1 ← appendName "complex-work-1" logTrace
    work1 ← complexWork1 logTrace1 "42"
    Async.wait work0
    Async.wait work1
    -- the named context will include "complex" in the logged message
    logInfo logTrace "done."
    threadDelay 100000
```

```
-- force garbage collection to allow exceptions to be thrown

performMajorGC

threadDelay 100000

Setup.shutdownTrace logTrace

return ""

where

complexWork0 tr msg = Async.async$logInfo tr ("let's see (0): "'append' msg)

complexWork1 tr msg = Async.async$do

logInfo tr ("let's see (1): "'append' msg)

trInner@(ctx,_) ← appendName "inner-work-1" tr

let observablesSet = [MonotonicClock]

setSubTrace (configuration ctx) "test.complex-work-1.inner-work-1.STM-action"$

Just$ObservableTrace observablesSet

← STMObserver.bracketObserveIO trInner "STM-action" setVar_
logInfo trInner "let's see: done."
```

Show effect of turning off observables

```
runTimedAction :: Trace IO \rightarrow Int \rightarrow IO Measurable
runTimedAction\ logTrace\ reps = \mathbf{do}
     runid ← newUnique
     t0 \leftarrow \text{getMonoClock}
    forM_{-}[(1::Int)..reps] $ const $ observeAction\ logTrace
     t1 \leftarrow \text{getMonoClock}
     return $ diffTimeObserved (CounterState runid t0) (CounterState runid t1)
  where
     observeAction\ trace = \mathbf{do}
       _ ← MonadicObserver.bracketObserveIO trace "" action
     action = return \$ forM [1 :: Int.. 100] \$ \lambda x \rightarrow [x] + (init \$ reverse [1 :: Int.. 10000])
timingObservableVsUntimed:: Assertion
timingObservableVsUntimed = do
     msgs1 \leftarrow STM.newTVarIO[]
     traceObservable \leftarrow setupTrace \$ TraceConfiguration
       (TVarList msgs1)
        "observables"
       (ObservableTrace observablesSet)
     msgs2 \leftarrow STM.newTVarIO
     traceUntimed \leftarrow setupTrace \$ TraceConfiguration
       (TVarList msgs2)
        "no timing"
       UntimedTrace
       Debug
     msgs3 \leftarrow STM.newTVarIO[]
     traceNoTrace \leftarrow setupTrace \$ TraceConfiguration
```

```
(TVarList msgs3)
    "no trace"
    NoTrace
    Debug
  t\_observable \leftarrow runTimedAction\ traceObservable\ 100
  t\_untimed \leftarrow runTimedAction\ traceUntimed\ 100
  t\_notrace \leftarrow runTimedAction\ traceNoTrace\ 100
  assertBool
    ("Untimed consumed more time than ObservableTrace " + (show [t_untimed,t_observable]))
    (t\_untimed < t\_observable)
  assertBool
    ("NoTrace consumed more time than ObservableTrace" ++ (show [t\_notrace, t\_observable]))
    (t\_notrace < t\_observable)
  assertBool
    ("NoTrace consumed more time than Untimed" + (show [t_notrace,t_untimed]))
    True
where
  observablesSet = [MonotonicClock, GhcRtsStats, MemoryStats, IOStats, ProcessStats]
```

Control tracing in a hierarchy of Traces

We can lay out traces in a hierarchical manner, that the children forward traced items to the parent Trace. A NoTrace introduced in this hierarchy will cut off a branch from messaging to the root.

```
unitHierarchy :: Assertion
unitHierarchy = do
  msgs \leftarrow STM.newTVarIO[]
  trace0 ← setupTrace $ TraceConfiguration (TVarList msgs) "test" Neutral Debug
  logInfo trace0 "This should have been displayed!"
  -- subtrace of trace which traces nothing
  setTransformer_trace0 "inner" (Just NoTrace)
  trace1 \leftarrow subTrace "inner" trace0
  logInfo trace1 "This should NOT have been displayed!"
  setTransformer_trace1 "innermost" (Just Neutral)
  trace2 ← subTrace "innermost" trace1
  logInfo trace2 "This should NOT have been displayed also due to the trace one level above
  -- acquire the traced objects
  res \leftarrow STM.readTVarIO\ msgs
  -- only the first message should have been traced
  assertBool
    ("Found more or less messages than expected: " ++ show res)
    (length res \equiv 1)
```

Change a trace's minimum severity

A trace is configured with a minimum severity and filters out messages that are labelled with a lower severity. This minimum severity of the current trace can be changed.

```
unitTraceMinSeverity:: Assertion
unitTraceMinSeverity = do
  msgs \leftarrow STM.newTVarIO
  trace@(ctx,\_) \leftarrow setupTrace \$ TraceConfiguration (TVarList msgs) "test min severity" Neutral Debug
  logInfo trace "Message #1"
  -- raise the minimum severity to Warning
  setMinSeverity (configuration ctx) Warning
  msev \leftarrow Cardano.BM.Configuration.minSeverity (configuration ctx)
  assertBool("min severity should be Warning, but is " ++ (show msev))
    (msev \equiv Warning)
  -- this message will not be traced
  logInfo trace "Message #2"
  -- lower the minimum severity to Info
  setMinSeverity (configuration ctx) Info
  -- this message is traced
  logInfo trace "Message #3"
  -- acquire the traced objects
  res \leftarrow STM.readTVarIO msgs
  -- only the first and last messages should have been traced
  assertBool
    ("Found more or less messages than expected: " + show res)
    (length res \equiv 2)
  assertBool
    ("Found Info message when Warning was minimum severity: " + show res)
    (all (\lambda case \{ Log0b \, ject \, \_(LogMessage \, (LogItem \, \_Info \, "Message \, \#2")) \rightarrow False; \, \_ \rightarrow True \}) \, res)
```

Define a subtrace's behaviour to duplicate all messages

The SubTrace will duplicate all messages that pass through it. Each message will be in its own named context.

```
unitTraceDuplicate :: Assertion
unitTraceDuplicate = do
    msgs ← STM.newTVarIO[]
    traceO@(ctx,_) ← setupTrace $ TraceConfiguration (TVarList msgs) "test duplicate" Neutral Debug
    logInfo traceO "Message #1"
    -- create a subtrace which duplicates all messages
    setSubTrace (configuration ctx) "test duplicate.orig" $ Just (TeeTrace "dup")
    trace ← subTrace "orig" traceO
    -- this message will be duplicated
    logInfo trace "You will see me twice!"
    -- acquire the traced objects
```

```
res \leftarrow STM.readTVarIO\ msgs
-- only the first and last messages should have been traced assertBool

("Found more or less messages than expected: " ++ show\ res)

(length res \equiv 3)
```

Change the minimum severity of a named context

A trace of a named context can be configured with a minimum severity, such that the trace will filter out messages that are labelled with a lower severity.

```
unitNamedMinSeverity:: Assertion
unitNamedMinSeverity = do
  msgs \leftarrow STM.newTVarIO[]
  trace0 ← setupTrace $ TraceConfiguration (TVarList msgs) "test named severity" Neutral Debug
  trace@(ctx, \_) \leftarrow appendName "sev-change" trace0
  logInfo trace "Message #1"
  -- raise the minimum severity to Warning
  setSeverity (configuration ctx) (loggerName ctx) (Just Warning)
  msev \leftarrow Cardano.BM.Configuration.inspectSeverity (configuration ctx) (loggerName ctx)
  assertBool("min severity should be Warning, but is " ++ (show msev))
    (msev \equiv Just Warning)
  -- this message will not be traced
  logInfo trace "Message #2"
  -- lower the minimum severity to Info
  setSeverity (configuration ctx) (loggerName ctx) (Just Info)
  -- this message is traced
  logInfo trace "Message #3"
  -- acquire the traced objects
  res \leftarrow STM.readTVarIO\ msgs
  -- only the first and last messages should have been traced
  assertBool
    ("Found more or less messages than expected: " + show res)
    (length res \equiv 2)
  assertBool
    ("Found Info message when Warning was minimum severity: " + show res)
    (all (\lambda case \{ Log0b \, ject \, \_(LogMessage \, (LogItem \, \_Info \, "Message \, \#2")) \rightarrow False; \, \_ \rightarrow True \}) \, res)
unitHierarchy' :: [SubTrace] \rightarrow ([Log0bject] \rightarrow Bool) \rightarrow Assertion
unitHierarchy' subtraces f = \mathbf{do}
  let (t1:t2:t3:\_) = cycle subtraces
  msgs \leftarrow STM.newTVarIO[]
  -- create trace of type 1
  trace1 ← setupTrace $ TraceConfiguration (TVarList msgs) "test" t1 Debug
  logInfo trace1 "Message from level 1."
  -- subtrace of type 2
```

```
setTransformer_trace1 "inner" (Just t2)
trace2 ← subTrace "inner" trace1
logInfo trace2 "Message from level 2."
-- subsubtrace of type 3
setTransformer_trace2 "innermost" (Just t3)
_ ← STMObserver.bracketObserveIO trace2 "innermost" setVar_
logInfo trace2 "Message from level 3."
-- acquire the traced objects
res ← STM.readTVarIO msgs
-- only the first message should have been traced
assertBool
    ("Found more or less messages than expected: " + show res)
    (f res)
```

Logging in parallel

```
unitTraceInFork :: Assertion
unitTraceInFork = do
    msgs \leftarrow STM.newTVarIO[]
    trace ← setupTrace $ TraceConfiguration (TVarListNamed msgs) "test" Neutral Debug
    trace0 ← appendName "work0" trace
    trace1 \leftarrow appendName "work1" trace
    work0 \leftarrow work\ trace0
    threadDelav 5000
    work1 \leftarrow work \ trace1
    Async.wait $ work0
    Async.wait $ work1
    res \leftarrow STM.readTVarIO\ msgs
    let names@(\_:namesTail) = map lnName res
     -- each trace should have its own name and log right after the other
    assertBool
       ("Consecutive loggernames are not different: " ++ show names)
       (and \$ zipWith (\not\equiv) names namesTail)
  where
    work :: Trace\ IO \rightarrow IO\ (Async.Async\ ())
    work\ trace = Async.async $ do
       logInfoDelay trace "1"
       logInfoDelay trace "2"
       logInfoDelay trace "3"
    logInfoDelay :: Trace IO \rightarrow Text \rightarrow IO ()
    logInfoDelay trace msg =
       logInfo trace msg ≫
       threadDelay 10000
```

Stress testing parallel logging

```
stressTraceInFork :: Assertion
stressTraceInFork = do
    msgs \leftarrow STM.newTVarIO[]
    trace ← setupTrace $ TraceConfiguration (TVarListNamed msgs) "test" Neutral Debug
    let names = map (\lambda a \rightarrow ("work-" <> pack (show a))) [1..(10::Int)]
    ts \leftarrow forM \ names \$ \lambda name \rightarrow \mathbf{do}
      trace' \leftarrow appendName name trace
      work trace'
    forM_ts Async.wait
    res \leftarrow STM.readTVarIO msgs
    let resNames = map lnName res
    let frequencyMap = fromListWith (+)[(x,1)|x \leftarrow resNames]
    -- each trace should have traced totalMessages' messages
    assertBool
      ("Frequencies of logged messages according to loggername: " + show frequency Map)
      (all (\lambda name \rightarrow (lookup ("test." <> name) frequencyMap) \equiv Just totalMessages) names)
  where
    work :: Trace IO \rightarrow IO (Async.Async ())
    totalMessages::Int
    totalMessages = 10
```

Dropping ObserveOpen messages in a subtrace

```
unitNoOpeningTrace :: Assertion
unitNoOpeningTrace = do

msgs \leftarrow STM.newTVarIO []
logTrace \leftarrow setupTrace \$ TraceConfiguration (TVarList msgs) "test" DropOpening Debug
\_ \leftarrow STMObserver.bracketObserveIO logTrace "setTVar" setVar\_
res \leftarrow STM.readTVarIO msgs
assertBool
("Found non-expected ObserveOpen message: " + show res)
(all (\lambda case \{LogObject\_(ObserveOpen\_) \rightarrow False;\_ \rightarrow True\}) res)
```

Assert maximum length of log context name

The name of the log context cannot grow beyond a maximum number of characters, currently the limit is set to 80.

```
unitAppendName :: Assertion
unitAppendName = do

cfg \leftarrow defaultConfigTesting

Setup.withTrace cfg "test" $ \lambda trace0 \rightarrow do

trace1 \leftarrow appendName bigName trace0
```

```
(ctx2,\_) \leftarrow \operatorname{appendName} \ bigName \ trace1
assertBool
("Found logger name with more than 80 chars: " <math>+show \ (loggerName \ ctx2))
(T.length \ (loggerName \ ctx2) \leqslant 80)
where
bigName = T.replicate \ 30 \ "abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz"
setVar\_:: STM.STM \ Integer
setVar\_= \operatorname{do}
t \leftarrow STM.newTVar \ 0
STM.writeTVar \ t \ 42
res \leftarrow STM.readTVar \ t
return \ res
```

Testing log context name filters

let filter8 = [(Drop (StartsWith "test."),

```
unitNameFiltering:: Assertion
unitNameFiltering = do
  let contextName = "test.sub.1"
  let loname = "sum" -- would be part of a "LogValue loname 42"
  let filter1 = [(Drop (Exact "test.sub.1"), Unhide [])]
  assertBool ("Dropping a specific name should filter it out and thus return False")
    (False \equiv evalFilters filter1 contextName)
  let filter 2 = [(Drop (EndsWith " . 1"), Unhide [])]
  assertBool("Dropping a name ending with a specific text should filter out the context name
    (False \equiv evalFilters filter2 contextName)
  let filter3 = [(Drop (StartsWith "test."), Unhide [])]
  assertBool("Dropping a name starting with a specific text should filter out the context r
    (False \equiv evalFilters filter3 contextName)
  let filter4 = [(Drop (Contains ".sub."), Unhide [])]
  assertBool("Dropping a name starting containing a specific text should filter out the cor
    (False \equiv evalFilters filter4 contextName)
  let filter5 = [(Drop (StartsWith "test."),
      Unhide [(Exact "test.sub.1")])]
  assertBool("Dropping all and unhiding a specific name should the context name allow passi
    (True \equiv evalFilters filter5 contextName)
  let filter6 = [(Drop (StartsWith "test."),
      Unhide [(EndsWith ".sum"),
        (EndsWith ".other")])]
  assertBool("Dropping all and unhiding some names, the LogObject should pass the filter")
    (True = evalFilters filter6 (contextName <> "." <> loname))
  let filter7 = [(Drop (StartsWith "test."),
      Unhide [(EndsWith ".product")])]
  assertBool("Dropping all and unhiding an inexistant named value, the LogObject should not
    (False \equiv evalFilters filter7 (contextName <> "." <> loname))
```

```
Unhide [(Exact "test.sub.1")],
  (Drop (StartsWith "something.else."),
      Unhide [(EndsWith ".this")])]
assertBool ("Disjunction of filters that should pass")
  (True = evalFilters filter8 contextName)
let filter9 = [(Drop (StartsWith "test."),
      Unhide [(Exact ".that")]),
  (Drop (StartsWith "something.else."),
      Unhide [(EndsWith ".this")])]
assertBool ("Disjunction of filters that should not pass")
  (False = evalFilters filter9 contextName)
```

Exception throwing

Exceptions encountered should be thrown.

```
unitExceptionThrowing:: Assertion
unitExceptionThrowing = do
    action \leftarrow work \, msg
    res \leftarrow Async.waitCatch\ action
    assertBool
       ("Exception should have been rethrown")
       (isLeft res)
  where
    msg::Text
    msg = error "faulty message"
    work :: Text \rightarrow IO (Async.Async ())
    work\ message = Async.async $ do
       cfg \leftarrow defaultConfigTesting
       trace ← Setup.setupTrace (Right cfg) "test"
       logInfo trace message
       threadDelay 10000
```

Check lazy evaluation of trace

Exception should not be thrown when type of Trace is NoTrace.

```
msg = error "faulty message"
work :: Text → IO (Async.Async ())
work message = Async.async $ do
    cfg ← defaultConfigTesting
    trace0@(ctx, _) ← Setup.setupTrace (Right cfg) "test"
    setSubTrace (configuration ctx) "test.work" (Just NoTrace)
    trace ← subTrace "work" trace0
logInfo trace message
```

2.4.4 Testing configuration

Test declarations

```
tests::TestTree
tests = testGroup "config tests" [
  propertyTests
  ,unitTests
propertyTests :: TestTree
propertyTests = testGroup "Properties" [
  testProperty "minimal" prop_Configuration_minimal
unitTests :: TestTree
unitTests = testGroup "Unit tests" [
  testCase "static representation" unitConfigurationStaticRepresentation
  ,testCase "parsed representation" unitConfigurationParsedRepresentation
  ,testCase "parsed configuration" unitConfigurationParsed
  ,testCase "include EKG if defined" unitConfigurationCheckEKGpositive
  ,testCase "not include EKG if not def" unitConfigurationCheckEKGnegative
  ,testCase "check scribe caching" unitConfigurationCheckScribeCache
  ,testCase "test ops on Configuration" unitConfigurationOps
```

Property tests

```
prop_Configuration_minimal :: Bool
prop_Configuration_minimal = True
```

Unit tests

The configuration file only indicates that EKG is listening on port nnnnn. Infer that EKGViewBK needs to be started as a backend.

```
unitConfigurationCheckEKGpositive :: Assertion
unitConfigurationCheckEKGpositive = do
```

```
let c = ["rotation:"]
 ," rpLogLimitBytes: 5000000"
   " rpKeepFilesNum: 10"
  " rpMaxAgeHours: 24"
  , "minSeverity: Info"
  ,"defaultBackends:"
   " - KatipBK"
   "setupBackends:"
  " - KatipBK"
  ,"defaultScribes:"
   "- - StdoutSK"
  " - stdout"
  "setupScribes:"
   "- scName: stdout"
   " scRotation: null"
   " scKind: StdoutSK"
  ,"hasEKG: 18321"
  "options:"
  " test:"
        value: nothing"
 fp = "/tmp/test_ekgv_config.yaml"
writeFile fp $ unlines c
repr \leftarrow parseRepresentation fp
assertBool "expecting EKGViewBK to be setup"$
 EKGViewBK \in (setupBackends repr)
```

If there is no port defined for EKG, then do not start it even if present in the config.

```
unitConfigurationCheckEKGnegative:: Assertion
unitConfigurationCheckEKGnegative = do
  let c = ["rotation:"]
   ," rpLogLimitBytes: 5000000"
    " rpKeepFilesNum: 10"
    " rpMaxAgeHours: 24"
   ,"minSeverity: Info"
    "defaultBackends:"
    " - KatipBK"
    " - EKGViewBK"
    "setupBackends:"
     " - KatipBK"
    " - EKGViewBK"
   ,"defaultScribes:"
    "- - StdoutSK"
    " - stdout"
    "setupScribes:"
   ,"- scName: stdout"
```

```
scRotation: null"
        scKind: StdoutSK"
     "###hasEKG: 18321"
     options:"
        test:"
           value: nothing"
    fp = "/tmp/test_ekgv_config.yaml"
  writeFile fp $ unlines c
  repr \leftarrow parseRepresentation fp
  assertBool "EKGViewBK shall not be setup"$
    \neg \$EKGViewBK \in (setupBackends repr)
  assertBool "EKGViewBK shall not receive messages" $
    \neg \$EKGViewBK \in (defaultBackends\ repr)
unitConfigurationStaticRepresentation:: Assertion
unitConfigurationStaticRepresentation =
  let r = Representation
      {minSeverity = Info
      ,rotation = Just $ RotationParameters
                            {rpLogLimitBytes = 5000000
                            ,rpMaxAgeHours = 24
                            ,rpKeepFilesNum = 10
      , setupScribes =
        [ScribeDefinition {scName = "stdout"
                          ,scKind = StdoutSK
                          ,scRotation = Nothing}
      , defaultScribes = [(StdoutSK, "stdout")]
      , setupBackends = [EKGViewBK, KatipBK]
      , defaultBackends = [KatipBK]
      hasGUI = Just 12789
      hasEKG = Just 18321
      , options =
        HM.fromList [("test1",(HM.singleton "value" "object1"))
           ,("test2",(HM.singleton "value" "object2"))]
  in
  encode r @? = " "
"rotation:\n"
  rpLogLimitBytes: 5000000\n"
   rpKeepFilesNum: 10\n"
  rpMaxAgeHours: 24\n"
"defaultBackends:\n"
"- KatipBK\n"
"setupBackends:\n"
```

```
"- EKGViewBK\n"
"- KatipBK\n"
"hasGUI: 12789\n"
"defaultScribes:\n"
"- - StdoutSK\n"
" - stdout\n"
"options:\n"
   test2:\n"
     value: object2\n"
   test1:\n"
     value: object1\n"
"setupScribes:\n"
"- scName: stdout\n"
   scRotation: null\n"
   scKind: StdoutSK\n"
"hasEKG: 18321\n"
"minSeverity: Info\n"
unitConfigurationParsedRepresentation:: Assertion
unitConfigurationParsedRepresentation = \mathbf{do}
  repr ← parseRepresentation "test/config.yaml"
 encode repr @? = " "
"rotation:\n"
   rpLogLimitBytes: 5000000\n"
   rpKeepFilesNum: 10\n"
   rpMaxAgeHours: 24\n"
"defaultBackends:\n"
"- KatipBK\n"
"setupBackends:\n"
"- AggregationBK\n"
"- EKGViewBK\n"
"- KatipBK\n"
"hasGUI: null\n"
"defaultScribes:\n"
"- - StdoutSK\n"
" - stdout\n"
"options:\n"
   mapSubtrace:\n"
     iohk.benchmarking:\n"
       tag: ObservableTrace\n"
       contents:\n"
       - GhcRtsStats\n"
       - MonotonicClock\n"
     iohk.deadend: NoTrace\n"
   mapSeverity:\n"
     iohk.startup: Debug\n"
     iohk.background.process: Error\n"
     iohk.testing.uncritical: Warning\n"
```

```
mapAggregatedkinds:\n"
     iohk.interesting.value: EwmaAK {alpha = 0.75}\n"
     iohk.background.process: StatsAK\n"
   cfokey:\n"
     value: Release-1.0.0\n"
   mapMonitors:\n"
     chain.creation.block:\n"
     - monitor: ((time > (23 s)) Or (time < (17 s))) n
     - actions:\n"
       - AlterMinSeverity \"chain.creation\" Debug\n"
     '#aggregation.critproc.observable':\n"
     - monitor: (mean >= (42)) \n"
     - actions:\n"
       - CreateMessage \"exceeded\" \"the observable has been too long too high!\"\n"
       - AlterGlobalMinSeverity Info\n"
   mapScribes:\n"
     iohk.interesting.value:\n"
     - StdoutSK::stdout\n"
     - FileTextSK::testlog\n"
     iohk.background.process: FileTextSK::testlog\n"
   mapBackends: \n"
     iohk.interesting.value:\n"
     EKGViewBK\n"
     - AggregationBK\n"
"setupScribes:\n"
"- scName: testlog\n"
   scRotation:\n"
     rpLogLimitBytes: 25000000\n"
     rpKeepFilesNum: 3\n"
     rpMaxAgeHours: 24\n"
   scKind: FileTextSK\n"
"- scName: stdout\n"
   scRotation: null\n"
   scKind: StdoutSK\n"
"hasEKG: 12789\n"
"minSeverity: Info\n"
unitConfigurationParsed:: Assertion
unitConfigurationParsed = \mathbf{do}
  cfg \leftarrow setup "test/config.yaml"
  cfgInternal \leftarrow readMVar \$ getCG cfg
  cfgInternal @? = ConfigurationInternal
    {cgMinSeverity
                       = Info
                      = HM.fromList [("iohk.startup", Debug)
    ,cgMapSeverity
                        ,("iohk.background.process",Error)
                        ,("iohk.testing.uncritical", Warning)
    ,cgMapSeverityCache = HM.fromList [("iohk.startup",Debug)
```

```
,("iohk.background.process",Error)
                     ,("iohk.testing.uncritical",Warning)
                   = HM.fromList [("iohk.benchmarking",
,cgMapSubtrace
                         ObservableTrace [GhcRtsStats, MonotonicClock])
                    ,("iohk.deadend",NoTrace)
,cgOptions
                   = HM.fromList
  [("mapSubtrace",
    HM.fromList[("iohk.benchmarking",
                  Object (HM.fromList [("tag", String "ObservableTrace")
                     ,("contents", Array $ V.fromList
                                [String "GhcRtsStats"
                                ,String "MonotonicClock"])]))
      ,("iohk.deadend", String "NoTrace")])
  ,("mapMonitors",HM.fromList[("chain.creation.block",Array$V.fromList
                    [Object (HM.fromList [("monitor", String"((time > (23 s)) Or (time < (17
                    , Object (HM.fromList [("actions", Array $ V.fromList
                       [String "AlterMinSeverity \"chain.creation\" Debug"])])
    ,("#aggregation.critproc.observable", Array $ V.fromList
                    [Object (HM.fromList [("monitor", String "(mean >= (42))")])
                    , Object (HM.fromList [("actions", Array $ V.fromList
                       [String "CreateMessage \"exceeded\" \"the observable has been too
                       ,String "AlterGlobalMinSeverity Info"])])])
  ,("mapSeverity",HM.fromList[("iohk.startup",String "Debug")
    ,("iohk.background.process",String "Error")
    ,("iohk.testing.uncritical",String "Warning")])
  ,("mapAggregatedkinds",HM.fromList[("iohk.interesting.value",
                                String "EwmaAK {alpha = 0.75}")
                              ,("iohk.background.process",
                                String "StatsAK")])
  ,("cfokey",HM.fromList[("value",String "Release-1.0.0")])
  ,("mapScribes", HM.fromList[("iohk.interesting.value",
                    Array $ V.fromList [String "StdoutSK::stdout"
                      ,String "FileTextSK::testlog"])
    ,("iohk.background.process",String "FileTextSK::testlog")])
  ,("mapBackends", HM.fromList[("iohk.interesting.value",
                      Array $ V.fromList [String "EKGViewBK"
                         ,String "AggregationBK"])])
,cgMapBackend
                   = HM.fromList [("iohk.interesting.value",[EKGViewBK,AggregationBK])]
,cgDefBackendKs
                   = [KatipBK]
,cgSetupBackends
                   = [AggregationBK, EKGViewBK, KatipBK]
                   = HM.fromList [("iohk.interesting.value",
,cgMapScribe
                         ["StdoutSK::stdout", "FileTextSK::testlog"])
                    ,("iohk.background.process",["FileTextSK::testlog"])
,cgMapScribeCache = HM.fromList[("iohk.interesting.value",
```

```
["StdoutSK::stdout", "FileTextSK::testlog"])
                            ,("iohk.background.process",["FileTextSK::testlog"])
      ,cgDefScribes
                          = ["StdoutSK::stdout"]
                          = [ScribeDefinition
      ,cgSetupScribes
                              {scKind = FileTextSK
                              ,scName = "testlog"
                              ,scRotation = Just $ RotationParameters
                                {rpLogLimitBytes = 25000000
                                ,rpMaxAgeHours = 24
                                ,rpKeepFilesNum = 3
                            .ScribeDefinition
                              \{scKind = StdoutSK\}
                              ,scName = "stdout"
                              , scRotation = Nothing
      ,cgMapAggregatedKind = HM.fromList[("iohk.interesting.value", EwmaAK {alpha = 0.75})
                            ,("iohk.background.process",StatsAK)
      ,cgDefAggregatedKind = StatsAK
      ,cgMonitors
                          = HM.fromList[("chain.creation.block",((OR (Compare "time" ((>), (Agg.Secon
                            ,["AlterMinSeverity \"chain.creation\" Debug"]
                            ("#aggregation.critproc.observable", (Compare "mean" ((<math>\geqslant), (Agg.PureI 42))
                              ,["CreateMessage \"exceeded\" \"the observable has been too long
                              ,"AlterGlobalMinSeverity Info"]
      ,cgPortEKG
                          = 12789
      ,cgPortGUI
                          = 0
Test caching and inheritance of Scribes.
  unitConfigurationCheckScribeCache:: Assertion
  unitConfigurationCheckScribeCache = \mathbf{do}
    configuration \leftarrow empty
    let defScribes = ["FileTextSK::node.log"]
    setDefaultScribes configuration defScribes
    let scribes12 = ["StdoutSK::stdout", "FileTextSK::out.txt"]
    setScribes configuration "name1.name2" $ Just scribes12
    scribes1234 \leftarrow getScribes configuration "name1.name2.name3.name4"
    scribes1 ← getScribes configuration "name1"
```

```
scribes1234cached \leftarrow getCachedScribes configuration "name1.name2.name3.name4"
       scribesXcached ← getCachedScribes configuration "nameX"
       assertBool "Scribes for name1.name2.name3.name4 must be the same as name1.name2"$
         scribes1234 \equiv scribes12
       assertBool "Scribes for name1 must be the default ones" $
         scribes1 \equiv defScribes
       assertBool "Scribes for name1.name2.name4 must have been cached" $
         scribes1234cached \equiv Just scribes1234
       assertBool "Scribes for nameX must not have been cached since getScribes was not called" $
         scribesXcached \equiv Nothing
   Test operations on Configuration.
     unitConfigurationOps::Assertion
     unitConfigurationOps = \mathbf{do}
       configuration \leftarrow defaultConfigStdout
       defBackends \leftarrow getDefaultBackends configuration
       setDefaultAggregatedKind configuration $ EwmaAK 0.01
       -- since loggername does not exist the default must be inherited
       defAggregatedKind ← getAggregatedKind configuration "non-existent loggername"
       setAggregatedKind configuration "name1" $ Just StatsAK
       name1AggregatedKind \leftarrow getAggregatedKind configuration "name1"
       setEKGport configuration 11223
       ekgPort ← getEKGport configuration
       set GUI port \ {f configuration}\ 1080
       guiPort ← getGUIport configuration
       assertBool "Default backends" $
         defBackends \equiv [KatipBK]
       assertBool "Default aggregated kind" $
         defAggregatedKind \equiv EwmaAK \ 0.01
       assertBool "Specific name aggregated kind" $
         name1AggregatedKind \equiv StatsAK
       assertBool "Set EKG port" $
         ekgPort \equiv 11223
       assertBool "Set GUI port"$
         guiPort \equiv 1080
2.4.5 Rotator
     tests::TestTree
     tests = testGroup "testing Trace"[
       property_tests
```

property_tests :: TestTree

```
property_tests = testGroup "Property tests" [
   testProperty "rotator: name giving" propNameGiving
   ,testProperty "rotator: cleanup" $ propCleanup $ rot n
   ]
   where
    n = 5
    rot num = RotationParameters
        {rpLogLimitBytes = 100000000-- 10 MB
        ,rpMaxAgeHours = 24
        ,rpKeepFilesNum = num
   }
```

Check that full file name has only added 15 digits to the base name of the file.

```
propNameGiving :: FilePath → Property
propNameGiving name = ioProperty $ do
filename ← nameLogFile name
return $ length filename === length name + 15
```

Test cleanup of rotator.

This test creates a random number of files with the same name but with different dates and afterwards it calls the *cleanupRotator* function which removes old log files keeping only rpKeepFilesNum files and deleting the others.

```
data LocalFilePath = Dir FilePath
  deriving (Show)
instance Arbitrary LocalFilePath where
  arbitrary = do
        start \leftarrow QC.sized \$ \lambda n \rightarrow replicateM(n+1)(QC.elements \$ ['a'..'z'])
        x \leftarrow QC.sized \$ \lambda n \rightarrow replicateM \ n \ (QC.elements \$ ['a'..'d'] + "/")
        pure $ Dir $ start ++ removeAdjacentAndLastSlashes x
  shrink (Dir path) = map (Dir o removeAdjacentAndLastSlashes o (intercalate "/"))$
        product' $ map (filter (≠ "")) $ map QC.shrink (splitOn " / " path)
     where
        product' :: [[a]] \rightarrow [[a]]
        product' = mapM (\lambda x \rightarrow x \gg return)
removeAdjacentAndLastSlashes :: FilePath \rightarrow FilePath
removeAdjacentAndLastSlashes = concat \circ filter (\not\equiv "/") \circ groupBy (\_b \rightarrow b \not\equiv '/')
data SmallAndLargeInt = SL Int
   deriving (Show)
instance Arbitrary SmallAndLargeInt where
  arbitrary = do
        QC.oneof [smallGen
           ,largeGen
```

```
where
       smallGen :: QC.Gen SmallAndLargeInt
       smallGen = do
         QC.Small x \leftarrow (QC.arbitrary :: QC.Gen (QC.Small Int))
         pure $ SL $ abs x
       largeGen :: QC.Gen SmallAndLargeInt
       largeGen = do
         let maxBoundary = 001000000000000-- 10 years for the format which is used
            minBoundary = 00000000010000--1 hour for the format which is used
         x \leftarrow QC.choose (minBoundary, maxBoundary)
         pure $ SL x
  shrink = []
propCleanup :: RotationParameters \rightarrow LocalFilePath \rightarrow Positive Int \rightarrow SmallAndLargeInt \rightarrow Property
propCleanup rotationParams (Dir filename) (Positive nFiles) (SL maxDev) = ioProperty $ do
  tmpDir \leftarrow getTemporaryDirectory
  let path = tmpDir < / > filename
  -- generate nFiles different dates
  now \leftarrow getCurrentTime
  let tsnow = formatTime defaultTimeLocale tsformat now
  deviations \leftarrow replicateM \ nFiles \ QC. generate \ QC. choose (1, maxDev + 1)
  -- TODO if generated within the same sec we have a problem
  let dates = map show $ scanl (+) (read tsnow) deviations
       files = map (\lambda a \rightarrow path + ('-':a)) dates
       sortedFiles = reverse $ sort files
       keepFilesNum = fromIntegral $ rpKeepFilesNum rotationParams
       toBeKept = reverse $ take keepFilesNum sortedFiles
  createDirectoryIfMissing True $ takeDirectory path
  for M_{-}(files) \$ \lambda f \rightarrow open File f Write Mode
  cleanupRotator rotationParams path
  filesRemained \leftarrow listLogFiles path
  let kept = \mathbf{case} filesRemained of
         Nothing \rightarrow []
         Iust l \rightarrow NE.toList l
  -- delete the files left
  forM_kept removeFile
  -- delete folders created
  when (dropWhile (\neq ' / ') filename \neq "")$
       removePathForcibly$"/tmp"</>takeWhile(≠'/')filename
  return \$ kept === toBeKept
```

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